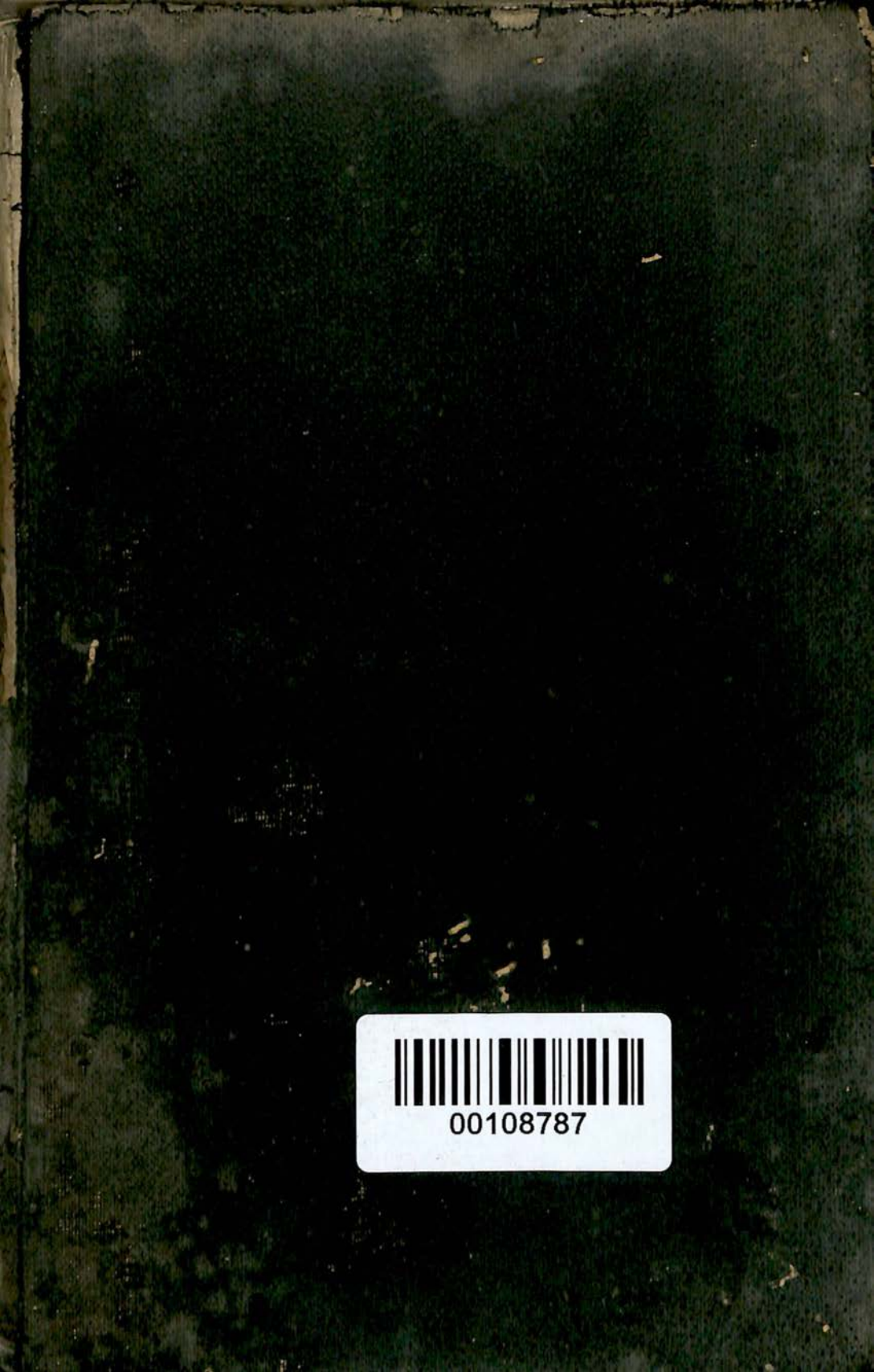
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TWELFTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR

APPOINTED,

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UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT 5 & 6 WILL. IV. c. 38,

TO VISIT THE CERTIFIED

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

OF

GREAT BRITAIN.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

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TWELFTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR

APPOINTED TO VISIT THE CERTIFIED

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

To the Right Hon. HENRY AUSTIN BRUCE, M.P.,
&c. &c. &c.
Secretary of State for the Home Department.

Sir, 15, Parliament Street, May 1869.

I have the honour to report on the condition and operations of the Reformatory and Industrial Schools under my inspection, during the year 1868.

Reformatory Schools.

The number of these schools on December 31st, 1868, was 64, no changes or additions having occurred during the year. Of these there were,—

In England, for Boys -	36	for Girls -	14
In Scotland, for Boys -	8	for Girls -	6

Six of the English schools and two of the Scotch receive Roman Catholic offenders only;* two of the English schools for boys receive both Roman Catholics and Protestants;† the others are for Protestants only. Another school will, I hope, be shortly opened, near Liverpool, for Roman Catholic girls. Steps are being taken also for the establishment of another school in Lancashire for Roman Catholic boys.

The number of offenders under detention in these schools

---

* In England: Brook Green, Market Weighton, Mount St. Bernards, and the Clarence Ship, are for boys; Arno's Court and Sheffield for girls. In Scotland: Parkhead for boys, Dalbeth for girls.

† North-eastern (Netherton) and Glamorgan (Neath).

on December 31, 1868, was 6,248, viz., boys, 5,072; girls, 1,176. They were distributed as follows:—

Protestant schools:			
England, Boys -	2,967	Girls -	694
Scotland, Boys -	781	Girls -	187
Roman Catholic schools:			
England, Boys -	1,052	Girls -	186
Scotland, Boys -	272	Girls -	109

The number of Roman Catholic boys in the North-eastern Reformatory was 36, and in the Glamorganshire Reformatory, 7.

Of the 5,072 boys, 749 were out on licence with employers, preparatory to discharge; 11 were in prison; 78 had absconded, and had not been recovered during the year The number actually in the schools under detention and chargeable to the Treasury, was 4,234.

Of the 1,176 girls, 78 were on licence, 3 in prison, 9 absconded and not yet recovered; the number actually in the schools being 1,086.

Comparing these figures with those given in my last Report for the year 1867, it will be seen that the number of actual inmates increased during the year 1868 by 210, (boys, 170; girls, 40). That there were 185 more (boys, 163; girls, 22) on licence, and one more (a girl) in prison On the other hand the number absconded and not recovered was less by 28 (boys, 23; girls, 5). It is very satisfactory to note the increased number placed out on licence; there is no better security for the well-doing and employment of those discharged than this preparatory trial; I hope to see it much more generally resorted to. The decrease in the number of deserted and not recovered is also a favourable evidence of the increasing care and vigilance with which the schools are managed.

With reference to the increase in the number of inmates, this was partly due to the longer period during which the young offenders committed to reformatories have to be detained, in consequence of the lower ages at which the majority have of late years been so sentenced. The admissions for the year were 1,649, being 31 *less* than those for the year previous. Of this number 998 boys and 260 girls were sent to Protestant schools, and 321 boys and 70 girls to Roman Catholic schools. The statistics of age were,—

Under 10 years of age, Boys -	17	Girls -	2
Between 10 and 12, Boys -	207	Girls -	50
Between 12 and 14, Boys -	518	Girls -	129
Between 14 and 16, Boys -	577	Girls -	149

Their criminal status as tested by their previous convictions, was as follows:—

Not before convicted -	899 - Boys - 644	Girls -	255
Once before - -	512 - Boys - 453	Girls -	59
Twice before - -	156 - Boys - 146	Girls -	10
Three times before -	59 - Boys - 54	Girls -	5
Four times and upwards	23 - Boys - 22	Girls -	1

These figures show a considerable change in the system on which juvenile crime is dealt with, and in the criminal condition of the mass of those young offenders sent to reformatories, when contrasted with the corresponding figures for 1858, in which year the principle of reformatory action may be said to have been fully recognized and brought into active operation. The number admitted to reformatory schools in that year was 1,009, and comparing the returns of their previous commitments with that for 1868, I find that the proportion of those not before committed has *increased* by nearly one-half, while the proportion of those committed twice before has *decreased* by above one-third, of those thrice committed by one-half, and of those committed four times and upwards, by above three-fourths.* Having so much less hardened and depraved a class to deal with, it is no wonder that the regulation and internal management of reformatory schools are in general so much easier than formerly. I may add their results ought to be also more favourable, and that where this is not the case the presumption naturally suggests itself that the administration of the school, and especially the care and interest bestowed on the disposal of the inmates and their supervision after their discharge, are not altogether satisfactory. Before proceeding, however, to scrutinize the Returns of the discharges and their reported results, I would

* It is worth while to exhibit these figures in detail, as in the following table.
The number admitted to the schools in 1858 was 1,009.
The number in 1868, 1,649.

	No. in 1858 was	Proportionate No. for 1868 would be	Actual No. in 1868 was
Not convicted - -	395	646	899
Once - - - -	311	503	512
Twice - - -	148	241	156
Thrice - - - -	70	114	59
Four times and upwards -	85	138	33

express my regret that in the last year 78 cases should be reported in which the young offender was allowed to go on in his course of crime till he has been three times or more convicted. Of these eleven had been imprisoned four times; seven, five times; one, six times; one, eight times; and two, ten times, before they were at length placed under reformatory discipline. 25 of the 78 were committed from the Metropolitan district, 12 being sent from the Greenwich Police Court. Whether such hardened and experienced thieves as these should be associated with the young and comparatively innocent lads who had never been convicted before is a serious question. But there can be no doubt that the reformatory system must be worked under many disadvantages till a more even and consistent rule of dealing with young criminals is thoroughly adopted, and every boy placed under discipline and corrective detention, when he has shown his determination to lead a life of crime by having been twice sent to prison. The rule applies still more forcibly to girls, who should certainly be sent if possible after their first conviction.

The discharges for the year amounted to 1,278, viz., boys 1,014, girls 264. Of these 628 boys and 235 girls were placed in service or employment from the school, or by means of their relatives, 102 boys emigrated, 163 went to sea, 16 enlisted, 13 boys and 7 girls were discharged on account of disease,* 32 boys and 9 girls died,† 4 boys were sentenced to penal servitude,‡ 2 boys and 4 girls were discharged as incorrigible,§ 54 boys and 9 girls were discharged by expiration of sentence, having absconded in previous years and not been recovered.

The proportion of deaths in the schools (41 on an average of 5,320 inmates) is a remarkable proof of the general healthfulness of these institutions, and the sound principles as to diet, employment, and discipline, on which they are conducted. The rate is considerably less than one per cent.

---

* (Boys.)—Cornwall 1, Clarence 1, Home-in-East 1, Suffolk 1, Red Hill 1, Wilts 1, Market Weighton 1, Akbar 2, Old Mill 1, Rossie 1, Parkhead 1, Stranraer 1.
(Girls.)—Red Lodge 1, Arno's Court 2, Allesley 2, Limpley Stoke 2.

† (Boys.)—Cornwall 4, Akbar 2, Clarence 3, Mount St. Bernard's 2, Hardwicke 1, Home-in-East 2, Brook Green 1, Wandsworth 4, Kingswood 1, Market Weighton 1, Leeds 1, Rossie 1, Glasgow 5, Parkhead 3, Stranraer 1.
(Girls.)—Arno's Court 3, Liverpool 1, Hampstead 2, Sheffield 2, Dalry 1.

‡ (Boys.)—Monmouth 1, Wandsworth 1, Glasgow 2.

§ (Boys.)—Old Mill 2.
(Girls.)—Allesley 1, Birmingham 1, Limpley Stoke 2.

(·77), and if the 20 discharges on medical report be added, the whole ratio of death and disease likely to result in death is but 1·15 per cent. That only six on an average of above 5,000 inmates of such a class as reformatory schools contain should have been discharged as *incorrigible* is very satisfactory. The numbers discharged under this head have steadily diminished, and the item will, I hope, altogether disappear from the returns. Considering at how early an age the inmates of reformatory schools come under training, a really incorrigible subject ought to be of very exceptional occurrence, if dealt with judiciously.

The results of the discharges for the three years 1865–67 are given in the usual form in Table VI. of the Appendix. The discharges amounted to 3,591, viz., boys 2,827, girls 764. Of these 95 boys and 17 girls absconded and were not recovered, 78 boys and 32 girls were specially discharged as diseased or incorrigible, 1,831 boys and 695 girls were placed out in employment or service, 251 boys and 20 girls emigrated, 522 boys went to sea, 50 boys enlisted.

Of the 2,827 boys, 84 have died, and 17 of the 764 girls, leaving the number whose present character and circumstances can be reported on, boys 2,743, girls 747.

Of these, 1,824 boys (66·5 per cent.) and 492 girls (65·9 per cent.) are reported as known to be doing well, 106 boys (3·9 per cent. nearly) and 87 girls (11·6 per cent.) to be of doubtful character, 470 boys (17·1 per cent.) and 71 girls (9·5 per cent.) to have been convicted of crime, and 343 boys (about 12·5 per cent.) and 97 girls (13 per cent.) to be unknown. These results are nearly the same with those of previous years, and allowing for a proportion of those who are returned "*unknown*" as having passed beyond the observation or enquiry of the school authorities, they establish the same general average of success and failure as regards the personal results of reformatory school agency as has been obtained in former years, showing that about 70 per cent., or 7 out of 10 criminals, do well, and about 20 per cent., or 2 out of 10, relapse; the remaining 10 per cent. filling a neutral position, idle, or unsteady but not criminal.

I do not think that these results are such as the advocates of the system ought now to be contented with, when, as I have already pointed out, so large a proportion of the young offenders committed to the schools are sent on a first, or at most a second conviction. In 1868, above one half of those admitted (899 out of 1,649) had never been in

prison before, and nearly a third (512) had only been committed once before, that is about 80 per cent. (or 8 out of 10) were offenders presumably of a light and comparatively innocent class, certainly neither hardened nor habitual criminals. It does not seem too much to expect that the proportion of those who are doing positively well after being three or four years under detention in the school should be at least as great. It is fair to remark, however, that the general results given above are for the whole sum of the discharges, and include the Scotch as well as the English, agricultural as well as town schools or school ships. The detailed results of the different schools show a very considerable variety, indicative partly of more favourable position and a less difficult field of operation, partly and perhaps chiefly of more efficiency, or more interest, on the part of those by whom the schools are conducted, and who are mainly responsible for their practical effects on the moral disposition and future conduct of the inmates. I give a detailed analysis of the results for the English and Scotch and Protestant and Roman Catholic Schools separately, in a note.* But I may add that in the Northamptonshire School (remarkable both for the efficiency and economy of its management), the ratio of success reached 96 per cent., only one of the 24 boys discharged in the three years reported on having escaped notice, and the other 23 all doing well, and heard of within the last five months; and that at the Wiltshire Reformatory, 23 of 26 discharged and now alive, *i.e.*, 88 per cent., were doing well, and only one unknown. The Devon and Exeter Reformatories reached 86 per cent. on a total of 23 discharges; and the Cumberland and the Hants Reformatories 80 per cent. on totals of 28 and 50 discharges

* Detailed Analysis of Results for English and Scotch Protestant and Roman Catholic Schools.

		Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted.	Unknown.
English Schools.					
Protestant -	Boys, per cent.	69·6	3·5	16·0	10·9
"	Girls "	68·1	10·5	7·0	14·4
Roman Catholic -	Boys "	64·4	2·9	24·7	8·0
"	Girls "	62·4	12·0	18·4	7·2
Scotch Schools.					
Protestant -	Boys "	52·0	6·7	14·9	26·4
"	Girls "	69·3	8·1	3·6	19·0
Roman Catholic -	Boys "	74·1	2·4	22·4	1·1
"	Girls "	52·8	23·6	18·0	5·6

respectively. 75 per cent. and upwards was attained at Hardwicke, Wandsworth, Home-in-the-East, Brook Green (R.C.), Red Hill, Manchester, the Cornwall Ship, and the Suffolk Reformatories; and from 70 to 75 at Calder Farm, Castle Howard, Warwickshire, and Kingswood. So also for girls' schools, Ipswich showed a result of 88 per cent. of success, and only one unknown on 17 discharges; Sunderland of 80 per cent., and none unknown upon 40 discharges; the Surrey Reformatory a result of 78 per cent. on 25; the Devon and Exeter of 77 per cent. on 43; and Red Lodge of 73 on 49. Of the Scotch schools for boys, the Wellington Farm showed 79 per cent. and none unknown on 64 discharges, and Parkhead (R.C.) 74 per cent. on 89; and for girls, the Stranraer Reformatory can claim the remarkable result of 100 per cent., or not one failure in the 13 cases which have been placed out in service, under the superintendence of the late matron, Miss Mackay. On the other hand the percentage of success is as low as 44 at the Bedford Reformatory, and 55 at Monmouth and Herts, for boys; and as low as 33 at Allesley, for girls.

The Criminal Statistics for the year 1868 show a large increase in the number of convictions. In 1867, the number of commitments of offenders of all ages for England and Wales rose from 124,291 to 131,398, or nearly 6 per cent.; but it advanced in the year ending September 29, 1868, to 143,157, or by above 9 per cent. on the total for the previous year. There can be no doubt that much of the serious increase of crime which these figures represent is due to the action and influence of the enlarging class of experienced offenders, whom the substitution of imprisonment and penal servitude for transportation discharges annually in this country. It may be hoped that the measures now in contemplation for the more careful supervision and restraint of habitual and professional criminals may gradually counteract the evil, and reduce the amount of crime to safer and more satisfactory limits. It is scarcely reasonable to expect that reformatory schools can diminish crime, when such comparative immunity exists for its regular professors, and such opportunities are allowed for its commission. Of the whole number of commitments given above, 133,078 were for offenders over 16 years old. 10,079 belonged to juveniles below that age. These partial totals stood for 1867 at 121,767 and 9,631 respectively. It is satisfactory to find from these figures that while adult offenders increased at the rate of above 9 per

cent., juveniles increased by less than 5 (4·6) per cent. On the two years the proportionate increase of commitments for the adult class has been 15 per cent., and for the juveniles about 7½ per cent. In Scotland the proportions of adult and juvenile crime were more unfavourable. For the year ending June 30, 1868, the commitments of adults (above 16 years old) amounted to 25,657, as against 24,656 for the year ending June 30, 1867, showing an increase of about 4 per cent. Those of juveniles on the contrary advanced from 1,070 to 1,186, showing an increase of about 10 per cent. The suspension of reformatory action at Glasgow in consequence of the temporary closing of the House of Refuge has had probably a good deal to do with this result, adding largely to the list of recommitments for boys who would otherwise have been under permanent detention. The commitments of such boys to the Glasgow Prison amounted to 191, against 138 for the year previous. It is a painful justification of the measures taken for the reform of the House of Refuge, that 70 boys formerly inmates of that school were found in prison during the year. The great alterations which have been effected in the arrangements and discipline of the establishment promise a very different result in future years, but some time must necessarily elapse ere the school can assume its proper position, or the full confidence of the public be completely restored.

The following Tables show the variations in the number of commitments for England and Wales, and for Scotland, respectively, for the last nine years:—

ENGLAND AND WALES.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS (under 16 Years of Age):—

YEARS.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1860 - -	6,765	1,264	8,029
1861 - -	7,373	1,428	8,801
1862 - -	7,080	1,269	8,349
1863 - -	7,208	1,251	8,459
1864 - -	7,536	1,321	8,857
1865 - -	8,350	1,290	9,640
1866 - -	8,099	1,257	9,356
1867 - -	8,285	1,346	9,631
1868 - -	8,702	1,377	10,079

ADULT OFFENDERS (over 16 years of age):—

YEARS.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1860 - -	63,719	28,866	92,585
1861 - -	72,947	30,396	103,343
1862 - -	85,031	32,095	117,126
1863 - -	87,832	33,236	121,068
1864 - -	85,047	33,102	118,149
1865 - -	85,265	31,133	116,398
1866 - -	83,321	31,614	114,935
1867 - -	88,620	33,147	121,767
1868 - -	97,636	35,442	133,078

For SCOTLAND (of both sexes):—

YEARS.	Adults.	Juveniles.
1860 - - -	18,218	1,062
1861 - - -	17,366	1,212
1862 - - -	18,581	1,120
1863 - - -	21,377	1,075
1864 - - -	23,792	1,036
1865 - - -	23,972	1,041
1866 - - -	24,046	1,061
1867 - - -	24,656	1,070
1868 - - -	25,657	1,186

The returns from the various prisons of Great Britain of the young offenders committed during the year who have been recognized as having been under detention in a reformatory school, show that the proportion which the school reports exhibit as reconvicted may be fairly relied on as correct. 474 boys and 80 girls who had passed through reformatory schools are returned as recognized in prison during the year 1868. The total number of discharges from reformatory schools to the end of that year amounted to 9,187 boys and 2,215 girls. The percentage of reconvictions for the year upon these totals would be 5·1 for the boys and 3·6 for the girls respectively.

Taking, however, as in former reports, the numbers discharged in the three years 1865–67, and the first half of 1868, as the basis of comparison, the proportions are respectively 474 boys on 3,530, or 13·4 per cent., and 80 girls on 880, or 9 per cent., results which strikingly confirm the reports given by the managers of the schools, as to the

number of relapses into crime that their inquiries have ascertained.*

The usual tabular statements of the receipts and expenditure of the several reformatory schools will be found in Appendix No. IX. (*a*).

The total amount expended for the year was 121,697*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.*, classed under the heads:—

	£	s.	d.
Salaries and rations to officers	23,638	7	10
Food of inmates	39,168	16	6
Clothing do.	12,884	9	9
Washing, fuel, lights	6,288	18	11
Repairs, rates, &c.	18,890	13	10
Rent	2,906	13	0
Disposal	4,760	15	9
Building	12,322	14	3
Industrial Loss	836	3	1
	£ 121,697	12	11

The total amount received for the year was 122,267*l.* 14*s.* 11*d.*, under the heads:—

	£	s.	d.
Treasury payments	77,351	1	11
Parents' payments	3,017	12	1
Subscriptions, legacies, &c.	10,226	12	5
Contributions from rates	17,823	4	9
Voluntary associations, &c.	722	8	9
Sundries	2,297	0	1
Industrial profits	10,829	14	11
	£ 122,267	14	11

In the summary of the accounts of expenditure given in Appendix IX. (*b*), the comparative cost of the several

* These results as applying separately to English and Scotch and the Protestant and Roman Catholic reformatories are, in detail, as under:—

England.—Protestant schools:—
Boys discharged 2,260, convicted 240 or 10·6 per cent.
Girls „ 580, „ 29 or 5·5 „
Roman Catholic schools:—
Boys discharged 460, convicted 89 or 19·3 per cent.
Girls „ 144, „ 20 or 14·0 „

Scotland.—Protestant schools:—
Boys discharged 502, convicted 104 or 20·7 per cent.
Girls „ 140, „ 20 or 14·2 „
Roman Catholic Schools:—
Boys discharged 114, convicted 41 or 36·0 per cent.
Girls „ 82, „ 11 or 13·4 „

The majority of the inmates of the Roman Catholic Schools belong to the lowest classes of Irish in Liverpool, Glasgow, &c.

English and Scotch schools will be found. Taking into account the industrial profit or loss, as well as the expenses of disposal, I find that the highest rate of expenditure was incurred at the Hants Reformatory, where it reached (for an average of 54 boys) 27*l.* 18*s.* per head, and the lowest at the Monmouth, where (on an average of 19 boys) it was only 14*l.* 5*s.* 5*d.* per head. The expenses, however, of the Hants Reformatory were increased above 2*l.* per head by the cost of new furniture, consequent on the fire which partially destroyed the premises last year, and by an industrial loss of 1*l.* 10*s.* per head, which points to the necessity of some better arrangements for the working of the farm or the management of the workshops. At Monmouth, on the other hand, the staff is very limited, the salaries very low, and the industrial profit amounted to above 6*l.* per head. The average total cost per head for English boys' reformatories, including the expenses of rent and disposal, and taking into account the loss or gain on the employment of the inmates, was 18*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.** The average industrial earnings amounted to 1*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* per head, varying from a *profit* of 7*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* per head at the Bedford Reformatory (on an average of 34 boys) to a *loss* of 1*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.* per head at the Hants Reformatory (on an average of 54 boys).

In English girls' reformatories the total cost of maintenance, including disposal and industrial loss or gain, averaged 16*l.* 15*s.*, varying from 22*l.* 2*s.* 3*d.* at Allesley to 11*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* at Toxteth Park. The industrial earnings averaged 3*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* per head, varying from 7*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.* per head at Ipswich to 1*l.* 5*s.* at Sunderland (where there is no laundry attached to the school).

In the Scotch boys' reformatories (excluding the House of Refuge at Glasgow, in which the expenses for the year

* The total annual cost per head of the English reformatories, including rent and disposal, and taking into account the industrial gain or loss was as follows :—

Between 14*l.* and 15*l.* per head, Monmouth.
Between 15*l.* and 16*l.* per head, Bedford, Essex, and Saltley.
Between 16*l.* and 17*l.* per head, Northampton, Dorset, Home-in-the-East, North Lancashire, and North Eastern.
Between 17*l.* and 18*l.* per head, Glamorgan, Manchester, Kingswood, Market Weighton (R.C.), and Mount St. Bernard (R.C.).
Between 18*l.* and 19*l.* per head, Buxton, Brook Green (R.C.), and the Cornwall Ship.
Between 19*l.* and 20*l.* per head, Leeds, Woodbury Hill, Herts, Cumberland, Suffolk, Bradwall, Calder Farm, and Wandsworth.
Between 20*l.* and 21*l.* per head, Castle Howard, Liverpool Farm, Stoke Farm, and the Akbar and Clarence School Ships.
Between 21*l.* and 22*l.* per head, Devon, Wilts, and Warwickshire.
Redhill cost 22*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.* per head.
Hardwicke cost 24*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.* per head.
Hants cost 27*l.* 18*s.* per head.

were abnormally increased, and the profits of the workshops interfered with from the peculiar circumstances of the institution) the average cost of maintenance was just about 16*l.*, ranging from 18*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.* at the Kibble Reformatory (Paisley) to 13*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.* at the Old Mill, Aberdeen.

The industrial earnings averaged 1*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per head, varying from 3*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.* at Stranraer, on an average of 81, to 1*s.* 7*d.* per head at the Kibble Reformatory, on an average of 66.

In the Scotch girls' reformatories the average cost was 13*l.* 2*s.* 5*d.*, varying from 11*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* at Dalry to 14*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.* at the Glasgow House of Refuge. The average earnings amounted to 2*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.*, varying from 3*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.* at Dalbeth (R.C.) to 1*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* at Aberdeen.

In comparing the expenses and the profits of reformatory schools, the items of rent of premises and expenses of disposal must be taken into account. Rather more than half the schools are free from any charge for rent, the land having been purchased and the buildings erected by subscription. In some cases, as in the Herts, Calder Farm, Brook Green, and Mount St. Bernard's reformatories, the rent entails a considerable charge, varying from 10*s.* to 30*s.* per head. Where emigration is resorted to as a means of disposal, the expenses of outfit and passage necessarily affect the cost of maintenance very considerably.*

It will be seen from the tabulated statement of accounts in Appendix IX. that contributions to the support of reformatory schools from the rates (county or borough) have

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* The following is an abstract of the industrial loss or gain from the employment of the inmates :—

Loss.—Cumberland 13*s.* per head, Leeds 13*s.* 6*d.*, Hants 1*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*

Gain.—Under 1*l.* per head, Kibble 1*s.* 7*d.*, Liverpool Farm 2*s.* 5*d.*, N. Eastern 2*s.* 9*d.*, Suffolk 5*s.* 4*d.*, Bradwall 6*s.* 9*d.*, Clarence Ship 5*s.* 11*d.*, Rossie 10*s.* 7*d.*, Stoke 10*s.* 9*d.*, Wellington Farm 12*s.* 9*d.*, N. Lancashire 17*s.* per head.

From 1*l.* to 1*l.* 10*s.*—Akbar Ship, Hardwicke, Calder Farm. Girls,—Sunderland.

From 1*l.* 10*s.* to 2*l.*—Buxton, Glamorgan, Warwickshire, Brook Green, Mount St. Bernard's, Parkhead. Girls.—Red Lodge, and Aberdeen.

From 2*l.* to 2*l.* 10*s.*—Woodbury Hill, Home-in-the-East, Saltley, Manchester, Kingswood, Market Weighton. Girls.—Allesley, Arno's Court, Glasgow.

From 2*l.* 10*s.* to 3*l.*—Herts, Devon ; and Exeter, Castle Howard. Girls.—Toxteth Park, Dalry.

From 3*l.* to 3*l.* 10*s.*—Northampton, Dorset, Stranraer. Girls.—Doncaster, Limpley Stoke, Stranraer, Dalbeth.

From 3*l.* 10*s.* to 4*l.*—Wilts, Wandsworth, Old Mill. Girls.—Birmingham, Surrey, Devon and Exeter, Yorkshire, Catholic.

From 4*l.* 10*s.* to 5*l.*—Red Hill. Girls.—Hampstead, Liverpool.

Above 5*l.*—Essex 6*l.* 11*s.*, Monmouth 6*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.*, Bedford 7*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.*, Ipswich (girls) 7*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.*

become very general. I think they should be made from every locality whence juvenile offenders are committed to such schools. The advantage of getting rid of a mischievous young thief accrues to all classes of persons in his neighbourhood, and the burden of contributing for this purpose should be at least partially borne by the rates to which all classes are liable to contribute. The sum contributed to reformatory schools from the rates in 1868 was very considerable, amounting to 17,823*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.*

The contributions obtained from parents for children in reformatory schools during the year amounted to 3,017*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.*, being rather less than the amount obtained in 1867. The difficulty of enforcing these payments has been very great, partly because from the scarcity of employment, or reduced rate of wages, the parents have generally been less able to pay, partly because magistrates are (perhaps naturally) reluctant to enforce the provisions of the law, and commit the defaulters in their payments to prison. The whole number of young offenders admitted in England in 1868 was 1,314; of these, 79 were found to be orphans, 36 illegitimate, 185 had been deserted by their parents. Of the remainder, the parents of 418 were excused on the ground of extreme poverty; orders to contribute being made only on 554, or rather above two-fifths of the whole.

A very marked advantage attends the employment of a special local agent for the investigation of the cases, and the applying for and following up the magistrate's order of contribution. Two such agents, Mr. James Brannan, and Mr. William Bewley, are now regularly engaged for the metropolitan district. A third, Mr. J. Graham, has charge of Liverpool; and a fourth, Mr. Roy, of Glasgow and its vicinity. The contributions from these places are comparatively large and well maintained. It is very desirable that similar agency should be employed in each of the larger towns or cities, but it is attended by the drawback that the expenses of the proceedings and collection would be largely increased, and in some cases would more than balance the amount collected. The moral effect on the parents might, however, fully compensate for this. In the meantime, I have full reason to acknowledge the courtesy and attention with which the police authorities throughout the country have answered my demands for their assistance, both for the preliminary inquiry into the parents' character and circumstances, and for the proceedings subsequently taken to obtain an order for a contribution.

Certified Industrial Schools.

The number of certified institutions of this class on the 31st December 1868 was 77. 14 schools (12 in England and two in Scotland) having been added to the list during the year. (The number on 31st December 1867 was 63.) Two of the new institutions are, I am glad to say, schoolships, in which the boys sent to them will be trained as sailors. One of these, the "Wellesley," is moored near South Shields in the Tyne. The other, the "Southampton," at Hull in the Humber. Four others are farm schools with land attached for farm or garden cultivation; viz.: the Staffordshire Industrial School at Werrington, near Hanley, partly established from the county rate; the Birmingham Town Council School at Shustoke, near Coleshill, established and maintained from the borough rate; Purbrook near Cosham, in Hampshire, established at the cost of Mr. Deverell, of Purbrook Park, for the counties of Hants and Sussex; and Cannington, near Bridgewater, established for Roman Catholic boys, by subscription from the diocese of Clifton. Two others are schools which have been working for some years as free or ragged industrial schools, supported by voluntary contributions, and receiving a considerable number of day scholars of both sexes. These are the Birmingham Industrial School in Gem Street, Birmingham, and the Ragged School, Stirling. The large country school which the managers of the Glasgow Industrial schools in Rotten Row are carrying out at Mossbank, near Glasgow; The Boys' Refuge in Soho Street, Liverpool, and the Boys' Orphanage in Beacon Lane, Liverpool, for Roman Catholic boys; the Girls' Orphanage in Falkner Street, Liverpool, for Roman Catholic girls; the Alresford Industrial School established by Miss Onslow, at Alresford, Hants; and the Fakenham Industrial Home established by Mrs. Hamond at Fakenham, Norfolk, for Protestant girls, make up the number.*

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* These schools were certified as follows:—

Glasgow Industrial Schools, Mossbank Boys and Girls	Jan. 16.
Birmingham Town Council Industrial Schools, Shustoke, Coleshill	Feb. 18.
Boys' Refuge, Roman Catholic, Soho Street, Liverpool	March 4.
Stafford County Industrial School, Werrington, Hanley	March 21.
Birmingham Industrial School for Boys and Girls, Gem Street	March 26.
Alresford Industrial School for Girls, Alresford, Hants	May 5.
Stirling Industrial and Ragged School, Boys and Girls	May 5.
Boys' Orphanage, Roman Catholic, Beacon Lane, Liverpool	July 21.

The schools already certified have also been in many cases considerably enlarged, and the number of children under sentence of detention in them greatly added to. The managers of the Middlesex Industrial Schools at Feltham obtained the necessary sanction to extend the number of inmates under the Industrial Schools Act, from 300 to 400. The Roman Catholic School of St. Nicholas at Walthamstow has been removed to Little Ilford by the exertions of Canon Searle, and nearly doubled in extent and number of inmates. The old premises occupied by the Roman Catholic Boys' Orphanage at Glasgow have been similarly replaced by a much larger and better building. Chester and Manchester Schools', Church Farm, and St. Anne's, Liverpool, have been largely added to. The new schools at Gateshead were certified in the beginning of the present year, and training ships which it is proposed to certify have been granted for Bristol, Glasgow, and Dundee. Other schools are in contemplation, and there is little doubt that the number, both of the industrial schools and of the children committed for detention in them, will be materially augmented during the year.

Of the 77 schools certified up to December 31, 1868, 55 are situated in England, 22 in Scotland. Ten of the English schools (5 for boys and 5 for girls) are for Roman Catholic children only, so also are three of the Scotch schools (2 for boys, 1 for girls). The Scotch Roman Catholic schools are in Glasgow only. Of the 10 in England, 7 are situated in Liverpool. Two are near London. The remaining one is that recently opened near Bridgewater in Somerset. Roman Catholic children are received into such Protestant Schools as admit them under regulations for their being visited by a priest for instruction in religion, and for their attendance at a Roman Catholic chapel on Sundays.

Arrangements are in progress for establishing a Roman Catholic school at Ashton-under-Lyne which will be available for children of that persuasion sent from Manchester,

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"Wellesley" School Ship, South Shields - - July 24.
"Southampton" School Ship, Hull - - - - July 31.
Girls' Orphanage, Roman Catholic, Falkner Street, Liverpool - - - - - Oct. 16.
Purbrook Industrial Farm School, Cosham, Hants - Nov. 17.
Fakenham Industrial School for Girls, Fakenham, Norfolk - - - - - - Nov. 17.
Cannington Industrial School, Roman Catholic Boys, Bridgewater - - - - - Nov. 17.

Stockport, Macclesfield, &c. No such school has as yet been opened either for the Northern or the Midland Counties, and the Roman Catholic children of Birmingham, Newcastle, Shields, Sunderland, &c. must be received into Protestant schools or left without rescue. I had expected that the liberal and active efforts made by the Roman Catholic community in Liverpool would have had more influence in stirring their fellow religionists in Warwickshire and the northern counties to similar action.

The Certified Industrial schools are of two classes. The one for both sexes, in which a certain number of the children attending are day scholars, who receive instruction but are only partially fed; the other for either boys or girls exclusively, in which the children are entirely lodged and boarded, and the majority detained under magistrate's warrant. The Scotch schools were generally of the former description, but are now mostly of the latter.

There are 14 schools of the first of these classes in England, and 16 in Scotland,* in these the children are usually taught in the same room, and have their meals together. The system has many advantages, placing the children more on the footing of common life, and certainly exercising a kindly influence on the general discipline. It has its difficulties when the inmates are of an older class, especially when they are 12 or 13 at admission.

The number of inmates under detention on the 31st December was 5,738, being an increase on the corresponding number for the previous year of 2,562. This total was thus distributed:—

	Boys.	Girls.
England, Protestant schools† -	2,106 -	514
„ Roman Catholic schools -	611 -	334
Scotland, Protestant schools† -	1,187 -	606
„ Roman Catholic schools -	262 -	118

* Chester, Birkenhead, Stockport, Macclesfield, Manchester, Liverpool (Everton Terrace), Kirkdale, Bolton, Newcastle, Birmingham (Gem Street), Bradford, Hull, Leeds, and York, Aberdeen, Ayr, Kilmarnock, Bute, Dumfries, Leith, Edinburgh (Original), Edinburgh (United), Arbroath, Dundee, Glasgow, Greenock, Paisley, Falkirk, and Stirling.

At Birkenhead, Liverpool, Newcastle, Hull, and York the girls are taught in a separate room by a schoolmistress, so also at Aberdeen, Glasgow, and Greenock.

At the other schools they are instructed with the boys; at Leeds the girls *under detention* are lodged and taught in a separate house, day scholars attending the boys school, but having a female teacher.

† Of the inmates of these, 180 boys and 40 girls were Roman Catholics.

The number admitted during the year was 2,488, viz. :—

Boys—England, 1,130 ; Scotland, 664 - Total, 1,784.
Girls—England, 336 ; Scotland, 368 - Total, 704.

This was an increase on the admissions of the previous year of 550 children. A very large proportion of the whole number (above two fifths) were committed to the Glasgow and Liverpool schools alone, viz. 322 boys and 156 girls to the Liverpool, and 355 boys and 217 girls to the Glasgow schools. Of the whole number 509 boys and 249 girls were sent to Roman Catholic schools, 1,275 boys and 454 girls to Protestant schools; but of these last 114 boys and 21 girls were Roman Catholics, partly sent to Bolton, York, Edinburgh, &c., under arrangement for their religious instruction, partly to the Wellesley training ship, Shustoke, &c. because no school of their own persuasion was available for their reception at the time of their commitment. Of these several have been since transferred. The ages at which the children were sent varied from 7 to 15 years, viz.:—

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Under 7 - - -	62	29	91
From 7 to 9 - -	351	173	524
„ 9 to 11 - -	551	216	767
„ 11 to 13 - -	621	221	842
Above 13 - -	199	65	264

The return of their family circumstances sufficiently accounts for the condition of most of them, and strongly illustrates the useful operation of the system which brings them under the care and training of the schools; 99 of the 2,488 were illegitimate, 322 had lost both parents, 1,000 had lost either father or mother, 287 had been wholly deserted, and 95 had one or both parents destitute or criminal. Only one third of the whole number had both parents living, and able to take care of them.

The discharges for the year amounted to 740, viz., boys 541, girls 199. Of these, 32 died* (boys 23, girls 9),

* Deaths :—Birkenhead 2, Ilford (R. C.) 3, Clifton 1, Bolton 1, Manchester 2, Liverpool (Everton) 3, Liverpool (St. George's, R. C.) 4, Liverpool (Soho, St. R. C.) 1, Feltham 1, Newcastle 1, Leeds 1, Aberdeen 2, Ayr 2, Dumfries 1, Edinburgh (Original) 1, Leith 1, Glasgow (Rotten Row) 2, Glasgow (R. C. orphanage) 1, Perth, Girls 1, Falkirk 1, Total, England 20; Scotland 12. The total of inmates being 3,565 for England, and 2,173 for Scotland ; these numbers give the per-centage of death on the population of the industrial schools as a little more than one half per cent. (·56 for English and ·55 for Scotch schools), adding to these the 15 children specially discharged as diseased and imbecile, the ratio of mortality or fatal illness for industrial schools does not exceed ·80.

58 (boys 48, girls 10) absconded and not recovered in the last or in previous years were discharged, their sentences of detention having expired during the year; 43 (boys 38, girls 5) were committed to reformatory schools; 107 (boys 58, girls 49) were specially discharged from the Glasgow Roman Catholic orphanage as informally committed, and 15 (boys 10, girls 5), from other schools on the ground of disease or incapacity; 4 boys enlisted, 19 went to sea, 8 boys and 1 girl emigrated, 333 boys and 120 girls were placed out in service or employment.

The whole number of children committed to industrial schools since the passing of the first Industrial Schools Act (1857) amounted on December 31, 1868, to 9,231 (boys 6,665, and girls 2,566). Of these, 3,282 have been discharged (boys 2,301, girls 937). Of this total, about two thirds, viz., 2,111 have been placed in employment, or sent to sea, or enabled to emigrate or enlist, 173 died, 230 have been committed to reformatories, 391 have been specially discharged as diseased, imbecile, illegally committed, or incorrigible; 333 have absconded and were not recovered before the expiry of their sentence.

In reference to the results of the industrial schools, I have obtained from the managers a return (No. vi. (*b.*)), of the appendix, reporting what they knew of the character and circumstances of the boys and girls discharged from the schools in the three years, 1865–6–7, up to the end of 1868. From this it appears that the number discharged in these three years, 1865–7, was 1,294. That of this number 33 have since died, leaving 1,261 to be accounted for. Of these, 686 (rather more than half) are reported as known to be doing well, 72 (or about 5·6 per cent.) known to be of doubtful character, 67 (or about 5·5 per cent.) to have been convicted of crime, and 446, (or 34·4 per cent.), to have passed beyond the managers inquiry and observations, and to be wholly unknown. That so large a proportion as nearly one third should be thus "unknown" speaks very unfavourably for the care and interest which the superintendents of the schools have bestowed on the supervision of the children after they have left. Much allowance must, however, be made for the recent date from which many of the schools have been in operation, and for their still imperfect organizations in many important points, and for the vagrant habits and unsettled characters of the parents. But considering the large amount of public money now devoted to the maintenance of this class of schools, and the important bearing which their

operations will have on any system of compulsory education for those who will not or cannot train their children themselves, it is impossible that the public can be satisfied with such Returns as leave it wholly uncertain whether or no an industrial school has done any good to more than 40 per cent. of the children received into it. In the case of some of the schools whose results show a large proportion of "unknown," the excuse may be pleaded that a complete change has taken place in the superintending staff, and so the former inmates have been lost sight of, as in the Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage, the East London, and St. Margaret's Home, though even in these cases, inquiry might have done more if carefully pursued. This does not apply however to schools which have been for some time under the same direction, and it can be only some want of interest or exertion which allows 17 to be returned unknown out of 57 at the Liverpool Protestant Schools, Everton Terrace; and still more 65 unknown out of 87 at the Liverpool Roman Catholic Schools of St. George's. The same remark applies to the Boys Home, Regent's Park Road, where 12 out of 24 boys are returned unknown; to the large schools at Glasgow (Rotten Row), where 28 out of 80 boys, and 10 out of 23 girls, are similarly reported as not having been traced or heard of; and to Greenock, where 15 are so returned out of 49. I trust to be able to report more satisfactory results next year. The industrial school is more expensive than the reformatory, the children being received at a much younger age, and detained on the average for a much longer time. There is very little of the criminal element to be contended with in the children, and greater facilities, therefore, for their employment when they leave the school. The results ought, therefore, to be more favourable, and to be capable of being shown to be so.*

* The per-centages in detail were as follows :—

	Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted.	Unknown.
ENGLISH SCHOOLS:				
Boys (Protestant) - per cent. -	61·2	4·8	5·0	25·2
„ (Catholic) - „ -	23·	2·0	6·0	69·0
Girls (Protestant) - „ -	63·5	8·2	4·7	23·5
„ (Catholic) - „ -	33·	9·5	1·0	56·3
SCOTCH SCHOOLS:				
Boys (Protestant) - „ -	60·	8·3	7·7	24·
„ (Catholic) - „ -	—	—	—	100·
Girls (Protestant) - „ -	65·	3·8	3·0	25·2
„ (Catholic) - „ -	—	—	—	100·

I have good reason to be satisfied with the general management of the Schools, and the treatment and training of the children under detention in them. The increase of the Treasury allowance to the Scotch schools, of from 4*s.* to 4*s.* 6*d.* per week, has enabled their managers to improve the dietary and clothing of their inmates with great advantage to their health and physical development. From the longer time devoted to the school teaching, and the circumstance that many of the teachers are certificated, the instruction in industrial schools is proportionally higher, and better organized than in reformatories. The industrial training, on the other hand, is less effective. The schools are carried on, as a general rule, on a very kindly and home-like system; disturbances and serious misconduct are of very rare occurrence, and but little punishment required. A large number of children of the poorest and most neglected class attend the industrial schools in large towns, such as Chester, Newcastle, Hull, Leeds, &c., voluntarily as day scholars. I regret to say, however, that this number is decreasing, and the proportion of those committed regularly for detention and wholly maintained by the Treasury allowance is rapidly advancing. I cannot but think that in many cases the detention of the child as a boarder is but another form of charitable relief, rather than a necessary means of prevention or cure of the child's criminal habits, and that many of those so committed might more properly be dealt with by the parochial authorities, if these really interested themselves in the moral training of the destitute and neglected children of their districts.

I am enabled this year to print the returns of receipt and expenditure for the Industrial Schools in the same tabulated form as that in which the accounts of the Reformatory Schools have been for some years past exhibited. I cannot speak of many of them as being, however, thoroughly satisfactory, the detailed accounts of the industrial departments of the schools being mostly too vague and inexact to allow of much dependence being placed on the estimated profit or loss, or to show how far the labour of the children has been advantageously employed.* I do not, therefore, take this item of the returns into serious account at present. There is no doubt, however, as to the actual amount of

* The accounts of the following schools form an exception to these remarks: Clifton, Chester, St. George's (Roman Catholic), Liverpool; Boys Refuge (Roman Catholic), Liverpool; Boys Refuge, Commercial Street, London; Somerset, Hull, Glasgow (Rotten Row), and Greenock, Perth, Fechney, Edinburgh (original), Edinburgh (united).

money spent and received; and taking the cash accounts of actual receipts and disbursements, the general results are as follows:—

The total receipts amounted to 122,682*l.* 11*s.*, divided under the following heads:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Treasury allowance	52,563	13	9
Payments from parents and parochial boards	2,532	0	11
Subscriptions, legacies, &c.	35,889	6	6
Payments for voluntary inmates	3,788	12	8
Sundries	4,014	3	10
Contributions from rates	19,062	5	4
Profit on industrial departments	4,832	8	0
Total	£ 122,682	11	0

The total expenditure, including cost of building and disposal, was 122,590*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.*, distributed as follows:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Salaries and officers' rations	23,340	7	4
Food of inmates	40,530	15	6
Clothing ditto	12,806	13	6
Washing, fuel, and light	5,789	19	5
Repairs, rates, and taxes, &c.	7,331	8	7
Sundries, &c. &c.	13,177	12	2
Rent	3,001	15	5
Disposal	1,375	18	11
Building	15,146	15	10
Industrial loss	88	14	5
Total	£ 122,590	1	1

I am not able to give the cost per head upon the inmates of the larger industrial schools in which a portion of the scholars attend only for the day, and are partially fed, with accuracy. The expenses of those in which the children are all lodged and boarded are very much the same as for reformatories, but the industrial returns are not so large. They could scarcely be expected to be so, the children in this class of schools being mostly younger and less capable of profitable employment. I have added to Appendix IX. a table showing the cost per head of maintenance and management for some of these.

The amount obtained from parents and parochial boards during the year was 2,532*l.* 0*s.* 11*d.*, making the total receipts from these sources for reformatory and industrial schools 5,549*l.* 13*s.*

In conclusion of my report I have to state that in pursuance of the arrangements made, with the sanction of the Lords of the Treasury, by Mr. Secretary Hardy, Mr. Rogers, who has been my chief assistant in the business of the office since April 1862, has been appointed assistant inspector under the provisions of the Reformatory and Industrial Schools Acts, and entered on his duties from the 1st of January of the present year. His long practical knowledge of the reformatory system gave him a special claim to the position, and his appointment has been very acceptable to the school managers. Mr. Costeker has succeeded him as chief clerk, and two junior clerks have been added to the staff of the office (Mr. Penkivil in June 1868, and Mr. Simpson in March 1869). These arrangements will prove, I believe, to be very advantageous to the public service. The returns and accounts printed in the Appendix to this report have occupied much time and labour, and have delayed the preparation of the report longer than I could have wished. To give them any value, it is necessary, however, that they should be as thoroughly sifted and examined as they have been, and this cannot be done without careful inquiry and repeated correspondence with the school authorities. It is gratifying to be able to add that in all the relations of the managers with my office I have almost uniformly found them anxious to afford the information and assistance required, and willing to consider, and as far as possible to carry out, what I have thought it right to advise or suggest. The working and results of the reformatory schools will stand the test, I think, of the closest investigation, and when another year or two's experience has brought the accounts and operations of the industrial schools to the same well defined and organized condition, I believe they will be equally able to meet and satisfy inquiry as to the work they do, and the method and the cost of doing it.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your very obedient servant,
SYDNEY TURNER.

APPENDIX No. I. (1.)

LIST of REFORMATORY SCHOOLS, showing their Locality, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.

ENGLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
BEDFORD - -	*Bedfordshire Reformatory* for Boys, Carlton, Bedford. Certified April 9, 1857. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. S. Escott, Carlton Rectory, Bedford.
CHESTER - -	*Bradwall Reformatory* for Boys, Sandbach. Certified December 27, 1855. C.M., G. W. Latham, Esq., Bradwall Hall.
CUMBERLAND -	*Cumberland Reformatory* for Boys, Stanwix near Carlisle. Certified May 1, 1855. C.M., G. H. Head, Esq., Rickerby House, Carlisle.
DEVON - -	*Devon and Exeter Reformatory Farm School* for Boys, Brampford Wood, Exeter. Certified April 17, 1855. Hon. Sec., Dyer Knott, Esq., The Castle, Exeter.
" - -	*Devon and Exeter Reformatory and Refuge* for Girls, Exeter. Certified June 26, 1858. Hon. Sec., W. Townsend, Esq., Friars' Walk, Exeter.
DORSET - -	*Dorset Reformatory* for Boys, Milborne near Blandford. Certified January 28, 1857. C.M., J. C. Mansel, Esq., Longthorns, Blandford.
DURHAM - -	*Sunderland Reformatory* for Girls, Tatham Street, Sunderland. Certified June 22, 1860. Hon. Sec., Charles Wilson, Esq., John Street, Sunderland.
ESSEX - -	*Essex Reformatory* for Boys, Harlow. Certified December 13, 1856. C.M., J. W. Perry Watlington, Esq., Moor Hall, Harlow.
" - -	"*Cornwall*" *Thames Reformatory School Ship* for Boys off Purfleet. Certified May 2, 1859. Supt., Capt. Augustus Burton, R.N., Purfleet.
GLAMORGAN - -	*Glamorgan Reformatory* for Boys, Howdref Genol, Neath. Certified March 4, 1858. Sec., Mr. David J. Rhys, Neath.
GLOUCESTER -	*Hardwicke Reformatory* for Boys, Gloucester. Certified October 4, 1854. Manager, T. B. Ll. Baker, Esq., Hardwicke Court, Gloucester.
" - -	*Kingswood Reformatory* for Boys, near Bristol. Certified October 4, 1854. Treasurer, William Sommerville, Esq., Bitton, near Bristol.
" - -	*Arno's Court* (*Roman Catholic*) *Reformatory* for Girls, near Bristol. Certified April 22, 1856. Manager, Miss Ann Parrish, Superior of the Convent.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
GLOUCESTER -	*Red Lodge Reformatory* for Girls, Bristol. Certified December 9, 1854. Manager, Miss Carpenter, Red Lodge House, Bristol.
HANTS - -	*Hampshire Reformatory* for Boys, Eling, Southampton. Certified November 29, 1855. Hon. Sec., Chas. Castleman, Esq., Glasshayes, Lyndhurst, Hants.
HERTS - -	*Herts Reformatory* for Boys, Bengeo, Hertford. Certified November 10, 1857. Hon. Sec., Rev. Charles Deedes, Bengeo Vicarage, Hertford.
LANCASTER - -	"*Akbar*" *Reformatory School Ship* for Boys, Rock Ferry, Liverpool. Certified January 3, 1856. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Reformatory Farm School* for Boys, Newton near Warrington. Certified April 6, 1859. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Reformatory* for Girls, Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool. Certified June 12, 1857. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	"*Clarence*" *Roman Catholic Reformatory School Ship* for Boys, off New Ferry, Liverpool. Certified Aug. 3, 1864. Treasurer, C. J. Corbally, Esq., Liverpool.
„ - -	*North Lancashire Reformatory* for Boys, Bleasdale, Garstang. Certified September 2, 1857. Manager, W. J. Garnett, Esq., Quernmore Park, Lancaster.
„ - -	*Manchester and Salford Reformatory* for Boys, Blackley, Manchester. Certified October 16, 1857. Hon. Sec., Herbert Philips, Esq., Blackley, Manchester.
„ - -	*Toxteth Park Girls' Reformatory*, 3, Park Hill Road, Liverpool. Certified March 19, 1856. Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. P. Horner, 64, Devonshire Road, Princes Park, Liverpool.
LEICESTER - -	*Agricultural Colony of Mount St. Bernard's* for Roman Catholic Boys, Whitwick, Leicester. Certified May 13, 1856. Hon Sec., William Harper, Esq., Broad Street, Bury, Lancashire. Director, Mr. Thomas Carroll.
MIDDLESEX - -	*Home in the East Reformatory* for Boys, Old Ford, Bow. Certified November 29, 1855. Hon. Sec., Thomas Scrutton, jun., Esq., 3, Corbet Court, Gracechurch Street.
„ - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, Brook Green, Hammersmith. Certified October 10, 1855. Treasurer, F. T. New, Esq., 31, Argyll Road, Kensington.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
MIDDLESEX - -	*Hampstead Reformatory* for Girls, 9, Church Row, Hampstead. Certified December 29, 1860. Superintendent Miss C. Nicoll.
MONMOUTH -	*Monmouthshire Reformatory* for Boys, Little Mill near Newport. Certified February 7, 1859. Hon. Sec., Rev. S. C. Baker, Usk.
NORFOLK - -	*Buxton Reformatory* for Boys, Norwich. Certified July 7, 1855. C.M., John Wright, Esq., Buxton, Norwich.
NORTHAMPTON -	*Northampton Society's Reformatory School* for Boys, Tiffield near Towcester. Certified January 21, 1856. C.M., Rev. H. J. Barton, Wicken Rectory, Stony Stratford.
NORTHUMBERLAND-	*North-Eastern Reformatory* for Boys, Netherton near Morpeth. Certified June 3, 1857. Secretary, D. D. Main, Esq., Eldon Place, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
SUFFOLK - - -	*Suffolk Reformatory School* for Boys, Thorndon, Eye. Certified March 22, 1856. C.M., Sir E. C. Kerrison, Bart., Brome Hall, Scole.
" - -	*Industrial Home* for Girls, Ipswich. Certified June 18 1858. C.M., S. B. Chapman, Esq., Tower Lodge, Ipswich.
SURREY - -	*Philanthropic Society's Farm School* for Boys, Redhill, Reigate. Certified September 2, 1856. Treasurer, Wm. Gladstone, Esq. Resident Chaplain, Rev. Charles Walters.
" - -	*The Boys' Home Reformatory* for Boys, Wandsworth Common, S.W. Certified March 26, 1868. Superintendent, Mr. John Leyland.
" - -	*Surrey Girls' Reformatory*, 6, Upper Belmont Place, Wandsworth Road. Certified February 4, 1862. Hon. Sec., R. Onslow, Esq., Wandsworth Common, S.
WARWICK - -	*Saltley Reformatory* for Boys, Smallheath, near Birmingham. Certified August 26, 1854. Treasurer, Charles Ratcliff, Esq., Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
" - -	*Warwickshire Reformatory* for Boys, Weston, Leamington. Certified November 20, 1856. Secretary, G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.
" - -	*Warwickshire Reformatory* for Girls, at Coventry. Certified Feb. 17, 1869. Secretary, G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.
" - -	*Birmingham Girls' Reformatory*, Smethwick, Birmingham. Certified December 20, 1854. Treasurer, Sampson Hanbury, Esq., Warley Hall, Birmingham.
WILTS - -	*Wilts Reformatory* for Boys, Warminster. Certified December 23, 1856. Rev. Jas. J. Jacob, Horningsham Parsonage, near Warminster.
" -	*Limpley Stoke Girls' Reformatory*, near Bath. Certified January 9, 1861. Hon. Sec, R. O. Heywood, Esq., 15, Green Park, Bath.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
WORCESTER - -	*Woodbury Hill Reformatory* for Boys, Shelsley, Worcester. Certified June 9, 1856. C.M., Rev. Theodore N. Flintoff, Shelsley, Worcester.
„ - -	*Stoke Farm Reformatory* for Boys, Bromsgrove. Certified December 9, 1854. C.M., Charles Sturge, Esq., Birmingham.
YORK - -	*Calder Farm Reformatory* for Boys, Mirfield. Certified December 15, 1855. C.M., Messrs. Tennant and Rayner, Dewsbury.
„ - -	*Castle Howard Reformatory* for Boys, Welburn, York. Certified May 3, 1856. Superintendent, Rev. Richard G. Fish, Welburn, York.
„ - -	*Leeds Reformatory* for Boys, Adel, Leeds. Certified December 2, 1857. Hon. Sec., R. L. Ford, Esq., 70, Albion Street, Leeds.
„ - -	*Yorkshire Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, near Market Weighton. Certified July 25, 1856. Director, Rev. P. Castellano.
„ - -	*Yorkshire Roman Catholic Girls' Reformatory*, Howard Hill, Sheffield. Certified July 26, 1861. Hon. Sec., R. J. Gainsford, Esq., Darnall Hall, Sheffield.
„ - -	*Doncaster Girls' Reformatory*, Doncaster. Certified September 6, 1861. Hon. Sec., C. E. Palmer, Esq., Baxter Gate, Doncaster.

SCOTLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
ABERDEEN - -	*Old Mill Reformatory* for Boys, Aberdeen. Certified March 9, 1857. Treasurer, James Meston, Esq., 75, Union Street, Aberdeen.
„ - -	*Aberdeen Reformatory* for Girls, Mount Street, Aberdeen. Certified March 1862. Treasurer, William Milne, Esq., 46, King Street, Aberdeen.
EDINBURGH -	*Dalry Reformatory* for Girls, Edinburgh. Certified April 23, 1858. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Swan, 7, Hope Crescent, Edinburgh.
„ - -	*Wellington Farm School* or Boys, Pennycuik, Edinburgh. Certified December 24, 1859. John Cowan, Esq., Valley Field, near Edinburgh, Treasurer.
FORFAR - -	*Rossie Reformatory* for Boys, Montrose. Certified May 4, 1857. C.M., James Mudie, Esq., Montrose.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
INVERNESS - -	*Inverness Reformatory School* for Boys, Inverness. Certified December 20, 1858. Sec., James Simpson, Esq., 32, Church Street, Inverness.
LANARK - -	*House of Refuge* for Boys, Duke Street, Glasgow. Certified November 15, 1854. Treasurer, J. B. Kidston, Esq., 50, West Regent Street, Glasgow. Actuary, Michael Honeyman, Esq., 67, West Regent Street, Glasgow.
„ - -	*Branch House of Refuge Farm School* for Boys, Riddrie, Glasgow. Certified March 10, 1868.
„ - -	*House of Refuge* for Girls, Lochburn, Maryhill, Glasgow. Certified May 19, 1868.
„ - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Girls, Dalbeth, Glasgow. Certified June 23, 1858. Superintendent, Miss E. Lawson.
„ - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, Parkhead, Glasgow. Certified August 9, 1859. Director, Rev. Anselm Robertson.
RENFREW - -	*Kibble Reformatory* for Boys, Paisley. Certified July 2, 1859. Hon. Sec., J. M^cInnes, Esq., Paisley.
„ - -	*Paisley Reformatory School* for Girls, Paisley. Certified May 9, 1856. C.M., W. Philips, Esq., Paisley.
WIGTON - -	*Stranraer Reformatory Schools* for Boys and Girls, Stranraer. Certified October 1, 1859. Hon. Sec., M. Jeffray, Esq., 34, Dalrymple Street, Stranraer.

APPENDIX No. I. (2.)

LIST of INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, showing their Locality, Name of Corresponding Manager.

ENGLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
CHESHIRE - -	*Chester Industrial School.* Certified July 3, 1863. Thomas Bowers, Esq., Hon. Sec., 101, Eastgate Street, Chester.
„ - -	*Albert Industrial Schools,* Corporation Road, Birkenhead. Certified February 14, 1866. Hon. Sec., W. Jackson, jun., Esq., 30, Hamilton Square, Birkenhead.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
CHESHIRE - -	*Stockport Industrial School,* Townend House, Stockport. Certified March 7, 1866. Hon. Sec., John Andrew, Esq., Offerton Lane, Stockport.
" - -	*Macclesfield Industrial School,* Brook St., Macclesfield. Certified May 7, 1866. Hon. Sec., William Barnett, Esq., Chester Road, Macclesfield.
DEVON - -	*Devon and Exeter Boys' Industrial School.* Certified May 7, 1863. Hon. Sec., W. Townsend, Esq., Friars Walk, Exeter.
DURHAM - -	*Sunderland Boys' Industrial School,* Silver Street. Certified June 6, 1865. Hon. Sec., Richard Iliff, Esq., 149, High Street, Sunderland.
" - -	*Tyne Industrial School Ship "Wellesley,"* South Shields. Certified July 24, 1868. Sec., Andrew Carr, Esq., Central Exchange News Rooms, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
" - -	*Abbot Memorial Industrial School,* Gateshead-on-Tyne. Certified January 27, 1869. Hon. Sec., Edward Eccles, Esq., South Close Villa, Gateshead.
" - -	*Sunderland Girls Industrial School,* Borough Road, Sunderland. Certified October 2, 1867. Treasurer, W. J. Tatham, Esq., 12, Argyle Street, Sunderland.
ESSEX - -	*St. Nicholas Industrial School,* for Roman Catholic Boys, Manor House, Little Ilford, Essex. Certified March 26, 1868. Director, Very Rev. Canon Frederick Searle, Manor House, Little Ilford, E.
" - -	*Halstead Industrial School,* for Girls, Halstead. Certified March 12, 1869. Hon. Sec., Miss Lucy Greenwood, Halstead, Essex.
GLAMORGAN -	*"Havannah" School Ship, Cardiff.* Certified December 18, 1861. Hon. Sec., William Alexander, Esq., Cardiff.
GLOUCESTER -	*Bristol Park Row Industrial School.* Certified June 30, 1859. Hon. Sec., W. L. Carpenter, Esq., 12, Brighton Park, Clifton, Bristol.
" - -	*Clifton Industrial School,* Clifton Wood, Bristol. Certified October 23, 1866. Hon. Sec., Thomas May, Esq., Grove House, Durdham Down, Bristol.
" - -	*Bristol Industrial School,* for Girls, Stanhope House, Cotham Road South, Bristol. Certified October 23, 1867. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Elisabeth P. Wills, Hawthornden, Clifton Down, Bristol.
" - -	*Purbrook Industrial School,* for Boys, Cosham, Hants. Certified November 21, 1868. Hon. Manager, John Deverell, Esq., Purbrook Park, Cosham.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
HANTS - -	*Alresford Industrial School* for Girls, Old Alresford, Hants. Certified May 5, 1868. Hon. Sec., Miss S. A. Arabella Onslow, Upton, Alresford, Hants.
HERTS - -	*Church Farm Industrial School*, East Barnet. Certified June 4, 1863. Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Col. Gillum, The Moated House, Tottenham, N.
LANCASTER - -	*Bolton Industrial School*, Commission Street, Bolton. Certified November 30, 1863. Hon. Sec., John Hodgkinson, Esq., Garside Street Mills, Bolton.
„ - -	*Manchester Industrial Schools*, Ardwick Green. Certified April 6, 1859. Superintendent, Rev. J. F. Bryan, 24, Ardwick Green, Manchester.
„ - -	*Liverpool Industrial Schools*, Everton Terrace. Certified December, 3, 1864. Hon. Sec., Joseph Hubback, Esq., Weaver Buildings, 15, Brunswick Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. Mary's Kirkdale Industrial School*, Stanley Road, Liverpool. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. T. Major Lester, St. Mary's, Kirkdale.
„ -	*St. George's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, West Derby Road, Liverpool. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Nugent, 22, Soho Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Boys' Refuge Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Saint Anne Street, Liverpool. Certified May 10, 1869. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Nugent. Secretary, John Denvir, Esq.
„ - -	*Orphanage Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Beacon Lane, Liverpool. Certified July 21st 1868. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Henry Fisher, D.D., St. Edward's College, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. George's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls, Fairfield, London Road, Liverpool. Certified June 13, 1867. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Wallwork, 16, Warren Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls (St. Anne's), Mason Street, Edge Hill, Liverpool. Certified June 13, 1867. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Henry Fisher, D.D., St. Edward's College, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. Elizabeth's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls, 64, Breckfield Road, South. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. Henry Finch, 121, West Derby Road, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Roman Catholic Female Orphanage*, 47a, Falkner Street, Liverpool. Certified October 16, 1868. Hon. Sec., Donald Kennedy, Esq., 3 India Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
MIDDLESEX	*Middlesex Industrial School*, Feltham, W. Certified February 13, 1867. Superintendent, Captain J. Rowland Brookes.
"	*The Boys' Home*, Regent's Park Road, Primrose Hill, N.W. Certified November 18, 1865. Hon. Sec., G. W. Bell, Esq., 2, St. John's Terrace, Regent's Park.
"	*East London Shoe Black Society's Refuge*, 4, Mansel Street, Whitechapel. Certified July 1, 1859. Hon. Sec., Rev. Brooke Lambert, St. Mark's Parsonage, Whitechapel, E. Superintendent, Mr. James Larke.
"	*Boys' Refuge Industrial School*, Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E. Certified June 6, 1867. Hon. Sec., N. J. Powell, Esq., 101, High Street, Whitechapel, E. Superintendent, Mr. John Darbyshire.
"	*Cripples' Home, Female Refuge*, Northumberland House, 17a, Marylebone Road, N.W. Certified February 27, 1864. Hon. Sec., Miss Caroline Blunt, 12, Upper Gloucester Street, Dorset Square, N.W.
"	*Sloane Street Home*, for Girls, 125, Sloane Street, Chelsea. Certified April 1859. Hon. Sec., Miss Barney, 32, Cumberland Street, Pimlico, S.W.
"	*School of Discipline*, 2, Queen's Road, West Chelsea, S.W. Certified July 9, 1859. Hon. Sec., Mrs. C. L. Cromwell, St. Mark's College, Chelsea, S.W.
"	*The Industrial Home* for Girls, 3, Franklin's Row, Chelsea, S.W. Certified December 22, 1864. Manager, Mrs. E. M. Farrer, 42, Lowndes Street, S.W.
"	*St. Margaret's Home, Industrial School*, for Roman Catholic Girls, East End House, Finchley, N. Certified October 24, 1866. Manager, Miss L. D. Haslewood.
"	*The Girls' Home*, 22, Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W. Certified May 4, 1867. Hon. Sec., Miss Elizabeth J. Bell, 22, Charlotte Street, W.
NORFOLK	*Norfolk Industrial School*, for Girls, Fakenham, November 17, 1868. Hon. Sec., Mrs. R. Hamond, Fakenham.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*Newcastle-on-Tyne Industrial Schools.* Certified June 3, 1859. Secretary, R. S. Watson, Esq., 101, Pilgrim Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
SOMERSET	*Somerset Industrial Home*, for Boys, Devonshire House, Wells Road, Bath. Certified July 19, 1866. Hon. Sec., P. C. Sheppard, Esq., Hampton Manor, Bath.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
SOMERSET - -	*Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Cannington, near Bridgwater. Certified November 17, 1868. Hon. Sec., Rev. J. J. Canon Clark, Bishops House, Clifton.
STAFFORD - -	*Stafford County Industrial School*, Werrington, near Hanley. Certified March 21, 1868. R. W. Hand, Esq., Clerk of Peace for County of Stafford, Stafford.
SURREY - -	*Surrey Industrial School*, Wandsworth, S.W. Certified March 30, 1867. Manager, Mr. John Leyland.
WARWICK - -	*Penn Street Industrial School*, Deritend, Birmingham. Certified January 30, 1863. Hon. Sec., John Gameson, Esq., Camp Hill, Birmingham.
" - -	*Birmingham Town Council Industrial School*, for Boys, Shustoke, Coleshill. Certified February 18, 1868. E. J. Hayes, Esq., Town Clerk, Birmingham.
" - -	*Birmingham Free Industrial School*, for Boys and Girls, Gem Street, Birmingham. Certified March 26, 1868. Sec., Mr. Alexander Forrest, 10 Cherry Street, Birmingham.
" - -	*Winson Green Industrial Home* for Girls, Birmingham. Certified February 24, 1863. Hon. Sec., T. C. S. Kynnersley, Esq., The Leverets, Birmingham.
" - -	*Vale Street Industrial School*, for Girls, Birmingham. Certified September 25, 1866. Hon. Sec., Brooke Smith, Esq., Edgbaston, Birmingham.
" - -	*Girls' Industrial Home*, Coventry. Certified January 1863. Treasurer, A. H. Pears, Esq., Allesley Coventry.
YORK - -	*Broomfields Industrial School*, Wakefield Road, Bradford. Certified 1858. Hon. Sec., J. Taylor, Esq., Piccadilly, Bradford.
" - -	*Doncaster Industrial School*, for Girls. Certified December 14, 1867. Hon. Sec., Rev. C. J. Vaughan, D.D., Vicarage, Doncaster.
" - -	*Hull Industrial Schools.* Certified March 24, 1862. Hon. Sec., Joseph Atkinson, Esq., Tremayne Terrace, Hull.
" - -	*Hull Industrial School Ship "Southampton."* Certified July 31, 1868. Hon. Sec., Joseph Atkinson, Esq., Tremayne Terrace, Hull.
" - -	*Leeds Industrial School*, Edgar Street, York Road, Leeds. Certified March 25, 1862. Hon Sec., John Town, Esq., 32, Albion Street, Leeds.
" - -	*York Industrial School*, Marygate, York. Certified, July 18, 1858. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. A. Wightman, York.

SCOTLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
ABERDEEN - -	*Aberdeen Industrial School,* Skene Square, Aberdeen. Certified May 15, 1855. Treasurer, D. C. Fraser, Esq., 74, Union Street, Aberdeen.
AYR - - -	*Ayr Industrial School,* Ayr. Certified October 13, 1855. Hon. Sec., D. Dunlop, Esq., 20, New Bridge Street, Ayr.
" - - -	*Kilmarnock Industrial School.* Certified June 2, 1855. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Aitken, Kilmarnock.
BUTE - -	*Rothesay Industrial School.* Certified June 24, 1864. Hon. Sec., Daniel Macbeth, Esq., County Buildings, Rothesay.
DUMFRIES - -	*Dumfries and Maxwelltown Industrial School.* Certified April 22, 1856. Treasurer, Alex. Hannay, Esq., National Bank of Scotland.
EDINBURGH -	*Original Industrial Schools,* Ramsay Lane and Marionville, Edinburgh. Certified June 2, 1855. Hon. Sec., Captain H. L. Dempster, 4a, North St. David Street, Edinburgh.
" - -	*United Industrial School,* South Gray's Close, High Street, Edinburgh. Certified November 25, 1855. Superintendent, Mr. Charles Ferguson.
" - -	*Burghal Industrial School,* Certified April 22, 1856. Poor House, Forrest Row, Edinburgh.
" - -	*Leith Industrial School.* Certified January 1862. Treasurer, P. W. Gavin, Esq., 2, Back Street, Leith.
FORFAR - -	*Arbroath Industrial School.* Certified May 18, 1855. Hon. Sec., Rev. Wm. Allan, Hill Street, Arbroath.
" - -	*Dundee Industrial School.* Certified March 30, 1861, Treasurer, Jas. Henderson, jun., Esq., 21, Reform Street, Dundee.
LANARK - -	*Glasgow Industrial School* (Rotten Row). Certified March 10, 1855. Treasurer, E. Simpson Macharg, Esq., 138, West George Street, Glasgow.
" - -	*Glasgow Industrial School,* Mossbank, Millerston, near Glasgow. Certified January 15, 1868. Treasurer, E. Simpson Macharg, Esq.
" - -	*Roman Catholic Orphanage and Industrial School,* 72, Abercromby Street, Glasgow. Certified November 25, 1862. Superintendent, Rev. E. Noonan.
" - -	*Slatefields Industrial School,* for Roman Catholic Boys, 707, Gallowgate Street, Glasgow. Certified December 14, 1867. Superintendent, Mr. John Mc Culloch.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
LANARK - - -	*Govan Parochial School*, Glasgow. Certified December 23, 1854. Govan Poor House.
PERTH - -	*Feehney Industrial School* for Boys, Perth. Certified March 7, 1864. Sec., H. C. R. Macduff, Esq., Hill Side, Perth.
" - -	*Perth Ladies' House of Refuge* for Girls, Craigie near Perth. Certified February 19, 1857. Hon. Sec., J. W. Jameson, Esq., Central Bank of Scotland, Perth.
" - -	*Girls' School of Industry*, Perth. Certified December 23, 1854. Hon. Sec., Mrs. J. H. Anderson, Kinnoul Manse, Perth.
RENFREW - -	*Greenock Industrial School.* Certified April 5, 1855, Hon. Sec., John C. Hunter, Esq., 38, Union Street. Greenock.
" - -	*Paisley Industrial School.* Certified May 9, 1856. Hon. Sec., W. Philips, Esq., Crossflat, Paisley.
STIRLING - -	*Falkirk Industrial School*, for Boys and Girls, Kerse Lane, Falkirk. Certified June 28, 1867. Sec., Rev. Lewis H. Irving, Arnot Hill, Falkirk.
" - -	*Stirling Industrial School*, for Boys and Girls, Stirling. Certified May 5, 1868. Hon. Sec., James Mathie, Esq., Stirling.
WIGTON - -	*Industrial Home for Girls*, Newton Stewart. Certified January 17, 1862. Secretary, Rev. Wm. McLean, the Manse, Newton Stewart.

APPENDIX No. II. (1.)

Detailed Reports on CERTIFIED REFORMATORY SCHOOLS for the Year 1868.

MEMORANDUM.—The cost per head in these detailed Reports is that for maintenance and management only, *exclusive* of rent, disposal, and building charges. The industrial profits have to be deducted from it, and industrial losses added.

ENGLAND.

BEDFORD.

Bedford Reformatory for Boys, Carlton, Turvey.

Inspected September 14, 1868.

Mr. Jones had succeeded in greatly improving the health and general spirit of the boys. Their manner and appearance were much more satisfactory than formerly. There had been very few serious faults or punishments. The land appeared to be in very good cultivation, the boys had been largely employed also on neighbouring farms. I found the school instruction very efficiently conducted. The boys did very fairly in my examinations. Mr. Jones has the assistance of his wife, a schoolmaster (Mr. Gardner), a labour master, and a servant.

The average number of boys for the year was 34.

The cost per head, 21*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit, 7*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* per head.

Results.—Of 27 boys discharged in 1865–67, 12 are doing well, 9 are unknown, 6 have been convicted. The majority of these boys were discharged previous to the present master's appointment, future results should be more favourable.

CHESTER.

Bradwall Reformatory for Boys, Sandbach.

Inspected August 6, 1868.

The number of inmates at the time of my inspection was 61. There had been no sickness. The premises were clean and in good order. They are convenient and well arranged, but the school room and dormitories need more light and ventilation. Earth closets would also be a material improvement. The boys passed my examination remarkably well, showing great proficiency

and intelligence, especially in arithmetic and general knowledge. The land under cultivation and the large dairy stock are well managed; but it will ere long be difficult to find adequate employment for the boys without some addition to the present extent of the farm.

The staff consists of Mr. Howarth (superintendent) and his wife, a schoolmaster (Mr. Carter), and two assistants.

The cost per head was 19*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, on average of 63 boys.

Industrial profit, 6*s.* 9*d.* per head. The continuous drought of last summer affected the expenses and profits of the farm very seriously.

Results.—Of 62 boys discharged in 1865–67, 34 are doing well, 15 are unknown, 9 re-convicted. These figures are not very satisfactory.

CUMBERLAND.

Cumberland Reformatory for Boys, Stanwix, Carlisle.
Inspected June 13, 1868.

The premises were in excellent order. I was glad to find the superintendent's apartments much improved. The 45 boys in the school were looking well, and had been free from illness. There had been two desertions, but otherwise very few faults or punishments. Mr. Crowther manages the boys with much kindness and good judgment. Their educational condition had improved considerably. The tailors and shoemakers workshops are well attended to, but the farm labour on Mr. Head's estate is too desultory.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. Crowther, labour master, tailor, shoemaker.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.*, on average of 46 boys.

Industrial *loss*, 13*s.* per head, a result which shows that the labour of the boys cannot be employed to proper advantage.

Results.—Of 28 boys discharged in 1865–67, 21 are doing well, 1 is unknown, 3 re-convicted.

DEVON.

Devon and Exeter Reformatory for Boys, Exeter.
Inspected May 13, 1868.

I found 28 boys in the school. The premises in good order, the boys healthy and cheerful. There had been few punishments, and no desertions. The education and industrial training of the boys are well attended to. They passed my examination very creditably. They had been pretty constantly employed by neighbouring farmers, with profit to the school.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. Harris, two industrial teachers.

Cost per head, 22*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.*, on average of 28 boys.

Industrial profit per head, 2*l.* 10*s.*

Results.—Of 23 boys discharged in 1865–67, 19 are doing well, 2 have been re-convicted, none are unknown.

Devon and Exeter Reformatory for Girls, Exeter.
Inspected May 14, 1868.

There were 60 committed, and 2 voluntary girls in the school. There had been no illness, and no desertions. The discipline appeared to have been kindly and judicious. The appearance of the girls was very satisfactory, but their manner was rather too dull and quiet. They passed my examination very fairly, especially in writing and ciphering. The laundry and work-room are well attended to.

Staff.—Matron (Miss Prosser), schoolmistress (Miss Perry), and a work-mistress. The elder girls assist in the superintendence of the kitchen and laundry.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*, on average of 60 girls.

Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 11*s.*

Results.—Of 43 girls discharged in 1865–67, 33 are doing well, 3 are unknown 3 have been re-convicted.

DORSET.

Dorset Reformatory for Boys, Milborne, Blandford.
Inspected October 28, 1868.

The health and conduct of the boys throughout the year had been very satisfactory, as were also their manner and appearance.

The new buildings added to the school were completed, comprising an office for the superintendent (Mr. Stent) and a good store room on the ground floor, with a dormitory holding seven beds above. By the removal of the office the schoolroom has been enlarged and made more convenient. A second mast and a bowsprit have been fitted up for the nautical training of the boys, who showed great readiness in naval exercises. Many lads have gone to sea from the school and are doing well. The labour of the boys has been in great request. They had earned nearly 200*l.* in the course of the year.

I found the educational condition of the school considerably improved.

Mr. Stent is assisted by his wife and a labour master. A naval instructor attends occasionally. Mr. Stent himself instructs the school band in music. Their proficiency did credit to their instruction.

The average number of boys for the year was 42.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*

Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 28 boys discharged in 1865–67, 18 are doing well, 4 are unknown, 4 have been re-convicted.

Durham.

Sunderland Reformatory for Girls, Tatham Street, Sunderland.

Inspected July 14, 1868.

There had been no illness in the school, and not much trouble or disturbance except from several cases of desertion, which appeared to have been very much caused by the interference of the girls' relatives.

The staff, premises, and general system of the establishment are the same as in previous years, and seem to be very satisfactory. The employment of the girls as daily or weekly under-servants to respectable families in the neighbourhood, as part of the industrial training of the school, is peculiar to this reformatory, and perhaps more than usually practicable here, from the situation of the institution and the character of the neighbourhood, occupied by a number of housekeepers of the middle class. The system certainly works well, and in some degree makes up for the want of a good laundry, which, however, I think is still a desideratum, if only for the positive hard work it affords.

The girls are well taught both as to secular and religious knowledge, but they are very backward in arithmetic, only 9 or 10 knowing anything beyond the simplest addition.

Staff.—Miss Kaye (superintendent), Miss Robertson (schoolmistress), and a general servant.

Average number for the year was 44.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 40 girls discharged in 1865–67, 32 are doing well, 1 has been re-convicted, none unknown.

Essex.

Essex Reformatory. Harlow.

Inspected September 10, 1868.

The boys were all in good health and order. Four cases of desertion had lately occurred, but there had otherwise been very little to complain of. The boys passed my examination very creditably in ciphering and writing, but did not show much intelligence. Mr. Chaplin and his wife superintend the institution, assisted by a schoolmaster and a labourer. The farm is in excellent cultivation. The average number of boys for the year was 31. Cost per head, 20*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit per head, 6*l.* 11*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 20 boys discharged in 1865–67, 13 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 2 have been re-convicted.

"Cornwall" Reformatory School Ship, Purfleet.

Inspected July 30, 1868.

The managers have obtained a new and larger ship (the Wellesley), the vessel previously occupied by them being granted

to the School Ship Association at Newcastle. To prevent the confusion which would else have arisen in reference to the warrants of commitment, the Admiralty allowed the names of the ships to be interchanged. The boys were transferred to the new ship in June. The health and appearance of the boys were extremely satisfactory. Captain Burton spoke very favourably of their general conduct and good order, only one case of desertion had occurred in the year; four boys employed in unloading a ship deserted together; three were very shortly recovered, the fourth had evaded apprehension.

The boys passed my examination very well, doing credit to the attention which their teachers had bestowed upon them.

The staff consists of Captain Burton, Mr. Cooke, schoolmaster, a chief officer (Mr. Brown), and 9 assistants.

Average number of boys for the year was 226.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.*

The boys being only employed in work connected with the ship or their own clothing, no profit and loss account is kept as to their labour.

Results.—Of 166 boys discharged in 1865–67, 123 have done well, 25 are unknown, 8 have been re-convicted.

Glamorgan.

Glamorgan Reformatory for Boys, Neath.
Inspected May 7, 1868.

I found 40 boys in the school. There had been no illness, and the appearance and manner of the boys gave me great satisfaction. The school presents a very different aspect as to cleanliness, good order, and cheerfulness from what it used to do. The standard of instruction is still very low; but many of the boys on their admission scarcely understand the English language. Four cases of desertion had occurred, partly caused by the readiness with which the boys who have absconded have been sheltered and concealed. The managers have very properly given a lesson on this point by prosecuting a small farmer who had harboured a lad for some time, and enforcing the penalty. The land attached to the school is well cultivated; but can scarcely be made remunerative without more stock, to furnish manure. More land too is wanted. A tailor attends one day a week.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. Farrah, an assistant, and a female servant.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.*, on average of 42 boys.

Industrial profit per head, 1*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 30 boys discharged in 1865–67, 20 have done well, 1 unknown, 8 have been re-convicted.

GLOUCESTER.

Hardwicke Reformatory for Boys, Gloucester.

Inspected February 28, 1868.

Several valuable improvements have been effected in the making a better lavatory, erecting earth closets, &c. The boys (48) were looking very bright and healthful, though their peculiar clothing somewhat takes away from the homely countrified appearance that the inmates of our small rural reformatories generally present. The instruction and industrial training are carefully attended to. The labour of the boys being generally in great request on the neighbouring farms. The staff consists of Mr. Gee (the superintendent) and wife, a schoolmaster, and labourer. The curate of the parish assisting in the religious instruction.

The cost per head was 23*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*, on average of 44 boys.

Industrial profit per head, 1*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 43 boys discharged in 1865–67, 34 are doing well, 7 have been convicted, none unknown.

Kingswood Reformatory, near Bristol.

Inspected August 20, 1868.

The boys had been generally in good health, but Mr. Barker complained a good deal of their restlessness and want of subordination to the inferior officers, as well of the inefficiency of several of the officers themselves; something of this may proceed, as I represented to him, from his not placing sufficient trust in them and giving them sufficient authority. He has in fact almost too exacting a sense of the duty and responsibility of his position. It is also a drawback to his influence that he does not reside in the school buildings. The premises have been much improved; the dining room enlarged; a new kitchen built; a bath room, lavatory, and laundry fitted up; and the dormitories better ventilated. Brickmaking is carried on very extensively, and realizes a very considerable profit. I cannot find that the occupation acts at all unfavourably on the habits or manners of the boys, owing chiefly to the very minute superintendence which Mr. Barker exercises over all concerned in it. The land attached to the school is also carefully cultivated; a portion of the boys being also employed in shoemaking and tailoring.

I found the school teaching much improved. The 1st, 2nd, and 3rd classes did very well in ciphering and dictation; they answered my questions very intelligently.

The staff consists of Mr. Barker and his wife, a schoolmaster, and 6 assistants, including a nurse who has now regular charge of the infirmary.

The average number of boys for the year was 125. The cost per head, 19*l.* 4*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profit per head, 2*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 75 boys discharged in 1865–67, 55 are doing well, 20 have been re-convicted, none unknown.

Arno's Court Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, Bristol.

Inspected August 18, 1868.

I found 98 girls in the school. The report of the lady superintendent was pretty favourable, both as to their health and conduct. There had been 3 deaths. The premises were in excellent order; the playground improved. The laundry gives full employment for the older girls; the younger are taught needlework, and assist in the housework. I examined about 80 of the girls in reading, ciphering, and writing; they generally acquitted themselves very fairly. I thought the standard of proficiency, as well as the manner and appearance of the girls, considerably improved.

The staff consists of the sisters of the order of the Good Shepherd; Miss Trumpler, formerly at Dalbeth, taking the principal charge of the school teaching.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 12*s.* 0*d.*, on average of 100 girls. Industrial profit per head, 2*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 82 girls discharged in 1865-67, 54 are doing well, 6 are unknown, 15 have been re-convicted.

Red Lodge Reformatory for Girls, Bristol.

Inspected August 19, 1868.

The girls both in the school and the cottage adjoining, in which those about going to service are placed for final training, were all in good health, looked well, and well cared for. The complete change of teachers which had occurred during the year had a good deal disturbed the order of the school, but there did not seem to have been much to complain of. The girls passed my examination very fairly, the ciphering being generally much improved; the laundry and needlework afford employment for the girls in the school, those in the cottage bake the bread for the establishment.

The new staff consists of Mrs. Daly as matron, Miss Squire as schoolmistress, and two assistants.

The average number of girls for the year was 64.

The cost per head was 18*l.* 8*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 14*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 49 girls discharged in 1865-67, 36 are doing well, 4 are unknown, 5 have been re-convicted.

HANTS.

Hants Reformatory for Boys, Eling, Southampton.

Inspected November 17, 1868.

The new buildings erected in place of that portion of the premises which was burnt down last year have been completed, and are very well arranged and executed. They consist of a large and well-ventilated dormitory, with kitchen and offices underneath, and a very convenient residence for the superintendent. They have been built and fitted at a very moderate cost (about 600*l.*)

Mr. Harold continues to discharge the duties of superintendent, and discharges them very efficiently. He reported very favourably of the conduct of the boys; notwithstanding the interruption to the usual routine of the institution, they had given him no serious trouble. Their looks and manner spoke well for their careful and kindly treatment, but their mixed and untidy clothing is a considerable drawback to their favourable and orderly appearance. Mr. Okeford is still the schoolmaster; the school teaching had been much interrupted.

The average number of boys for the year was 54.

The cost per head, 24*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* Industrial *loss* per head, 1*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*, a result that calls for some change in the system of employment.

Results.—Of 50 boys discharged in 1865–67, 40 are doing well, 5 are unknown, 3 have been re-convicted.

Herts.

Herts Reformatory, Bengeo, Hertford.

Inspected September 11, 1868.

My inspection of this school was very satisfactory. I found the boys healthy and in good order. The premises clean and comfortable. The school instruction and industrial training effective and well cared for. There had been four attempts at absconding, but the boys had been in each case brought back and punished in the school. With this exception, Mr. Fish, the superintendent, had had very little to complain of. He has succeeded in inducing the boys to save their earnings, and they have more than 20*l.* in the savings bank.

The first class wrote, ciphered, and read very creditably; the second and third classes very fairly in proportion to the time they had been under instruction.

The farm attached to the school is too small to afford the boys full employment, but their labour has been in good request among the neighbouring farmers.

Mr. Fish is assisted in the superintendence of the school by his wife and two under masters, who have both been formerly boys in the institution.

The average number of boys for the year was 44.

The cost per head, 19*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 15*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 31 boys placed out in 1865–67, 17 have done well, 4 are unknown, 8 have been re-convicted.

Lancashire.

Akbar School Ship, Rock Ferry, Liverpool.

Inspected June 9, 1868.

I found 177 boys on board. Their health and appearance very satisfactory. There had been some desertions, but Captain Borland

had succeeded in reducing considerably the number of serious faults and punishments, and in greatly improving the general tone and spirit of the school. The boys passed my examination very intelligently. Their readiness and proficiency in nautical exercises did their instructors great credit. A portion of them are taught tailoring, carpentry, &c.

Staff.—Captain Borland, R.N., Mr. Butler (chaplain), Mr. Williams (schoolmaster), and 8 officers and instructors. The state of his health has obliged Captain Borland to resign since my inspection. He has been succeeded by Captain Urmston.

Cost per head, 20*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.*, on an average of 177 boys. Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 199 boys discharged in 1865–67, 107 are doing well, 61 are unknown, 20 have been re-convicted. Boys at sea and not lately heard of are included in the "Unknown."

Clarence School Ship for Roman Catholic Boys, New Ferry, Liverpool.

Inspected June 10, 1868.

The number of boys on board was 206, all in good health and looking bright and cheerful. No desertions had occurred. The discipline appeared to be kindly and well maintained. The educational condition of the school had considerably declined since my previous inspection. There were only 16 boys in the first class, and about 20 in the second. The boys went through their nautical exercises very creditably. They are taught tailoring, shoemaking, and carpentry.

Staff.—Captain Algar, R.N., and 7 officers and naval instructors. The school instruction has been carried on by two Christian Brothers.

Cost per head, 19*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.*, on average of 201 boys. Industrial profit per head, 5*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 13 boys discharged in 1865–67, 3 are doing well, 7 unknown, 2 have been re-convicted.

North Lancashire Reformatory for Boys, Bleasdale.

Inspected June 12, 1868.

The number of boys had increased to 93 at the date of my inspection. The health and good order of the school had been uninterrupted, and bear most satisfactory testimony to Mr. Grant King's kindly and judicious management. The education and industrial training of the boys are very efficiently conducted. The extent of the farm under cultivation has been steadily increased by the reclaiming of waste land; the returns from it are as yet nearly balanced by the heavy cost of drainage and manure. The boys are also employed in the tailors' and shoemakers' shops.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. King, 5 labourers and industrial teachers. The schoolmaster of the neighbouring parish attends daily, Mr. King's daughter assisting in the instruction.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*, on average of 93 boys. Industrial profits per head, 17*s.*

Results.—Of 54 boys discharged in 1865–67, 30 are doing well, 8 are unknown, 13 have been re-convicted. The number of re-convictions is much larger than I should have expected.

Toxteth Park Reformatory for Girls, Princes Park Road, Liverpool.

Inspected October 9, 1868.

The number of girls had increased to 50 at the date of my visit. All were in good health. Their general conduct and the whole tone and spirit of the school have remarkably improved under Miss Howard's steady and judicious management. The Committee have in view some considerable addition to the buildings, the demands for admission being greater than the present buildings can meet. The girls passed my examination fairly, only about half of them, however, could read with ease or cipher beyond simple addition. The laundry work is well attended to.

The staff consists of Miss Howard (superintendent), a schoolmistress, and laundress.

The cost per head was 13*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.*, on average of 48 girls. The industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 11 girls discharged in 1865–67, 7 are doing well, 2 unknown, 1 has been re-convicted.

Liverpool Girls' Reformatory, Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool.

Inspected October 9, 1868.

There were 66 girls in the school at the date of my visit. The additions to the premises were nearly completed. They have interfered a good deal with the usual order and quiet regulation of the school, but only one case of desertion had occurred during the alterations, a circumstance that speaks very favourably for the spirit which Mrs. Molleson has infused into the school girls. Some cases of illness and one death had occurred during the year. I found the school instruction somewhat improved, but the time allotted for this, as respects the older girls, is hardly enough to allow of their making much progress. The laundry gives the girls full and profitable employment.

Staff.—Mrs. Molleson (superintendent), Miss Rice (schoolmistress), laundress, general assistant, and work mistress.

Cost per head, 21*l.* 11*s.*, on average of 64 girls. Industrial profits per head, 4*l.* 14*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 53 girls discharged in 1865–67, 32 are doing well, 8 are unknown, 5 have been re-convicted.

Manchester and Salford Reformatory, Blackley, Manchester.
Inspected October 15, 1868.

I found this reformatory in thoroughly good working order; the 62 boys under detention in it looking, working, and behaving well; the land well managed, and the school instruction very efficiently conducted. The farm now comprises 66 acres. The stock, six cows, besides calves, pigs, &c. The premises were clean and in good order, except the playground, which needed improvement and better drainage. There had been three desertions, two of them taking place in Mr. Arnold's absence.

Staff.—Mr. Arnold (superintendent) and wife, Mr. Dodwell (schoolmaster), tailor, labourer, &c.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.*, on average of 67 boys. Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 2*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 45 boys discharged in 1865–67, 34 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 6 have been re-convicted.

Liverpool Farm School, Newton, Warrington.
Inspected October 13, 1868.

The new buildings prove to be very convenient and complete. The boys (114) were all in good health and looking very bright and cheerful. Mr. Atty had had very little to complain of as to their general behaviour, and was able to report many cases of good conduct among those employed in the neighbourhood on licence. The boys passed my examination very creditably, especially in ciphering, and their answers to my questions. The land attached to the school will be cultivated for garden produce. Now that the institution is freed from the very heavy rent hitherto paid, and is started under more favourable circumstances, Mr. Atty will be able to carry on his work with fewer difficulties, and to do his remarkable abilities for the work he has undertaken more justice.

The staff consists of Mr. Atty (superintendent) and wife, Mr. Needham (schoolmaster), and 5 industrial teachers and servants.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.*, on average of 111 boys. Industrial profit per head, 2*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 56 boys discharged in 1865–67, 34 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 14 have been re-convicted.

LEICESTERSHIRE.

Mount St. Bernard's Reformatory for Roman Catholic Boys, Whitwick, Leicester.
Inspected August 5, 1868.

I found 254 boys in the school. The premises in good order. The farm in excellent cultivation and thoroughly well stocked with cows, sheep, and pigs. The managers have now above

400 acres in hand, and have certainly made the institution an example of good farming and industrial training. The great improvement which I noticed last year in the discipline of the school and the conduct and appearance of the boys has been fully sustained, and does Mr. Carroll's superintendence great credit. I found the school instruction also more advanced. In this however there is still much to be done. I examined about 200 of the boys. The higher classes read, ciphered, and wrote from dictation very fairly. The managers have had difficulty in obtaining good officers. The arrangements of the sick room were still imperfect.

The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Carroll, and his wife, the schoolmaster and assistant (who acts as storekeeper), and seven industrial teachers.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 1*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*, on average of 258 boys.

Results.—Of 127 boys discharged in 1865–67, 80 are doing well, 13 are unknown, 26 have been re-convicted.

MIDDLESEX.

Home-in-the-East, Old Ford, Bow.

Inspected November 27, 1868.

I found the institution going on very satisfactorily. There had been some serious cases of illness during the summer, arising probably from the extreme heat and the unfavourable situation of the school, but the boys looked well and healthy. They passed my examination very creditably, showing much intelligence and readiness. The industrial training is confined to tailoring and shoemaking. The workshops are, however, well supplied with orders and afford pretty full employment. The staff consists of Mr. Spooner (superintendent), a schoolmaster (Mr. Wright), the matron, two industrial teachers, and a general assistant.

It would be of great advantage if the institution could be removed to a more airy and less crowded neighbourhood, where more out-door employment could be introduced.

The average number of boys for the year was 66.

The cost per head was 17*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 49 boys discharged in 1865–67, 36 are doing well, 2 are unknown, 6 have been re-convicted.

Hampstead Reformatory for Girls, Church Row, Hampstead.

Inspected November 18, 1868.

Miss Nicoll was able to give a very favourable report of the health and general conduct of the girls. Their appearance and manner bore very favourable testimony to her superintendence. They passed my examination very fairly. The instruction of the older class, employed in the laundry, had been well attended to.

The industrial training of the school in laundry, house work, and needlework is very satisfactory as the profits realized show.

Miss Nicoll has the assistance of a schoolmistress (Miss Dallison), a work matron, two laundresses, and two house servants.

The average number of girls for the year was 100.

The cost per head, 22*l.* 4*s.*

Industrial profits per head, 4*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 72 girls discharged in 1865–67, 49 are doing well, 4 are unknown, 8 have been re-convicted.

Brook Green Roman Catholic Reformatory for Boys, Brook Green, Hammersmith.

Inspected November 14, 1868.

I found the boys in good health, and the general order and progress of the institution very satisfactory. The director (Mr. Kempeneers) gave a very favourable report of the boys' conduct. There had been no cases of desertion. The dormitories were clean and in good order; the schoolroom and offices less so than could be wished. The boys passed my examination very well. The dictation and ciphering of the first three classes being considerably above the average.

The industrial training consists of tailoring, shoemaking, and baking; the school supplying bread to outside customers.

The staff consists of nine Brothers of the order of Mercy.

The average number of boys for the year was 131.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 10*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 12*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Of 92 boys discharged in 1865–67, 67 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 15 have been re-convicted.

The managers are desirous of removing the reformatory to more extensive and convenient premises, and have lately purchased a portion of the "Boleyn" estate at Plaistow for this purpose. Some time, however, must elapse before the necessary buildings can be provided for the reception of the boys. I had hoped that the school might have been removed to a greater distance from London, and to some situation where farm and garden labour might have been ensured.

Monmouth.

Monmouth Reformatory for Boys, Little Mill, Usk.

Inspected May 8, 1868.

There were 20 boys in the school on my visit, one other being in prison for desertion. There had been no illness. The appearance of the boys was clean and comfortable. The school instruction showed improvement, about half the boys reading, spelling, and ciphering, very fairly. The schoolmaster was, however, about to leave. The managers do not seem able to retain any competent teacher under the present arrangements The farm work is well attended to.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. Arnold and a schoolmaster.
Cost per head, 20*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.*, on an average of 19 boys.
Industrial profit per head, 6*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.*
Results.—Of 9 boys discharged in 1865–67, 5 are doing well, 2 are unknown, 1 has been re-convicted.

NORFOLK.

Buxton Reformatory for Boys, Buxton, Norwich.

Inspected September 9, 1868.

No changes had been made in the premises or arrangements of the school. The boys had been in good health, and looked well and comfortable. I regretted to find that the habit of absconding which caused so much trouble in the last two years had not been cured. Seven boys had deserted in the six months preceding my visit, of whom four had not been recovered. I believe that a sound whipping would be a far better remedy for this offence than the two or three months imprisonment. If the deserter is sent to prison it should be for such a short term only as would ensure short diet and severe discipline, otherwise the boy finds the gaol a not unpleasant change of residence, with less work to do and less exposure to bear.

The boys passed my examination very fairly. The staff is too small, Mr. Babbington having the responsibility of the school instruction as well as the general and industrial supervision, with only one assistant (a superior labourer). Mrs. Babbington has the assistance of a servant for the cooking and household work.

The average number of the boys for the year was 36.
The cost per head, 18*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.*
Industrial profit per head, 1*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*
Results.—Of 27 boys discharged in 1865–67, 18 are doing well, 2 are unknown, 6 have been re-convicted.

NORTHAMPTON.

Northampton Reformatory, Tiffield, Towcester.

Inspected September 15, 1868.

The health and conduct of the boys had been very good, and their manner and appearance very satisfactory. Mr. Goode seems to understand very thoroughly the work he has undertaken, and gives himself heartily to it. The land attached to the school is well cultivated, and the boys had been largely employed on neighbouring farms, realising a considerable profit.

The school instruction had been well attended to; the boys passed my examination very fairly. Mr. Goode is assisted by his wife and a labour master.

The average number of boys for the year was 38.
The cost per head, 17*l.* 11*s.* 3*d.*
Industrial profits per head, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*
Results.—Of 24 boys discharged in 1865–67, 23 are doing well, 1 is unknown.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

North-eastern Reformatory for Boys, Netherton, Morpeth.

Inspected July 11, 1868.

I found the new buildings nearly finished and partly occupied. Their arrangement and execution does great credit to Mr. Anderson, the superintendent, who has taken the principal part in planning them and carrying them out.

The boys were looking remarkably well. There had been no sickness or disorder throughout the year. It is remarkable that only three deaths have occurred in 10 years on above 400 boys. They passed my examination very satisfactorily. Mr. Bell and Mr. Davison have charge of the two divisions that occupy the old buildings. The boys in the new school, who are mostly very young, have been under the care and instruction of the chief mason employed on the buildings, Mr. Middlemas. The farm now contains 230 acres. The boys are also employed in tailoring, shoemaking, carpentry, smiths' work, &c.

The average numbers of boys for the year was 157.

The cost per head, 16*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profits per head, 2*s.* 9*d.* From the condition of the land, its cultivation has entailed large expenses; the return of profits, however, seems unaccountably small.

The staff consists of Mr. Anderson, Mr. Bell, and Mr. Davison, and 8 industrial teachers, of whom the shoemaker is a Roman Catholic, and takes charge of the boys of that persuasion on the Sunday, when they attend mass at Morpeth.

Results.—Of 121 boys discharged in 1865–67, 73 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 28 re-convicted.

SUFFOLK.

Suffolk Reformatory, Thorndon, near Eye.

Inspected November 11, 1868.

The school buildings as now rebuilt are remarkably well planned and convenient, and have been completed at a very moderate expense. They contain accommodation for above 60 boys and the necessary staff of officers.

The boys passed my examination very creditably. Mr. Gill is assisted in their instruction by his son.

Very little had occurred to interrupt the health and good order of the school.

The average number of the boys for the year was 56.

The cost per head, 17*l.* 10*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profits per head, 5*s.* 4*d.* So low a figure shows that the boys' labour is very inadequately applied; a larger extent of land is very much needed for their employment.

Results.—Of 42 boys discharged in 1865–67, 32 are doing well, 2 are unknown, 7 have been re-convicted.

St. Matthew's Industrial Home for Girls, Ipswich.

Inspected November 12, 1868.

This institution continues to work very successfully. The health and good conduct of the girls, and the satisfactory results of their training, are the more remarkable, because Mr. Chapman receives into the school the older, and in many cases the more vicious class of girls, that might be expected to give the most trouble and show the greatest per-centage of failure. I attribute much of the order and success of the school to the energy and ability of Miss Strangeways, who continues to superintend it with the aid of only one assistant, and who succeeds to a surprising extent in enlisting the feelings of the girls and associating them with herself in maintaining the discipline and carrying on the industrial occupations of the establishment.

The average number of inmates for the year was 36.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 7*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 17 girls discharged in 1865–67, 14 are doing well, 1 is unknown, none re-convicted.

Surrey.

Philanthropic Society's Farm School, Redhill.

Inspected April 20 and November 23, 1868.

The "Garston's" House has been considerably enlarged, and several improvements effected in the other houses, chapel, and farm buildings of the institution. The health and good order of the boys throughout the year have been very satisfactory. Only two cases of desertion had occurred to the end of November, and there had been fewer serious faults or punishments. I regretted to find that some of the smaller dormitories were left to the supervision of monitors, none of the industrial teachers being resident.

The boys passed my examination very fairly. The boys of the "Waterland's," "Garston's," and "Gurney's" houses doing best in ciphering and dictation. I thought the general standard considerably advanced as compared with my last year's inspection. The industrial training of the boys appeared to be as usual thoroughly efficient, and all the superior officers of the establishment to be heartily interested in their duties. Above 50 of the lads emigrated during the year.

Staff.—The Rev. Charles Walters as chaplain superintendent, five chief assistants, matron, secretary, and 24 other officers, including industrial teachers.

The average number of boys for the year was 280.

The cost per head, 24*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.*, which appears exceptionally large. Industrial profits per head, 4*l.* 14*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 243 boys discharged in 1865–67, 183 are doing well, 12 are unknown, and 35 have been re-convicted.

Surrey Girls Reformatory, Upper Belmont Place, Wandsworth Road.

Inspected November 7, 1869.

The premises were very clean and in excellent order. The appearance and manner of the girls, and Miss Stockley's report of their conduct, were very satisfactory. No case of desertion and no sickness had occurred during the year. The girls passed my examination very fairly, doing credit to Miss Newman's instructions. The laundry affords full employment for the older girls.

The average number for the year was 27.

The cost per head, 22*l.* 3*s.* 1*d.* Industrial profits per head, 3*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 25 discharged in 1865-67, 18 are doing well, 4 are unknown, 1 has been re-convicted.

It would be very desirable that this thoroughly useful and well managed school could be enlarged so as to accommodate 40 or 50 girls. This is hardly possible, however, in its present situation.

Boys' Home Reformatory, Wandsworth.

Inspected March 20 and November 20, 1868.

This institution has been removed during the year to the new buildings which Mr. Leyland has erected and fitted up for the purpose on the west side of Wandsworth Common. The new premises are well planned and thoroughly well finished, their situation remarkably healthful. Mr. Leyland has spared no expense to make them complete in all their arrangements. The boys were removed from the old premises at Bridge House in September. I found them on my last visit in good health, and presenting in all respects a very satisfactory appearance. A serious outbreak of fever occurred among them during the Spring while at Bridge House, but thanks to the unremitting care of the officers of the institution, and especially the medical attendant (Mr. Brown), hardly any of the cases ended fatally. The fever was chiefly attributable to the effects of the repeated high tides which occurred in the early part of the year, and which laid the yard, gardens, &c. under water and covered them with mud.

The boys passed my examination very creditably, especially in ciphering, dictation, and spelling.

The workshops of the new premises had as yet been scarcely finished, but the boys were pretty fully employed.

Mr. Leyland is assisted by Mr. Newland (his son-in-law), as principal superintendent, and other seven officers.

The average number of boys for the year was 134.

The cost per head was 20*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profits per head, 3*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 117 boys discharged in 1865-67, 87 are doing well, 5 are unknown, 19 have been re-convicted.

WARWICKSHIRE.

Warwickshire Boys' Reformatory, Weston, Leamington.

Inspected October 22, 1868.

The health and appearance of the inmates were very satisfactory. Premises very clean and orderly. It would be desirable if the exercise yard were enlarged, the workshops removed further back, and a covered shed provided for wet weather. The boys cultivate the farm (84 acres), and also work on the rector's glebe farm. They are divided for school instruction into five classes. All read, wrote, and ciphered more or less. The tone and style of the reading needed improvement. The ciphering and writing from dictation were generally ready and correct. 41 of the boys had been examined in drawing at the local examination of the Science and Art Department; 3 had gained prizes, and 19 others certificates of proficiency. Their learning this art is quite voluntary; their progress does Mr. Horth's instructions great credit.

The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Shaddock, and his wife, Mr. Horth the schoolmaster, and 5 industrial teachers.

Cost per head, 20*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.*, on average of 68 boys.

Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 48 boys discharged in 1865–67, 33 are doing well, 5 are unknown, 5 have been re-convicted.

Allesley Girls' Reformatory, Tile Hill, Coventry.

Inspected April 4 and October 23, 1868.

I found 20 girls in the school, all in good health. Their manner and appearance considerably improved. They passed my examination fairly. The superintendent's report of their conduct was not very satisfactory. The managers have arranged for the transfer of the institution to Coventry, having by the aid of a very liberal subscription from the county, and a munificent donation from Mr. Richard Greaves, purchased the buildings formerly used as a hospital, and altered and fitted them for the purposes of the school.

The staff consists of the superintendent (Miss Melhuish), a schoolmistress, and laundress.

The cost per head was 22*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.* Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* Average number of girls was 21.

Results.—Of 22 girls discharged in 1865–67, only 7 are returned as known to be doing well, 12 are reported unknown, 2 re-convicted.

Birmingham Girls' Reformatory, Smethwick, Birmingham.

Inspected October 16, 1868.

The number of inmates was 49 on my visit. All were and had been in good health, and their appearance very satisfactory. Their general conduct had been good, but there had been several

cases of desertion, chiefly caused by the restlessness and misconduct of one or two very troublesome girls. The premises were in excellent order. The girls passed my examination very creditably, showing a decided advance in the amount of their instruction and in their intelligence. The laundry had realized a considerable profit.

The staff consists of Miss Whitby (superintendent), Miss Holmes (schoolmistress), general assistant, and laundress.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*, on average of 48 girls.

Industrial profits per head, 3*l.* 11*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Of 35 girls discharged in 1865–67, 20 are reported doing well, 13 unknown, none re-convicted.

Saltley Reformatory for Boys, near Birmingham.

Inspected October 20, 1868.

I found 77 boys in the school, all well and healthy. Their appearance very satisfactory. Their general conduct had been very good, but there had been 5 cases of desertion; 2 of the deserters came back of themselves. The premises were in good order. The superintendent's accommodations want some additions.

The farm (22 acres) is well cultivated, but more land is much needed. The tailors' and shoemakers' shops afford nearly full employment. The boys passed my examination very creditably; each of the four classes reading, writing, and ciphering, in proportion to the time they have been under instruction, remarkably well. All could read more or less. Their attention and readiness gave me great satisfaction.

Staff.—Mr. Humphreys (superintendent) and wife, Mr. Evans (schoolmaster), 3 industrial teachers.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.*, on average of 79 boys.

Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 63 boys discharged in 1865–67, 40 are doing well, 8 are unknown, 12 have been re-convicted.

Wilts.

Wilts Reformatory for Boys, Warminster.

Inspected May 15, 1868.

This school has steadily improved under Mr. Hindley's management. I found the boys (46 in number) in excellent health and order. The school instruction good, and the farm work thoroughly well attended to. The boys are pretty frequently employed in the neighbourhood and have gained a very satisfactory character for both industry and good conduct.

Staff.—Mr. and Mrs. Hindley, schoolmaster, and labourer.

Cost per head, 24*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.*, on average of 49 boys.

Industrial profits per head, 3*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 27 boys discharged in 1865–67, 23 are doing well, 1 is unknown, 2 have been re-convicted.

Limpley Stoke Reformatory for Girls, near Bath.

Inspected February 18 and May 15, 1868.

I found 63 girls in the school, one other being in the hospital and two in prison. Miss Pike had succeeded Miss Murphy as superintendent. Miss West was still acting as schoolmistress, but left shortly after my inspection. Miss Warman was appointed to her place, but left in August, Mrs. Kent being then engaged. The workmistress and the assistant matron have also been changed once or twice. It is not surprising that with this constant change of officers Miss Pike has found the management of the girls very difficult, and that there has been a very serious amount of insubordination and disturbance in the school. Miss Pike appears to have the temper and judgment suited for her position, but with the constant supervision and interference of a lady superintendent, it is almost impossible for the officers of the school to have their proper authority over the girls, or to stand in their proper relations to each other.

The girls passed my examination in reading, ciphering, &c. fairly. The laundry and needlework supply full employment for them.

The average number of inmates was 67.

The cost per head, 20*l.* 8*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 43 girls discharged in 1865–67, 29 are reported doing well, 4 unknown, 1 re-convicted.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

Woodbury Hill Reformatory for Boys, Shelsley, Worcester.

Inspected October 21, 1868.

I found 40 boys in the school, 5 of them sleeping in the loft over the basket-maker's shop. They were all in good health and looked remarkably well and bright. The premises were in good order. Lord Dudley proposes to enlarge and thoroughly improve them, adding a dormitory, schoolmaster's room, sick room, &c. This will make the institution far more effective and complete for its purpose. More land is much wanted for the industrial training of the boys, but they had been a good deal employed by the farmers in the neighbourhood. Mr. Flintoff (the chaplain superintendent) spoke very favourably of their general conduct. They passed my examination very fairly, but the standard of proficiency is not very high. Mr. Flintoff is assisted by a schoolmaster, and a farm manager whose wife acts as matron, and a labourer.

Cost per head, 20*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.*, on average of 36 boys.

Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 28 discharged in 1865–67, 19 are doing well, 6 have been re-convicted. None are unknown.

Stoke Farm Reformatory, Bromsgrove.

Inspected August 4, 1868.

The number of boys at my visit was 72, all in good health and looking well and cheerful. The report of their conduct was very favourable. No case of desertion had occurred for more than a year. The school instruction had greatly improved under Mr. Davis, and the boys were far more orderly and attentive. The farm is still managed by Mr. Hancock, and appeared to be in excellent cultivation. The boys are also employed pretty constantly in the neighbourhood.

The staff consists of Mr. Manning and his wife, as house superintendents; Mr. Davis, schoolmaster, a shoemaker, and 2 farm labourers.

Cost per head, 20*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.*, on average of 71 boys.
Industrial profits per head, 10*s.* 9*d.*
Results.—Of 39 boys discharged in 1865–67, 25 are doing well, 9 are unknown, 5 have been re-convicted.

YORKSHIRE.

Castle Howard Reformatory for Boys, Welburn, York.

Inspected September 25, 1868.

There had been no sickness, no desertions, and very few serious faults or punishments in the year. The boys looked well and comfortable. They did exceedingly well in my examination. The ciphering and dictation being very satisfactory, and their answers to my questions on the subject of the reading lesson very intelligent. The boys have been in great request among the neighbouring farmers throughout the year, and there appears to be no difficulty in getting them places of employment when they leave the institution.

The staff consists of the Rev. Richard Fish, superintendent, who appears to carry out his brother's system of active supervision over the lads who are placed out from the school with great earnestness and success, Mr. Napper, schoolmaster, and 6 assistants.

The average number of boys for the year was 68.

The cost per head, 21*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profits per head, 2*l.* 11*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 46 boys discharged in 1865–67, 32 are doing well, 5 are unknown, 7 have been re-convicted.

Calder Farm Reformatory for Boys, Mirfield.

Inspected September 24, 1868.

The premises of this school were in good order. The health of the boys, and their manner and appearance, were very satisfactory. Mr. Hepple reported favourably of their general conduct, but there had been a good many cases (about 12) of absconding. I

could find no reasonable cause for this, and was glad to find that Mr. Hepple now punished deserters with a good whipping. I believe this to be a far more effectual remedy for the offence than commitment to prison or confinement in the school cells, penalties which many lads think very lightly of unless when accompanied by very short diet and hard labour. The industrial results of the boys labour are still below what might be expected, but the farm is not one to be easily cultivated to a profit, and the rent is perhaps high (about 35*s.* per acre). The workshops are useful for training the boys, but do not seem to be advantageous in a pecuniary point of view. I doubt if the discipline and tone of the school are as favourable to industrial exertion as they might be made. In point of educational proficiency the school stands very high. The writing, ciphering, and knowledge of English of the 1st and 2nd class did great credit to them, as well as to their instructors.

The staff was the same as last year, Mr. Hepple being the superintendent, Mr. Johnson schoolmaster.

The average number of boys for the year was 87.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profits per head, 1*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Of 86 boys discharged in 1865–67, 61 are doing well, 20 have been re-convicted, 2 are unknown.

Yorkshire Roman Catholic Reformatory for Boys, Market Weighton.

Inspected July 16, 1868.

It is intended to make considerable additions to the workshops surrounding the playground. The lavatories and cells will I hope be also ere long enlarged and better arranged. The boys are much improved in health and appearance, their manner much more cheerful and intelligent. I was glad to find that the number of older lads (of 18 and 19 years of age) who used to exercise a very unfavourable influence on the general tone of the school had been much reduced. The report of the director showed that the serious faults and punishments had also greatly diminished.

I examined above 150 of the boys; they passed my examination, as usual, most creditably. The proficiency and correctness of the 1st and 2nd classes in ciphering and dictation were very satisfactory. The farm which now comprises about 400 acres is well cultivated, and the workshops (tailors, shoemakers, carpenters, &c.) thoroughly attended to.

The staff consists of the director (the Rev. P. Castellano), 2 schoolmasters, and 10 other brothers.

Average number of boys for 1868 was 211.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.* Industrial profit per head, 2*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 132 boys discharged in 1865–67, 74 are doing well, 43 have been re-convicted, only 5 are unknown.

Leeds Reformatory for Boys, Adel, Leeds.

Inspected September 22, 1868.

The improvement which I noticed last year in the appearance and order of the boys has been fully maintained. I found the school in a very satisfactory condition, both as to discipline and education, doing credit to Mr. Twigg's earnestness and good management. The industrial training needs more development. The boys have been pretty well employed however by the neighbouring farmers, but the land attached to the school is hardly of a quality to be profitably worked, in spite of the amount of labour spent in reclaiming and clearing it. Still it might be expected to pay the expense of cultivation, instead of entailing as now a considerable loss.

The boys did very fairly in reading and ciphering.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Twigg, Mr. Bosomworth (the schoolmaster), and 4 industrial assistants.

The average number of boys for the year was 78.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* Industrial loss per head, 13*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 51 boys discharged in 1865–67, 27 are doing well, 13 have been re-convicted, 7 are unknown.

Doncaster Girls' Reformatory, Doncaster.

Inspected August 10, 1868.

I found the premises in good order, and the girls healthy and contented. There had been no illness, no absconding, no serious trouble throughout the year. Miss Winter's increasing experience has made itself felt in the steady improvement both of the discipline and the results of the institution. The standard of proficiency in the school had advanced, and the majority of the girls read, wrote, and ciphered satisfactorily. The laundry affords full employment for the older class. Miss Winter is assisted by a schoolmistress (Miss Bolderstone), a workmistress (Miss Smith), and a laundress. The managers are about to enlarge the laundry, and add a dormitory, sick room, &c.

The average number for the year was 50.

The cost per head, 19*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 37 girls discharged in 1865–67, 22 are doing well, 8 are unknown, 4 have been re-convicted.

St. Joseph's Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, Howard Hill, Sheffield.

Inspected August 11, 1868.

Miss Crauford has induced the managers to fit up a portion of the institution as a home for such of the girls as are out of place after leaving it, which is an excellent arrangement. Any girls received into it are employed in the laundry, so as to con-

tribute to their own support. They do not mix with the other inmates, except in the laundry and the chapel.

The general appearance and manner of the inmates are very satisfactory. I examined about 80 of them in reading, ciphering, writing, &c. They acquitted themselves very well.

The laundry and needle-room are well supplied with work.

The staff consists of Miss Crauford and seven other Sisters of Charity, who appear to discharge their duties with equal kindness and good judgment.

The average number of girls for the year was 83.

The cost per head, 17*l.* 8*s.* 1*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 46 girls discharged in 1865–67, 24 are doing well, only 3 are unknown, 8 have been re-convicted.

SCOTLAND.

ABERDEEN.

Aberdeen Reformatory for Boys, Old Mill, Aberdeen.

Inspected July 6, 1868.

The premises were all in good order. Another shoemaker's workshop had been added. The boys were in good health and looking well. The industrial training comprises farm and garden work, tailoring, shoemaking, and weaving (web for carpet shoes).

There had been several cases of desertion, but the report of the general conduct of the school was satisfactory.

The school instruction is very efficiently conducted. The boys passed a very good examination, especially in reading and arithmetic.

I regret to report that Mr. Donald has been compelled from ill-health to resign the superintendence of the institution. Mr. Simpson, formerly assistant at the Wellington Farm, and since master at the Riddrie branch of the Glasgow House of Refuge, has been appointed in his stead. The rest of the staff consists of a schoolmaster, a matron, and industrial teachers.

The average number of boys for the year was 120.

The cost per head was 15*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 46 boys discharged in 1865–67, 27 are doing well, 6 have been convicted, 9 are unknown.

Aberdeen Reformatory for Girls, Mount Street, Aberdeen.

Inspected July 6, 1868.

The school was in excellent order, and the girls in good health, and their appearance very satisfactory. One girl had run away repeatedly, but there had been very little to complain of as to the general conduct.

Miss Meldrum superintends, assisted by a schoolmistress and a laundry-woman.

The girls passed my examination very fairly. The industrial training consists principally in needlework and knitting. Some of the older girls work in the laundry.

The average number of girls for the year was 34.

The cost per head, 14*l.* 12*s.* 5*d.* Industrial profit per head, 1*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 14 girls discharged in 1865–67, 9 are doing well, 4 are unknown, 1 has been re-convicted.

EDINBURGH.

Wellington Farm School for Boys, Penicuik, Edinburgh.

Inspected September 28, 1868.

Mr. Craster gave a very favourable report of the condition of the school, which was well borne out by the health and appearance of the boys. No case of desertion had occurred till the last month, when the want of temper and management on the part of an assistant officer in Mr. Craster's absence had caused some disturbance in the school.

The managers have it in view to take in hand an adjoining farm of 150 acres, the land already attached to the school being now scarcely sufficient to afford full employment. It has been greatly improved, and is very well farmed, but from the nature of the soil and its exposed situation can hardly be made very profitable. The workshops for carpentry, and turning, and shoemaking are well supplied with work. The system of lodging out a portion of the boys in the detached building, in which the schoolmaster resides, and in the cottages at the end of the farm, continues to answer very well. In this respect the Wellington Farm resembles the Red Hill School in England.

Mr. Craster is assisted by a schoolmaster, a teacher in training, and 5 industrial teachers.

The average number of boys for the year was 109.

The cost per head was 16*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit per head, 12*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 64 boys discharged in 1865–67, 50 are doing well, 12 have been re-convicted, *none* are *unknown*.

Dalry Girls' Reformatory, Edinburgh.

Inspected September 29, 1868.

The premises were in very good order, and the girls, many of whom are above the average age, looked well and comfortable. But there had been some serious cases of gastric fever, and four deaths in the early part of the summer, owing apparently to the effluvium of the liquid sewage which flows over the adjacent fields. Many of the girls were received from the Western Highlands, and were extremely ignorant when admitted, speaking only Gaelic, but I found the educational standard of the school very satisfactory, especially in reading, writing, and English dictation.

The school is superintended and the instruction given by Miss Whiteford and her sister, assisted by a servant in the laundry, which appears to be thoroughly well managed, and to be well supplied with work.

The average number of girls for the year was 61.

The cost per head, 13*l.* 18*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit per head, 2*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 24 girls discharged in 1865-67, 15 are doing well, 5 are unknown, none re-convicted.

Forfar.

Rossie Reformatory for Boys, Montrose.

Inspected July 8, 1868.

The school was in a very satisfactory condition as to health, order, and industrial employment. The boys looked well, and were very attentive, though somewhat dull and heavy in manner. Only one case of desertion had occurred during the year. The additions to the premises had been finished, and certainly make the institution more convenient.

The boys passed my examination very fairly in reading and writing from dictation. The ciphering was less satisfactory.

Mr. Keay gives his heart to the work, and labours in it in earnest. He superintends the farming himself very efficiently. A schoolmaster (Mr. Powrie) takes charge of the school, and a tailor and a shoemaker of their respective workshops.

The average number of boys for the year was 55.

The cost per head, 14*l.* 14*s.* 5*d.*

Industrial profit per head, 10*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 44 boys discharged in 1865-67, 27 are doing well, 3 are unknown, 6 have been re-convicted.

Inverness.

Inverness Reformatory for Boys, Inverness.

Inspected July 4, 1868.

Nothing had occurred since my last visit to disturb the health or good order of the school. There had been no illness, nor desertions, and no serious misconduct. The boys passed my examination very well, doing fair justice to the pains which the schoolmaster, Mr. MacCulloch had bestowed on them; many of them had entered the school unable even to speak English, coming from Ross-shire, the Orkneys, &c.

The workshops for carpentry, cabinet making, tailoring, &c. are well managed and well supplied with work. Mr. Grant, the superintendent, pays great attention to the industrial training, and states that it is fairly remunerative, but the accounts of the industrial departments are not made out with sufficient clearness to enable me to give accurately the profit or loss upon them.

The average number of boys for the year was 72.
The cost per head was 15*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.*
Results.—Of 18 boys discharged in 1865–67, 11 are doing well, 4 have been re-convicted. None are unknown.

LANARK.

House of Refuge for Boys, Duke Street, Glasgow.

Inspected March 11, June 23, and October 6, 1868.

Mr. Allan has fully justified the choice of the directors in appointing him the superintendent of the institution, by the steady and judicious system of management he has pursued. I found a much better tone and spirit of the boys, and great improvement in the discipline and industrial training.

The school instruction is given by Mr. Hogg and Mr. Taylor. The boys passed my examination very creditably, especially in ciphering and dictation. The teaching had been very thoroughly attended to throughout all the classes.

Several cases of absconding had occurred during the year, which, under the peculiar circumstances of the institution and so many of the former staff still retained, did not surprise me.

The directors have discontinued the printing and bookbinding departments, and reduced the number of journeymen in the other workshops.

The premises are undergoing very extensive and complete alterations, the smaller dormitories being done away with, and the supervision of the boys much more effectually provided for.

The average number of boys for the year was 129.
The cost per head, 30*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.*
Industrial loss per head, 5*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.*
Results.—Of 175 boys discharged in 1865–67, 60 are doing well, 76 are unknown, 22 have been re-convicted. (The total change of superintendence and the circumstances of the school have made the number of unknown disproportionately great.)

House of Refuge for Girls, Maryhill, Glasgow.

Inspected March 11 and June 23, 1868.

The school was removed from the Parliamentary Road to the new premises at Maryhill in the early part of the summer. The new institution has been built and fitted without much regard to cost, and is a very handsome and commodious building.

Miss Mary Sliman, who assisted her sister in the superintendence of the old institution, has sole charge of the new establishment, with three assistants. She will, I believe, do full justice to the duty she has undertaken.

I examined the girls in the subjects of their school instruction at my inspection in March. They acquitted themselves, as on

former occasions, very creditably. I hope that their industrial training will be considerably enlarged in the new school, by the introduction of laundry work for outside customers.

The average number for the year was 67.

The cost per head, 17*l.* 0*s.* 11*d.* Industrial earnings per head, 2*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 57 girls discharged in 1865–67, 36 are doing well, 9 are unknown, 3 have been re-convicted.

Parkhead Roman Catholic Boys' Reformatory, Glasgow.

Inspected March 17 and October 2, 1868.

I found a marked improvement in the appearance and manner of the boys, and the cleanliness and order of the premises. The profits derived from the brickmaking and the adjacent burial ground have enabled Mr. Robertson to supply many deficiencies in the buildings and general arrangements of the institution. The industrial training on the farm and in the brickfield and workshops appears to be thoroughly well attended to. The boys helped to make 1,300,000 bricks in 1867. The school instruction is given by two schoolmasters and is of a more efficient character. The first three classes, containing above 100 boys, read fairly and ciphered well. The 4th class read more or less in the 2d Irish Reading Book, and ciphered in the simple rules. The 5th answered in their tables and read a little from the 1st Book. Most of the boys wrote in copy-books.

The staff.— Rev. A. Robertson director, a chaplain and assistant, two school teachers, housekeeper and servants, and 6 industrial teachers.

The average number of boys for the year was 198. Cost per head, 15*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.* Industrial profit per head, 1*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—89 boys discharged in 1865-67; doing well, 63 ; re-convicted, 19; only one boy is unknown.

Dalbeth Roman Catholic Girls' Reformatory, Glasgow.

Inspected March 17 and October 3, 1868.

The ladies of the Order of the Good Shepherd, who carry on this reformatory and the penitentiary adjoining, gave me a very favourable report of the health and conduct of the girls during the year. They had been disappointed, however, in several of the girls placed out on licence, owing, as they believed, to the influence of the girls' relatives and old associates. The girls were looking well, and their training both mental and industrial seems carefully attended to. The workroom is better supplied with needlework than the laundry.

I examined all the classes. The 1st and 2nd classes wrote from dictation very correctly, and read and spelt well. They ciphered in the compound and higher simple rules very fairly. The other classes passed my examination satisfactorily.

The average number of girls for the year was 99.

The cost per head, 14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 7*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—73 girls discharged in 1865–67; doing well 38, convicted 13, unknown 4.

RENFREW.

Kibble Reformatory for Boys, Paisley.

Inspected June 23, 1868.

Mr. Rae had some difficulty at first in establishing his influence over the boys, but I found the institution in good working order, and the right sort of spirit gaining ground among the inmates. Every superintendent of any real ability has something of individual manner and system, and a change from one head master to another rarely takes place without disturbing the school. Mr. Rae's experience and good judgment are, however, fully equal to the work he has undertaken, and the boys have given him very little serious anxiety or trouble during the year. The directors have taken steps to improve the industrial training, and have hired 15 acres of rough land at a short distance from the school, to afford out-door employment. I found the school teaching well attended to by Mr. Scott. The schoolroom greatly needs enlargement.

The average number of boys for the year was 66.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 13. 5*d.* Industrial profits per head, 1*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—37 boys discharged in 1865–67; doing well 10, re-convicted 6, unknown 15.

Paisley Reformatory for Girls, Paisley.

Inspected June 30, 1868.

The few girls that remain in this reformatory are lodged and instructed with the girls of the industrial school. The institution being the last now remaining of those which were originally certified under both the Reformatory and the Industrial Schools Act, no fresh commitments are now made to the school of the reformatory class. The girls are well cared for and well trained; their manner and appearance were very satisfactory.

The average number for the year was 6.

The institution is superintended and the school instruction given by Mr. and Mrs. Reed and an assistant mistress.

Results.—8 discharged in 1865–67; doing well 4, unknown 3.

WIGTON.

Stranraer Reformatory for Boys and Girls, Stranraer.

Inspected June 15, 1868.

I found several improvements in the premises, and the institution generally in good order. The inmates in good health and well employed.

The boys work for the neighbouring farmers and in the school workshops. The girls are chiefly employed in knitting and needlework.

I thought the school instruction improved, but there was a want of more organization and system in that of the boys. Mr. Ross is a very active and capable superintendent, but he needed the assistance of a schoolmaster which has since been provided.

I regretted to find that Miss McKaye had resigned the superintendence of the girls department, and was about to leave the institution. It will be no easy matter to find a mistress uniting so much energy and earnestness in her work with so much kindliness and power of winning the confidence and affection of the girls. She is succeeded by Miss Murray.

The average number of inmates for the year was, boys 81, girls 32.

The cost per head on the whole institution was 15*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit per head, 3*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 33 boys discharged in 1865–67, there are doing well 24, unknown 3, re-convicted 4. Of the 13 girls discharged in the same period, all were under Miss McKaye's training, and all are doing well.

APPENDIX No. II. (2.)

Detailed Reports on CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

ENGLAND.

CHESHIRE.

Albert Memorial School, Birkenhead.

Inspected October 7, 1868.

I found the premises clean and in good order. As a whole they are convenient and well arranged, but the ventilation is defective owing to many of the windows not opening, and better accommodation in case of sickness is much wanted. There is not sufficient separation between the boys and the girls engaged in the offices and kitchen.

The children generally looked well and healthy. The boys passed my examination very creditably; the girls tolerably. Very few day scholars attend the school. More industrial occupation is needed for the boys. They are chiefly employed in tailoring, shoemaking, and firewood cutting. The girls are pretty fully employed in the housework, washing, and needlework. Mr. and Mrs. Beilby superintend the school, assisted by a very efficient schoolmaster (Mr. Horton), a schoolmistress, a servant, and industrial teacher.

Chester Industrial School, Boughton, Chester.

Inspected June 8, 1868.

The school buildings have been still further improved and enlarged, and the industrial training of the boys by out-door labour more adequately provided for.

The appearance and manner of the children, especially of the inmates, were very satisfactory. About 50 day scholars attend for instruction, of whom nearly half are partly fed. I examined most of the classes, and was well satisfied with their general progress.

The domestic management of the institution appears to be thoroughly well attended to by the superintendent, Mr. Thomas, and his wife. Mr. Thomas is assisted by a young schoolmaster and 3 industrial teachers. The school is conducted most efficiently.

Macclesfield Industrial School.

Inspected August 7, 1868.

The premises have been improved and made more available by dividing the girls' dormitory, which was too large, and appro-

priating a portion of it for the use of the boys, who are nearly four times as numerous. The ventilation of the attics has also been attended to. The children had enjoyed good health and looked well and comfortable. They passed my examination very fairly. Mr. Heaps takes great pains with the industrial training of the boys, teaching cabinet making and gilding, brace and belt making, shoemaking and woodcutting.

I found about 40 day-scholars in attendance.

Mr. Heaps is assisted by his wife, a schoolmaster, and servant.

Stockport Industrial School, Townend House, Stockport.

Inspected August 8, 1868.

The new buildings have been finished, and the institution appeared to be in good order and discipline. There had been no cases of absconding and no sickness for a twelvemonth past. The school teaching is well attended to by Mr. Jackson and the schoolmaster, Mr. Hyde.

The industrial training comprises paper-bag-making, printing, hair-teasing, and tailoring for the boys; needlework and the housework and cooking for the girls.

The school is attended by a small number of day-scholars. The average number of inmates for the year was 52.

DEVON.

Devon and Exeter Industrial School for Boys, Exeter.

Inspected May 13, 1868.

The boys had suffered a good deal from illness in the early part of the year. The situation of the school is decidedly unfavourable to health. The general state of the school, however, appeared to be satisfactory. The boys passed my examination pretty well. The industrial training is very limited.

The managers propose to remove the school to a better locality where land can be procured for boys to cultivate. They have lately purchased some very eligible premises at Exminster, with garden and field attached to them.

Mr. and Mrs. Curson continue to superintend the institution, assisted by a schoolmaster and workmistress for the tailoring.

DURHAM.

Sunderland Boys' Industrial School, Silver Street, Sunderland.

Inspected July 14, 1868.

The health of the school had not been interrupted. The boys looked remarkably well. There had been some cases of desertion, but the general report was favourable. They passed my examination very creditably, showing much intelligence. Their reading and writing were remarkably good. The premises had

been greatly improved by the addition of the new buildings, which contain workshops, lavatory, and dormitory.

The industrial training is, as before, chiefly in tailoring, shoemaking, and sack-making.

Mr. and Mrs. Falconer superintend the school, assisted by a schoolmaster (Mr. Martin), and two industrial teachers.

A few boys (about 15) attend as day scholars.

Sunderland Girls' Industrial School, Borough Road, Sunderland.

Inspected July 14, 1868.

Nothing had occurred to disturb the quiet operation of the school, either as regarded the health or conduct of the girls. The premises are too confined. The managers have lately obtained a larger house in a better situation. The girls passed my examination fairly. They are employed in needlework and the housework and washing for the schools.

The staff consists of a matron, Miss Robertson (formerly schoolmistress at the girls' reformatory), and an assistant teacher. Miss Robertson's management appears to be judicious and successful.

Abbot Memorial Industrial Schools, Gateshead.

Inspected July 15, 1868.

This institution has been established by the beneficence of Mrs. Abbot, as a memorial to her late husband. The buildings have been erected and fitted up on a complete and liberal scale, costing upwards of 5,000*l*. They will contain (as inmates) about 100 boys and girls. There is a large playground for each division, and a piece of ground for garden cultivation by the boys.

The certificate was granted January 27th of the present year (1869).

Essex.

St. Nicholas Roman Catholic Industrial School for Boys, Manor House, Little Ilford.

Inspected November 25, 1868.

This school has superseded that formerly carried on at Walthamstow. The certificate was granted to it on 26th March, and the boys transferred immediately after. The number of inmates have already increased to upwards of 200. The health had been generally good, and the boys have been orderly. Some cases of desertion have occurred.

The premises are very extensive and well arranged.

Monsignore Searle has undertaken the general supervision of the institution, and resides in the small house which has been built for a lodge. The staff consists of two schoolmasters, six industrial teachers, a housekeeper, nurse, and servant.

The boys passed my examination very creditably.

The industrial training consists of carpentry, shoemaking, tailoring, knitting, gardening, &c.

Halstead Industrial School for Girls, Halstead.

This school has been for some time in operation on a voluntary footing; the children attending principally as day boarders. It was certified March 12, 1869, and will be very useful for the counties of Essex and Suffolk.

GLAMORGAN.

"Havannah" Industrial School Ship, Cardiff.

Inspected May 6, 1868.

The number of day scholars had increased since my last visit, averaging nearly 70 for the winter months. These children have one meal given them of soup and bread.

The health and conduct of the inmates had been very good. No cases of desertion had occurred. The industrial earnings for the year 1867 amounted to above 100*l*. The boys are employed as errand boys and shoeblacks on the market days, in addition to learning naval exercises, repairing their clothes, and cutting up firewood on board the ship.

I found the standard of proficiency in the school-work somewhat advanced, but only a few of the boys in the first class could write correctly from dictation, or cipher in the compound rules.

An assistant in the school appeared to be much wanted.

The staff consists of the superintendent (Mr. Young) and his wife, and the "boatswain," as industrial and general assistant (Mr. Jane).

GLOUCESTER.

Bristol Girls' Industrial School, Cotham Road, Bristol.

Inspected May 12, 1868.

This school had gone on very satisfactorily in its new situation. The girls were in good health, and had given their teachers very little trouble. The school instruction had been carefully attended to. The reading and writing and the religious and general knowledge of the first class were very good, and the ciphering very fair.

The industrial employments are needlework, bread making, and laundry work.

The staff consists of matron (Mrs. Duley), and schoolmistress (Miss Shepherd), and a general assistant.

Park Row Industrial School for Boys, Bristol.

Inspected August 18, 1868.

The health and general appearance of the boys were very satisfactory. The premises clean and in good order. The industrial training is varied and effective, comprising wood cutting, tailoring, shoemaking, gardening, bread making, &c.

The boys passed my examination very creditably. The reading, ciphering, and writing in copies and from dictation of the first class, and their answers to my questions, were above the average.

The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Langabeer, a school assistant, and a shoemaker; Mrs. Langabeer acting as matron, assisted by a servant.

Clifton Industrial School for Boys, Clifton Wood, Bristol.

Inspected August 19, 1868.

The superintendent's report of the health and conduct of the boys was very favourable, and was borne out by their bright looks and orderly and attentive manner. There had been no attempts at desertion. The school teaching had been carefully attended to. The reading and ciphering of each of the classes were both very good. The industrial employments consist of brush making, tailoring, and shoemaking. The workshops appeared to be very efficiently conducted.

The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Hibbins, and his wife, who have conducted the school from its commencement, a schoolmaster, and 3 industrial teachers.

Hants.

Purbrook Industrial School for Boys, near Cosham.

Mr. Deverell, of Purbrook Park, has built this school to accommodate about 30 boys from the counties of Sussex and Hampshire. It is a plain building of two storeys, containing a good dormitory, schoolroom, workroom, and master's apartments, with kitchen and lavatory. The school was certified November 21, 1868. Such a school was much needed and can hardly fail to be very useful.

Alresford Industrial School for Girls, Old Alresford.

Inspected April 23, 1868.

I inspected this school with a view to its being certified, and was thoroughly well satisfied with its excellent arrangements and the good order and healthful appearance of the inmates. The institution has been established and the premises built by Miss Arabella Onslow, who takes the principal part in its management.

The school can accommodate about 40 girls. They are employed in needlework and laundry work.

The school was certified May 5, Miss Onslow wishing to make it more generally useful. No girls, however, had been sent under the Industrial Schools Act up to the end of the year.

HERTS.

Church Farm Industrial School for Boys, East Barnet.

Inspected September 11, 1868.

The school premises have been greatly enlarged and improved by the erection of an additional house containing accommodation for about 30 boys.

The institution had been very severely tried by the breaking out of typhoid fever among the inmates, caused apparently by the state of the water brought during the drought from a neighbouring brook and used for the lavatory and cleansing of the establishment. Every means was adopted by the manager, Lieut.-Col. Gillum, to arrest the attack, but 21 of the boys and 4 of the master's children suffered from it, one of the former dying, and another contracting permanent injury to the brain.

The boys had recovered their usual health and were in good order at the date of my visit. They passed my examination very fairly. The first class acquitting themselves well in dictation and ciphering.

The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Holloway, and wife, schoolmaster and labour master, and assistant matron.

LANCASTER.

Bolton Industrial Schools, Commission Street, Bolton.

Inspected October 15, 1868.

I found this school going on very steadily. The great improvement in both the order of the children and the quality of the management and teaching which followed Mr. Rathbone's appointment had been fully maintained.

The Committee have succeeded in obtaining a site out of the town, and funds sufficient for the erecting a suitable building; and propose to remove the school to a better locality, and establish it with better arrangements.

The health of the children and their general conduct had been very good throughout the year. They passed very fairly in reading and ciphering (in the simple rules), and some of the first class wrote tolerably from dictation.

The school is superintended by Mr. and Mrs. Rathbone, assisted by a schoolmaster (Mr. Hargreaves) and a servant.

Manchester Industrial School, Ardwick Green, Manchester.

Inspected October 14, 1869.

I found the school in excellent order, the premises clean and comfortable. The additions made last year do not leave much to be desired. There had been a few cases of desertion among the boys, but the general conduct of the children had been very satisfactory.

The school suffered most severely in the winter and early spring from an outbreak of typhoid fever, brought in apparently

by some of the day scholars, and attacking both officers and children.

I examined the classes throughout in the usual subjects, and was very well satisfied with their progress and with the method and tone of the instruction.

The industrial employment is varied and real, the boys being instructed in printing, bag-making, carpentry, tailoring, shoemaking, sackmaking, and firewood cutting. The girls do the house and laundry work, and are taught plain needlework and knitting.

The staff consists of the superintendent, the Rev. J. Bryan, and his wife, schoolmaster and assistants, 5 industrial masters, and servants.

The Liverpool Industrial School, Everton Terrace, Liverpool.

Inspected February 10 and October 8, 1868.

The Committee are contemplating some useful additions to the buildings; a good sick-room and better bath-room and lavatories for the day scholars, who average about 120 in number, are much wanted. With reference, however, to any extension it would no doubt be much more advisable to establish another school, either a boys' school at some little distance from Liverpool, where land for field and garden work could be obtained, or a girls' school in the suburbs of Liverpool, to which the girls in the present buildings could be removed, the whole of the existing institution being appropriated to the boys.

There are now seven industrial schools in Liverpool for Roman Catholic children, capable of receiving above 1,000 inmates, and only two Protestant schools, of which one (that at Kirkdale) is adapted chiefly for day scholars, the boys under detention in it being lodged out.

The educational state of the school was very satisfactory. The schoolmaster, Mr. Taylor, and the schoolmistress, Miss Christian, discharging their duties very efficiently. The girls had made a decided advance since my last inspection.

The institution is superintended by Mr. and Mrs. Orris. The healthy appearance and orderly behaviour of the children fully testify to their care and attention; they have now carried on the schools for above twenty years.

The staff comprises also an assistant teacher in each department and 3 industrial instructors.

St. George's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Boys, West Derby Road, Liverpool.

Inspected October 10, 1868.

The Christian Brothers in charge of this school have done their work very satisfactorily. The healthy appearance and improved conduct of the boys present a very marked contrast to what I found them in former years.

The premises still need improvement as to the offices, laundry,

&c., and the industrial employment is still very limited, being confined mainly to tailoring and shoemaking. The education of the boys is well attended to. They passed my examination very satisfactorily.

St. George's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Fairfield, London Road, Liverpool.

Inspected October 12, 1868.

The school was in a very effective condition. The premises thoroughly clean and in good order. The girls in good health; the report of their conduct very satisfactory. No desertions had occurred. I examined the several classes in reading, writing, and ciphering, and found them all making very fair progress. The dictation and ciphering of the first and second classes were very good. The industrial employments, are needlework and lacework; in the latter, many of the girls attain great proficiency. The girls do also the house-work and washing.

The staff consists of Sister Vincent and 4 assistants.

The cost of the school is raised by the very heavy rent paid for the school premises.

St. Elizabeth's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Breckfield Road, N., Liverpool.

Inspected October 12, 1868.

This school continues to work very successfully. The girls are well taught and carefully trained; many of them are very young. Their bright and healthy appearance does credit to Miss Gordon's management. The school has sustained a loss in the death of the Rev. Canon Walmsley, who took great interest in its progress. The staff comprises a schoolmistress, and two assistants for needlework, laundry, cookery, &c.; Miss Gordon being the general superintendent.

St. Anne's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Mason Street, Liverpool.

Inspected October 13, 1868.

The number of inmates has increased so rapidly that the sisters in charge have been obliged to take two of the houses adjoining the premises originally certified to provide the necessary dormitories and to obtain more room for the cooking, laundry work, &c. This was the best thing that could be done under the circumstances, but the arrangements are necessarily very far from being either convenient or complete; a better building in a better situation is much to be desired. The girls looked well, and appeared to be managed with great care and kindness. The school teaching is carefully attended to. The industrial training is chiefly in knitting and needlework. The staff consists of six sisters of the Order of Charity, Miss De Pourtales being the chief superintendent.

Refuge for Roman Catholic Boys, Soho Street, Liverpool.

Inspected October 8, 1868.

This school was certified March 5, 1868. I found upwards of 50 boys under detention in this school, besides about 20 voluntaries. They were in good health, and their manner and appearance were very satisfactory. The institution is managed by six Christian Brothers, who seem to understand their work, and to do it very efficiently. The industrial training comprises printing, tailoring, shoemaking, bag-making, &c. The printing establishment is made remunerative by a contract with the publishers of the "Northern Express" for the use of the type, printing machines, &c. for the preparation of that paper. I confess I think it doubtful whether an institution supported mainly by the State should be so directly connected with an enterprise of this kind, to which a party and political character might be so readily imputed.

I examined the boys in the usual subjects, and was very well satisfied with the mode and substance of their instruction.

The school has lately (May 1869) been transferred to St. Anne Street.

Roman Catholic Orphanage for Boys, Beacon Lane, Liverpool.

Inspected June 11, 1868.

This institution has been for some years in operation on the voluntary footing, under the management of Sisters of Charity, superintended by the Rev. Canon Fisher. The number of inmates on my visit was 110. The buildings are extensive and well arranged, and the additions now being made to them will make them very complete. As managed by ladies, the school will be most adapted for the reception of the younger class of boys. The ages of admission have been from 4 to 14 years. The industrial training has been hitherto confined chiefly to the making of the childrens' clothing, a shoemaker being employed for that department. The school was certified July 21, 1868.

Orphanage for Roman Catholic Girls, Falkner Street, Liverpool.

Inspected June 11, 1868.

This institution was certified October 16, 1868. It is carried on by six Sisters of Notre Dame, under the supervision of a committee of gentlemen. It has been in operation as a voluntary charity since 1819, and on the present site about 25 years. I found about 60 girls, all children who had lost one or both parents, and placed in the institution by the kindness of its supporters. The girls looked well, and appeared to be kindly and judiciously trained. They are generally prepared for domestic services. The older classes read, ciphered, and wrote from dictation very correctly. The buildings of the institution are extensive and convenient, but their Gothic character is more favourable to their outward appearance than to the light, warmth, and cheerfulness of the interior.

St. Mary's Industrial School, Stanley Road, Kirkdale, Liverpool.

Inspected October 7, 1868.

I found above 400 children under instruction in the three divisions of this institution, nearly half being in the infant school. The number under detention was however only 37, of whom four had absconded. These boys are lodged with respectable persons in the neighbourhood. Mr. Lester, who maintains and superintends the school with untiring energy, is endeavouring to establish a branch school for this class of children in a more open neighbourhood, where a house and garden ground can be obtained, and the boys placed under regular training and supervision. The system of boarding out the disorderly and vagrant boys who are sent to industrial schools under a magistrate's warrant is excellent in theory, but fails most decidedly in practice; no real control can be exercised over the boys, and suitable people willing to undertake the care of them are very hard to find. The instruction of the large body of children who are taught as day scholars is carried on entirely by female teachers, and is very effectively conducted. The industrial training has been considerably increased; bag-making and printing being added to the tailoring and shoemaking. The younger children being made useful in oakum picking, gum sorting, and net-making.

MIDDLESEX.

Middlesex Industrial Schools, Feltham, W.

Inspected November 19, 1868.

The number of boys admitted under the Industrial Schools Act to this establishment had increased to nearly 400 by the end of the year. The committals under the Middlesex or Local Act have on the other hand considerably diminished. It would be well if they were altogether abandoned, as they introduce occasionally cases far more fitted for a reformatory than an industrial school. The directors however correct this evil as much as possible by a careful classification of the inmates, which the arrangement of the buildings renders more practically effective than would usually be the case.

The establishment throughout is managed on a military system, and most efficiently superintended by Captain Brooks, under the general supervision of the visiting magistrates, who have charge of it; he is well assisted by the chaplain, Mr. Pilkington.

The boys are distributed into sections of 150, each superintended by a married officer; the school instructions being given by a schoolmaster and assistant teacher. I was well satisfied with the educational progress of the two divisions which I examined, finding a decided advance on the condition of the previous year. A large staff of industrial instructors, including teachers for the military band, the training ship, &c., are employed.

Boys' Home Industrial School, Regent's Park Road, London, W.
Inspected November 26, 1868.

The committee are proposing to build a schoolroom raised on arches on the north side of the playground, the space beneath to serve as a workshed. More accommodation is indeed urgently needed, but the ground occupied by the institution is so confined that it is difficult to make the necessary additions without sacrificing the exercise-ground or lessening the light and ventilation. At present the boys are taught in a temporary school-room in a street close by.

The boys looked well, and the report for the year was very favorable as regards both their health and their good conduct and order.

They passed my examination very well in reading and dictation, and very fairly in ciphering. The industrial employment embraces cabinet-making and carpentry, tailoring and shoemaking. A large number of the boys work at firewood cutting; some go out in the forenoon to clean knives and boots in the neighbouring houses.

The school is superintended by Mr. George Rayment and his mother, assisted by the schoolmaster Mr. Howson, and the industrial teachers.

East London Industrial School, Mansell Street, London, E.
Inspected November 5, 1868.

Circumstances compelled the managers to require the resignation of Mr. Wise, who had been for many years the superintendent of the institution. He has been succeeded by Mr. Lark, who previously looked after the shoeblack brigade connected with the school. He is assisted by the clerk in the school office, and the officer who has succeeded him as outdoor inspector.

The institution retains at present its mixed character; there are about 40 boys regularly lodged and boarded as under detention, and about 60 of the shoeblack class, some who are partially boarded, but sleep at their homes or in lodgings. These boys do not attend school for instruction on week days. The inmates are employed during the day in bag-making, printing, brush-making, &c.; they are instructed in the evening. They are taken out for exercise every Saturday in the Victoria Park. The report for the year shows a very fair average of health and good conduct. But it is much to be desired that the school could be removed to some more open situation where a playground and, if possible, a garden could be obtained.

Boys' Refuge, Commercial Street, London, E.
Inspected November 30, 1868.

The great majority of the boys in this school are of the voluntary class received on the recommendation of subscribers or on

payment by relatives. The number of those under detention has however now increased to nearly 40.

The premises are airy and well ventilated and the play-yard extensive. The workshops and schoolroom convenient. The arrangement of the dormitories peculiar, and I think open to objections. The boys are well taught and well managed by Mr. and Mrs. Darbyshire, who superintend the institution, assisted by a certificated schoolmaster, Mr. Hewitt, and four industrial teachers. A number of lads formerly pupils in the school, and now working under masters in the neighbourhood, are lodged and boarded in the house which bounds the school premises in Commercial Street. This arrangement is productive of great practical benefits.

St. Margaret's Home for Roman Catholic Girls, Finchley.

Inspected December 2, 1868.

I found the school in excellent order, doing great credit in the health and appearance of the girls to Miss Hazlewood's judicious management. There had been no absconding and but few cases of illness.

The girls passed my examination very fairly; the standard being decidedly above that of last year both in ciphering and dictation. The industrial training is limited to needlework and beadwork (for rosaries), in addition to such housework and washing as the institution affords. But the premises are very inconvenient and incomplete, and as it is proposed to remove the school to some more convenient locality, nothing can be done in the way of improvement. I hope that this unsatisfactory state of things will not continue much longer. Miss Hazlewood is assisted by a young schoolmistress and a general servant.

School of Discipline for Girls, Queen's Road, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected November 13, 1868.

The superintendent, Miss Cadham, gave me a very favourable report of the health and conduct of the girls, which the journal of the medical officer and the appearance and manner of the girls fully confirmed. One girl only had given any serious trouble.

The premises had not been altered, they were thoroughly clean and comfortable. I doubt the expediency of the superintendent not having a separate bed-room, but her sleeping in the girls dormitory does not seem to lessen her influence or their respect.

The girls are well taught by the schoolmistress, Miss Griffiths. I have seldom heard better reading than that of the first class in the supplement to the fourth book of the Irish series. Their readiness and correctness in dictation and ciphering were also very creditable. The laundry is well supplied with work for the elder girls; the younger are employed in needlework and knitting.

St. Jude's Industrial Home for Girls, Franklin's Row, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected June 5 and November 2, 1868.

Some important alterations and additions have made the premises of this school much more convenient, and enabled the managers to receive a larger number of inmates. I found 44 girls lodged and boarded, of whom 30 were under detention. About 100 children attend the day school, of whom many are fed.

The working of the institution had been very satisfactory. No case of desertion and very few of any serious misconduct had occurred.

The girls passed my examination very fairly. The industrial training consists chiefly of needlework, in addition to the domestic work of the school, cooking, washing, &c.

Mrs. Wood, the superintendent, is assisted by a schoolmistress (Miss Gates).

Cripples' Home Industrial School, Marylebone Road, London, N.W.

Inspected December 3, 1868.

I found above 100 inmates in the institution, of whom about 70 were of the class of "cripples" suffering from some bodily injury or deformity; the rest being "refuge" cases, of whom a few are under detention. These girls have a thoroughly practical training in domestic work, doing the washing, cleaning, &c. of the whole establishment. The cripples learn needlework, straw plaiting, &c. The school instruction is somewhat desultory. Their reading is fairly attended to, ciphering and writing much less so. The instruction is given by some of the ladies, who take the classes in rotation.

The staff consists of matron (Mrs. Steele) and 3 or 4 assistants, nurse, laundry-woman.

Girls' Industrial Home, Charlotte Street, Portland Place, London, W.

Inspected December 4, 1868.

The progress of this school has been very satisfactory as regards discipline and instruction. A severe outbreak of scarlatina in October, from which nine of the girls and the matron suffered, gave the managers great anxiety. It was happily passed through, however, without the occurrence of any fatal case, and the girls were all removed to Brighton as soon as the attack subsided.

The school instruction is fairly given. The industrial training consists of needlework and washing.

The staff consists of the matron, Mrs. Allan, and one assistant, a schoolmistress attending daily for two hours.

Sloane Street Industrial Home for Girls, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected November 6, 1868.

Nothing occurred during the year to disturb the good order and quiet progress of this school. There were some cases of illness in the winter, but none of any serious importance.

The premises had been improved by the addition of a laundry at the back, roofed with thick glass. They are very confined, however, as respects the means of industrial training and exercise. As regards the latter defect, however, it is supplied by the girls being taken out for a walk every morning.

The girls looked well; their manner and attention to their work were very satisfactory. The two first classes read and wrote very well, ciphered indifferently, and answered my questions with much intelligence.

The matron, Mrs. Browton, is assisted by a very competent schoolmistress (Miss Baillie), and a cook.

Norfolk.

Industrial Home for Girls, Fakenham.

This institution has been carried on for some years very successfully as a training school for girls going into domestic service, &c. under the supervision of Mrs. R. Hamond. It has now been certified for the reception of girls from Norfolk and the adjoining counties. The premises are somewhat scattered, but, on the whole, convenient, and sufficient for the accommodation of 40 girls. The industrial training is excellent. The school teaching very fair.

The staff consists of a matron, assistant, two laundresses, one cook.

The school was certified November 17, 1868.

Northumberland.

Industrial and Ragged Schools, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Inspected July 13, 1868.

The additions made to the premises have rendered the institution one of the most complete and well arranged of its class. The new wing, called after the chief promoter of the improvements and most active manager of the schools the Brummel wing, contains a capital schoolroom for the boys, with class-room adjoining, and a dormitory and reading room for the use of the boys in the evening over. The schoolroom formerly used by the boys is now added to the girls' schoolroom. The lavatories, closets, and laundry are all greatly improved.

I found about 280 children in attendance, of whom about 100 are inmates. Their general appearance was very satisfactory; the boys improved in order, and their school instruction better organized. The educational standard of the first class above the average, that of the other classes very satisfactory. The instruc-

tion of the girls is also thoroughly well attended to. The boys are employed in printing, sack-making, tailoring, mat-making, and hair teasing.

Mr. Morgan continues to superintend the institution, and appears to fully deserve the confidence of the managers. He is assisted by the schoolmaster, Mr. Cameron, and four industrial teachers. Miss Baxter has the domestic management as matron. The girls are instructed by a schoolmistress, Miss Dodds, and two assistant teachers.

"Wellesley" Training Industrial School Ship, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Inspected July 13, 1868.

This institution has been established for the reception of the destitute and disorderly boys of Newcastle, Shields, &c., the River Tyne affording great facilities both for the training of such lads as sailors and for their employment at sea on leaving the school. The ship was formerly the "Cornwall," certified as a Reformatory ship at Purfleet.

The school ship was certified July 24, 1868, the superintendence being entrusted to Captain Pocock, R.N. The institution has so far worked well, and promises to be a very valuable addition to the list of certified industrial schools. The number of boys committed to the ship by the end of the year was 76.

SOMERSET.

Somerset Industrial School for Boys, Wells Road, Bath.

Inspected January 14, February 19, and May 16, 1868.

The premises occupied for this school (Devonshire House) were found to be in so dangerous a condition that it was necessary to remove the boys for a time, while they were repaired and strengthened. Temporary accommodation was found for them in two cottages belonging to Mr. Sheppard, at Bathampton. This necessarily interfered very much with the regular instruction and employment of the boys, but their general conduct was very satisfactory, and the school resumed its usual orderly working on their return to Bath.

The average number of inmates for the year was 70. Mr. Cheyins and his wife continue to superintend the school, and conduct it very efficiently. The industrial training is very satisfactory.

STAFFORD.

Stafford County Industrial School, Werrington, Hanley.

This school was certified in March, but the alterations of the buildings have not been yet completed. It will now, however, be very soon in operation.

Surrey.

Boys' Home Industrial School, Bridge House, Wandsworth.

Inspected November 1868.

The removal of the reformatory school from Bridge House to Wandsworth Common has left the whole of these premises for the uses of the industrial school. I have had occasion to visit several times. On the last occasion I found the school going on very fairly, but a good deal still requiring to be done to make the institution complete, portions of the large dormitory, workshops, &c. having been taken down, and several alterations still in progress.

The boys suffered severely from fever in the winter and spring owing to the inundations of the river.

Mr. Leyland would have resigned the certificate and given up the school, had the school which the Surrey magistrates were understood to have in contemplation been established. But this being still in abeyance, the Bridge House School could not be dispensed with, unless the Industrial Schools Act was to be allowed to be almost inoperative for the southern districts of the metropolis.

The staff consists of a superintendent, Mr. Wren, his wife, and an assistant Mr. Eastgate, a tailor, and a shoemaker, each three days per week.

Somerset.

Cannington Roman Catholic Industrial School for Boys, Bridgewater.

Inspected October 27, 1868.

This school is established in an old mansion belonging to Lord Clifford, and is rented of him at the nominal rent of 1*l.* per annum. It was certified November 17, 1868. The premises are extensive but not very convenient, and the Managers have it in view to remove the institution when more suitable ones can be found. An Industrial school for Roman Catholic boys was greatly needed in the western counties. No inmates had been committed by the end of the year.

Warwick.

Birmingham Town Council Industrial School for Boys, Shustoke.

Inspected January 17, 1868.

The premises of this institution consist of a very good house and outbuildings, and 45 acres of land, taken on a lease for 21 years by the Town Council of Birmingham, by whom the school is managed and partly supported. It was certified February 18, and Mr. Vinall, previously schoolmaster at the Gem Street School, superintends it.

The school has worked very fairly. The number of boys at the end of the year was 39.

The cost per head and results cannot be as yet reported on, the school having been but lately in full operation.

Birmingham Free Industrial School, Gem Street.
Inspected March 10, 1868.

This school has been for many years in operation as a voluntary institution, receiving children on payment from relatives or subscribers. The managers placed it under the Industrial Schools Act, March 26, 1868. The premises are extensive and well arranged, and capable of accommodating about 130 inmates of both sexes. A considerable number of day scholars have usually attended for instruction. The school has made steady progress since it was certified. The number of children committed to it by the end of the year was 14.

The staff consists of superintendent (Mr. Crook) and wife, schoolmaster, sub-matron, 2 industrial assistants, and 2 servants.

Vale Street Industrial School for Girls, Birmingham.
Inspected October 20, 1868.

I had proposed to the managers that they should resign the certificate of this little school, and that the seven girls accommodated in it should be transferred to Gem Street. They wished, however, to carry it on under the Act, and I have not, therefore, pressed my recommendation. The 7 inmates are well cared for. They lodge and board in a small house adjoining the school building under the care of a matron. The school is mainly a day ragged school, attended by about 100 children, of whom about half are of the infant class. I examined the older division, and found the children well taught and well managed by the schoolmistress (Miss Bassage) and 2 assistants.

Coventry Industrial Home, Coventry.
Inspected October 23, 1868.

I found 32 girls in this institution, of whom 11 were under detention. They looked remarkably well, and were in full employment in the laundry and needle-room. The voluntary inmates are mostly from 14 to 16 or 17 years of age. The committed girls are very young. I examined these and a few of the others. They acquitted themselves very fairly in reading, writing, and the simpler rules of ciphering.

The staff consists of the matron (Mrs. Holland) and a workmistress. The school teacher attending daily, but not residing in the institution.

Penn Street Industrial School for Boys, Birmingham.

Inspected August 12, 1868.

The premises of this school have been materially improved by the addition of a good day room with dormitory over, a cooking-house, in which a bath is fitted, closets and store places in the yard. There were 46 boys under detention, and about 50 attending as day scholars when I visited (besides 40 girls and 60 infants attending in the other departments of the institution).

The boys passed my examination very well, showing much intelligence and readiness, and doing credit to their instructor, Mr. Nightingale. The general order and healthful appearance of the inmates were also very satisfactory. They are employed in wire-work, shoemaking, &c. Mr. May (the house superintendent) and his wife, with a shoemaker, compose the resident staff.

The girls' and infants' schools appeared to be going on very satisfactorily, but the irregular attendance of the older girls makes it difficult for Miss Nightingale to keep up a fair standard of instruction.

Winson Industrial Home for Girls, Winson Green, Birmingham.

Inspected October 16, 1868.

The number of girls committed to this school is still very small, its inmates being chiefly of the voluntary class. The school appeared to me improved in point of order and discipline. The girls were looking well and healthy, and the small class which I examined did fairly in reading, writing, and easy ciphering. I regretted to find Miss Weale still absent from ill-health. In her absence the school has been superintended by Miss Burt, whose interest and good judgment have effected very favourable results.

Yorkshire.

Broomfields Industrial School, Bradford.

Inspected September 23, 1868.

I found 34 children under detention and about 29 day scholars. Their appearance was bright and healthful, and the standard of school instruction decidedly advanced since my last visit. Mr. and Mrs. Stubbs appear to be doing their work very satisfactorily, and the children are very fairly taught and employed as far as circumstances allow, but with the increasing number now under their superintendence an assistant in the school teaching and some more regular industrial training are required. The premises have been improved by the enlargement of the offices so as to make a good laundry, school-kitchen, &c.

There had been two or three cases of absconding during the year, but the general conduct of the children had given but little cause for complaint.

Doncaster Industrial School for Girls, Doncaster.
Inspected August 10, 1868.

I found this school in a very satisfactory condition as to the health, order, and improvement of its inmates. Their instruction and industrial employment are well provided for, and the matron and schoolmistress both efficient and earnest in their work. The school offers excellent opportunities for the rescue and training of the neglected and disorderly girls. It is much to be regretted that the magistrates of Doncaster, Sheffield, Wakefield, &c., do not use it. Mrs. Vaughan has done her best to establish it and make it efficient. But up to the end of the year no girl had been committed to it.

Humber Training School Ship, "Southampton," Hull.
Inspected July 17, 1868.

The great facilities offered for the naval training of boys and their employment on discharge as sailors, by so great a shipping port as Hull, have induced the managers of the industrial schools here to establish this training school ship. They have succeeded in interesting the authorities of Hull and all the chief towns of the neighbourhood in the undertaking, and have obtained the "Southampton" for the purpose.

The institution was certified July 31, 1868, and 20 boys transferred to it from the Hull Industrial School, 7 other boys had been sent to it under detention by the end of the year. The successful progress of the school was somewhat retarded and the expense of carrying it out increased by the necessity of removing the ship from the position in which it was originally moored to a safer and more convenient situation.

The expenses of moving, mooring, and fitting the ship have exceeded 2,000*l.* The Lords of the Admiralty declining to grant anything more than the hulk of the vessel.

Captain Elliott was in the first instance chosen as superintendent, on his resignation, Captain Pollard was appointed. He is assisted by 4 officers and instructors.

Hull Ragged and Industrial Schools.
Inspected July 17, 1868.

I found nearly 250 children (of whom 100 were girls) in attendance in these schools; about 70 of these being under detention. The boys' school appeared to me overcrowded. The establishment of the school ship in the Humber which has been effected since my visit will relieve the pressure.

The children generally were in good health. The teaching and management very satisfactory. The premises clean and in good order.

The superintendent, Mr. Winningham, instructs the boys, assisted by a schoolmaster, Mr. Langdale. The older classes passed my examination remarkably well.

The girls are under the instruction of Miss Jones and an assistant teacher, Miss Osgerby. Their manner and general intelligence gave me great satisfaction. Most of them are very young.

A tailor, a printer, and a shoemaker are engaged for the industrial instruction of the boys, who also cut up firewood.

Leeds Industrial and Ragged Schools, Edgar Street, Leeds.

Inspected September 22, 1868.

Above 230 children were in attendance at my inspection, of whom more than half were day scholars, receiving one meal; 75 of the boys were under detention. (The girls under detention are lodged, boarded, and instructed in a separate house).

Mr. Ambler and his wife and daughters have the general superintendence and management, but reside out of the institution. The schoolmaster, Mr. Milnes, and the schoolmistress, Miss Crampton, attend only for the purpose of instruction for the morning and afternoon. The committee have engaged an assistant teacher to instruct the boys who are out at work during the day, and to assist in the general oversight of the boys' department during the evening. A tailor and shoemaker attend daily, and have about 30 boys under instruction. The rest cut up firewood, &c., under a general overlooker, who sleeps next the boys' dormitory at night. The premises are so divided and the accommodation for resident superintendence so limited that the institution is much more suited for a large day school than a certified boarding school.

In the present position of the schools the committee attempt too much. The children generally looked well, and were clean and orderly. The school instruction is very effective, and the order and discipline much improved. But one master can hardly do justice to 150 boys, however able or zealous he may be, and the presence of 30 or 40 mere infants greatly hinders the schoolmistress from properly instructing the girls, and all being taught in one large room there is much noise and interruption.

The separate school for the girls (about 30) under detention appears to be very well managed. The house though small is convenient, its situation airy and healthful. The girls read fairly, and some of them ciphered pretty correctly in the simple rules, and wrote from dictation. This department is under the care of a mistress, Miss Lund, and a school-teacher. The girls looked very well and healthy.

York Industrial and Ragged Schools, Marygate, York.

Inspected September 26, 1868.

I found about 100 inmates under detention, and about 50 day scholars in the school. The committee have built a convenient

house for the superintendent at the entrance to the institution, and have been thus enabled to make the dormitories and work-room of the girls much more convenient. This addition was not completed at the time of my visit. The new workshops had, however, been finished, and the general arrangements of the school very much improved. The children were and had been generally in good health, and their good order and conduct very satisfactory.

The boys passed my examination very satisfactorily. The dictation and ciphering of the first and second class were very creditable, and the lower classes read, spelt, and ciphered in the simple rules very fairly. The standard of the girls' school has not advanced so much as I had expected under Miss Temple's instructions, but the older girls have a great deal of household work, cooking, &c., and can hardly attend school so regularly as the boys do.

The industrial employments are carried on more effectively since the workshops, &c. were remodelled. The boys were busily employed in tailoring, shoemaking, wood-cutting, and carpentry. Some also work on field gardening.

The school being in so satisfactory a state, I was very sorry to find that Mr. West had finally determined on resigning the superintendence for the purpose of studying at St. Bee's College and taking orders. His place has been filled, and I hope will prove to have been fairly supplied by Mr. Hirst, who has had considerable experience in the management of a voluntary school of the same class.

SCOTLAND.

ABERDEEN.

Aberdeen Industrial Schools, Skene Square.

Inspected July 7, 1868.

The removal of the schools from the old unwholesome premises in Sugar House Lane, and their concentration at Skene Square under the management of Mr. Gilbert and Miss Reed, have worked to very great advantage. Both boys and girls have greatly improved in health and appearance. The teaching and discipline in the girls' division have always been satisfactory. And I find a marked change for the better in these respects in the boys school since Mr. Gilbert has been superintendent. The premises, however, are already overcrowded, and it will be necessary to add to them, or to give them up for the use of the boys only, and remove the girls' school to some other site in the neighbourhood, or to establish another school for both sexes at the other end of the city. The last alternative may be the best. I examined the upper division of the boys in reading, arithmetic, &c., and was fairly satisfied with their progress. The first class ciphered very

correctly as far as reduction, and wrote well from dictation. The copy writing was very indifferent. The lower division are very young, and mostly only learning to read. The industrial employments are too limited, the majority tease hair and make netting. A good workshop raised from the ground so as to afford a covered playshed underneath had been lately erected.

The girls are as formerly under Miss Reed's kindly and judicious superintendence, and in their work and manner and school progress do her and the schoolmistress, Miss Alexander, great credit. They passed my examination very fairly. Miss Reed acts as matron and housekeeper for the whole establishment, having a laundress and 2 servants to assist.

Bute.

Rothesay Industrial and Ragged School.

Inspected June 24, 1868.

The Committee have had before them plans for the enlargement of this institution, and shortly after my inspection some very useful additions were approved of and commenced.

I found the school in a very satisfactory condition. The children well in health, and very intelligently taught, and the industrial training improved. There were 59 inmates and about 50 day scholars. They passed my examination very creditably. Both the ciphering and the dictation were above the average. The staff consists of Mr. Ross (schoolmaster) and Miss Duncan, matron. Mr. Ross does not reside on the premises. In the new buildings provision will be made for his doing so.

Ayr.

Ayr Industrial and Ragged School, Carrick Street, Ayr.

Inspected June 26, 1868.

There were 111 children in attendance at my visit, of whom above 90 were inmates under detention. This is a much greater number than the premises can properly accommodate, though the children sleep two together, which for boys is a very objectionable arrangement. Some additional sleeping room will be gained by the alterations which the directors have made in the front buildings. But an additional school is required if the number of inmates is to be increased so as to meet the demand for admission. The directors have purchased three acres of land at a short distance from the town, and propose building on it.

The institution has sustained a very serious loss by the death of the superintendent Mr. Gow. His place will not be easily supplied, whether as a most intelligent teacher, or a kindly, able, and conscientious superintendent of the children under his charge.

Kilmarnock Industrial and Ragged Schools.

Inspected June 25, 1868.

Considerable improvements have been made in the premises of this school. A laundry built, better lavatories, and a sick room fitted up. The chief drawback to the arrangements is that the boys have not single beds, and that the supervision of their dormitories is very imperfect. The girls sleep on the same floor as the matron. The boys occupying the attics. They are mostly very young.

The health and appearance of the children were very satisfactory. They passed my examination very creditably. The first and second classes did remarkably well in ciphering and dictation. The younger classes all read and spelt, and most of them wrote fairly on slates or in copy books. Mr. Taylor, the schoolmaster, teaches and organizes the school very efficiently. The industrial training consists of tailoring and shoemaking, woodcutting and hair teasing, for the boys, and needlework for the girls.

The school is superintended by a master and matron, Mr. and Mrs. Forrest, assisted by a shoemaker and 2 servants.

DUMFRIES.

Dumfries and Maxwelton Industrial and Ragged Schools, Dumfries.

Inspected June 17, 1868.

I found about 50 children attending the school as day scholars, in addition to as many inmates. The premises were clean and in good order. The health of the children had been very good. They looked well, and were orderly and attentive. The present superintendent, Mr. Rough, formerly schoolmaster at the Wellington Farm Reformatory, entered on his duties at the beginning of the year. He had some difficulties at first, the school having been for six weeks without a master, but these were soon got over, and there had been but little to complain of since. The industrial training is but limited, being chiefly net-making, gardening, and some tailoring for the boys; the girls learning needlework, and doing the housework and washing of the school. The quality and method of the school instruction and the progress and intelligence of the children gave me great satisfaction, and did Mr. Rough great credit. The reading, ciphering, and spelling being very good; the copy writing less so.

Mrs. Rough is matron. There are two assistant teachers; a tailor comes every evening.

EDINBURGH.

United Industrial Schools, High Street, Edinburgh.

Inspected October 1, 1868.

I found about 150 children in attendance, of whom more than half were Roman Catholics; they were in good health. The

day scholars are quite of the lowest class of children, but they generally looked well and clean. The premises were in good order. The improvements now going on in the vicinity will make them more airy and healthful, and will allow of their being extended and made more convenient by the addition of another dormitory. The industrial training is very effectively carried on, and comprises brush-making, tailoring, shoemaking, turning, and wood-chopping; for the latter some ingenious machinery is used. The school teaching is carried on under the general superintendence of Mr. Ferguson, by two schoolmasters, one of whom is a Roman Catholic. There are also a matron and a workmistress for the girls. The standard of instruction is not high, but the children generally read and spelt fairly, and the first class ciphered pretty correctly in the simple rules.

Mr. Ferguson's labours are well repaid in the number of former inmates of the school whom he can now point out as doing well.

Leith Industrial and Ragged Schools.

Inspected September 30, 1868.

The new premises which the managers are erecting were about half finished at the date of my visit. They will now soon be occupied. The children had been remarkably healthy, and all had gone on well in the school. A workshop had been hired near the institution for the boys to work in. I was very well satisfied with the school teaching, both as to its quality and method. Mr. Gregor is himself a very intelligent and attentive instructor, and had a very useful assistant for the younger children in Miss Brunton. The boys and girls learn together. The staff also comprises a matron, a shoemaker, and two general assistants.

Original Ragged and Industrial Schools, Ramsay Lane.

Inspected September 30, 1868.

Including about 50 infants, there were 200 children under instruction on the day of my visit, of whom about 100 were under detention. The infants are taught in a separate room by Miss Malcolm, whose intelligent and kindly management does full justice to the little ones intrusted to her. The boys and girls of the older classes are taught together by Mr. Martin. They passed my examination very satisfactorily, giving me good evidence of being taught on a well arranged and intelligent system. With all the advantage of well organised classes, and the use of monitors, Mr. Martin's charge is a very laborious one, and he has a strong claim for more assistance. The writing from dictation and ciphering were above the average, and the reading and spelling remarkably good. The industrial training comprises

bag and paper-box making, tailoring, and shoemaking for the boys; needlework for the girls. The girls are lodged in an adjoining building. The boys sleep in the room in which the meals are served, which is not a very satisfactory arrangement. Many of both sexes are lodged out either at their homes, or with respectable persons in the vicinity. Mr. Thain continues to superintend the whole institution, which is certainly one of the best managed and most successful of its class.

Marionville Industrial School, Edinburgh.

Inspected September 29, 1868.

This institution is a branch of the original schools in Ramsay Lane, and receives the older class of boys sent to that institution. Mr. Nasmyth was absent when I arrived, and my visit being as usual without notice, I was able to see the boys without the restraint of the master's presence. Their cheerful orderly manner, and the readiness with which they arranged themselves for examination gave me a very favourable impression of his management. The premises were clean and comfortable, and the large garden attached to the school in very good cultivation. The boys did very fairly in reading and cipheriug, and pretty well in dictation and answers to my questions.

Their health had been very good; many of them go out to work for part of the day. The industrial training consists of tailoring, shoemaking, and gardening; the staff, of Mr. Nasmyth, a matron, a tailor, who assists in superintendence, a shoemaker, and gardener.

Forfar.

Arbroath Industrial School, Dale Cottage, Arbroath.

Inspected July 9, 1868.

I found the premises in good order, and had a very favourable report of the working of the school from the Rev. W. Allan, one of the managers. But the children were all out on an excursion holiday to Carnoustie. The dormitory arrangements had been improved, and the garden considerably enlarged.

Dundee Industrial and Ragged School.

Inspected July 9, 1868.

This school has steadily improved under the superintendence of Mr. Smith, the present master. The children (above 100 in number) were looking well, and were very orderly and attentive. Mr. Smith is assisted by his wife in the instruction; a large proportion of the scholars are very young. They attend school for four and a half hours, and work four hours daily. Mr. Smith gave some lessons in my presence previous to more general examination. His manner and method of instruction gave me

great satisfaction. The older classes did very well in reading and ciphering, and fairly in dictation.

The industrial work for the boys consists of tailoring, hair teasing, firewood cutting, and mat-making. The girls are taught needlework under the superintendence of the matron, Miss Thompson. The arrangements of the premises had been improved by the addition of another dormitory for the boys. The health of the inmates had been very good.

LANARK.

Glasgow Industrial School, Rotten Row, Glasgow.

Inspected June 30, and October 3, 1868.

The institution has been greatly overcrowded during the year. The girls' schoolroom has been used for a dormitory, and a considerable number of the boys have been lodged in a part of the buildings formerly occupied as the girls' house of refuge in the Parliamentary Road. The directors have, however, taken very active steps in carrying out the additional school at Moss Bank. About 150 of the children were lodged there during the winter in convenient temporary buildings, and the new school is now very nearly completed. An additional teacher was engaged in the girls' department, and great care taken to ensure the health and good management of the children. I was very fairly satisfied with their progress in school instruction. The industrial training had also been well attended to, and the general appearance of the children was satisfactory. The average number of inmates during the year was 459, viz., boys, 308; girls, 151.

Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage, Abercromby Street, Glasgow.

Inspected March 12 and October 5, 1868.

The new school erected for the boys was completed early in the year, and occupied in the course of March. The new premises consist of three very large dormitories and a schoolroom, with apartments for the officers, the lavatory and workshops being built out behind on two sides of the playground. There is no kitchen or dining-room. The boys having their meals in the girls' department.

I found 174 boys on my inspection in October, they were generally looking well and in good health, and their treatment and instruction appeared to be kind and satisfactory.

This number was reduced in the next two months by the discharge of a good many children who had been irregularly committed by magistrates acting in private, but there is no fear of the school being amply supplied with inmates from a city con-

taining so large a number of Irish families of the poorest class, as Glasgow does. All that is needed is that the magistracy should feel full confidence in the management of the institution, a result which, I trust, will in time be effectually secured. The boys passed my examination very fairly. The industrial instruction embraces shoemaking, tailoring, carpentry, and wood-chopping. The girls are lodged and taught separately as before in the "Girls' Orphanage" adjoining the new buildings, under the superintendence of sisters of the order of St. Francis. Their manner and general intelligence gave me much satisfaction, and they looked generally well and healthy. The premises were clean and in excellent order. The chief drawbacks to them are that the space and opportunity for active exercise are very limited, and that they are so close to a large burial ground still occasionally used. The older classes acquitted themselves very creditably in reading, ciphering, and dictation. The school instruction had evidently been well attended to.

Slatefields Roman Catholic Industrial School for Boys, Gallowgate, Glasgow.

Inspected March 11 and June 27, 1868.

This school was certified at the end of the year 1867. It has so far been carried on very satisfactorily by Mr. McCulloch, who was formerly the superintendent of the Boy's Orphanage in Abercromby Street, from which about 50 of the boys were transferred to his charge. The premises have been improved and added to by him, and possess the advantage of a very spacious playground. The boys looked well and passed my examination very creditably. The number under detention, December 31, was 110.

Perth.

Perth Ladies House of Refuge for Girls, Craigie, Perth.

Inspected July 2, 1868.

I found 55 girls in the school, of whom 35 were under detention. The health and general appearance of the girls were very satisfactory. The premises had been improved by enlarging the lavatory and bath-room. There had been no cases of desertion, and very few of misconduct. The girls passed my examination very fairly, most of them are very young, and only a few had advanced beyond the first simple rules of arithmetic, but the greater part read and spelt, and wrote either in copy books or on slates. The school is still superintended by Miss Lowe assisted in the instruction of the girls by Miss Aldridge and by an undermatron for the laundry and house work.

Fechney Industrial School for Boys, Perth.

Inspected July 2, 1868.

Eighty-one boys were under detention in the school at the date of my inspection, the majority very young. They are divided into a senior and junior class, the latter being principally instructed by a very competent female teacher, Miss Hutcheson. The senior class is under the instruction of the schoolmaster, Mr. Marshall. The boys looked well, and had been in good health. The premises were in excellent order, and the whole establishment did credit to the management. All the boys have now separate beds, an additional dormitory having been fitted up. One of the work rooms had been enlarged and turned into a schoolroom for the junior division.

The boys passed my examination remarkably well, especially in ciphering and spelling.

It is a gratifying fact that since this school has been brought into full operation the juvenile ward in the prison has been unoccupied, and the 2,000*l.* voted some time ago for its enlargement remains unspent.

Perth School of Industry for Girls, Perth.

Inspected July 3, 1868.

There were 61 girls in the school at the date of my inspection, of whom 54 were under detention. There had been no sickness in the school, and the general appearance of the girls was very satisfactory. They passed my examination very creditably. The managers have arranged to remove the school to a more healthy and convenient situation at Fechney. It does credit to their management that the school should have worked so well in such premises as have been hitherto occupied. Miss M'Lagan still superintends the school, assisted by Miss Banks as schoolmistress, and a general servant.

Renfrew.

Greenock Industrial Schools, Captain Street, Greenock.

Inspected June 29, 1868.

I found some improvement in the premises of this school. The laundry having been enlarged and a shed erected in the boys' playground; some further considerable additions are, however, much wanted. The children had been healthy, and looked bright and comfortable as being well cared for and well managed. They passed my examination very fairly, and showed a considerable advance on previous years. The older class of both boys and girls read, ciphered, and wrote from dictation very creditably. Mr. Thompson has still charge of the boys' school (with an

assistant), but he does not reside in the institution, which I regret on many grounds. Mrs. Barker, the matron, is assisted by a very efficient schoolmistress (Miss Sharp).

Paisley Ragged and Industrial Schools, Paisley.
Inspected June 30, 1868.

I was struck with the great improvement which Mr. and Mrs. Reed had effected in this school since my previous visit, which was shortly after they had been appointed. The good order and cheerful appearance of the children spoke very favourably for their management; and the progress made in the school instruction, and, as far as the circumstances of the institution go, in their industrial training, gave me great satisfaction. I found 101 children in attendance at my visit. The younger portion of them (about 59) are taught separately by a female teacher, Miss Donald, whose manner and method of instruction appeared to be lively and intelligent. The elder children read well, and ciphered and wrote fairly. The industrial training consists of shoemaking for a few, hair teasing and paper bag making, and needlework. This wants more expansion.

Stirling.

Falkirk Industrial School, Kerse Lane, Falkirk.
Inspected July 1, 1868.

The alteration and enlargement of the buildings which the managers are effecting were only partially carried out at the date of my visit; when these are completed the premises will be very much improved. The children were looking well, and the school seemed to be working very satisfactorily. As is usual in schools of this class, not under regular inspection, the progress made by the children in reading and in matters of scriptural instruction was much in advance of that made in ciphering or general knowledge. The master, Mr. M'Gilchrist, however, appears to be an earnest and intelligent teacher, and anxious to do his best. There is little or no regular industrial training for the boys except gardening. The girls attend to the housework and learn knitting and needlework.

Stirling Industrial School, Stirling.
Inspected July 1, 1868.

This school was certified in May 1868. The premises have been made fairly sufficient and convenient for a small institution. The children attending it have hitherto been for the most part day scholars, receiving food and instruction, but lodging at their homes or in the neighbourhood. About 20 boys and 8 or 9

girls can now be accommodated in the school. The appearance and manner of the children did not impress me very favourably, and most of them could only read, a few only being able to cipher in the simple rules; but there had been severe illness among them in the winter and spring, and both their instruction and the employment will in time be better arranged. There is a good sized garden for the boys to work in.

Wigton.

Industrial Home for Girls, Newton Stewart.

Inspected June 16, 1868.

I found this school in excellent order, the girls in good health and their instruction and employment well provided for. The matron, Miss Patterson, manages her charge with kindness and good judgment, assisted by a very efficient schoolmistress (certificated), Miss Ewing. There had been no cases of absconding and no serious misconduct. The girls passed my examination very satisfactorily, most of them, even in the youngest class, being able to read, and the girls in the first class ciphering and writing from dictation very fairly. The managers had lately engaged a laundress, proposing to give the older girls more regular employment in washing, in addition to the usual occupations of housework, knitting, and needlework.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of NUMBER of INMATES, ADMISSIONS,

	ENGLAND.																
	Boys.																
Reformatory Schools.	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:																	
In School	36	60	45	30	40	30	223	41	45	116	55	38	171	99	198	87	62
On Licence	2	1	1	2	10	4	16	5	19	3	2	.	19	11	99	14	9
In Prison	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	4	.	6	.	1
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Total	38	62	49	32	50	35	239	49	64	119	57	38	194	111	303	102	74
Admitted in 1868	9	22	11	6	16	14	75	12	13	45	12	15	67	48	81	33	13
Admitted by Transfer	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	1	.	6	.	.	.	.	.
Total	10	22	11	6	16	15	75	12	14	46	12	21	67	48	81	33	13
Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1868	13	14	8	9	11	9	49	17	18	17	16	10	45	18	49	8	17
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																	
In School	31	67	47	29	41	34	238	42	42	140	51	47	180	119	209	100	64
On Licence	3	1	3	.	13	7	24	2	18	8	1	2	32	20	124	26	6
In Prison	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	1	2	2	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	2	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total	35	70	52	29	55	41	265	44	60	148	53	49	216	141	335	127	70
Average Number of Inmates	34	63	46	28	42	31	226	42	44	125	54	44	177	111	201	93	67

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

ENGLAND.

Boys.

Mount St. Bernard's, Rom. Cath.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouthshire.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	
262	69	119	10	31	35	157	55	270	133	81	71	47	37	69	87	63	Under Detention, December 31, 1867:
31	4	16	.	1	.	8	1	6	2	17	2	1	7	10	10	23	In School.
.	1	1	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On Licence.
3	2	.	.	3	.	1	1	5	3	5	.	.	1	1	2	3	In Prison.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
																	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
296	76	136	21	37	35	166	57	281	141	103	73	48	45	80	99	89	Total.
40	5	59	3	20	15	36	16	98	40	21	19	22	12	24	25	20	Admitted in 1868.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Admitted by Transfer.
40	5	60	3	20	15	36	16	98	40	21	19	22	12	24	25	20	Total.
42	6	46	5	7	9	43	14	77	22	26	15	8	10	25	25	23	Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1868.
264	61	129	17	39	38	151	55	291	147	79	69	56	37	71	83	70	Under Detention, December 31, 1868:
34	12	20	1	4	2	6	3	7	5	15	8	6	6	8	14	11	In School.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On Licence.
5	2	1	.	7	1	2	.	3	7	4	.	.	4	.	2	.	In Prison.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
																	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
303	75	150	10	50	41	159	59	302	159	98	77	62	47	79	99	81	Total.
258	66	131	10	36	38	157	56	280	134	79	68	40	36	71	87	63	Average Number of Inmates.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return of Number of Inmates, Admissions,

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.	ENGLAND—*continued.* GIRLS.															
	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Toxteth Park.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Allesley Farm.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:																
In School	73	204	59	40	106	65	61	39	98	33	27	18	42	71	73	48
On Licence	15	47	.	.	2	1	22	3	2	2	.	4	.	4	1	4
In Prison	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	2	.	2	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	1
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	92	253	59	42	108	66	86	42	101	36	28	22	44	75	79	53
Admitted in 1868	31	65	12	22	15	30	29	18	28	9	9	13	11	14	17	15
Admitted by Transfer	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
Total	31	66	12	22	15	30	29	18	29	9	9	14	11	14	17	16
Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1868	16	55	12	11	21	19	27	8	31	14	5	6	5	22	12	9
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																
In School	79	220	59	50	95	64	71	51	96	28	30	24	48	63	79	51
On Licence	23	42	.	.	7	13	14	1	.	2	1	5	1	3	5	8
In Prison	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	1
Total	107	264	59	53	102	77	88	52	99	31	32	30	50	67	84	60
Average Number of Inmates	78	211	60	44	100	64	64	48	100	36	27	21	48	67	82	50

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868.—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.														
Boys.								Girls.						
Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	
														Under Detention, December 31, 1867:
116	108	47	63	151	197	59	65	31	49	58	88	5	30	In School.
36	24	.	1	61	37	9	.	1	1	2	3	4	.	On Licence.
.	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	In Prison.
7	2	3	1	11	21	.	4	2	1	2	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
159	136	50	65	224	255	68	69	34	51	62	91	9	30	Total.
38	26	20	18	20	67	29	29	10	19	8	38	2	11	Admitted in 1868.
1	.	.	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	Admitted by Transfer.
39	26	20	21	21	68	29	29	10	19	8	38	2	12	Total.
35	23	9	20	61	51	17	9	8	6	23	18	4	7	Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1868.
														Under Detention, December 31, 1868:
121	103	55	65	97	200	60	85	33	60	41	102	6	35	In School.
40	31	2	.	80	66	11	2	2	3	5	7	1	.	On Licence.
.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	In Prison.
1	2	4	1	6	6	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
163	130	61	66	184	272	80	89	36	64	47	111	7	35	Total.
120	109	55	72	129	198	66	81	34	61	67	99	6	32	Average Number of Inmates.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Reformatory Schools.—Total Number of Inmates, Admissions, and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:										
In School	2,475	783	601	184	609	197	173	88	4,064	1,046
On Licence	225	193	42	3	131	37	8	3	586	56
In Prison	9	1	.	.	3	.	.	.	13	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	41	11	9	.	28	21	5	.	101	14
Retained in School, Sentence expired	6	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	6	2
Total	2,756	988	654	187	771	255	186	91	4,770	1,118
Admitted in 1868	818	254	210	32	180	67	50	38	1,319	330
Admitted by Transfer	10	2	3	.	5	1	1	.	18	4
Total	828	256	213	32	185	68	51	38	1,337	334
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	615	192	169	33	174	51	43	18	1,032	268
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:										
In School	2,615	822	635	174	597	200	175	102	4,234	1,086
On Licence	297	220	48	12	166	66	11	7	749	78
In Prison	7	2	3	.	2	.	.	.	11	3
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	43	8	8	.	16	6	1	.	78	9
Retained in School, Sentence expired	2	.	4	.	1	.	2	2	3	8
Total	2,969	1,052	698	186	782	272	189	111	5,075	1,184

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

ENGLAND.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.		Ilford, Roman Catholic.	Cardiff.	Park Row.
	Boys	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867: In School	44	16	45	12	19	5	23	9	47	96	2	137	29	65
On Licence	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	7	.	1
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1
Total	45	16	46	12	19	5	23	9	47	101	2	147	29	69
Admitted in 1868	30	5	11	5	7	5	30	1	13	22	23	79	11	16
Do., by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.
Total	30	5	11	5	7	5	30	1	13	22	23	84	11	16
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	8	1	7	4	.	.	5	.	11	20	1	23	8	15
Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School	67	20	50	12	26	10	48	10	49	94	24	201	32	67
On Licence	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	2
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1
Total	67	20	50	13	26	10	48	10	49	103	24	208	32	70
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases	31	41	67	27	42	10	57	19	51	107	22	177	108 59 girls	69
Average Number entirely provided with food	56	21	67	27	42	10	35	9	51	96	22	177	34	65
Do. partially do.	15	8	.	.	.	.	22	10	.	11	.	.	38 28 girls	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	56	21	62	25	35	6	53	10	51	96	22	177	40	69
Do. do. partially	16	15	.	.	7	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	84 100 girls	.

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APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges,

ENGLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Clifton.		Bristol.		Purbrook.		Alresford.		Church Farm.		Bolton.		Manchester.		Liverpool.		St. George's, Roman Catholic.		Liverpool, Rom. Cath. (St. Anne's).
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:																			
In School	93	19	.	.	12	28	9	143	30	135	64	179	88	39					
On Licence	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.					
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	.	.	5	2	1	2	.	5	.	18	3	1					
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.					
Total	95	19	.	.	17	30	10	145	30	140	64	204	91	40					
Admitted in 1868	33	11	.	.	8	27	2	36	13	35	21	98	25	76					
Do., by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1					
Total	33	11	.	.	8	27	2	36	13	35	21	99	25	77					
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	20	.	.	.	2	15	4	22	.	20	10	47	7	5					
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																			
In School	102	30	.	.	18	40	8	158	43	149	75	254	105	109					
On Licence	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2					
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	1	.	6	.	.	2	1					
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.					
Total	108	30	.	.	23	42	8	159	43	155	75	256	109	112					
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases	100	28	.	.	44	92	51	177	49	212	118	225	103	74					
Average Number entirely provided with food	100	28	.	.	44	92	51	177	49	212	118	225	103	74					
Do. partially do.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					
Number of Children clothed entirely	100	28	.	.	44	92	51	177	49	140	75	256	103	74					
Do. do. partially	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.		Soho Street, Roman Catholic.		Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.		Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.		Kirkdale.		Middlesex.		Boys' Home.		East London.		Boys' Refuge.		Cripples' Home.		Sloane Street.		School of Discipline.		St. Margaret's Home, Rom. Cath.		—
Girls.		Boys.		Boys.		Girls.		Boys.		Girls.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		
30		.		.		.		1		1		252		24		43		11		9		15		22		46	Under Detention, December 31, 1867: In School.
.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		1		.	On Licence.
1		.		.		.		1		.		.		1		1		.		.		.		.		1	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
1		.		.		.		.		.		.		4		.		.		.		.		.		2	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
32		.		.		.		2		1		252		29		44		11		9		15		23		49	Total.
10		68		83		14		38		12		142		4		6		16		3		5		4		15	Admitted in 1868.
.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	Do., by Transfer.
10		68		83		14		38		12		142		4		6		16		3		5		4		15	Total.
2		1		1		.		.		.		18		7		8		1		1		3		5		3	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868.
40		62		82		14		35		13		374		25		42		26		10		17		21		57	Under Detention, December 31, 1868. In School.
.		.		.		.		.		.		2		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	On Licence.
.		5		.		.		5		.		.		.		.		.		1		.		.		2	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.		.		.		.		.		.		.		1		.		.		.		.		1		2	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
40		67		82		14		40		13		376		26		42		26		11		17		22		61	Total.
54		108		134		55		549*		.		732		53		120		129		100		50		41		62	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases.
54		65		114		55		75		21		732		53		50		129		100		50		41		60	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.		43		.		.		271*		.		.		.		80		.		.		.		.		.	Do. partially do.
54		65		138		52		75		21		732		53		50		129		100		50		41		60	Number of Children clothed entirely.
.		.		.		.		80*		.		.		.		80		.		.		.		.		.	Do. do. partially.

* Both sexes.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

NDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges,

ENGLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Franklin's Row.		Girls' Home.		Fakenham.		Newcastle.		"Wellesley" Ship.		Somersetshire.		Cannington, Roman Catholic.		Stafford.		Surrey.		Penn Street.		Shustoke.		Gem Street.	
	Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867: In School	28		13		.		49	28	.		62		.		.		40		46		.		.	.
On Licence	.		.		.		.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.		.		.		1	1	.		3		.		.		.		2		.		.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		.		1	1	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.
Total	28		13		.		51	30	.		65		.		.		40		48		.		.	.
Admitted in 1868	14		.		.		22	20	77		24		.		.		21		7		39		36	14
Do., by Transfer	.		.		.		.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.
Total	14		.		.		22	20	77		24		.		.		21		7		39		36	14
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	10		.		.		9	4	1		3		.		.		4		9		.		.	.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School	32		13		.		61	44	76		78		.		.		57		44		39		36	14
On Licence	.		.		.		.	.	.		3		.		.		.		1		.		.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.		.		.		3	2	.		5		.		.		.		1		.		.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		.		.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.
Total	32		13		.		64	46	76		86		.		.		57		46		39		36	14
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases	54		26		.		129	125	.		70		.		.		58		81		28		50	27
Average Number entirely provided with food	44		26		.		87	76	.		70		.		.		58		47		28		50	27
Do. partially do.	10		.		.		42	49	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	44		26		.		60	46	.		70		.		.		58		47		28		50	27
Do. do. partially	.		.		.		69	79	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Winson Green.		Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Doncaster.	Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.	Leeds.		York.		
Girls.		Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
														Under Detention, December 31, 1867:
8		5	11	21	7	.	54	16	.	74	24	76	20	In School.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	On Licence.
.		.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.		.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
8		5	12	26	7	.	54	16	.	77	24	78	21	Total.
5		3	2	11	2	..	24	2	7	22	16	17	8	Admitted in 1868.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	20	.	.	.	.	Do., by Transfer.
5		3	2	11	2	.	24	2	27	22	16	17	8	Total.
4		.	2	2	.	.	34	5	.	19	2	16	2	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868.
														Under Detention, December 31, 1868:
9		8	11	31	9	.	43	13	27	76	32	76	26	In School.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	5	1	1	On Licence.
.		.	.	4	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.		.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
9		8	12	35	9	.	44	13	27	80	38	79	27	Total.
30		8	32	50	10	.	246	232	17	140	72	101	49	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases.
30		8	32	34	10	.	54	15	17	90	29	76	31	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.		.	.	.	.	.	60	76	.	59	43	25	18	Do. partially do.
30		8	32	34	9	..	54	15	28	90	29	76	31	Number of Children clothed entirely.
.		.	.	.	.	.	60	76	.	12	4	25	18	Do. do. partially

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges,

SCOTLAND.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		Dumfries.		Edinburgh (Original) Ramsay Lane.		Do. Marionville.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867: In School	69	26	43	32	44	23	18	5	37	13	26	15	19
On Licence	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	3
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Total	72	26	45	35	44	23	19	5	37	13	26	16	27
Admitted in 1868	91	22	13	7	9	10	25	11	6	4	18	7	.
Do., by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9
Total	91	22	13	7	9	10	25	11	6	4	18	7	9
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	6	1	10	5	1	5	4	.	4	2	13	1	8
Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School	154	47	47	36	50	27	40	16	38	14	31	21	24
On Licence	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Total	157	47	48	37	52	28	40	16	39	15	31	22	28
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases	191	59	66	41	46	29	80	29	67	31	116	75	59
Average Number entirely provided with food	191	59	55	39	46	29	42	19	67	31	116	75	59
Do. partially do.	.	.	11	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	157	47	55	39	46	29	49	22	39	15	116	75	59
Do. do. partially	.	.	11	2	.	.	.	.	10	.	.	.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
64	14	29	6	8	2	35	7	198	94	154	70	Under Detention, December 31, 1867: In School.
7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	16	5	7	.	On Licence.
7	.	.	.	1	.	7	1	1	1	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
3	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
81	16	30	6	9	2	43	8	216	100	161	70	Total.
32	4	3	2	4	7	19	1	174	108	108	109	Admitted in 1868.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	Do., by Transfer.
32	4	3	2	4	7	19	1	174	108	110	111	Total.
16	1	6	2	.	.	6	2	27	13	118	63	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868.
78	16	26	6	12	9	47	6	345	188	148	115	Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School.
8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	6	.	3	On Licence.
10	.	.	.	1	.	9	.	6	1	4	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
97	19	27	6	13	9	56	7	363	195	153	118	Total.
110	31	59	18	40	20	78	29	296	150	182	123	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases.
110	31	59	18	40	20	78	29	308	151	182	123	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Do. partially do.
78	16	59	18	12	10	78	29	308	151	210	181	Number of Children clothed entirely.
32	15	.	.	38	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	Do. do. partially.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December, 31, 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Glasgow Slatefolds, Roman Catholic.		Perth Ladies.		Perth, Feehney.		Perth, Girls.		Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:																	
In School	.	35	75	24	56	19	30	22	13	10	.	.	43				
On Licence	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	1				
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	2	3	2	1	4	4	1	.	.	.	.				
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	2	.	.	7	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	4				
Total	.	37	77	27	65	20	38	27	14	10	.	.	48				
Admitted in 1868	73	13	18	27	31	20	23	4	8	5	9	2	5				
Do., by Transfer	38	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Total	111	13	18	27	31	20	23	4	8	5	9	2	5				
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1868	1	11	14	5	13	3	12	7	1	1	.	.	5				
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																	
In School	110	35	80	48	77	36	47	22	21	14	9	2	46				
On Licence	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.				
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	1	1	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	4	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2				
Total	110	39	81	49	83	37	49	24	21	14	9	2	48				
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1868, including voluntary and committed Cases	82	55	80	61	79	60	60	38	28	22	30	10	50				
Average Number entirely provided with food	82	55	80	61	79	60	60	38	28	22	30	10	50				
Do. partially do.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Number of Children clothed entirely	82	55	80	61	70	55	55	35	32	27	30	10	50				
Do. do. partially	.	.	.	.	9	5	31	19	.	.	.	.	.				

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools.—Total Number of Admissions, Discharges, &c., for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1867:										
In School	1,532	316	373	203	764	154	390	70	2,766	1,036
On Licence	6	4	2	.	31	7	10	.	48	12
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	38	25	2	6	32	.	11	.	95	19
Retained in School, Sentence expired	7	6	2	3	16	.	8	.	29	13
Total	1,583	351	379	212	843	161	419	70	2,938	1,080
Admitted in 1868	792	328	196	140	483	181	259	109	1,784	704
Do., by Transfer	20	6	.	1	9	40	.	2	75	3
Total	812	334	196	141	492	221	259	111	1,859	707
Discharged, transferred, and died in 1868	284	72	58	17	141	119	64	63	616	202
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:										
In School	2,046	599	504	325	1,126	258	589	115	4,029	1,533
On Licence	21	1	7	4	25	.	12	3	47	26
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	39	11	3	5	36	4	5	.	90	13
Retained in School, Sentence expired	5	2	3	2	7	1	8	.	15	13
Total	2,111	613	517	336	1,194	263	614	118	4,181	1,585

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of PARTICULARS of ADMISSIONS

The Return of Admissions excludes

NAMES OF SCHOOLS:	ENGLAND.															
	BOYS.															
	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorgan.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence," Ship, Roman Catholic.
AGE AT ADMISSION.																
Under 10	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
From 10 to 12	1	3	3	.	5	5	2	2	4	6	3	1	2	9	3	
From 12 to 14	5	14	5	2	6	3	22	6	3	21	5	7	14	20	19	
From 14 to 16	3	4	3	3	7	6	51	4	6	18	4	7	51	19	59	
PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.																
Not before convicted	5	15	6	3	15	4	31	9	4	20	5	9	25	20	15	
Once	3	6	4	2	1	8	25	2	8	18	6	3	29	21	41	
Twice	1	1	1	1	.	2	10	1	1	6	1	3	10	5	17	
Three times	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	7	
Four times	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	
Five times and upwards	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																
To employment or service	2	5	3	3	1	.	.	9	2	7	3	2	.	12	2	
Returned to friends	7	5	5	5	1	6	4	5	6	9	9	2	6	1	2	
Emigrated	4	3	.	.	.	2	.	.	2	.	.	4	.	1	.	
Sent to sea	.	.	.	3	8	1	40	.	6	.	2	.	34	4	38	
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	
Discharged on account of disease	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	
Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Transferred	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	
Died	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	1	1	.	.	2	.	3	
Absconded, sentence expired	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	
Total	18	14	8	9	11	9	49	17	18	17	16	10	45	18	49	

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

and DISCHARGES for the Year ending December 31, 1868.—

Re-admissions and Transfers.

ENGLAND.																		
Boys.																		
North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.	Mount St. Bernard's, Roman Catholic.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Rom. Cath.	Monmouthshire.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North-eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.		
																	AGE AT ADMISSION.	
2	2	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Under 10.	
12	1	6	.	7	1	4	6	6	.	8	3	9	4	4	6	6	From 10 to 12.	
11	3	20	4	33	2	11	8	14	12	39	13	8	5	12	3	5	From 12 to 14.	
8	7	23	1	17	.	3	1	16	4	51	24	4	10	5	3	13	From 14 to 16.	
																	PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.	
14	8	22	3	27	.	13	11	9	11	40	25	13	10	16	8	8	Not before convicted.	
14	3	17	1	16	3	1	2	22	4	37	8	6	6	4	3	10	Once.	
4	.	5	1	9	.	3	1	4	1	7	5	2	2	1	1	3	Twice.	
1	2	4	.	4	.	2	.	.	.	10	1	.	1	1	.	2	Three times.	
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	Four times.	
.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	Five times and upwards.	
																	MODE OF DISCHARGE.	
.	6	11	3	16	2	2	1	25	1	17	11	7	3	4	8	6	To employment or service.	
7	5	20	.	25	2	2	1	15	13	2	5	14	4	3	.	17	Returned to friends.	
1	1	.	.	1	.	1	5	.	.	51	.	4	3	.	.	.	Emigrated.	
.	2	8	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	3	.	.	4	.	.	.	Sent to sea.	
.	.	1	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Enlisted.	
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	Discharged on account of disease.	
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	Transferred.	
.	.	2	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	Died.	
.	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	1	.	.	.	2	Absconded, sentence expired.	
8	17	42	6	46	5	7	9	43	14	77	22	26	15	8	10	25	Total.	

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions and

NAME OF SCHOOLS:	ENGLAND—*continued.*															
	BOYS—*continued.*				GIRLS.											
	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Cath.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Rom. Cath.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Toxteth Park.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Allesley Farm.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.
AGE AT ADMISSION.																
Under 10	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
From 10 to 12	3	4	5	12	3	5	4	9	2	2	4	.	1	1	3	3
From 12 to 14	8	8	11	23	3	9	4	14	6	11	9	1	5	9	8	5
From 14 to 16	14	7	15	28	6	8	7	7	21	5	15	8	8	3	.	6
PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.																
Not before convicted	11	13	21	33	10	21	13	25	17	16	22	3	9	11	8	12
Once	10	6	9	24	2	1	1	4	10	2	5	5	.	2	3	2
Twice	3	.	1	6	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
Three times	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Four times	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Five times and upwards	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																
To employment or service	18	17	8	18	5	9	10	8	17	1	19	11	3	.	.	9
Returned to friends	3	1	2	33	7	1	6	14	9	5	10	3	2	3	2	8
Emigrated	3	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Discharged on account of disease	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	2
Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2
Transferred	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
Died	.	.	1	1	.	.	3	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired	1	2	3	1	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.
Total	25	28	16	55	12	11	21	19	27	8	31	14	5	6	5	22

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.																
		Boys.								Girls.						
Yorkshire, Rom. Cath.	Doncaster.	Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Cath.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Rom. Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	
																AGE AT ADMISSION.
1	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	Under 10.
3	1	13	1	5	13	2	9	3	6	2	.	2	4	.	1	From 10 to 12.
8	3	15	9	12	5	7	39	11	17	4	11	5	10	1	3	From 12 to 14.
5	11	9	16	3	.	10	19	16	5	4	8	1	23	1	7	From 14 to 16.
																PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.
12	11	26	15	8	9	13	37	17	17	8	14	8	22	2	11	Not before convicted.
3	2	9	9	7	2	6	15	11	11	2	5	.	10	.	.	Once.
.	1	3	2	3	7	1	10	.	1	.	.	.	5	.	.	Twice.
2	1	.	.	1	.	.	4	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Three times.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Four times.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Five times and upwards.
																MODE OF DISCHARGE.
3	5	16	8	1	11	9	31	12	3	3	1	14	6	2	5	To employment or service.
7	3	8	.	3	8	38	.	4	2	4	3	7	12	1	2	Returned to friends.
.	.	.	9	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Discharged on account of disease.
.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude.
.	.	.	3	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	Transferred.
2	.	.	.	1	.	5	3	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	Died.
.	1	6	.	2	1	4	15	.	2	1	1	2	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
12	9	35	23	9	20	61	51	17	9	8	6	23	18	4	7	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Reformatory Schools.—Particulars of Admissions and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Age at Admission.										
Under 10	10	4	.	1	3	.	.	1	17	2
From 10 to 12	128	28	34	7	42	9	5	4	207	50
From 12 to 14	308	95	83	12	76	39	24	10	518	129
From 14 to 16	372	127	93	12	59	19	21	23	577	149
Total	818	254	210	32	180	67	50	38	1,319	330
Previous Convictions.										
Not before convicted	405	97	165	25	105	37	43	22	644	255
Once	285	98	38	4	55	15	7	10	453	59
Twice	82	37	4	1	17	10	.	5	140	10
Three times	32	16	2	2	2	4	.	1	54	5
Four times	6	4	1	.	1	.	.	.	11	1
Five times and upwards	8	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	11	.
Total	818	254	210	32	180	67	50	38	1,319	330
Mode of Discharge.										
To employment or service	188	42	82	13	60	31	25	6	321	126
Returned to friends	164	80	67	13	63	.	17	12	307	109
Emigrated	85	6	.	.	11	.	.	.	102	.
Sent to sea	112	48	.	.	3	.	.	.	163	.
Enlisted	11	2	.	.	3	.	.	.	16	.
Discharged on account of disease	7	2	5	2	3	1	.	.	13	7
Discharged as incorrigible, or to penal servitude	2	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	6	4
Transferred	12	.	3	.	5	1	1	.	18	4
Died	15	7	3	5	7	3	1	.	32	9
Absconded, sentence expired	19	5	5	.	15	15	4	.	54	9
Total	615	192	169	33	174	51	48	18	1,032	268

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of PARTICULARS of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND.															
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.		Ilford, Roman Catholic.	Cardiff.	Park Row.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.
AGE AT ADMISSION.														
Under 7	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.
From 7 to 9	7	1	.	.	2	1	4	.	3	.	2	9	3	2
From 9 to 11	16	.	3	.	2	2	10	.	6	5	8	27	3	8
From 11 to 13	6	3	0	4	2	2	11	.	2	15	6	33	3	5
From 13 to 15	1	.	2	1	1	.	4	1	2	2	7	9	2	1
Total	30	5	11	5	7	5	30	1	13	22	23	79	11	16
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.														
Illegitimate	1	1	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	2
Both parents dead	1	1	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	.	1	1	.	.
One parent dead	12	1	3	.	3	2	15	1	4	5	10	30	2	5
Deserted by parents	2	2	.	.	3	2	3	.	.	.	.	5	.	3
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	1	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	3	.	1	1	3	1
MODE OF DISCHARGE.														
To employment or service	6	1	1	2	.	.	1	.	4	.	.	5	3	5
Returned to friends	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	6	16	.	11	4	2
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	7
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	.	2	.	.
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Died	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.
Total	8	1	7	4	.	.	5	.	11	20	1	23	8	15

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND—*continued.*														
	Clifton.		Bristol.		Purbrook.		Alresford.		Church Farm.	Bolton.		Manchester.		Liverpool.		St. George's, Liverpool, Roman Catholic.		St. Anne's, Liverpool, Roman Catholic.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.																		
Under 7	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	1	1	.				
From 7 to 9	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	7	.	7	3	9	12	28				
From 9 to 11	12	4	.	.	3	7	1	6	4	8	10	31	5	21				
From 11 to 13	19	5	.	.	3	12	.	13	8	14	7	46	7	19				
From 13 to 15	1	.	.	.	2	6	1	8	1	6	1	11	.	8				
Total	33	11	.	.	8	27	2	36	13	35	21	98	25	76				
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.																		
Illegitimate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	2				
Both parents dead	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	3	.	6	5	29	5	15				
One parent dead	9	2	.	.	6	4	1	18	4	16	7	34	12	39				
Deserted by parents	3	1	.	.	.	5	.	2	1	1	2	8	3	8				
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	2	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	4	1	4	2	2				
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																		
To employment or service	9	.	.	.	.	5	.	11	.	15	8	5	1	.				
Returned to friends	9	.	.	.	.	6	3	6	.	3	1	18	2	2				
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.				
Sent to sea	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.				
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3				
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Died	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	2	1	2	2	.				
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	1	2	1	2	.	.	.	18	1	.				
Total	20	.	.	.	2	15	4	22	.	20	10	47	7	5				

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.		Soho Street, Roman Catholic.		Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.		Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.		Kirkdale.		Middlesex.	Boys' Home	East London.	Boys' Refuge.	Cripples' Home.	Sloane Street.	School of Discipline.	St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic.	
Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	
																		AGE AT ADMISSION.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Under 7.
3	22	34	5	13	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	From 7 to 9.
4	22	23	3	14	4	27	1	1	6	.	1	1	4					From 9 to 11.
3	17	21	1	9	5	88	3	3	8	2	2	1	5					From 11 to 13.
.	7	2	5	4	1	26	.	2	2	1	2	1	2					From 13 to 15.
10	68	83	14	38	12	142	4	6	16	3	5	4	15					Total.
																		PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
.	2	2	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.					Illegitimate.
3	24	31	13	14	3	13	1	.	2	.	1	.	.					Both parents dead.
2	28	41	1	18	6	41	.	1	10	3	1	1	8					One parent dead.
2	7	8	.	1	2	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					Deserted by parents.
.	5	1	.	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					One or both parents destitute or criminal.
																		MODE OF DISCHARGE.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	.	1	2	2	1					To employment or service.
.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	5	.	.	1	2	2					Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.					Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	.					Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					Enlisted.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.					Specially discharged.
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	1	1	.	.	.	.					Committed to reformatory schools.
.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					Transferred to other schools.
.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					Died.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					Absconded, sentence expired.
2	1	1	.	.	.	18	7	8	1	1	3	5	3					Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND—*continued.*													
	Franklin's Row.	Girls' Home.	Fakenham.	Newcastle.		"Wellesley" Ship.	Somerset.	Cannington, Roman Catholic.	Stafford.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.	
	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.														
Under 7	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
From 7 to 9	1	.	.	7	3	.	4	.	.	1	1	3	2	2
From 9 to 11	1	.	.	9	7	16	8	.	.	11	2	11	14	7
From 11 to 13	11	.	.	4	6	26	7	.	.	8	3	21	19	3
From 13 to 15	1	.	.	2	4	35	4	.	.	1	1	4	1	2
Total	14	.	.	22	20	77	24	.	.	21	7	39	36	14
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.														
Illegitimate	1	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.
Both parents dead	2	.	.	3	2	10	1	.	.	1	1	4	3	1
One parent dead	7	.	.	10	12	24	8	.	.	6	3	1	12	5
Deserted by parents	.	.	.	3	2	6	3	.	.	1	1	9	6	2
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	.	.	.	.	1	3	2	.	.	2	.	3	7	3
MODE OF DISCHARGE.														
To employment or service	8	.	.	4	2	.	1	.	.	.	7	.	.	.
Returned to friends	2	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	.	1	1	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Died	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total	10	.	.	9	4	1	3	.	.	4	9	.	.	.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Winson Green.	Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Doncaster.	Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.	Leeds.		York.		
Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
													AGE AT ADMISSION.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Under 7.
.	.	.	3	.	.	4	.	.	3	1	2	.	From 7 to 9.
1	2	1	3	.	.	4	.	1	5	6	5	3	From 9 to 11.
4	1	1	4	2	.	11	.	3	8	4	6	2	From 11 to 13.
.	.	.	1	.	.	5	2	3	6	5	4	3	From 13 to 15.
5	3	2	11	2	.	24	2	7	22	16	17	8	Total.
													PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
1	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	1	3	Illegitimate.
.	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	3	2	2	1	.	Both parents dead.
2	.	.	5	1	.	10	1	1	4	12	5	1	One parent dead.
.	3	.	2	.	.	1	.	1	7	.	1	2	Deserted by parents.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	One or both parents destitute or criminal.
													MODE OF DISCHARGE.
.	.	1	1	.	.	3	2	.	11	1	6	.	To employment or service.
2	.	1	.	.	.	5	3	.	3	.	9	2	Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Specially discharged.
1	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	2	.	1	.	Committed to reformatory schools.
.	.	.	.	.	.	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	Transferred to other schools.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Died.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
4	.	2	2	.	.	34	5	.	19	2	16	2	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	SCOTLAND.												
	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		Dumfries.		Edinburgh (Original), Ramsay Lane.		Edinburgh (Original), Marionville.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
AGE AT ADMISSION.													
Under 7	12	1	2	1	1	1	3	1	.	.	1	.	.
From 7 to 9	30	8	4	2	1	2	6	3	1	3	6	.	.
From 9 to 11	32	5	2	3	3	1	9	3	3	1	8	2	.
From 11 to 13	17	5	5	1	4	6	7	4	1	.	3	5	.
From 13 to 15	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Total	91	22	13	7	9	10	25	11	6	4	18	7	.
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.													
Illegitimate	32	6	2	.	2	1	1	1	1	.	1	.	.
Both parents dead	5	3	.	.	.	.	5	3	.	.	1	.	.
One parent dead	27	9	4	5	6	5	9	4	3	2	5	3	.
Deserted by parents	3	2	3	.	1	1	6	2	.	.	2	1	.
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	.
MODE OF DISCHARGE.													
To employment or service	2	1	4	5	.	.	3	.	1	1	4	1	4
Returned to friends	.	.	1	.	1	5	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.
Died	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	3
Total	6	1	10	5	1	5	4	.	4	2	13	1	8

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.												
Edinburgh United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
												AGE AT ADMISSION.
2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	13	11	13	6	Under 7.
4	1	.	1	2	5	3	.	51	17	40	30	From 7 to 9.
14	.	1	1	1	1	7	.	54	40	34	39	From 9 to 11.
12	3	1	.	1	1	8	1	44	33	18	29	From 11 to 13.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	12	7	3	5	From 13 to 15.
32	4	3	2	4	7	19	1	174	108	108	109	Total.
												PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Illegitimate.
1	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	20	13	20	17	Both parents dead.
6	.	1	2	.	2	3	.	90	65	55	71	One parent dead.
2	.	.	.	2	5	2	1	37	14	25	13	Deserted by parents.
2	1	.	.	.	.	3	.	3	4	2	.	One or both parents destitute or criminal.
												MODE OF DISCHARGE.
10	.	5	1	.	.	1	.	17	10	1	7	To employment or service.
.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	6	2	19	7	Returned to friends.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Specially discharged.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	58	49	Committed to reformatory schools.
3	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	2	.	.	.	Transferred to other schools.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	38	.	Died.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
1	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	Total.
16	1	6	2	.	.	6	2	27	13	118	63	

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions, Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1868—*continued.*

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*												
	Glasgow, Slatefields, Roman Catholic.		Perth Ladies.		Perth, Feehney.		Perth, Girls.		Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.																	
Under 7	2	.	.	2	.	2	3	1	1	.	.	.	.				
From 7 to 9	22	6	6	15	10	5	8	2	3	2	2	.	1				
From 9 to 11	24	3	6	7	10	5	8	1	2	1	3	.	3				
From 11 to 13	19	4	4	3	9	8	4	.	2	1	.	2	1				
From 13 to 15	6	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.				
Total	73	13	18	27	31	20	23	4	8	5	9	2	5				
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.																	
Illegitimate	.	2	4	3	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	2				
Both parents dead	6	1	3	1	1	4	.	.	.	1	1	2	.				
One parent dead	47	6	8	17	6	4	9	2	4	1	4	.	3				
Deserted by parents	11	3	3	.	2	5	5	1	3	1	2	.	.				
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	.	1	.	1	2	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.				
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																	
To employment or service.	.	9	5	1	6	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	5				
Returned to friends	1	2	6	1	4	1	4	2	.	.	.	.	.				
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Transferred to other schools.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.				
Died	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.				
Absconded, sentence expired.	.	.	2	2	1	.	4	4	1	.	.	.	.				
Total	1	11	14	5	13	3	12	7	1	1	.	.	5				

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools.—Particulars of Admissions and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1868.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Grand Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Age at Admission.										
Under 7	6	2	2	1	39	15	20	6	62	29
From 7 to 9	78	74	18	52	137	62	73	30	351	173
From 9 to 11	227	103	63	37	103	58	77	39	551	216
From 11 to 13	342	120	79	35	122	37	78	29	621	221
From 13 to 15	139	29	34	15	22	9	11	5	199	65
Total	792	328	196	140	483	181	259	109	1,784	704
Particulars as to Parentage.										
Illegitimate	21	5	8	4	44	.	17	.	70	29
Both parents dead	82	85	19	36	40	26	28	6	233	89
One parent dead	261	133	80	62	185	102	130	47	681	319
Deserted by parents	71	28	19	13	73	36	36	11	208	79
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	40	11	10	4	17	2	11	.	70	25
Total	475	262	136	119	359	166	222	64	1,263	541
Mode of Discharge.										
To employment or service	98	10	30	3	65	1	36	7	174	76
Returned to friends	85	30	17	6	24	20	14	7	159	44
Emigrated	3	4	1	.	1	.	.	.	8	1
Sent to sea	18	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	19	.
Enlisted	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
Specially discharged	8	.	2	1	2	58	2	49	63	54
Committed to reformatory schools.	21	2	2	3	15	.	.	.	38	5
Transferred to other schools	26	.	1	.	11	38	2	.	75	3
Died	8	6	4	2	8	1	3	.	23	9
Absconded, sentence expired	13	20	1	2	14	1	7	.	48	10
Total	284	72	58	17	141	119	64	63	616	202

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN showing NUMBER of ADMISSIONS

Reformatories.	ENGLAND. Boys.																	
	Bedfordshire.	Berks.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Sunderland.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorgan.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.
Admissions.																		
1854	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
1855	.	4	.	2	16	.	.	.	.	.	32	22	.	.	.	.	.	.
1856	18	30	6	12	.	1	.	.	.	.	36	36	12	.	60	.	.	.
1857	17	9	33	35	9	14	10	16	.	.	24	31	18	3	96	.	.	6
1858	15	12	18	8	9	9	10	9	.	17	26	13	10	17	53	.	.	23
1859	8	3	28	8	12	5	10	6	46	18	19	19	24	10	65	43	.	14
1860	11	.	20	9	14	14	8	12	81	10	15	38	22	15	40	35	.	19
1861	14	.	24	9	12	5	12	11	103	16	21	37	16	20	56	2	.	18
1862	12	.	17	9	12	11	2	1	65	12	21	30	15	10	50	20	.	23
1863	8	.	21	9	4	12	5	12	26	8	24	30	12	14	85	22	.	18
1864	9	.	18	13	6	15	.	7	50	22	15	13	16	8	67	20	92	16
1865	9	.	11	12	11	13	.	8	77	16	17	38	22	8	61	42	96	34
1866	12	.	19	8	7	11	.	13	99	11	19	35	15	11	64	30	65	21
1867	12	.	24	13	11	15	.	10	64	15	24	37	19	19	57	35	70	31
1868	10	.	22	11	6	16	.	15	75	12	14	46	12	21	67	48	81	33
TOTAL	137	46	285	152	141	140	58	120	686	157	311	433	213	156	821	207	404	256
Discharges.																		
To employment or service	11	25	64	32	31	17	20	4	1	42	22	65	30	15	3	76	2	31
To friends	60	4	50	45	36	25	14	34	30	45	91	127	60	50	49	33	2	66
Emigrated	9	.	50	1	1	2	.	25	5	1	15	51	20	23	2	8	.	21
Sent to sea	1	.	4	2	22	18	7	6	340	5	46	7	10	7	417	11	42	.
Enlisted	1	4	4	6	2	17	.	1	.	5	19	1	6	2	26	6	.	1
Specially discharged	5	.	10	5	7	2	.	2	12	1	2	8	1	.	9	6	4	1
Transferred	6	13	8	.	13	1	8	1	10	5	39	12	9	8	64	13	.	1
Died	7	.	1	4	.	2	1	1	16	1	6	6	1	.	22	3	9	1
Absconded	2	.	24	5	.	1	8	5	7	8	11	8	3	2	13	.	10	4
TOTAL	102	46	215	100	112	85	58	79	421	113	251	285	160	107	605	156	69	129
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1868	35	.	70	52	29	55	.	41	265	44	60	148	53	40	216	141	335	127
In school	31	.	67	47	29	41	.	34	238	42	42	140	51	47	180	119	209	100
On licence	3	.	1	3	.	13	.	7	24	2	18	8	1	2	32	20	124	20
In prison	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Absconded, sentence unexpired	1	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	2	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

and DISCHARGES, and MODES of DISCHARGE, from 1854 to 1868.

ENGLAND.

BOYS

Manchester and Salford.	Leicestershire.	Mount St. Bernard's, Rom. Catholic.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouth.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Redhill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Reformatories.
																		Admissions.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	1	.	1854.
.	11	.	.	.	.	11	.	37	.	.	.	19	.	.	.	10	.	1855.
.	16	104	2	73	.	28	17	35	20	28	.	19	10	1	26	13	26	1856.
10	9	207	21	12	.	12	8	21	16	142	.	31	27	16	19	10	24	1857.
25	16	36	28	25	.	12	11	25	7	59	2	20	6	9	3	18	9	1858.
13	11	67	14	35	5	11	7	50	12	94	31	10	18	11	11	21	24	1859.
8	5	22	25	52	8	15	9	25	11	87	36	39	23	12	13	3	30	1860.
16	9	80	25	38	5	11	13	50	14	94	83	29	29	10	15	12	32	1861.
17	.	75	24	37	1	7	13	48	23	97	30	16	8	13	9	15	22	1862.
20	.	24	8	23	5	13	11	39	14	53	15	24	18	12	2	24	29	1863.
15	.	38	14	41	3	11	4	44	21	93	11	22	20	7	13	21	34	1864.
17	.	50	30	52	8	5	8	45	11	66	25	30	29	8	11	14	12	1865.
12	.	106	13	31	7	11	13	45	20	110	49	25	17	20	14	17	21	1866.
24	.	96	19	44	6	11	10	44	23	96	72	25	8	20	15	17	29	1867.
13	.	49	5	60	3	20	15	36	16	98	40	21	19	22	12	24	25	1868.
190	77	954	228	523	51	178	139	553	208	1117	394	336	232	161	163	220	317	TOTAL.
																		Discharges.
35	10	89	42	126	10	25	10	200	25	167	136	27	35	25	40	32	98	To employment or service.
25	26	376	51	146	15	42	44	119	92	226	22	99	37	52	49	88	67	To friends.
6	14	23	10	8	.	26	17	.	3	301	26	61	43	.	.	.	16	Emigrated.
19	.	55	20	32	1	11	5	26	13	40	12	5	21	7	.	1	3	Sent to sea.
5	2	48	4	10	.	16	6	3	6	17	11	6	9	8	2	2	13	Enlisted.
11	.	15	6	16	2	2	3	6	3	22	6	7	.	3	3	2	7	Specially discharged.
5	20	11	11	10	1	4	2	1	4	17	3	14	5	1	9	2	11	Transferred.
6	.	17	4	11	1	.	.	6	3	15	9	2	3	.	.	2	2	Died.
8	5	17	5	14	2	2	11	33	.	10	10	17	2	3	13	12	4	Absconded.
120	77	651	153	373	32	128	98	394	149	815	235	238	155	99	116	141	218	TOTAL.
70	.	303	75	150	19	50	41	159	59	302	159	98	77	62	47	79	99	Under Detention Dec. 31, 1868.
64	.	264	61	129	17	39	38	151	55	291	147	70	69	56	37	71	83	In school.
6	.	34	12	20	1	4	2	6	3	7	5	15	8	6	6	8	14	On licence.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	In prison.
.	.	5	2	1	.	7	1	2	.	3	7	4	.	.	4	.	2	Absconded, sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return showing Number of Admissions and

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Reformatories.	BOYS—*cont.*			GIRLS.														
	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Tottoth Park.	Rescue.	Hampstead.	Hammersmith, Roman Catholic.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Allesley Farm.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	West Riding.
Admissions.																		
1854	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1855	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	.
1856	25	.	15	.	2	42	32	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	5	5	.	.
1857	24	.	28	.	4	53	19	21	7	.	.	.	.	.	12	16	.	21
1858	18	36	58	5	1	40	16	25	8	25	.	.	5	.	10	8	.	1
1859	10	15	46	22	8	43	17	21	16	28	.	.	7	.	5	16	.	15
1860	19	34	72	38	11	46	16	21	10	2	46	.	12	.	14	12	.	16
1861	19	27	35	24	18	39	22	14	8	.	65	.	4	.	7	8	36	16
1862	13	9	49	10	12	18	17	22	8	.	20	7	6	12	6	11	2	14
1863	34	12	58	11	12	29	17	22	5	.	21	.	7	9	4	6	20	6
1864	21	5	62	8	15	33	19	21	6	.	21	.	9	6	4	8	15	5
1865	20	35	65	14	13	28	21	30	11	.	41	.	8	9	10	13	21	3
1866	20	27	52	25	9	35	17	15	10	.	25	.	9	11	15	20	22	.
1867	19	26	60	17	20	27	17	30	20	.	26	.	12	9	3	11	23	.
1868	20	31	66	12	22	15	30	29	18	.	29	.	9	9	14	11	14	.
TOTAL	202	257	666	186	147	448	274	271	135	55	288	7	88	65	109	156	153	97
Discharges.																		
To employment or service	100	55	71	64	49	159	90	124	25	3	118	.	37	21	33	47	53	24
To friends	18	27	221	47	35	122	80	28	29	7	48	.	16	7	24	36	19	22
Emigrated	10	23	24	1	.	9	4	3	1	.	5	.	1	.	4	2	1	.
Sent to sea	8	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	2	11	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	6	11	29	5	3	7	9	11	13	.	6	.	3	3	17	6	9	5
Transferred	26	12	2	7	6	4	5	3	9	41	3	7	1	1	.	4	3	43
Died	2	2	14	2	.	43	3	6	2	1	7	.	2	1	1	3	1	.
Absconded	9	8	13	1	1	2	.	8	4	3	2	.	.	.	.	8	.	3
TOTAL	181	150	402	127	94	346	197	183	83	55	189	7	57	33	79	106	86	97
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1868	81	107	264	59	53	102	77	88	52	.	99	.	31	32	30	50	67	.
In school	70	79	220	59	50	95	64	71	51	.	96	.	28	30	24	48	63	.
On licence	11	23	42	.	.	7	13	14	1	.	.	.	2	1	5	1	3	.
In prison	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Absconded, sentence unexpired	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

Discharges, and Modes of Discharge, from 1854 to 1868--*continued.*

SCOTLAND.																	
Girls—*cont.*		Boys.								Girls.							
Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.	Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	Reformatories.
																	Admissions.
.	.	.	.	.	.	102	.	.	5	.	.	.	49	.	.	5	1854.
.	.	.	.	.	6	142	.	.	6	.	.	1	40	.	5	3	1855.
.	.	19	.	5	9	90	.	.	20	.	.	3	42	.	2	3	1856.
.	.	16	.	7	7	70	.	.	20	.	11	.	28	4	3	6	1857.
.	.	18	.	1	6	80	26	18	6	.	27	2	25	17	.	4	1858.
.	.	18	33	15	6	71	00	18	13	.	15	1	23	35	4	7	1859.
6	37	16	30	18	11	77	82	29	3	.	6	1	13	18	2	4	1860.
29	10	25	23	12	4	95	47	17	10	11	13	1	24	26	1	5	1861.
18	9	52	24	13	11	62	49	7	10	6	9	2	23	20	6	5	1862.
13	11	27	24	7	21	69	53	14	17	7	21	.	15	22	1	4	1863.
24	19	37	23	8	21	65	54	19	13	10	9	.	21	15	4	13	1864.
32	15	36	32	17	12	80	50	16	14	6	9	.	15	20	1	9	1865.
16	13	37	53	18	15	2	95	22	34	10	9	.	11	28	2	6	1866.
17	16	39	26	20	21	21	68	29	29	10	19	.	8	38	2	12	1867.
155	130	340	268	141	147	1086	584	189	200	60	148	11	337	243	33	86	1868.
																	TOTAL.
																	Discharges.
29	37	74	63	21	50	485	191	41	48	6	33	5	91	61	10	26	To employment or service.
20	24	51	6	30	20	92	37	43	28	11	13	2	91	57	10	19	To friends.
4	1	2	41	.	.	71	9	.	.	1	1	1	11	5	.	1	Emigrated.
.	.	13	.	4	4	61	.	7	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	1	3	1	.	18	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
2	.	5	2	2	1	23	14	2	2	.	13	.	11	2	.	.	Specially discharged.
4	4	6	11	3	3	38	11	8	.	1	4	3	13	1	2	3	Transferred.
10	1	6	2	4	.	51	21	2	4	1	5	.	13	6	2	1	Died.
2	3	20	1	15	3	63	29	3	24	4	15	.	60	.	2	1	Absconded.
71	70	177	129	80	81	902	312	109	111	24	84	11	290	132	26	51	TOTAL.
84	60	163	139	61	66	184	272	80	89	36	64	.	47	111	7	35	Under Detention Dec. 31, 1868.
70	51	121	105	55	65	97	200	69	85	38	60	.	41	102	6	35	In school.
5	8	40	31	2	.	80	66	11	2	2	3	.	5	7	1	.	On licence.
.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	In prison.
.	.	1	2	4	1	6	6	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence unexpired.
.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	.	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Totals of the Number of Young Offenders Admitted into and Discharged from Certified Reformatory Schools in Great Britain, and the Mode of Discharge, up to Dec. 31, 1868.

	England.				Scotland.				Grand Total.	
	Protestant.		Roman Catholic.		Protestant.		Roman Catholic.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.										
1854	28	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	1
1855	164	24	.	.	167	54	.	.	331	78
1856	477	52	192	42	151	49	.	.	820	143
1857	711	100	247	53	143	50	.	.	1,101	203
1858	553	104	119	40	120	48	.	4	792	196
1859	706	155	148	43	129	58	26	17	1,009	273
1860	765	192	146	46	174	50	60	35	1,145	323
1861	869	259	153	45	184	26,	82	18	1,288	348
1862	675	150	161	54	186	55	47	26	1,069	285
1863	643	149	105	47	179	51	49	20	976	267
1864	654	148	233	46	179	48	53	22	1,119	264
1865	753	213	263	52	186	57	54	15	1,256	337
1866	816	193	254	07	207	40	50	20	1,327	320
1867	850	201	270	43	181	38	95	28	1,396	310
1868	828	213	256	32	185	51	68	38	1,337	334
Total	9,492	2,154	2,547	610	2,371	675	584	243	14,904	3,682
Discharges.										
To employment or service	1,558	725	288	188	782	171	191	61	2,819	1,145
Returned to friends	1,938	428	745	142	270	146	37	57	2,990	773
Emigrated	793	23	55	13	114	15	9	5	971	56
Sent to sea	1,096	.	142	.	90	.	.	.	1,328	.
Enlisted	224	.	73	.	29	.	.	.	326	.
Specially discharged	171	87	64	9	37	24	14	2	286	122
Transferred	359	130	23	15	69	26	11	1	462	172
Died	129	30	51	53	69	22	21	6	270	111
Absconded	255	33	54	4	129	82	29	.	467	119
Total	6,523	1,456	1,495	424	1,589	486	312	132	9,919	2,498
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1868	2,069	698	1,052	186	782	189	272	111	5,075	1,184
In school	2,615	635	822	174	597	175	200	102	4,234	1,086
On licence	297	48	220	12	166	11	66	7	749	78
In prison	7	3	2	.	2	.	.	.	11	3
Absconded, sentence unexpired	48	8	8	.	16	1	6	.	78	9
Retained in school, sentence expired	2	4	.	.	1	2	.	2	3	8

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—GENERAL RETURN of ADMISSIONS and DISCHARGES up to December 31, 1868.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	ENGLAND.													
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.		Ilford, Roman Catholic.	Cardiff.	Park Row.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.
ADMISSIONS.														
To December 31, 1861	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	29
1862	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	37	10	20
1863	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	22	10	15
1864	9	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	10	.	.	7	12	27
1865	9	1	10	4	.	.	.	.	22	17	.	51	6	18
1866	19	10	21	3	3	.	9	7	15	60	.	21	8	16
1867	16	3	19	6	17	5	14	2	12	37	2	75	11	26
1868	30	5	11	5	7	5	30	1	13	22	23	84	11	16
Total	87	24	61	18	27	10	53	10	89	136	25	297	68	167
DISCHARGES.														
To employment or service	11	3	1	2	.	.	1	.	14	.	.	26	9	36
Returned to friends	5	1	4	.	.	.	1	.	17	21	.	37	14	18
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	9
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	.	8	22
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	6	2	2
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	2	8	.	11	.	.
Transferred	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	7
Died	1	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	5	1	1
Absconded (sentence expired)	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	2
Total	20	4	11	5	1	.	5	.	40	33	1	89	36	97
Under detention Dec. 31, 1868	67	20	50	13	26	10	48	10	49	103	24	208	32	70
In school	67	20	50	12	26	10	48	10	49	94	24	201	32	67
On licence	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	2
Absconded (sentence unexpired)	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	6	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School.	ENGLAND—*continued.*															
	Clifton.		Bristol.		Purbrook.		Alresford.		Church Farm.		Bolton.		Manchester.		Liverpool.		St. George's, Roman Catholic.		Liverpool, Roman Catholic (St. Anne's).
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
Admissions.																			
To December 31, 1861	62	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	5	9	2	.	40	.					
1862	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	44	9	20	5	46	17	.					
1863	24	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	6	22	4	47	7	.					
1864	13	.	.	.	3	14	.	10	1	15	3	25	8	.					
1865	14	.	.	.	6	18	3	31	2	20	12	31	5	.					
1866	34	.	.	.	5	8	3	38	10	39	16	67	1	.					
1867	33	19	.	.	7	18	6	84	18	73	37	101	91	40					
1868	33	11	.	.	8	27	2	36	13	35	21	99	23	77					
Total	224	30	.	.	29	85	14	288	64	233	100	416	203	117					
Discharges.																			
To employment or service	54	.	.	.	.	15	1	50	10	36	17	28	34	.					
Returned to friends	29	.	.	.	2	6	3	43	10	18	4	43	23	2					
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	5	.	.					
Sent to sea	20	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.					
Enlisted	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.					
Specially discharged	4	.	.	.	1	8	.	2	.	9	1	4	1	.					
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	1	.	.	.	.	8	.	8	1	4	1	8	2	3					
Transferred	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	15	.					
Died	4	.	.	.	.	1	.	6	.	4	2	14	13	.					
Absconded (sentence expired)	1	.	.	.	1	4	2	19	.	2	.	54	6	.					
Total	116	.	.	.	6	43	6	129	21	78	25	160	94	5					
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868	108	30	.	.	23	42	8	159	43	155	75	256	109	112					
In school	102	30	.	.	18	40	8	158	43	140	75	254	105	109					
On licence	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	2					
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	1	.	6	.	.	2	1					
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.					

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Girls.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic. Boys.	Soho Street, Roman Catholic. Boys.	Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic. Girls.	Falkner Street, Roman Catholic. Boys.	Kirkdale. Girls.	Middlesex. Boys.	Boys' Home. Boys.	East London. Boys.	Boys' Refuge. Boys.	Cripples' Home. Girls.	Sloane Street. Girls.	School of Discipline. Girls.	Lisson Street. Girls.	St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic. Girls.	
															ADMISSIONS.
14	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	1	.	1	1	3	5	23	To December 31, 1861.
5	.	.	.	8	3	.	12	.	.	1	2	3	1	26	1862.
9	.	.	.	7	.	.	2	5	.	.	.	8	4	5	1863.
4	.	.	.	7	.	.	12	1	.	.	2	3	3	8	1864.
1	.	.	.	1	1	.	19	21	.	1	5	6	3	20	1865.
14	.	.	.	1	.	.	14	24	.	5	5	5	10	16	1866.
13	.	.	.	.	.	256	4	8	11	5	3	7	2	25	1867.
10	68	83	14	38	12	142	4	6	16	3	5	4	.	15	1868.
70	68	83	14	62	16	398	79	66	27	16	23	39	28	138	Total.
															DISCHARGES.
17	.	.	.	4	2	.	12	3	.	2	5	3	2	21	To employment or service.
5	.	1	.	2	1	1	8	9	.	1	1	5	5	20	Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	2	.	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
1	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	1	.	1	.	2	2	3	Specially discharged.
2	.	.	.	12	.	2	2	4	1	.	.	2	2	5	Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
.	.	.	.	.	.	6	15	2	.	1	.	.	13	.	Transferred.
2	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	12	Died.
3	.	.	.	1	.	.	9	4	.	.	.	.	3	16	Absconded (sentence expired).
30	1	1	.	22	3	22	53	24	1	5	6	17	28	77	Total.
40	67	82	14	40	13	376	26	42	26	11	17	22	.	61	Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868.
40	62	82	14	35	13	374	25	42	26	10	17	21	.	57	In school.
.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On licence.
.	5	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	Absconded (sentence unexpired).
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School.	ENGLAND—*continued.*													
	Franklin's Row.	Girls' Home.	Fakenham.	Newcastle.		"Wellesley" Ship.	Somerset.	Cannington, Roman Catholic.	Stafford.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.	
	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.														
To December 31, 1861	.	.	.	71	44	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1862	.	.	.	8	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1863	.	.	.	23	13	.	.	.	.	.	21	.	.	.
1864	.	.	.	13	8	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.
1865	16	.	.	12	6	.	.	.	.	.	14	.	.	.
1866	8	.	.	15	8	.	20	.	.	.	15	.	.	.
1867	5	13	.	12	10	.	40	.	.	40	14	.	.	.
1868	14	.	.	22	20	77	24	.	.	21	7	39	36	14
Total	43	13	.	176	113	77	93	.	.	61	75	39	36	14
Discharges.														
To employment or service	8	.	.	74	41	.	3	.	.	.	18	.	.	.
Returned to friends	2	.	.	6	11	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	7	6	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	.	.	.	6	1	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.
Transferred	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Died	.	.	.	6	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence expired)	.	.	.	11	4	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.
Total	11	.	.	112	67	1	7	.	.	4	20	.	.	.
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868	32	13	.	64	46	76	86	.	.	57	46	39	36	14
In school	32	13	.	61	44	76	78	.	.	57	44	39	36	14
On licence	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	.	.	.	3	2	.	5	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

APPENDIX V:—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Winson Green.		Vale Street.		Coventry.		Bradford.		Doncaster.		Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.		Leeds.		York.		
Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Boys.	Girls.		Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
																		ADMISSIONS.
1		.		.		.	.	.		.	.	.		.	.	4	.	To December 31, 1861.
1		.		3		.	.	.		5	1	.		9	2	25	10	1862.
4		.		1		.	.	.		23	4	.		11	5	13	1	1863.
2		.		1		.	.	.		18	4	.		19	2	17	7	1864.
.		.		4		8	1	.		8	6	.		10	2	27	3	1865.
.		.		2		19	2	.		20	2	.		31	5	21	2	1866.
4		5		3		5	4	.		11	6	.		38	14	28	11	1867.
5		3		2		11	2	.		24	2	27		22	16	17	8	1868.
17		8		16		43	9	.		109	25	27		140	46	152	42	Total.
																		DISCHARGES.
1		.		2		2	.	.		13	6	.		33	4	14	2	To employment or service.
2		.		1		.	.	.		9	6	.		8	1	44	10	Returned to friends.
.		.		.		.	.	.		.	.	.		.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.		.		.		.	.	.		13	.	.		.	.	.	.	To sea.
.		.		.		.	.	.		.	.	.		.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
2		.		1		.	.	.		2	.	.		2	.	6	1	Specially discharged.
3		.		3		.	.	.		7	.	.		9	1	1	1	Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
.		.		.		.	.	.		20	.	.		.	.	.	.	Transferred.
.		.		1		1	.	.		1	.	.		1	1	2	1	Died.
.		.		.		1	.	.		.	.	.		7	1	6	.	Absconded (sentence expired).
8		.		4		8	.	.		65	12	.		60	8	73	15	Total.
9		8		12		35	9	.		44	13	27		80	38	79	27	Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868.
9		8		11		31	9	.		43	13	27		76	33	76	26	In school.
.		.		.		.	.	.		.	.	.		2	5	1	1	On licence.
.		.		.		4	.	.		1	.	.		2	.	.	.	Absconded (sentence unexpired).
.		.		1		.	.	.		.		.		.	1	2	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School in order of County.	SCOTLAND.													
	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		Dumfries.		Edinburgh. Original Ramsay Lane.		Do. Marionville.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	
ADMISSIONS.														
To December 31, 1861	59	45	13	6	17	7	.	.	.	3	60	43	6	
1862	13	6	6	4	4	.	.	.	8	4	12	.	5	
1863	7	3	16	10	4	2	.	.	5	3	18	2	9	
1864	6	1	8	8	11	10	7	.	10	3	16	.	5	
1865	1	3	7	4	9	4	3	1	13	4	7	9	6	
1866	4	.	7	2	18	7	5	1	5	1	16	6	7	
1867	66	20	11	12	14	8	7	4	12	3	12	3	10	
1868	91	22	13	7	9	10	25	11	6	4	18	7	9	
Total	247	100	81	53	86	48	47	17	59	25	159	70	57	
DISCHARGES.														
To employment or service	31	23	15	10	21	4	3	1	6	5	13	9	15	
Returned to friends	7	4	6	4	3	7	.	.	5	3	2	1	5	
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Sent to Sea	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Specially discharged	23	11	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	49	30	1	
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	9	1	3	.	5	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	3	
Transferred	1	.	.	.	1	2	1	.	.	.	58	.	.	
Died	4	6	3	1	1	.	.	.	2	1	4	.	.	
Absconded (sentence expired)	15	8	1	.	.	3	1	.	4	.	2	3	5	
Total	90	53	33	16	34	20	7	1	20	10	128	48	29	
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868	157	47	48	37	52	28	40	16	39	15	31	22	28	
In school	154	47	47	36	50	27	40	16	38	14	31	21	24	
On licence	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	
Absconded (sentence enexpired)	3	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.														
Edinburgh United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		Glasgow Slatefields Roman Catholic.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.		
														ADMISSIONS.
13	16	.	.	4	2	2	.	167	95	.	.	.		To December 31, 1861.
30	4	22	1	3	2	21	2	23	19	3	1	.		1862.
35	12	13	4	.	.	13	2	29	10	28	14	.		1863.
38	2	10	3	2	.	.	1	18	9	48	15	.		1864.
20	7	13	.	2	.	1	2	34	14	36	19	.		1865.
13	4	13	2	2	.	15	1	65	22	44	19	.		1866.
19	4	5	3	6	2	31	5	116	52	59	23	.		1867.
32	4	3	2	4	7	19	1	174	108	110	111	111		1868.
200	53	79	15	23	13	102	14	626	320	328	202	111		Total.
														DISCHARGES.
45	11	40	5	4	3	8	.	110	66	16	19	.		To employment or service.
7	6	6	2	.	.	5	1	51	27	41	14	1		Returned to friends.
1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	.	.		Emigrated.
2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.		Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.		Enlisted.
9	8	2	.	1	.	1	2	26	9	62	49	.		Specially discharged.
34	6	4	.	.	.	8	1	6	1	2	.	.		Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
.	.	.	1	1	.	5	.	13	6	39	.	.		Transferred.
1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	20	5	11	2	.		Died.
4	2	.	.	4	1	18	3	32	17	2	.	.		Absconded (sentence expired).
103	34	52	9	10	4	46	7	263	134	175	84	1		Total.
97	19	27	6	13	9	56	7	363	195	153	118	110		Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868.
78	16	26	6	12	9	47	6	345	188	148	115	110		In School.
8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	6	.	3	.		On licence.
10	.	.	.	1	.	9	.	6	1	4	.	.		Absconded (sentence unexpired).
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.		Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions and Discharges up to December 31, 1868—*continued.*

Name of School in order of County.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*											
	Perth, Ladies.	Perth Feehney.	Perth, Girls.	Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
ADMISSIONS.												
To December 31, 1861	14	16	3	40	18	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
1862	7	3	2	13	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	19
1863	5	8	2	14	6	11	5	.	.	.	.	7
1864	7	22	7	14	6	6	3	.	.	.	.	3
1865	5	17	3	10	7	10	7	.	.	.	.	22
1866	6	22	7	22	4	13	12	.	.	.	.	13
1867	6	16	13	21	7	6	2	14	10	.	.	3
1868	13	18	27	31	20	23	4	8	5	9	2	5
Total	63	122	64	165	73	71	33	22	15	9	2	72
DISCHARGES.												
To employment or service	18	21	6	17	10	5	2	.	.	.	.	14
Returned to friends	3	8	3	24	9	5	2	.	.	.	.	5
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	5	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	4
Committed to reformatory schools or prison	.	7	1	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
Transferred	.	.	.	5	2	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Died	2	3	2	3	6	3	.	.	1	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence expired)	1	2	3	14	4	5	4	1	.	.	.	.
Total	24	41	15	82	36	22	9	1	1	.	.	24
Under detention Dec. 31, 1868	39	81	49	83	37	49	24	21	14	9	2	48
In school	35	80	48	77	36	47	22	21	14	9	2	46
On licence	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence unexpired)	.	1	1	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	4	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions and Discharges up to December 31, 1868.

	ENGLAND.				SCOTLAND.				TOTAL.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.										
To December 31, 1861	210	.	62	86	398	.	252	.	608	400
1862	172	83	45	48	164	3	75	1	422	169
1863	211	69	51	21	182	28	73	14	490	159
1864	213	32	40	20	173	48	63	15	466	138
1865	291	82	76	26	153	36	92	19	562	213
1866	455	88	103	31	227	44	88	19	814	241
1867	843	176	190	169	366	59	157	23	1,444	539
1868	812	334	196	141	402	221	259	111	1,839	707
Total	3,207	864	763	542	2,155	439	1,059	202	6,665	2,566
Discharges.										
To employment or service	403	54	116	72	354	16	187	19	827	394
To friends	273	84	64	50	134	42	77	14	533	205
Emigrated	15	5	2	.	4	.	10	.	24	12
Sent to sea	86	.	.	.	15	2	.	.	103	.
Enlisted	8	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	13	.
Specially discharged	59	10	15	5	122	62	60	40	253	138
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	86	19	12	12	88	2	11	.	195	35
Transferred	56	1	17	15	87	30	12	.	183	44
Died	34	20	10	27	44	11	25	2	109	64
Absconded (sentence expired).	76	58	10	25	108	2	54	.	244	89
Total	1,096	251	246	206	961	176	445	84	2,184	981
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1868	2,111	613	517	336	1,194	263	614	118	4,181	1,585
In school	2,046	599	504	325	1,126	258	589	115	4,029	1,533
On licence	21	1	7	4	25	.	12	3	47	20
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	39	11	3	5	36	4	5	.	90	13
Retained in school, sentence expired.	5	2	3	2	7	1	8	.	15	13

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the YEARS 1865, since their DISCHARGE

	ENGLAND.																			
	Boys.																			
Reformatory.	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.	Mount St. Bernard's, Roman Catholic.	Home in the East.	
DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1865, TO DEC. 31, 1867.	Mode of																			
To employment or service	1	22	9	6	5	.	4	20	2	29	16	7	1	25	.	10	15	46	19	
Returned to friends	19	14	16	12	12	12	2	8	21	35	23	14	5	21	.	33	9	28	16	
Emigrated	4	12	.	.	2	7	.	.	3	10	3	5	1	.	.	9	2	33	.	
Sent to sea	.	1	1	5	4	1	153	.	14	.	4	4	182	5	4	.	11	17	7	
Enlisted	1	2	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	2	.	4	
Specially discharged	.	3	.	.	1	.	5	1	1	.	1	.	5	4	3	1	5	2	1	
Absconded and not recovered	2	8	1	.	1	.	2	1	2	1	2	.	5	.	6	1	1	1	2	
TOTAL	27	62	28	23	28	20	166	30	43	75	50	31	199	56	13	54	45	127	49	
	Subsequent Character																			
Since dead	.	1	2	1	2	.	6	.	.	.	1	.	4	4	1	2	1	6	2	
Doing well	12	34	21	19	18	13	123	20	34	55	40	17	107	34	3	30	34	80	36	
Doubtful	.	3	1	1	.	2	4	1	2	.	1	2	7	1	.	1	1	2	3	
Convicted of crime	6	9	3	2	4	2	8	8	7	20	3	8	20	14	2	13	6	20	6	
Unknown	9	15	1	.	4	3	25	1	.	.	5	4	61	3	7	8	3	13	2	
TOTAL	27	62	28	23	28	20	166	30	43	75	50	31	199	56	13	54	45	127	49	
Per-centage doing well	44	56	80	86	69	65	77	67	79	73	80	55	55	65	25	58	77	66	77	
Ditto re-convicted	22	15	11	9	15	10	5	27	16	27	6	26	10	27	17	25	14	21	13	

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

1866, 1867, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED of CRIME, &c. to DECEMBER 31, 1868.

ENGLAND.

Boys.

Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouth.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	TOTAL PROTESTANT.	DITTO ROMAN CATHOLIC.	Reformatory.
Discharge.																			DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1865, TO DEC. 31, 1867.
33	3	7	3	60	4	69	89	8	10	8	9	8	39	36	23	22	567	101	To employment or service.
41	3	9	13	47	35	62	9	35	15	13	15	28	39	6	15	74	616	143	Returned to friends.
3	.	8	5	.	.	76	3	11	8	.	.	.	5	.	.	6	174	42	Emigrated.
5	1	.	1	11	3	20	12	2	10	3	.	.	1	.	1	10	457	36	Sent to sea.
2	.	1	1	.	.	7	1	2	5	1	.	1	1	.	3	7	39	9	Enlisted.
6	.	1	.	1	.	7	.	3	.	1	1	.	.	1	5	9	48	20	Specially discharged.
2	2	1	1	2	.	2	3	2	.	1	3	2	1	3	4	4	56	13	Absconded and not recovered.
92	9	27	24	121	42	243	117	63	48	27	28	39	86	46	51	132	1,957	364	TOTAL.
and Circumstances.																			
4	.	.	.	7	1	2	4	.	2	1	.	.	2	.	4	5	40	16	Since dead.
67	5	18	23	73	32	183	87	40	33	23	19	25	61	32	27	74	1,328	224	Doing well.
3	1	1	.	10	.	11	2	3	3	.	3	.	1	2	.	5	67	10	Doubtful.
15	1	6	.	28	7	35	19	12	5	2	6	5	20	7	13	43	305	86	Convicted of crime.
3	2	2	1	3	2	12	5	8	5	1	.	9	2	5	7	5	208	28	Unknown.
92	9	27	24	121	42	243	117	63	48	27	28	39	86	46	51	132	1,957	364	TOTAL.
76	55	67	96	64	78	76	77	63	72	88	68	64	73	70	57	58	69	64	Per-centage doing well.
17	11	22	.	25	17	14	17	19	11	8	21	18	24	15	28	34	16	24	Ditto, re-convicted.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

Reformatory Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1865, 1866, 1867, showing December 31,

	ENGLAND.																
	GIRLS.																
Reformatory.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Toxteth Park.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Allesley Farm.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.	TOTAL PROTESTANT.	DITTO ROMAN CATHOLIC.	
DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1865, TO DEC. 31, 1867.																	Mode of
To employment or service	26	21	43	30	37	4	43	12	16	8	16	35	26	24	272	69	
Returned to friends -	14	18	34	18	12	3	26	5	7	6	13	5	13	11	138	47	
Emigrated - - -	1	.	5	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	1	5	9	
Sent to sea - - -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Enlisted - - -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Specially discharged -	2	1	.	1	3	3	2	.	2	8	1	2	2	.	25	2	
Absconded and not recovered.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	5	.	1	1	7	1	
TOTAL -	43	40	82	49	53	11	72	17	25	22	35	43	46	37	447	123	
																	Subsequent Characte
Since dead - - -	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	8	3	
Doing well - - -	33	32	54	36	32	7	49	14	18	7	20	29	24	22	269	78	
Doubtful - - -	4	7	5	4	7	1	11	1	.	.	1	8	10	2	46	15	
Convicted of Crime -	3	1	15	5	5	1	8	.	1	2	.	1	8	5	31	23	
Unknown - - -	3	.	6	4	8	2	4	1	4	12	13	4	3	8	63	9	
TOTAL -	43	40	82	49	53	11	72	17	25	22	35	43	46	37	447	128	
Per-centage doing well -	77	80	67	73	61	64	68	88	78	33	59	69	53	61	68	62	
Ditto re-convicted -	7	2	19	10	10	9	11	.	4	10	.	2	18	11	7	18	

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge to 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.																		
Boys.										Girls.								
Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Total Protestant.	Ditto, Roman Catholic.	Aberdeen.	Dairy.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	Total Protestant.	Ditto Roman Catholic.	Reformatory.
Discharge.																		Discharges from Jan. 1st, 1865, to Dec. 31, 1867.
25	43	12	15	131	70	12	25	263	70	3	14	28	41	4	9	58	41	To employment or service.
14	5	20	2	6	.	19	5	71	.	7	5	24	28	2	4	42	28	Returned to friends.
1	14	.	.	13	7	.	.	28	7	1	.	2	3	.	.	3	3	Emigrated.
4	.	2	.	16	.	6	1	29	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	1	1	1	3	4	.	.	6	4	.	1	3	1	.	.	4	1	Specially discharged.
2	1	8	.	5	8	.	2	18	8	3	4	.	.	2	.	9	.	Absconded and not recovered.
46	64	44	18	175	89	37	33	417	89	14	24	57	73	8	13	116	73	Total.
and Circumstances.																		
4	1	3	1	4	4	1	1	15	4	.	2	3	1	.	.	5	1	Since dead.
27	50	27	11	60	63	10	24	209	63	9	15	36	38	4	13	77	38	Doing well.
.	1	5	2	13	2	5	1	27	2	.	2	6	17	1	.	9	17	Doubtful.
6	12	6	4	22	19	6	4	60	19	1	.	3	13	.	.	4	13	Convicted of crime.
9	.	3	.	76	1	15	3	106	1	4	5	9	4	3	.	21	4	Unknown.
46	64	44	18	175	89	37	33	417	89	14	24	57	73	8	13	116	73	Total.
67	79	66	65	35	74	28	75	52	74	64	68	67	53	50	100	69	52	Per-centage, doing well.
15	19	15	24	13	22	16	12	14	22	7	.	6	18	.	.	3	18	Ditto, re-convicted.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).—Abstract.

	Discharges for Years 1865, 1866, and 1867.		Results to December 31, 1868.				
	How discharged.	Total.	Since dead.	Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted of Crime.	Unknown.
ENGLAND:							
Boys, Protestant	To employment or service	507	12	440	17	87	11
	To friends	616	11	392	29	135	49
	Emigrated	174	3	138	2	8	23
	To sea	457	18	300	13	41	85
	Enlisted	39	1	32	2	3	1
	Specially discharged	48	4	9	1	22	12
	Absconded	56	.	17	3	9	27
	Total	1,957	49	1,328	67	305	208
Boys, Roman Catholic.	To employment or service	101	.	73	4	22	2
	To friends	143	4	85	4	44	6
	Emigrated	42	4	25	1	6	6
	To sea	36	3	24	.	7	2
	Enlisted	9	.	8	.	1	.
	Specially discharged	20	4	8	.	6	2
	Absconded	13	1	1	1	.	10
	Total	364	16	224	10	86	28
Girls, Protestant	To employment or service	272	2	193	32	14	31
	To friends	138	1	97	10	11	19
	Emigrated	5	.	3	.	.	2
	Specially discharged	25	4	6	4	5	7
	Absconded	7	1	1	.	1	4
	Total	447	8	299	46	31	63
Girls, Roman Catholic.	To employment or service	69	2	44	6	14	3
	To friends	47	1	27	8	8	3
	Emigrated	9	.	6	.	1	2
	Specially discharged	2	.	1	1	.	.
	Absconded	1	.	.	.	.	1
	Total	128	3	78	15	23	9
SCOTLAND:							
Boys, Protestant	To employment or service	263	8	149	18	38	50
	To friends	71	6	35	4	14	12
	Emigrated	28	.	12	1	2	13
	To sea	29	.	6	1	2	20
	Enlisted	2	.	1	.	.	1
	Specially discharged	6	1	2	.	3	.
	Absconded	18	.	4	3	1	10
	Total	417	15	209	27	60	106
Boys, Roman Catholic.	To employment or service	70	3	47	2	18	.
	To friends	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Emigrated	7	.	6	.	.	1
	To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Specially discharged	4	1	3	.	.	.
	Absconded	8	.	7	.	1	.
	Total	89	4	63	2	19	1
Girls, Protestant	To employment or service	58	2	45	8	1	2
	To friends	42	3	28	1	2	8
	Emigrated	3	.	2	.	.	1
	Specially discharged	4	.	1	.	1	2
	Absconded	9	.	1	.	.	8
	Total	116	5	77	9	4	21
Girls, Roman Catholic.	To employment or service	41	1	25	9	6	.
	To friends	28	.	12	8	7	1
	Emigrated	3	.	1	.	.	2
	Specially discharged	1	.	.	.	.	1
	Absconded	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Total	73	1	38	17	13	4

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the Years 1865, 1866, 1867, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED OF CRIME, &c. since their DISCHARGE to December 81, 1868.

—	ENGLAND.														
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.			Sunderland.		Ilford, Roman Catholic.	"Havannah," Cardiff.	Park Row, Bristol.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1865, 1866, AND 1867:																
To employment or service	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	20	3	19		
Returned to friends	4	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	12	5	.	24	7	10		
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2		
To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	1	11		
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Specially discharged	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	5	2	2		
Absconded	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.		
Total	12	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	25	6	.	50	15	44		
Committed to Reformatory Schools	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	7	.	4	.	1		
Subsequent character and circumstances:																
Since dead	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1		
Doing well	6	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	21	3	.	15	11	32		
Doubtful	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1		
Convicted of Crime	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	3	.	2		
Unknown	5	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	.	20	3	8		
Total	12	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	25	6	.	50	15	44		

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the YEARS 1865, CRIME, &c. since their DISCHARGE

—	ENGLAND.																	
	Clifton.		Bristol.	Church Farm.	Bolton.		Manchester.		Liverpool.		St. George's Roman Catholic.		Liverpool, Roman Catholic, St. Anne's.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.	Soho Street, Roman Catholic.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1865, 1866, AND 1867:																		
To employment or service	21	.	.	9	1	36	7	17	9	21	18	.	8	.
Returned to friends	11	.	2	1	.	24	6	13	2	26	15	.	1	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
To sea	9	.	1	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	2	.	.	2	.	.	.	7	1	3	.	.	1	.
Absconded	.	.	.	2	1	12	.	2	.	36	5	.	2	.
Total	43	.	3	14	2	73	13	45	12	87	38	.	12	.
Committed to Reformatory Schools	1	.	.	7	.	8	.	1	1	6	.	.	.	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:																		
Since dead	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	1	.	.	..	.
Doing well	31	.	1	6	2	54	12	29	4	16	22	.	6	.
Doubtful	5	.	.	2	.	2	.	3	3	.	5	.	1	.
Convicted of Crime	4	.	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	5	1	.	.	.
Unknown	3	.	2	4	.	12	1	12	5	65	10	.	5	.
Total	43	.	3	14	2	73	13	45	12	87	38	.	12	.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

1866, 1867, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED OF to December 31, 1868.

ENGLAND.

Bedcon Lane, Roman Catholic.		Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.		Kirkdale.		Middlesex.		Boys' Home.		East London.		Boys' Refuge.		Cripples' Home.		Sloane Street.		School of Discipline.		St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic.		Franklin's Row.		Girls' Home.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		
																										DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1865, 1866, AND 1867:
.	.	4	2	.	8	.	.	1		2		4		14		.		.								To employment or service.
.	.	1	1	.	8	4	.	.		.		2		16		.		.								Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.								Emigrated.
.	.	2	.	.	2	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.								To sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.								Enlisted.
.	.	1	.	2	.	1	.	1		.		1		2		.		.								Specially discharged.
.	.	1	.	.	5	4	.	.		.		.		12		.		.								Absconded.
.	.	9	3	2	24	9	.	2		2		7		44		.		.								Total.
.	.	9	.	.	.	3	.	.		.		2		1		.		.								Committed to Reformatory Schools.
																										Subsequent character and circumstances:
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.								Since dead.
.	.	.	.	.	11	.	.	.		1		5		3		.		.								Doing well.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.		1		3		.		.								Doubtful.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.		1		.		.		.		.								Convicted of Crime.
.	.	9	3	2	12	9	.	2		.		1		38		.		.								Unknown.
.	.	9	3	2	24	9	.	2		2		7		44		.		.								Total.

—

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1865, 1866, 1867, to December 31,

—	ENGLAND—*continued.*															
	Newcastle.		Somersetshire.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.		Winson Green.	Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Hull.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1865, 1866, AND 1867:															
To employment or service	23	13	2	.	11	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	.	9	4
Returned to friends	1	5	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	3	3
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	1	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Absconded	2	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total	27	21	3	.	18	.	.	.	1	.	3	3	.	20	7
Committed to Reformatory Schools	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	3	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:															
Since dead	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
Doing well	16	14	2	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	13	4
Doubtful	.	3	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Convicted of Crime	3	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
Unknown	6	2	1	.	4	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	4	1
Total	27	21	3	.	18	.	.	.	1	.	3	3	.	20	7

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

showing the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge 1868—*continued.*

	SCOTLAND.														
	Leeds.		York.		Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		Dumfries.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Discharges for Years 1865, 1866, and 1867:															
To employment or service.	21	.	7	1	12	8	8	6	6	3	.	1	5	3	
Returned to friends.	6	4	31	6	.	.	5	2	1	1	.	.	3	1	
Emigrated.	..	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
To sea.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Enlisted.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Specially discharged.	.	.	1	1	7	3	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	
Absconded.	3	1	4	.	2	1	.	.	.	3	.	.	2	.	
Total.	30	5	43	8	21	12	15	8	8	7	.	1	10	4	
Committed to Reformatory Schools.	3	1	.	.	5	.	.	.	5	.	2	.	.	.	
Subsequent character and circumstances:															
Since dead.	2	.	2	.	2	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	
Doing well.	19	2	29	5	16	7	7	5	7	3	.	1	3	3	
Doubtful.	3	.	3	.	1	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	2	.	
Convicted of Crime	2	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	
Unknown.	4	1	8	3	2	4	6	2	.	3	.	.	4	1	
Total.	30	5	43	8	21	12	15	8	8	7	.	1	10	4	

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1865, 1866, 1867, to December 31,

	SCOTLAND—*continued.*															
	Edinburgh (Original), Ramsay Lane.		Edinburgh (Original), Marionville.	Edinburgh, United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		Glasgow.		Glasgow Rom. Catholic Orphanage.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1865, 1866, AND 1867:															
To employment or service	6	2	10	31	11	20	4	2	2	2	.	40	15	15	11
Returned to friends	2	.	1	7	4	5	2	.	.	1	1	11	3	18	6
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.
Specially discharged	3	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	5	1	2	.
Absconded	.	.	3	1	.	.	.	5	.	17	1	13	4	1	.
Total	11	4	15	42	15	34	6	7	2	21	3	80	23	38	17
Committed to Reformatory Schools	.	.	2	16	.	3	.	.	.	5	1	.	.	.	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:															
Since dead	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Doing well	5	4	11	33	15	27	5	1	2	7	1	35	12	.	.
Doubtful	1	.	2	2	.	2	1	.	.	1	.	11	.	.	.
Convicted of Crime	3	.	.	2	.	4	.	.	.	4	1	6	1	.	.
Unknown	2	.	2	5	.	.	.	6	.	9	1	28	10	38	17
Total	11	4	15	42	15	34	6	7	2	21	3	80	23	38	17

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

showing the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—*continued.*

Glasgow, Slatefields, Roman Catholic.		Perth, Ladies.	Perth Fechney.	Perth, Girls.	Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.	—
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	
														Discharges for Years 1865, 1866, and 1867:
.	6	14	5	9	6	2	2	.	.	.	.	9	To employment or service.
.	1	.	1	10	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	5	Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	To sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Specially discharged.
.	1	.	1	9	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded.
.	8	14	7	32	17	6	2	.	.	.	.	14	Total.
.	.	4	1	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Committed to Reformatory Schools.
														Subsequent character and circumstances:
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	Since dead.
.	6	14	4	19	8	1	1	.	.	.	.	12	Doing well.
.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	Doubtful.
.	.	.	.	3	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	Convicted of Crime.
.	2	.	3	9	6	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	Unknown.
.	8	14	7	32	17	6	2	.	.	.	.	14	Total.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Discharges for the Years 1865, 1866, and 1867.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Protestant.		Roman Catholic.		Protestant.		Roman Catholic.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Mode of Discharge:										
To employment or service	206	49	41	40	185	83	15	11	447	183
To friends	149	31	50	32	47	26	18	6	264	95
Emigrated	5	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	6	2
To sea	44	.	.	.	6	.	2	.	52	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.
Specially discharged	26	6	8	3	22	8	2	.	58	17
Absconded	40	3	37	19	54	14	1	.	132	36
Total	470	89	137	94	316	133	38	17	961	333
Committed to Reformatory Schools	50	5	10	1	46	2	.	.	106	8
Subsequent Character and Circumstances:										
Since dead	11	4	1	.	5	2	.	.	17	6
Doing well	295	54	31	31	186	89	.	.	512	174
Doubtful	22	7	3	9	26	5	.	.	51	21
Convicted of Crime	26	4	8	1	24	4	.	.	58	9
Unknown	116	20	94	53	75	33	38	17	323	123
Total	470	89	137	94	316	133	38	17	961	333
Per-centage Doing well	63	60	23	33	59	67	.	.	53	52
" Convicted	5	4	6	1	8	3	.	.	6	3
" Unknown	25	22	68	56	24	26	100	100	34	40

APPENDIX VII. (*a.*)

RETURN from Governors of Prisons of Males and Females re-convicted during the Year ending December 31, 1868, after Detention in a Reformatory School.

ENGLAND.

Counties.	Prisons.	Males.	Females
BEDS	Bedford County	3	—
BERKS	Reading	1	—
CAMBRIDGE	Cambridge Borough	1	—
	Wisbeach Town	1	—
CHESHIRE	Chester County	4	1
	Chester Borough	1	—
	Knutsford County	2	2
CORNWALL	Bodmin	1	—
DERBY	Derby County	3	—
DEVON	Exeter	2	—
DURHAM	Durham	12	1
ESSEX	Springfield	5	—
GLOUCESTER	Gloucester	8	1
	Bristol City Common Prison	4	—
	Bristol City	2	1
HANTS	Winchester	3	—
HEREFORD	Hereford County	1	—
	Hereford City	1	—
KENT	Canterbury County	1	—
	Canterbury City	2	—
	Sandwich Borough	—	1
LANCASHIRE	Lancaster County	—	2
	Kirkdale County	6	1
	Preston County	4	—
	Salford County	10	2
	Liverpool Borough	51	9
	Manchester City	18	—
LEICESTERSHIRE	Leicester County	1	—
LINCOLN	Kirton Lindsay	2	—
	Falkingham County	1	—
	Spalding County	1	—
MIDDLESEX	Cold Bath Fields	11	—
	Newgate	7	—
	Holloway, City	1	3
	Westminster Female	—	9
MONMOUTH	Monmouth County	1	—
	Usk	4	1
NORFOLK	Norwich County	2	—
	Norwich City	2	—
	Swaffham	3	—
NORTHAMPTON	Northampton County	1	—
NORTHUMBERLAND	Morpeth	4	—
	Tynemouth County	—	1
	Newcastle Borough	6	3
NOTTINGHAM	Nottingham County	3	—
	Nottingham Borough	1	—
	Southwell County	1	—
SHROPSHIRE	Shrewsbury County	1	—
SOMERSETSHIRE	Taunton County	2	—
	Shepton Mallet	4	—
	Bath City	—	1
STAFFORD	Stafford County	5	—
SURREY	Horsemonger Lane	5	—
	Wandsworth County	8	—
SUSSEX	Lewes	2	—
	Petworth	2	—
WARWICK	Warwick County	5	—
	Birmingham Borough	16	1
WESTMORELAND	Kendal County	1	2

APPENDIX VII. (*a*).—*continued.*

RETURN from Governors of Prisons of Males and Females re-convicted during the Year ending December 31, 1868, after Detention in a Reformatory School—*continued.*

Counties.	Prisons.	Males.	Females
ENGLAND—*continued.*			
WILTS	Salisbury County	1	—
WORCESTER	Worcester County and City	6	1
YORKSHIRE	York City	—	2
	York County	1	—
	North Allerton County	2	—
	Beverley County	4	—
	Wakefield	32	2
	Hull Borough	3	—
	Leeds Borough	16	1
CARNARVON	Carnarvon County	1	—
FLINT	Flint County	2	1
GLAMORGAN	Cardiff County	5	1
	Swansea	5	—
BERWICK	Berwick Borough	1	—
	Total	329	49
SCOTLAND.			
ABERDEEN	Aberdeen	8	3
	Peterhead	1	—
AYR	Ayr	1	—
	Kilmarnock	2	—
EDINBURGH	Edinburgh	14	12
ELGIN	Elgin	1	—
FIFE	Cupar Fife	1	—
FORFAR	Dundee	12	—
INVERNESS	Inverness	1	—
LANARK	Glasgow	78	10
LINLITHGOW	Linlithgow	1	—
PERTH	Perth General	11	2
	Perth Borough	4	—
RENFREW	Paisley	4	1
	Greenock	2	—
STIRLING	Stirling	2	—
WIGTON	Wigton	1	—
FLINT	Flint County	1	—
LANCASHIRE	Liverpool Borough	—	3
	Total	145	31

APPENDIX VII. (*b.*)

RETURN showing the Reformatory Schools to which the before-mentioned 329 Males and 49 Females (England), and 145 Males and 31 Females (Scotland), re-convicted in the year 1868, belong respectively, together with the total number of Discharges from the same Schools, up to December 31, 1868, with Per-centage of Re-convictions.

Reformatory School. ENGLAND.	Total No. of Discharges from the School, deducting the dead and transferred.	Re-convictions in 1868.	Per-centage.
BOYS—			
Bedford	89	2	2·24
Berks	33	—	—
Bradwall	206	8	3·88
Cumberland	96	2	2·08
Devon and Exeter	99	2	2·02
Dorset	82	2	2·43
Sunderland	49	—	—
Essex	77	2	2·59
"Cornwall" Ship	395	6	1·51
Glamorganshire	107	11	10·28
Hardwicke	206	9	4·36
Kingswood	267	15	5·61
Hants	150	—	—
Herts	99	3	3·03
"Akbar" Ship	519	19	3·66
Liverpool Farm	140	11	7·85
"Clarence" Ship (R.Cth.)	60	9	15·
North Lancashire	127	7	5·51
Manchester and Salford.	109	5	4·58
Leicestershire	57	—	—
Mount St. Bernard's (Roman Catholic).	623	32	5·13
Home in the East	138	4	2·89
Brook Green (R.Cath.)	352	18	5·11
Monmouth	30	5	16·66
Buxton	124	8	6·45
Northampton	96	—	—
North Eastern	387	26	6·71
Suffolk	142	2	1·4
Redhill	783	21	2·68
Wandsworth	223	9	4·03
Saltley	222	6	2·7
Warwickshire	147	4	2·72
Wilts	98	2	2·04
Woodbury Hill	107	4	3·73
Stoke Farm	137	8	5·83
Calder Farm	205	19	9·26
Castle Howard	153	3	1·96
Leeds	136	15	11·02
Market Weighton (Roman Catholic).	386	30	7·77
	7,456	329	4·41
GIRLS—			
Devon and Exeter	118	1	·84
Sunderland	88	2	2·27
Arno's Court (R. Cath.)	299	15	5·01
Red Lodge	189	4	2·11
Liverpool	174	2	1·14
Toxteth Park	72	1	1·38
Rescue	13	—	—
Hampstead	179	10	5·58
Ipswich	54	—	—
Surrey	31	—	—
Warwickshire	78	3	3·84
Birmingham	99	1	1·01
Limpley Stoke	82	1	1·21
Yorkshire (Rom.Cath.)	57	5	8·77
Wakefield	54	—	—
Doncaster	65	4	6·15
	1,652	49	2·96

Reformatory School. SCOTLAND.	Total No. of Discharges from the School, deducting the dead and transferred.	Re-convictions in 1868.	Per-centage.
BOYS—			
Old Mill	165	10	6·06
Wellington Farm	116	7	6·03
Rossie	73	5	6·84
Inverness	78	2	2·56
Glasgow	813	70	8·61
Parkhead (Roman Catholic).	280	41	14·64
Kibble	99	5	5·05
Stanraer	107	5	4·67
Total	1,731	145	8·38
GIRLS—			
Aberdeen	22	1	4·54
Dairy	75	9	12·
Inverness	8	—	—
Glasgow	264	8	3·03
Dalbeth (R. Cath.)	125	11	8·8
Paisley	22	2	9·09
Stranraer	47	—	—
Total	563	31	5·51

ABSTRACT.

ENGLAND—			
Boys, Protestant	6,035	240	3·97
Boys, Rom. Cath.	1,421	89	6·26
	7,456	329	4·41
Girls, Protestant	1,296	29	2·23
Girls, Rom. Cath.	356	20	5·61
	1,652	49	2·96
SCOTLAND—			
Boys, Protestant	1,451	104	7·44
Boys, Rom. Cath.	280	41	14·64
	1,731	145	8·37
Girls, Protestant	438	20	4·56
Girls, Rom. Cath.	125	11	8·8
	563	31	5·5

NOTE.—The total number of discharges from Reformatory Schools for Great Britain up to December 31, 1867 (after deducting the dead and those transferred from one school to another), was—

England and Wales	Boys	7,456
	Girls	1,652
Scotland	Boys	1,731
	Girls	563
	Total	11,402

APPENDIX VIII. (*a.*)

RETURN showing COUNTIES from which JUVENILE OFFENDERS received in the Certi- 1868, have been COMMITTED and the NUMBER of such Offenders COMMITTED to

	Bedford.	Berks.	Bucks.	Cambridge.	Cheshire.	Cornwall.	Cumberland.	Derby.	Devon.	Dorset.	Durham.	Essex.	Gloucester.	Hereford.	Herts.	Huntingdon.	Kent.	Lancashire.	Leicestershire.	Lincoln.	Middlesex.
	Commitments to Reformatories to December 31, 1868.																				
Boys	90	101	42	52	292	41	52	163	210	93	335	113	449	44	84	6	240	2,640	69	79	1,536
Girls	7	14	9	8	71	12	5	34	68	21	118	24	107	10	7	6	51	526	16	34	389
	Annual Commitments of Juvenile Offenders to Prison for the Thirteen Years ending September 29, 1868.																				
Boys:																					
1856	46	68	46	52	242	31	44	79	202	52	73	175	382	18	94	11	285	1,737	84	63	3,066
1857	42	62	38	62	179	40	22	69	188	47	213	163	297	18	58	9	279	1,539	110	89	3,133
1858	25	62	40	35	149	20	41	49	153	38	158	128	226	14	65	23	225	1,226	139	77	2,044
1859	28	45	42	46	117	16	23	39	159	22	137	86	259	25	49	9	236	1,083	89	77	2,281
1860	33	59	23	66	132	44	16	46	146	35	85	126	218	34	52	12	257	890	74	74	1,865
1861	47	83	38	54	118	44	12	36	168	38	117	148	261	25	54	9	234	937	84	89	1,762
1862	34	76	43	54	99	38	26	49	187	33	129	118	271	17	45	12	273	994	101	95	1,335
1863	34	91	29	40	158	35	30	39	181	31	145	134	299	27	65	9	220	1,033	94	80	1,426
1864	36	72	27	48	131	35	23	52	188	48	128	149	214	26	37	8	231	884	85	121	1,864
1865	44	49	30	27	161	35	12	44	118	48	157	147	289	29	51	12	265	1,041	83	114	2,111
1866	31	84	27	37	138	42	22	59	102	32	165	156	265	39	69	14	251	1,058	78	106	2,120
1867	36	74	43	38	106	56	23	70	168	38	145	170	235	35	72	14	316	1,106	72	94	2,150
1868	25	54	32	33	111	42	24	96	142	41	141	172	295	31	72	10	334	1,226	66	137	1,976
Girls:																					
1856	2	18	5	5	47	12	9	10	34	8	20	17	61	5	12	4	53	430	16	25	507
1857	3	14	4	8	31	3	11	12	36	7	37	13	48	7	4	5	50	286	16	20	398
1858	5	7	2	4	18	12	5	4	35	12	30	15	25	4	6	6	34	202	18	39	368
1859	4	12	2	5	20	13	6	23	22	6	30	12	31	3	1	1	40	171	11	25	278
1860	3	14	5	5	25	10	4	16	33	10	25	16	41	3	5	2	38	155	6	26	315
1861	5	18	6	11	15	8	3	11	52	4	23	19	49	4	4	5	55	188	21	26	287
1862	2	11	5	7	24	11	6	9	39	7	31	19	25	7	5	5	33	176	14	31	176
1863	3	7	2	8	27	9	12	9	30	5	43	18	27	4	5	4	24	164	7	20	238
1864	1	10	6	11	32	12	6	10	30	6	44	15	38	3	6	.	41	174	11	37	256
1865	3	5	4	7	19	8	8	12	19	4	26	18	30	9	8	2	43	162	10	29	206
1866	1	11	9	8	30	6	1	5	17	3	29	13	39	2	6	2	28	153	10	19	273
1867	3	10	3	8	24	7	2	9	25	4	35	23	54	6	14	1	54	150	17	16	231
1868	1	6	7	6	26	11	9	10	23	9	48	21	34	4	10	4	26	188	7	31	231

Note.—The Youthful Offenders Act requires that every Young Offender sentenced to Detention
Numbers returned above as committed to Prison

APPENDIX VIII. (*a*.)

fied Reformatories of England and Wales from August 1854 to December Prison in the same Counties for the Thirteen Years ending September 29, 1868.

Monmouth.	Norfolk.	Northampton.	Northumberland.	Nottingham.	Oxford.	Rutland.	Salop.	Somerset.	Southampton.	Stafford.	Suffolk.	Surrey.	Sussex.	Warwickshire.	Westmoreland.	Wilts.	Worcester.	Yorkshire.	Glamorgan.	Other Welsh Counties.	TOTALS.	
Commitments to Reformatories to December 31, 1868.																						
51	189	99	365	144	32	.	43	234	181	271	151	730	131	665	17	111	178	1,308	117	80	11,657	Boys.
33	19	16	48	16	5	1	16	73	30	86	17	102	25	133	2	27	47	335	19	40	2,619	Girls.
Annual Commitments of Juvenile Offenders to Prison for the Thirteen Years ending September 29, 1868.																						Boys:
42	187	79	220	119	44	4	67	171	230	209	123	1,317	150	366	12	37	80	796	92	64	11,808	1856.
35	188	63	162	134	43	4	28	142	255	222	104	1,437	146	309	12	56	61	568	132	64	10,822	1857.
42	147	64	188	132	53	2	31	100	189	189	79	963	94	221	9	47	75	510	114	37	8,837	1858.
21	116	67	150	88	23	1	40	132	144	179	78	701	107	199	8	59	74	443	95	33	7,582	1859.
43	140	41	87	69	27	4	36	87	182	235	67	611	100	130	5	44	84	384	60	39	6,765	1860.
27	210	72	107	123	45	3	48	120	201	245	64	716	117	186	5	50	84	480	64	48	7,373	1861.
37	206	63	118	102	67	5	62	123	223	205	112	737	144	165	5	45	65	463	62	42	7,080	1862.
43	201	55	129	110	41	2	40	128	229	170	78	780	108	179	7	54	72	495	48	39	7,208	1863.
26	198	56	119	120	36	2	34	118	242	191	81	845	130	201	21	47	57	499	74	32	7,536	1864.
31	167	53	150	167	53	3	51	127	222	185	95	1,073	123	215	12	49	70	546	52	38	8,350	1865.
33	162	60	110	119	35	2	46	121	221	220	81	902	103	226	14	80	72	495	76	26	8,099	1866.
35	126	65	134	88	55	6	39	90	229	244	91	907	95	212	11	49	78	542	92	36	8,285	1867.
41	185	53	163	108	47	3	64	111	224	241	112	994	129	292	7	80	132	518	98	45	8,702	1868.
																						Girls:
34	15	10	79	17	7	.	20	35	42	77	15	161	31	63	8	9	29	171	90	20	2,173	1856.
13	15	9	36	23	7	.	17	36	23	22	7	144	38	45	1	12	22	94	86	16	1,679	1857.
14	11	9	33	17	6	1	12	28	27	26	21	117	23	28	3	7	27	129	77	16	1,492	1858.
10	8	8	46	13	5	.	8	15	31	37	11	143	26	39	5	15	18	96	63	8	1,380	1859.
23	17	15	23	10	5	.	12	12	34	57	13	77	27	32	3	9	16	87	26	9	1,264	1860.
20	29	10	34	6	5	.	10	31	39	65	17	94	23	31	2	12	22	112	32	11	1,428	1861.
32	18	11	16	14	8	3	15	24	40	86	19	97	26	30	1	15	31	84	42	14	1,269	1862.
14	17	6	36	16	10	.	13	21	25	66	11	107	30	40	2	4	21	84	43	19	1,251	1863.
13	20	7	31	11	9	2	11	17	40	59	10	102	28	32	.	12	16	100	31	21	1,321	1864.
13	20	7	25	25	4	.	9	10	44	53	7	108	31	45	.	7	35	94	28	13	1,296	1865.
17	18	10	22	18	11	1	9	28	52	59	7	88	25	59	2	10	16	88	41	6	1,257	1866.
12	15	13	25	17	18	1	15	15	44	80	13	99	28	53	2	21	23	104	28	15	1,346	1867.
23	21	15	29	17	7	.	13	18	34	120	19	87	24	52	1	10	20	109	31	15	1,377	1868.

in a Reformatory School should undergo a previous Imprisonment of at least 14 days. The include those also sentenced to Reformatories.

APPENDIX VIII. (*b.*) - - - -

RETURN showing the NUMBER of CHILDREN COMMITTED to REFORMATORY Years 1861 to

COUNTIES.	1861.			1862.			1863.			1864.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Bedford	11	.	11	7	.	7	6	.	6	8	.	8
Berks	9	1	10	11	.	11	7	3	10	4	.	4
Bucks	5	1	6	3	1	4	2	.	2	1	.	1
Cambridge	8	.	8	1	3	4	5	.	5	7	1	8
Cheshire	14	4	18	20	8	28	21	8	29	20	8	28
Cornwall	2	.	2	2	1	3	4	.	4	7	1	8
Cumberland	4	.	4	3	.	3	.	1	1	5	.	5
Derby	9	3	12	10	4	14	7	7	14	10	2	12
Devon	21	10	31	17	5	22	13	6	19	19	5	24
Dorset	5	4	9	7	.	7	6	2	8	9	.	9
Durham	30	10	40	21	11	32	17	15	32	22	11	33
Essex	13	5	18	1	.	1	14	4	18	11	.	11
Gloucester	31	8	39	30	8	38	30	5	35	18	13	31
Hereford	6	.	6	4	1	5	2	.	2	4	.	4
Herts	12	.	12	9	.	9	5	.	5	6	3	9
Hunts	.	.	.	.	2	2	2	1	3	.	1	1
Kent	16	7	23	24	2	26	17	3	20	19	8	27
Lancashire	188	34	222	194	45	239	179	27	206	194	35	229
Leicestershire	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	.	3	2	.	2
Lincoln	3	3	6	5	3	8	6	5	11	6	3	9
Middlesex	172	59	231	93	23	116	43	27	70	64	26	90
Monmouth	7	7	14	2	3	5	5	1	6	1	2	3
Norfolk	10	2	12	11	1	12	14	1	15	11	2	13
Northampton	2	.	2	13	1	14	9	1	10	4	.	4
Northumberland	33	5	38	30	2	32	30	5	35	23	8	31
Notts	9	1	10	19	2	21	13	1	14	17	1	18
Oxford	8	.	8	3	.	3	1	.	1	3	1	4
Rutland	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Salop	7	.	7	5	1	6	.	1	1	5	.	5
Somerset	20	17	37	22	5	27	14	4	18	17	7	24
Southampton	8	5	13	10	2	12	13	1	14	14	.	14
Stafford	26	7	33	13	7	20	13	7	20	20	9	29
Suffolk	11	1	12	19	3	22	8	.	8	12	.	12
Surrey	63	12	75	60	15	75	37	8	45	66	6	72
Sussex	8	4	12	16	2	18	6	3	9	10	.	10
Warwickshire	68	10	78	33	3	36	51	6	57	53	11	64
Westmoreland	1	.	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	1
Wilts	5	2	7	7	2	9	4	1	5	2	1	3
Worcestershire	18	6	24	12	5	17	5	5	10	11	1	12
Yorkshire	98	31	129	71	23	94	105	24	129	101	21	122
Glamorgan	9	.	9	9	4	13	6	.	6	14	1	15
Other WELSH COUNTIES	7	1	8	6	.	6	2	4	6	9	4	13
Totals	978	261	1,239	825	201	1,026	725	187	912	830	192	1,022

APPENDIX VIII. (*b.*)

SCHOOLS in ENGLAND and WALES from the different COUNTIES, for the 1868 inclusive.

1865.			1866.			1867.			1868.			COUNTIES.
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
10	1	11	6	.	6	6	1	7	6	.	6	Bedford.
6	1	7	3	1	4	5	.	5	2	1	3	Berks.
2	.	2	6	3	9	12	1	13	4	.	4	Bucks.
4	.	4	3	3	6	10	.	10	2	.	2	Cambridge.
14	1	15	13	11	24	24	9	33	34	4	38	Cheshire.
5	.	5	5	1	6	8	3	11	7	3	10	Cornwall.
1	1	2	5	.	5	5	.	5	6	2	8	Cumberland.
2	1	3	9	.	9	16	4	20	17	.	17	Derby.
20	3	23	12	5	17	19	4	23	14	4	18	Devon.
8	2	10	7	2	9	12	1	13	12	4	16	Dorset.
24	13	37	29	7	36	29	19	48	18	12	30	Durham.
12	4	16	12	2	14	12	2	14	22	5	27	Essex.
29	14	43	32	13	45	35	12	47	42	12	54	Gloucester.
7	3	10	5	1	6	2	1	3	3	1	4	Hereford.
5	.	5	9	.	9	6	.	6	4	.	4	Herts.
.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	4	.	.	.	Hunts.
24	6	30	16	4	20	21	6	27	44	5	49	Kent.
276	47	323	230	40	270	211	23	234	220	36	256	Lancashire.
5	.	5	5	2	7	9	1	10	4	1	5	Leicestershire.
10	2	12	8	4	12	17	2	19	5	5	10	Lincoln.
109	50	159	160	40	200	204	43	247	108	30	138	Middlesex.
6	2	8	6	1	7	7	2	9	3	5	8	Monmouth.
6	1	7	14	1	15	11	3	14	19	6	25	Norfolk.
3	4	7	3	1	4	4	1	5	10	1	11	Northampton.
24	2	26	22	5	27	16	4	20	21	6	27	Northumberland.
6	1	7	17	4	21	15	2	17	18	.	18	Notts.
1	2	3	2	.	2	3	1	4	.	1	1	Oxford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Rutland.
2	1	3	4	.	4	1	1	2	4	6	10	Salop.
26	7	33	30	7	37	20	5	25	22	4	26	Somerset.
18	1	19	14	6	20	17	4	21	14	4	18	Southampton.
27	13	40	32	9	41	32	8	40	30	14	44	Stafford.
7	.	7	12	.	12	8	6	14	14	1	15	Suffolk.
67	14	81	112	14	126	77	11	88	97	9	106	Surrey.
9	4	13	12	3	15	11	1	12	10	2	12	Sussex.
63	14	77	47	16	63	38	6	44	44	14	58	Warwickshire.
2	.	2	3	.	3	.	.	.	3	.	3	Westmoreland.
7	.	7	13	6	19	10	2	12	23	2	25	Wilts.
8	6	14	14	6	20	20	4	24	13	2	15	Worcestershire.
119	29	148	113	29	142	123	33	156	135	35	170	Yorkshire.
15	1	16	8	2	10	15	6	21	10	2	12	Glamorgan.
4	5	9	11	2	13	16	5	21	8	3	11	Other WELSH COUNTIES.
993	256	1,249	1,064	251	1,315	1,110	238	1,348	1,072	242	1,314	Totals.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools.

RETURN

OF

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF MAINTENANCE, INDUSTRIAL TRAINING, &c.

For the Year ending December 31, 1868.

NOTE.—The following Tables have been prepared with the view,—1st, of showing the cost of each Certified Reformatory under the distinct heads of management, maintenance and disposal of inmates, and buildings; and 2dly, of comparing the expenses of the different schools fairly together, and so enabling the various managers to judge what the charges for their schools ought to be.

In reference to the first of these objects,—All charges connected with the superintendence, food, clothing, and lodging of the inmates are classed and summed up separately. The result gives the cost of maintenance and training, and divided by the average number of inmates gives the cost per head for these.

Rent of school premises, cost of disposal of inmates by emigration or employment in England, and building expenses, are taken separately. The rent of the land attached to the school is included in the "Farm account," and makes an item in the industrial expenses.

The profit or loss on account of the industrial departments are given separately. In estimating the profit or loss of the industrial employments carried on in any reformatory, the increase or decrease of the value of the stock has been taken into account.

In reference to the second object,—The schools are arranged according to the number of their inmates, boys' schools and girls' schools being classed respectively together, and the Scotch reformatories being taken separately from the English ones. The annual cost of food and clothing of the inmates is added as an important element of the comparison.

It will be seen that the cost per head for food in the year 1868, averaged—

	£	s.	d.
For boys, England	7	10	1
For boys, Scotland	6	17	11
For girls, England	7	1	9
For girls, Scotland	5	8	6

Also, that the cost per head for clothing averaged—

For boys, England	3	11	6
For boys, Scotland	3	0	3
For girls, England	1	18	8
For girls, Scotland	2	0	5

	£	s.	d.
The total Expenditure for Reformatories for the year was	121,697	12	11

The Receipts were—

* Treasury payments for maintenance	77,351	1	11
* Parents' payments through Inspector	3,017	12	1
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	10,226	12	5
Contributions from Rates	17,823	4	9
Ditto Voluntary Associations and Payments for voluntary inmates	722	8	9
Sundries	2,297	0	1
Profit on Industrial Departments	10,829	14	11
Total	£122,267	14	11

A separate table [Appendix IX. (*b.*)] is annexed at the end of these returns, showing, in one view, the total cost per head of each reformatory to its supporters under all the ordinary heads of expenditure for the year. In this the total cost for maintenance and management is first given, including rent. The amount expended on the emigration or other mode of disposal of the inmate, follows next, and then the profit realized or the loss sustained from the industrial department. The result divided by the number of inmates gives the net expense of each inmate for the year.

In the succeeding table, Appendix IX. (*c.*), is shown the comparative cost per head for the items of food, clothing, and salaries, to which is added the profit per head realized during the past twelve months.

* These items comprise the amounts actually paid within the year, that is, those due for the last quarter of 1867 and the first three quarters of 1868.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.				
	Mon-mouth.	Devon and Exeter.	Essex.	Bedford.	Buxton.
	Boys, 19. Officers, 3.	Boys, 28. Officers, 5.	Boys, 31. Officers, 3.	Boys, 34. Officers, 5.	Boys, 36. Officers, 5.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance - -	284 18 11	416 12 0	445 2 2	512 5 3	478 14 7
Parents' Payments - -	22 6 9	31 15 0	36 19 6	31 16 9	23 18 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c. -	56 0 0	66 1 0	35 8 0	- -	85 0 0
Payments from Rates -	29 3 6	170 5 0	17 10 0	8 5 0	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	20 0 0
Sundries - - - -	- -	1 19 2	38 19 3	34 0 8	19 15 3
Total Receipts -	392 9 2	686 12 2	573 13 11	586 7 8	632 8 4
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations -	101 7 11	161 12 0	150 6 10	271 1 10	153 10 6
Food of Inmates - -	186 11 5	269 13 2	240 7 6	255 11 11	287 1 3
Clothing „ - - -	50 16 5	64 3 7	86 4 8	45 4 5	79 9 7
Washing, Fuel, and Light -	16 4 10	51 19 5	56 17 0	70 19 1	49 18 7
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes -	3 7 0	4 19 4	5 11 9	21 8 7	32 14 2
Furniture and House Sundries	9 5 6	33 1 9	31 16 10	23 17 10	36 2 2
Printing and Office Expenses -	10 3 1	18 13 9	20 12 0	11 19 0	15 3 2
Travelling and Police - -	6 1 1	0 6 6	12 17 10	2 0 8	3 9 0
Medical Expenses and Funerals	5 5 0	11 16 10	5 5 0	15 4 2	5 5 5
Sundries, Rewards, &c. -	0 16 5	9 13 7	14 8 2	10 0 0	8 7 10
Total Ordinary Charges -	389 18 8	625 19 11	624 7 7	727 7 6	671 1 8
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management -	20 10 5	22 7 2	20 2 10	21 7 10	18 12 10
Ditto Food - - -	9 16 5	9 12 7	7 15 1	7 10 5	7 10 6
Ditto Clothing - -	2 13 6	2 5 10	2 15 8	1 6 7	2 4 2
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises -	- -	18 0 0	34 8 0	- -	13 0 0
Disposal, Home - -	4 6 9	19 7 4	15 6 6	19 8 9	19 7 4
„ Emigration - -	- -	- -	25 15 8	32 13 6	16 19 0
Building, Land, and Sundries.	- -	27 6 5	- -	- -	- -
Total Extra Charges -	4 6 9	64 13 9	75 10 2	52 2 3	49 6 4
Total Expenditure -	394 5 5	690 13 8	699 17 9	779 9 9	720 8 0
Industrial Departments.					
Profit - - - - -	123 2 6	69 19 9	203 19 6	247 3 6	61 9 8
Loss - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of, for 1868.

ENGLAND—BOYS.					
WOODBURY HILL. Boys, 36. Officers, 4.	NORTHAMPTON. Boys, 38. Officers, 3.	DORSET. Boys, 42. Officers, 3.	GLAMORGAN. Boys, 42. Officers, 4.	HARDWICKE. Boys, 44. Officers, 5.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
555 15 8	513 16 5	565 19 7	638 18 5	650 16 9	Treasury Allowance.
28 13 6	33 8 2	30 5 10	10 2 6	47 12 10	Parents' Payments.
- -	66 11 0	50 18 0	193 11 6	- -	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
40 14 10	52 0 6	17 12 7	271 0 7	231 1 0	Payments from Rates.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- -	- -	11 0 0	4 0 0	- -	Sundries.
625 4 0	665 16 1	675 16 0	1,117 13 0	929 10 7	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
199 3 10	180 11 0	160 3 4	243 7 8	252 0 10	Officers' Pay and Rations.
306 9 2	203 16 0	346 8 5	291 8 7	329 15 8	Food of Inmates.
102 7 11	61 2 10	110 19 5	49 11 3	180 11 4	Clothing ,,
50 3 8	48 9 6	66 6 3	28 1 5	70 1 9	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
5 4 2	10 11 9	- -	8 5 11	- -	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
30 13 7	35 14 10	34 5 10	40 19 6	98 12 8	Furniture and House Sundries.
21 13 3	9 16 4	10 14 5	47 6 4	20 15 8	Printing and Office Expenses.
80 10 1	2 3 6	24 14 0	11 14 11	27 4 1	Travelling and Police.
6 17 0	4 10 6	5 16 1	7 12 2	32 19 4	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
2 4 10	20 13 4	4 14 0	- -	6 18 6	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
755 7 6	667 9 7	764 1 9	728 7 9	1,018 19 10	Total Ordinary Charges.
20 19 8	17 11 3	18 3 10	17 6 10	23 3 2	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
8 10 3	7 14 7	8 4 11	6 18 9	7 9 10	Ditto Food.
2 16 11	1 12 2	2 12 11	1 3 7	4 2 1	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
- -	- -	- -	30 0 0	65 10 6	Rent of School Premises.
18 4 2	24 3 5	43 2 9	28 4 0	51 19 2	Disposal, Home.
- -	64 7 1	- -	- -	- -	,, Emigration.
- -	- -	60 10 8	- -	- -	Building Land, and Sundries.
18 4 2	88 10 6	103 13 5	58 4 0	117 9 8	Total Extra Charges.
773 11 8	756 0 1	867 15 2	786 11 9	1,136 9 6	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
73 0 1	130 12 1	130 6 5	64 2 5	62 19 6	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.				
	Herts.	Cumberland.	Wilts.	Hants.	Suffolk.
	Boys, 44. Officers, 4.	Boys, 46. Officers, 5.	Boys, 49. Officers, 6.	Boys, 54. Officers, 7.	Boys, 56. Officers, 4.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	626 10 9	662 11 9	699 9 6	896 5 11	928 6 2
Parents' Payments	30 12 9	46 12 6	39 1 0	56 10 3	75 4 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	200 3 0	46 4 11	16 2 0	1,045 14 0	24 13 6
Payments from Rates	59 15 4	135 17 10	335 2 7	382 11 6	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Sundries	- -	- -	7 6 1	16 3 0	- -
Total Receipts	917 1 10	891 7 0	1,097 1 2	2,397 4 8	1,028 4 2
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	256 7 11	198 8 4	249 2 0	290 19 9	237 0 0
Food of Inmates	336 18 4	300 12 5	471 0 11	416 13 2	417 11 6
Clothing	111 6 10	148 5 2	176 11 0	122 8 1	102 0 5
Washing, Fuel, and Light	50 9 5	40 18 10	43 2 2	85 8 9	76 6 8
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	3 18 1	9 14 7	97 17 5	35 6 1	44 2 11
Furniture and House Sundries	55 8 2	24 2 10	72 19 3	216 5 1	48 15 8
Printing and Office Expenses	24 9 2	12 14 6	36 0 7	31 13 0	7 0 8
Travelling and Police	0 14 4	5 1 3	10 5 10	7 6 4	11 6 11
Medical Expenses and Funerals	4 11 11	22 13 9	15 17 0	2 0 0	15 1 5
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	2 2 0	3 0 5	13 7 5	133 5 11	23 7 7
Total Ordinary Charges	846 6 2	765 12 1	1,186 3 7	1,341 6 2	982 13 9
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	19 4 8	16 12 10	24 4 2	24 16 8	17 10 11
Ditto Food	7 13 2	6 10 8	9 12 3	7 14 4	7 9 2
Ditto Clothing	2 10 7	3 4 5	3 12 1	2 5 4	1 16 5
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	92 3 0	55 0 0	- -	46 11 9	18 0 0
Disposal, Home	4 14 1	28 9 0	27 12 9	59 0 6	109 5 4
„ Emigration	41 5 11	- -	10 8 7	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	52 1 9	- -	- -	346 17 9	- -
Total Extra Charges	190 4 9	83 9 0	38 1 4	452 10 0	127 5 4
Total Expenditure	1,036 10 11	849 1 1	1,224 4 11	1,793 16 2	1,109 19 1
Industrial Departments.					
Profit	122 14 7	- -	173 5 9	- -	14 18 0
Loss	- -	29 11 0	- -	62 15 9	- -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.)

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued*.

ENGLAND—Boys.																									
Bradwall.			Home in the East.			Manchester and Salford.			Warwickshire.			Castle Howard.			Receipts and Expenditure.										
Boys, 63. Officers, 6.			Boys, 66. Officers, 6.			Boys, 67. Officers, 6.			Boys, 68. Officers, 10.			Boys, 68. Officers, 8.													
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.											
															Receipts.										
933	1	8	1,041	17	5	930	8	10	955	17	1	924	15	6	Treasury Allowance.										
43	0	9	46	8	0	58	0	1	59	17	6	94	6	6	Parents' Payments.										
-	-		146	11	6	218	17	4	304	16	0	200	19	0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.										
271	2	10	-	-		238	16	11	-	-		362	19	10	Payments from Rates.										
-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		Payments from Voluntary Associations										
-	-		-	-		-	-		61	16	6	0	6	6	Sundries.										
1,250	5	3	1,234	16	11	1,455	12	2	1,382	1	1	1,583	7	4	Total Receipts.										
															Expenditure.										
															Ordinary Charges.										
338	7	7	311	7	0	306	14	8	421	6	0	353	6	2	Officers' Pay and Rations.										
505	17	7	516	16	3	420	15	10	440	14	7	514	1	9	Food of Inmates.										
143	11	10	102	8	6	128	19	8	158	7	5	176	10	5	Clothing „										
45	2	5	76	16	8	102	8	11	128	15	11	73	13	9	Washing, Fuel, and Light.										
13	8	2	65	8	8	128	0	4	63	12	0	15	16	2	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.										
52	2	2	42	10	6	55	17	11	44	13	5	146	4	10	Furniture and House Sundries.										
6	0	3	20	19	2	41	6	8	91	12	3	114	3	3	Printing and Office Expenses.										
4	15	5	12	0	4	14	16	8	11	7	11	54	18	8	Travelling and Police.										
18	7	8	27	8	6	7	14	2	26	17	11	18	11	0	Medical Expenses and Funerals										
40	8	5	1	13	11	44	15	6	37	14	5	-	-		Sundries, Rewards, &c.										
1,218	1	11	1,177	9	6	1,200	11	4	1,425	1	10	1,467	6	0	Total Ordinary Charges.										
19	0	8	17	16	9	18	16	4	20	19	2	21	11	6	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.										
8	0	7	7	16	7	6	8	4	6	9	8	7	11	2	Ditto Food.										
2	5	7	1	11	0	1	18	6	2	6	7	2	11	11	Ditto Clothing.										
															Extra Charges.										
-	-		41	17	4	-	-		-	-		-	-		Rent of School Premises.										
7	13	0	28	14	5	52	2	7	119	0	1	85	0	7	Disposal, Home.										
40	1	6	-	-		-	-		45	17	2	-	-		„ Emigration.										
-	-		-	-		-	-		60	17	9	190	2	9	Building, Land, and Sundries										
47	14	6	70	11	9	52	2	7	225	15	0	275	8	4	Total Extra Charges.										
1,265	16	5	1,248	1	3	1,312	13	11	1,650	16	10	1,742	9	4	Total Expenditure.										
															Industrial Departments.										
21	6	1	157	7	10	142	17	1	127	4	8	178	6	7	Profit.										
-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		Loss.										

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.											
	Stoke Farm. Boys, 71. Officers, 8.			Leeds. Boys, 78. Officers, 7.			Saltley. Boys, 79. Officers, 9.			Calder Farm. Boys, 87. Officers, 8.			North Lancashire. Boys, 93. Officers, 10.		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance	1,044	2	2	1,161	16	3	1,159	3	1	1,168	3	2	1,287	13	5
Parents' Payments	20	0	6	43	19	3	54	17	0	121	17	2	117	6	9
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	200	0	0	196	14	8	157	18	0	92	13	6	-	-	
Payments from Rates	-	-		498	2	4	268	16	8	308	15	1	328	16	10
Payments from Voluntary Associations	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Sundries	-	-		-	-		63	2	2	-	-		8	19	8
Total Receipts	1,264	2	8	1,900	12	6	1,703	16	11	1,691	8	11	1,742	16	8
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations	330	6	5	265	15	0	425	1	6	419	18	6	360	4	9
Food of Inmates	650	6	7	544	5	4	504	17	10	732	18	7	565	13	11
Clothing „	184	8	0	200	10	10	131	5	11	181	16	8	206	16	5
Washing, Fuel, and Light	97	15	7	87	13	3	51	5	8	108	10	5	82	4	4
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	55	1	0	82	12	3	87	19	6	23	14	6	15	4	6
Furniture and House Sundries	54	12	8	63	16	3	37	15	5	49	4	5	44	9	4
Printing and Office Expenses	38	17	10	48	9	9	35	17	1	28	0	3	31	8	11
Travelling and Police	7	7	9	35	9	7	4	14	5	22	3	2	19	4	7
Medical Expenses and Funerals	3	3	6	11	14	1	10	17	3	13	4	8	4	14	7
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	34	11	6	37	15	6	23	4	8	27	16	4	40	12	5
Total Ordinary Charges	1,456	10	10	1,378	1	10	1,312	19	3	1,607	7	7	1,460	13	9
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	20	10	3	17	13	6	16	12	5	18	9	6	15	14	2
Ditto Food	9	3	2	6	19	7	6	7	10	8	8	6	6	1	8
Ditto Clothing	2	11	11	2	11	5	1	13	3	2	1	10	3	3	10
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises	40	0	0	-			-			185	0	0	86	11	10
Disposal, Home	-			60	16	9	-			9	0	4	80	17	3
„ Emigration	-			-			56	11	3	31	11	3	27	17	8
Building, Land, and Sundries	-			129	17	0	-			28	19	4	68	17	2
Total Extra Charges	40	0	0	190	13	9	56	11	3	254	16	11	264	3	11
Total Expenditure	1,496	10	10	1,568	15	7	1,369	10	6	1,861	13	6	1,724	17	6
Industrial Departments.															
Profit	38	2	8	-			158	8	10	101	6	4	79	1	7
Loss	-			52	16	7	-			-	-	-	-		

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—Boys.					
Liverpool Farm. Boys, 111. Officers, 9.	Kingswood. Boys, 125. Officers, 11.	Brook Green. Rom. Cath. Boys, 131. Officers, 11.	Wandsworth. Boys, 134. Officers, 14.	North Eastern. Boys, 157. Officers, 13.	Receipts and Expenditure.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
1,573 15 10	1,831 14 10	2,002 6 2	2,071 4 6	2,316 4 5	Treasury Allowance.
66 17 3	61 4 9	22 13 6	77 1 6	108 0 3	Parents' Payments.
153 4 2	51 13 8	337 17 0	550 0 0	332 7 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
231 4 5	631 6 5	386 9 4	648 10 3	- -	Payments from Rates.
- -	18 10 5	43 19 0	26 0 0	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
19 0 6	- -	529 11 7	- -	24 1 1	Sundries.
2,094 2 2	2,594 10 1	3,322 16 7	3,372 16 3	2,780 12 9	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
338 16 10	495 18 5	367 8 0	613 15 8	516 6 10	Officers' Pay and Rations.
746 13 4	868 7 8	1,039 7 10	1,562 9 11	1,387 17 5	Food of Inmates.
259 14 11	249 11 1	287 3 8	514 2 0	175 12 0	Clothing „
106 18 4	68 6 11	102 1 1	242 6 0	78 9 8	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
51 12 6	338 5 9	230 15 10	144 1 10	159 9 0	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
147 4 9	262 14 5	107 7 9	505 17 4	142 14 5	Furniture and House Sundries.
116 10 5	43 6 8	34 7 11	71 15 5	113 7 2	Printing and Office Expenses.
45 3 4	9 17 11	16 5 6	56 0 0	20 19 4	Travelling and Police.
32 12 8	39 5 4	29 12 8	150 19 0	25 0 0	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
15 2 1	30 0 0	189 15 4	58 9 8	- -	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,910 9 2	2,405 14 2	2,424 5 7	3,919 16 10	2,619 15 10	Total Ordinary Charges.
17 4 3	19 4 11	18 10 1	20 8 4	16 13 9	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
6 14 6	6 18 11	8 1 9	8 2 9	8 16 10	Ditto Food.
2 6 10	1 19 11	2 3 10	2 13 7	1 2 4	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
215 7 9	- -	135 18 6	472 10 0	- -	Rent of School Premises.
126 10 0	30 0 0	65 5 0	58 4 6	17 10 11	Disposal, Home.
9 15 0	27 12 4	- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
77 7 4	425 0 0	1,000 0 0	*6,350 16 4	103 4 3	Building, Land, and Sundries.
429 0 1	482 12 4	1,201 3 6	6,881 10 10	120 15 2	Total Extra Charges.
2,339 9 3	2,888 6 6	3,625 9 1	10,801 7 8	2,740 11 0	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
13 11 3	260 4 0	211 6 6	675 19 6	21 17 10	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss.

* The sum of 6,000*l.* has been expended on the new premises.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.											
	"Akbar." Boys, 177. Officers, 11.			"Clarence." Rom. Cath. Boys, 201. Officers, 11.			"Cornwall." Boys, 226. Officers, 12.			Market Weighton. Rom. Cath. Boys, 211. Officers, 18.			Mt. Saint Bernard's. Rom. Cath. Boys, 258. Officers, 23.		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance - -	2,600	1	8	3,178	6	4	3,445	6	1	3,125	5	0	3,882	14	10
Parents' Payments - -	126	17	10	62	10	6	215	8	3	65	4	0	73	6	9
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c. -	153	4	2	195	19	6	547	6	6	-	-		376	9	6
Payments from Rates - -	541	11	2	592	0	4	1,099	1	1	809	3	4	1,314	7	11
Payments from Voluntary Associations - - -	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Sundries - - -	54	13	6	152	7	0	229	1	6	53	8	9	48	0	3
Total Receipts -	3,476	8	4	4,181	3	8	5,536	3	5	4,053	1	1	5,694	19	3
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations -	1,207	18	0	1,118	15	0	1,180	19	11	690	14	0	597	7	6
Food of Inmates - -	1,025	14	1	1,310	15	9	1,540	16	5	1,595	12	2	2,406	11	0
Clothing „ - -	381	18	7	504	4	3	401	0	3	907	0	0	762	0	2
Washing, Fuel, and Light -	142	13	0	141	10	1	205	9	4	187	3	0	292	7	11
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes -	525	16	1	-	-		249	18	7	189	19	1	193	17	6
Furniture and House Sundries	29	7	7	484	2	5	108	14	7	37	12	4	105	12	7
Printing and Office Expenses -	107	10	4	85	5	1	90	4	8	62	13	10	85	12	11
Travelling and Police - -	20	2	3	17	2	1	102	11	8	31	19	4	81	13	7
Medical Expenses and Funerals	78	10	8	88	10	1	103	17	0	66	3	2	95	0	0
Sundries, Rewards, &c. -	30	14	3	137	17	6	82	8	1	124	12	11	144	8	1
Total Ordinary Charges -	3,550	4	10	3,888	2	3	4,066	0	6	3,893	9	10	4,764	11	3
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management -	20	1	2	19	6	11	17	19	10	18	9	1	18	9	4
Ditto Food - - -	5	15	11	6	10	5	6	16	4	7	11	3	9	6	6
Ditto Clothing - -	2	3	2	2	10	2	1	15	6	4	6	0	2	19	1
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises -	-	-		-	-		-	-		50	0	0	125	0	0
Disposal, Home - - -	196	0	0	230	5	6	217	3	0	207	15	0	103	19	3
„ Emigration - -	-	-		-	-		-	-		36	5	6	6	6	9
Building, Land, and Sundries	-	-		-	-		*521	0	4	-	-		443	0	0
Total Extra Charges - -	196	0	0	230	5	6	738	3	4	294	0	6	678	6	0
Total Expenditure -	3,746	4	10	4,118	7	9	4,804	3	10	4,187	10	4	5,442	17	8
Industrial Departments.															
Profit - - - -	181	19	5	59	12	10	-	-		505	6	7	404	15	5
Loss - - - -	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	

* Fitting out new ship

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—GIRLS.					
RED HILL.	ALLESLEY FARM.	SURREY.	IPSWICH.	SUNDERLAND.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Boys, 280. Officers, 33.	Girls, 21. Officers, 4.	Girls, 27. Officers, 3.	Girls, 34. Officers, 2.	Girls, 44. Officers, 3.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
4,114 8 5	306 10 2	404 19 8	414 5 8	601 14 6	Treasury Allowance.
252 13 0	20 16 6	19 5 6	25 4 0	40 17 10	Parents' Payments.
445 5 10	1,068 12 0	29 8 0	1,111 17 11	61 10 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
1,440 8 8	44 0 9	102 0 0	- -	- -	Payments from Rates.
419 16 5	- -	10 16 0	- -	9 7 0	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
36 13 7	- -	- -	- -	8 0 0	Sundries.
6,709 0 11	1,439 19 5	626 2 2	1,551 7 7	721 9 4	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
1,093 7 10	146 17 9	160 0 0	117 0 0	147 0 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
2,466 19 2	181 15 11	198 12 4	269 7 3	267 6 5	Food of Inmates.
508 9 11	36 1 11	49 8 10	57 9 3	128 14 2	Clothing „
486 17 4	30 8 3	49 18 0	43 4 4	64 4 0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
485 11 9	5 18 3	57 8 3	74 4 7	15 13 1	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
286 9 7	36 9 3	33 12 0	11 19 1	23 4 2	Furniture and House Sundries.
359 2 6	26 5 5	9 4 6	26 19 3	19 12 4	Printing and Office Expenses.
99 5 10	8 12 3	8 10 0	0 6 0	1 13 9	Travelling and Police.
80 10 10	2 1 10	9 12 11	8 12 6	6 18 0	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
72 9 6	4 13 4	22 1 4	15 4 0	2 8 1	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
6,839 13 3	479 2 2	598 3 2	619 6 3	676 14 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
24 8 7	22 16 3	22 3 1	18 4 4	15 7 7	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
8 16 3	8 13 2	7 7 1	7 18 5	6 1 6	Ditto Food.
1 16 4	1 14 4	1 16 7	1 13 10	2 18 6	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
- -	10 0 0	43 17 0	- -	17 4 2	Rent of School Premises.
114 2 3	25 17 0	17 0 6	85 13 2	- -	Disposal, Home.
680 14 2	- -	- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
958 3 11	800 0 0	- -	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
1,753 0 4	835 17 0	60 17 6	85 13 2	17 4 2	Total Extra Charges.
8,592 13 7	1,314 19 2	659 0 8	704 19 5	693 18 2	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
1,325 18 4†	50 11 9	95 6 2	245 17 6	54 0 0	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

† Realized profit in 1868, not including stock.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Girls.				
	Toxteth Park.	Birmingham	Doncaster.	Devon and Exeter.	Red Lodge.
	Girls, 48. Officers, 3.	Girls, 48. Officers, 4.	Girls, 50. Officers, 5.	Girls, 60. Officers, 5.	Girls, 64. Officers, 8.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	637 14 4	631 0 10	673 6 7	882 16 0	900 17 8
Parents' Payments	52 2 9	52 10 6	80 0 6	46 12 8	41 9 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	77 3 9	67 10 0	239 4 0	52 13 10	- - -
Payments from Rates	153 19 8	75 14 3	194 9 0	352 9 4	272 9 0
Payments from Voluntary Associations	4 5 0	27 5 0	- - -	- - -	10 16 0
Sundries	- - -	- - -	17 18 6	- - -	73 1 3
Total Receipts	925 5 6	854 0 7	1,205 4 7	1,334 11 10	1,298 13 5
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	148 3 10	228 16 8	208 14 4	285 14 8	429 0 6
Food of Inmates	311 8 5	299 18 5	346 17 3	377 18 4	365 8 0
Clothing „	64 13 2	67 12 6	120 19 5	111 12 9	110 1 6
Washing, Fuel, and Light	31 14 8	33 1 3	49 3 10	138 1 2	89 15 8
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	37 5 8	28 2 2	90 4 4	62 8 0	53 11 9
Furniture and House Sundries	47 17 10	33 14 4	51 15 11	43 17 0	61 16 5
Printing and Office Expenses	8 8 0	8 11 11	51 19 4	69 0 10	18 17 9
Travelling and Police	4 0 0	4 6 6	13 10 5	2 13 0	3 5 2
Medical Expenses and Funerals	5 13 6	4 13 0	10 8 5	4 5 9	13 11 2
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	10 18 10	41 2 9	37 4 8	7 9 4	24 9 8
Total Ordinary Charges	670 3 11	749 19 6	989 17 11	1,103 0 10	1,177 17 7
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	13 19 3	15 12 6	19 15 11	18 7 8	18 8 1
Ditto Food	6 9 9	6 5 0	6 18 9	6 6 0	5 14 2
Ditto Clothing	1 6 11	1 8 2	2 8 5	1 17 2	1 14 4
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	6 6 9	100 10 0	- - -	- - -	73 0 0
Disposal, Home	7 8 5	8 2 6	51 3 8	48 5 4	55 13 10
„ Emigration	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- - -	- - -	200 0 0	- - -	- - -
Total Extra Charges	13 15 2	108 12 6	251 3 8	48 5 4	128 13 10
Total Expenditure	683 19 1	858 12 0	1,241 1 7	1,151 6 2	1,306 11 5
Industrial Departments.					
Profit	140 8 6	170 14 1	166 16 6	213 0 3	108 12 4
Loss	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.)

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued*.

ENGLAND—GIRLS.

LIVERPOOL. Girls, 64. Officers, 5.	LIMPLEY STOKE. Girls, 67. Officers, 6.	YORKSHIRE Rom. Cath. Girls, 83. Officers, 9.	ARNO'S COURT. Rom. Cath. Girls, 100. Officers, 15.	HAMPSTEAD. Girls, 100. Officers, 7.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
942 15 10	981 12 7	1,191 10 2	1,500 7 2	1,391 8 8	Treasury Allowance.
25 11 3	50 18 0	50 11 8	25 8 0	79 8 9	Parents' Payments.
153 4 2	52 7 0	136 11 10	5 15 0	37 1 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
78 12 3	263 10 8	- -	55 4 1	652 15 11	Payments from Rates.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
19 0 5	7 17 2	- -	- -	19 10 0	Sundries.
1,219 3 11	1,356 5 5	1,378 13 8	1,586 14 3	2,180 4 4	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
216 16 0	270 10 2	249 7 7	455 14 0	410 9 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
520 8 2	501 3 0	603 15 4	718 11 11	737 9 6	Food of Inmates.
156 12 2	157 6 3	129 15 5	140 2 6	237 8 1	Clothing „
157 19 1	135 18 3	167 19 3	78 19 0	188 6 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
89 3 3	102 18 11	89 13 8	66 14 0	300 5 1	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
48 14 11	96 1 9	67 0 11	40 16 2	82 10 11	Furniture and House Sundries.
82 5 5	37 10 8	21 9 2	10 1 11	99 16 10	Printing and Office Expenses.
20 9 5	38 18 3	4 17 3	15 18 9	9 16 7	Travelling and Police.
58 16 1	10 0 11	31 10 4	52 8 11	46 12 6	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
30 2 3	19 8 3	74 2 4	80 14 7	107 6 2	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,379 6 9	1,369 16 5	1,444 11 3	1,660 1 9	2,220 1 2	Total Ordinary Charges.
21 11 0	20 8 11	17 8 1	16 12 0	22 4 0	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
8 2 8	7 9 7	7 0 8	7 3 9	7 7 6	Ditto Food.
2 8 11	2 7 0	1 11 3	1 8 0	2 7 6	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
- -	50 0 0	111 17 7	- -	- -	Rent of School Premises.
74 14 0	97 17 2	56 11 3	66 12 3	- -	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
- -	15 7 5	120 0 0	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
74 14 0	163 4 7	288 8 10	66 12 3	- -	Total Extra Charges.
1,454 0 9	1,533 1 0	1,733 0 1	1,726 14 0	2,220 1 2	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
303 4 9	203 5 6	329 7 11	204 1 7	451 18 0	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss - „ - -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—Boys.				
	Rossie. Boys, 55. Officers, 3.	Kibble. Boys, 66. Officers, 9.	Inverness. Boys, 72. Officers, 7.	Wellington Farm. Boys, 100. Officers, 10.	Stranraer. Boys, 81 Girls, 32 113 Officers, 6.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	816 9 1	985 8 6	937 18 7	1,702 2 8	1,635 17 1
Parents' Payments	- -	3 2 0	- -	5 18 6	2 8 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	48 16 3	- -	103 14 5	231 18 0	- -
Payments from Rates	100 0 0	- -	- -	17 16 9	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- -	- -	12 2 5	- -	- -
Sundries	- -	276 8 5	- -	- -	- -
Total Receipts	965 5 4	1,264 18 11	1,053 10 5	1,957 15 11	1,638 5 1
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	162 0 0	189 18 9	182 10 0	362 18 8	251 3 0
Food of Inmates	351 8 1	491 3 0	546 14 0	758 12 10	747 15 9
Clothing „	158 18 0	166 2 5	136 7 8	369 10 4	347 10 1
Washing, Fuel, and Light	37 12 2	67 3 11	64 15 0	84 12 8	147 2 11
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	16 14 0	159 5 10	23 10 1	53 3 9	5 8 0
Furniture and House Sundries	18 16 0	68 2 1	101 18 0	88 3 2	229 3 7
Printing and Office Expenses	13 5 0	40 3 0	16 13 2	33 2 6	34 19 11
Travelling and Police	14 0 0	6 15 6	15 5 0	19 3 5	7 18 6
Medical Expenses and Funerals	13 5 7	16 10 6	9 7 0	15 17 11	10 7 9
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	24 0 0	27 7 4	- -	20 9 10	- -
Total Ordinary Charges	809 13 10	1,232 7 4	1,096 19 11	1,805 15 1	1,781 14 6
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	14 14 5	18 13 5	15 4 9	16 11 4	15 15 0
Ditto Food	6 7 8	7 8 10	7 11 10	6 19 2	6 12 4
Ditto Clothing	2 17 9	2 10 4	1 17 11	3 7 10	3 1 6
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	53 0 0	- -	- -	80 16 0	48 0 1
Disposal, Home	9 0 0	73 16 11	- -	48 6 7	22 5 0
„ Emigration	- -	- -	- -	114 11 1	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Total Extra Charges	62 0 0	73 16 11	- -	243 13 8	70 5 1
Total Expenditure	871 13 10	1,306 4 3	1,096 19 11	2,049 8 9	1,851 19 7
Industrial Departments.					
Profit	29 3 6	5 7 0	- -	69 19 4	345 7 7
Loss	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—Boys.						Girls.						Receipts and Expenditure.
Old Mill.			Glasgow.			Parkhead. Rom. Cath.			Aberdeen.			Dalry.			
Boys, 120. Officers, 9.			Boys, 129. Officers, 32.			Boys, 198. Officers, 20.			Girls, 34. Officers, 2.			Girls, 61. Officers, 4.			
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Receipts.
1,861	0	0	1,947	13	1	3,026	8	2	497	12	7	739	18	4	Treasury Allowance.
-		-	16	10	3	17	8	6	-		-	5	3	6	Parents' Payments.
50	0	0	-		-	-		-	51	0	0	95	12	0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
-		-	3,196	11	6	115	12	2	18	0	0	-		-	Payments from Rates.
36	0	0	15	4	6	-		-	-		-	-		-	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
57	0	0	-		-	399	15	4	0	14	9	3	8	3	Sundries.
2,004	0	0	5,175	19	4	3,559	4	2	567	7	4	844	2	1	Total Receipts.
															Expenditure.
															Ordinary Charges.
251	0	1	1,165	10	7	851	7	11	98	12	4	207	10	0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
801	5	9	969	13	6	1,184	7	1	152	10	7	318	13	7	Food of Inmates.
344	3	3	639	0	8	497	10	0	66	0	6	78	0	10	Clothing „
132	19	5	313	15	5	185	3	0	36	5	9	60	4	8	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
52	9	4	249	3	4	116	13	3	61	7	3	16	13	4	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
52	17	10	39	5	9	146	12	8	40	1	6	95	7	4	Furniture and House Sundries.
124	8	4	140	4	11	35	6	5	23	14	6	12	15	6	Printing and Office Expenses.
6	15	0	18	17	11	49	2	11	5	10	8	4	16	9	Travelling and Police.
12	6	0	122	6	6	21	11	6	4	19	3	25	0	9	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
29	1	9	343	1	8	32	8	2	7	10	2	31	11	9	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,807	6	9	3,996	0	3	3,120	2	11	497	1	6	850	14	6	Total Ordinary Charges.
15	1	3	30	19	6	15	16	1	14	12	5	18	18	11	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
6	13	7	7	10	4	5	19	8	4	10	0	5	4	6	Ditto Food.
2	17	4	4	19	1	2	10	3	1	18	10	1	5	7	Ditto Clothing.
															Extra Charges.
184	6	9	-		-	280	0	0	-		-	-		-	Rent of School Premises.
-		-	206	17	11	176	5	11	3	7	2	20	0	0	Disposal, Home.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	„ Emigration.
-		-	-		-	343	4	1	-		-	-		-	Building, Land, and Sundries.
184	6	9	206	17	11	799	10	0	3	7	2	20	0	0	Total Extra Charges.
1,991	13	6	4,202	18	2	3,919	12	11	500	8	8	870	14	6	Total Expenditure.
															Industrial Departments.
422	13	3	-		-	367	16	4	61	14	3	172	15	11	Profit.
-		-	690	19	9	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—Girls.		
	Glasgow. Girls, 67. Officers, 4.	Dalbeth. Rom. Cath. Girls, 99. Officers, 12.	Paisley. Girls, 6.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	745 18 1	1,262 7 9	98 9 8
Parents' Payments	9 1 3	1 16 3	- -
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	- -	- -	- -
Payments from Rates	297 10 9	- -	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	18 3 0	50 4 0	- -
Sundries	- -	- -	- -
Total Receipts	1,070 13 1	1,314 8 0	98 9 8
Expenditure.			
Ordinary Charges.			
Officers' Pay and Rations	229 14 8	353 3 0	
Food of Inmates	356 3 1	658 12 7	
Clothing „	241 1 10	125 10 10	
Washing, Fuel and Light	145 1 5	42 4 5	
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	39 18 0	132 8 5	
Furniture and House Sundries	14 18 2	26 0 3	
Printing and Office Expenses	77 4 1	7 2 9	
Travelling and Police	- -	1 18 11	
Medical Expenses and Funerals	37 17 10	42 8 10	
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	- -	62 7 8	
Total Ordinary Charges	1,141 19 1	1,451 17 8	
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	17 0 11	14 13 4	
Ditto Food	5 6 3	6 13 1	
Ditto Clothing	3 12 0	1 5 4	
Extra Charges.			
Rent of School Premises	- -	122 16 0	
Disposal, Home	- -	54 11 6	
„ Emigration	- -	- -	
Building and Land	- -	- -	
Total Extra Charges	- -	177 7 6	
Total Expenditure	1,141 19 1	1,629 5 2	
Industrial Departments.			
Profit (including stock in hand	147 15 1	332 14 11	
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	

This School is also certified under the Original Industrial Schools Act, 17 & 18 Vict. c. 74, and the Expenditure on the Reformatory Department cannot be separately given.

Reformatory Schools.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

SUMMARY

OF THE

ACCOUNTS for EXPENDITURE in REFORMATORY SCHOOLS for MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT, and DISPOSAL, including Profit or Loss from Industrial Departments, with the Gross Cost per Head,

For the Year 1868.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY of the ACCOUNTS for Maintenance, Management, and Disposal, including Profit or Loss from Industrial Departments, for the Year 1868.

Name of Reformatory.	Average No. of Inmates.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Rent.	Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head, including Disposal.
ENGLAND.—BOYS.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Monmouth	19	389 18 8	4 6 9	123 2 6	- - -	14 5 5
Devon and Exeter	28	643 19 11	19 7 4	69 19 9	- - -	21 3 10
Essex	31	658 15 7	41 2 2	203 19 6	- - -	15 19 11
Bedford	34	727 7 6	52 2 3	247 3 6	- - -	15 13 1
Buxton	36	684 1 8	38 6 4	61 9 8	- - -	18 6 1
Woodbury Hill	36	755 7 6	18 4 2	73 0 1	- - -	19 9 3
Northampton	38	667 9 7	88 10 6	130 12 1	- - -	16 9 2
Dorset	42	764 1 9	43 2 9	130 6 5	- - -	16 2 4
Glamorgan	42	758 7 9	28 4 0	64 2 5	- - -	17 4 0
Hardwicke	44	1,084 10 4	51 19 2	62 19 6	- - -	24 7 11
Herts	44	938 9 2	46 0 0	122 14 7	- - -	19 11 8
Cumberland	46	820 12 1	28 9 0	- - -	29 11 0	19 2 0
Wilts	49	1,186 3 7	38 1 4	173 5 9	- - -	21 8 11
Hants	54	1,387 17 11	59 0 6	- - -	62 15 9	27 18 0
Suffolk	56	1,000 13 9	109 5 4	14 18 0	- - -	19 11 1
Bradwall	63	1,218 1 11	47 14 6	21 6 1	- - -	19 15 1
Home in the East	66	1,219 6 10	28 14 5	157 7 10	- - -	16 10 6
Manchester and Salford	67	1,260 11 4	52 2 7	142 17 1	- - -	17 9 2
Warwickshire	68	1,425 1 10	164 17 3	127 4 8	- - -	21 10 3
Castle Howard	68	1,467 6 0	85 7 0	173 6 7	- - -	20 5 7
Stoke Farm	71	1,496 10 10	- - -	38 2 8	- - -	20 10 10
Leeds	78	1,378 1 10	60 16 9	- - -	52 16 7	19 2 6
Saltley	79	1,312 19 3	56 11 3	158 8 10	- - -	15 6 7
Calder Farm	87	1,792 7 7	40 11 7	101 6 4	- - -	19 18 1
North Lancashire	93	1,547 5 7	108 14 11	79 1 7	- - -	16 10 2
Liverpool Farm	111	2,125 16 11	136 5 0	13 11 3	- - -	20 5 2
Kingswood	125	2,405 14 2	57 12 4	260 4 0	- - -	17 12 6
Brook Green, Rom. Cath.	131	2,560 4 1	65 5 0	211 6 6	- - -	18 8 7
Wandsworth & Surrey Indl.	192	4,392 6 10	58 4 6	675 19 6	- - -	19 13 2
North Eastern	157	2,619 15 10	17 10 11	21 17 10	- - -	16 13 2
"Akbar" Ship	177	3,550 4 10	196 0 0	181 19 5	- - -	20 2 9
"Clarence" Ship, R. Cath.	201	3,388 2 8	230 5 6	59 12 10	- - -	20 3 10

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

Summary of the Accounts for 1868.—*cont.*

Name of School.	Average No. of Inmates.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Rent.	Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head, including Disposal.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ENGLAND.—BOYS—*cont.*						
"Cornwall" Ship	226	4,066 0 6	217 3 0	- - -	- - -	18 19 0
Yorkshire, Roman Catholic	211	3,943 9 10	244 0 6	505 6 7	- - -	17 9 0
Mount St. Bernard's, R.Cth.	258	4,889 11 3	110 6 0	404 15 5	- - -	17 16 2
Red Hill	280	6,839 13 3	794 16 5	1,325 18 4	- - -	22 10 7
ENGLAND.—GIRLS.						
Allesley Farm	21	489 2 2	25 17 0	50 11 9	- - -	22 2 3
Surrey	27	642 0 2	17 6 6	95 6 2	- - -	20 17 7
Ipswich	34	619 6 3	35 13 2	245 17 6	- -	13 10 0
Sunderland	44	693 18 2	- - -	54 0 0	- - -	14 10 10
Toxteth Park	48	676 10 8	7 8 5	140 8 6	- - -	11 6 6
Birmingham	48	850 9 6	8 2 6	170 14 1	- - -	14 6 7
Doncaster	50	989 17 11	51 3 8	166 16 6	- - -	17 9 8
Devon	60	1,103 0 10	48 5 4	213 0 2	- - -	15 12 9
Red Lodge	64	1,250 17 7	55 13 10	103 12 4	- - -	18 14 4
Liverpool	64	1,379 6 9	74 14 0	303 4 9	- - -	17 19 7
Limpley Stoke	67	1,419 16 5	97 17 2	203 5 6	- - -	19 12 4
Yorkshire, Rom. Catholic	83	1,556 8 10	56 11 3	329 7 11	- - -	15 9 4
Arno's Court, Rom. Cath.	100	1,660 1 9	66 12 3	204 1 7	- - -	15 4 6
Hampstead	100	2,220 1 2	- - -	451 13 0	- - -	17 13 8
SCOTLAND.—BOYS.						
Rossie	55	862 13 10	9 0 0	29 3 6	- - -	15 6 4
Kibble	66	1,232 7 4	73 16 11	5 7 0	- - -	19 14 2
Inverness	72	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Wellington Farm	109	1,886 11 1	102 17 3	69 19 4	- - -	18 3 2
Stranraer (Boys, 81 / Girls, 32)	113	1,829 14 7	22 5 0	345 7 7	- - -	13 6 8
Old Mill	120	1,991 13 6	- - -	422 13 3	- - -	13 1 6
Glasgow	129	3,096 0 3	206 17 11	- - -	690 19 9	37 18 9
Parkhead, Rom. Catholic	198	3,400 2 11	176 5 11	367 16 4	- - -	16 4 1
SCOTLAND.—GIRLS.						
Aberdeen	34	497 1 6	3 7 2	61 14 3	- - -	12 18 1
Dalry	61	850 14 6	20 0 0	172 15 11	- - -	11 8 10
Glasgow	67	1,141 19 1	- - -	147 15 11	- - -	14 16 9
Dalbeth, Rom. Catholic	99	1,574 13 8	54 11 6	332 14 11	- - -	13 1 11

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, RETURN of RECEIPTS

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	ENGLAND.				
	CHESTER.	BIRKENHEAD.	STOCKPORT.	MACCLESFIELD.	DEVON AND EXETER.
Average Number attending School	122	94	52	76	51
Do. entirely fed and clothed	77	94	52	44	51
Do. partially fed and clothed	31	—	—	32	—
Number of Officers	6	7	4	4	5
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	842 2 9	744 0 6	344 15 6	464 6 3	538 11 7
Parents' Payments	56 19 0	14 0 6	1 4 0	34 6 0	114 6 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	104 11 6	480 14 7	361 6 6	268 5 8	245 8 10
Payments from Rates	9 9 0	- -	- -	- -	246 19 2
Payments from Voluntary Associations	11 10 0	14 1 0	4 19 0	11 14 6	- -
Sundries	- -	- -	5 15 9	11 11 7	15 16 11
TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,024 12 3	1,252 16 7	718 0 9	790 4 0	1,161 3 0
EXPENDITURE.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	236 8 0	217 14 1	132 14 0	159 2 8	226 13 7
Food of Inmates	418 7 8	694 3 3	289 11 8	330 19 0	442 1 7
Clothing	120 17 9	164 4 2	51 8 4	118 8 11	155 2 6
Washing, Fuel, and Light	73 19 8	70 11 6	62 3 1	52 18 5	120 2 10
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	44 10 2	100 3 6	28 12 3	20 16 6	57 13 11
Furniture and House Sundries	93 17 3	39 17 6	46 14 9	121 14 10	59 19 2
Printing and Office Expenses	31 17 2	25 0 0	5 6 2	15 19 2	21 4 4
Travelling and Police	3 2 6	10 1 5	0 5 0	7 4 0	2 0 0
Medical Expenses and Funerals	1 7 11	49 15 8	- -	1 1 1	9 19 6
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	21 5 9	1 1 0	- -	3 18 6	36 8 1
Total Ordinary Charges	1,045 13 10	1,372 12 1	616 14 6	832 3 7	1,137 5 6
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	15 0 0	- -	19 18 4	5 17 0	68 0 0
Disposal, Home	- -	3 4 10	- -	0 12 6	15 15 6
„ Emigration	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	4 13 7	- -	11 18 1	- -	- -
Total Extra Charges	19 13 7	3 4 10	31 16 5	6 9 6	83 15 6
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,065 7 5	1,375 16 11	648 10 11	838 13 1	1,221 1 0
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	76 7 4	44 5 4	14 0 0	11 9 8	16 0 11
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and EXPENDITURE of, for 1868.

ENGLAND.					RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
SUNDERLAND, Boys.	SUNDERLAND, Girls.	ILFORD, Roman Catholic.	CARDIFF.	PARK ROW.	
107	23	177	103	69	Average Number attending School.
96	22	177	34	69	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
11	—	—	38	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
5	2	14	3	5	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
1,172 4 0	147 16 3	2,053 15 0	418 6 7	8,636 6 3	Treasury Allowance.
43 17 0	10 1 6	17 14 0	15 12 0	27 3 6	Parents' Payments.
868 15 3	- -	759 3 10	75 0 0	96 10 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- -	- -	- -	- -	125 0 8	Payments from Rates.
- -	15 12 0	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- -	- -	- -	- -	5 1 3	Sundries.
2,084 16 3	173 9 9	2,830 12 10	508 18 7	1,090 2 2	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
241 0 2	96 12 6	372 15 10	103 3 6	253 5 11	Officers' Pay and Rations.
701 1 11	148 1 3	1,070 7 9	187 7 3	477 10 2	Food of Inmates.
203 5 4	71 8 11	426 11 11	43 13 9	110 1 9	Clothing „
69 14 5	38 11 2	93 5 3	33 12 5	43 12 2	Washing, Fuel and Light.
64 10 0	2 9 3	119 9 4	61 5 5	23 19 8	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
60 4 0	24 3 7	417 6 9	12 2 8	59 15 0	Furniture and House Sundries.
28 15 9	7 6 6	23 3 2	2 10 6	17 15 4	Printing and Office Expenses.
2 1 1	- -	10 19 2	- -	- -	Travelling and Police.
8 17 7	0 12 0	44 13 9	- -	15 11 3	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
- -	5 0 3	65 6 10	3 2 11	39 2 9	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,379 11 0	394 5 5	2,613 19 9	536 18 0	1,043 14 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
70 0 0	55 0 0	- -	- -	76 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
- -	- -	35 0 0	- -	43 6 9	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	4 10 0	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
70 0 0	55 0 0	39 10 0	- -	119 6 9	Total Extra Charges.
1,449 11 0	449 5 5	2,653 9 9	536 18 0	1,163 0 9	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
106 13 3	23 0 0	- -	119 4 3	129 4 8	Profit (including stock in hand).
- -	- -	64 1 7	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND.				
	Clifton.	Bristol, Girls.	Church Farm.	Bolton.	Manchester.
Average Number attending School	100	28	44	50	226
Do. entirely fed and clothed	100	28	44	50	226
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	—	—	—	—
Number of Officers	8	3	6	4	14
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	1,204 6 3	260 18 9	144 13 9	507 13 8	2,302 5 0
Parents' Payments	80 0 6	7 12 6	5 13 6	43 14 10	70 19 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	303 0 3	279 2 7	701 12 1	145 1 8	681 11 0
Payments from Rates	235 18 6	43 10 4	27 13 4	- -	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	22 0 0	33 5 0	- -	29 19 0	- -
Sundries	5 4 0	25 2 10	1 4 0	2 12 0	148 8 5
Total Receipts	1,850 9 6	649 12 9	880 16 8	729 1 2	3,293 3 5
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	296 4 7	96 13 3	220 13 9	184 14 0	626 16 9
Food of Inmates	770 3 7	191 18 8	369 3 1	244 11 4	1,077 13 2
Clothing „	333 13 8	66 10 6	150 12 8	70 7 7	364 17 5
Washing, Fuel, and Light	132 16 8	37 7 2	53 11 7	33 14 5	133 11 9
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	125 6 10	52 10 10	- -	9 7 3	206 16 9
Furniture and House Sundries	79 15 6	64 12 4	98 18 0	37 12 10	79 17 11
Printing and Office Expenses	27 1 8	13 14 11	37 19 11	19 19 10	19 15 9
Travelling and Police	1 9 6	- -	5 3 8	2 11 4	- -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	19 0 7	1 18 11	138 13 9	3 5 8	118 0 1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	39 17 0	0 10 7	29 6 1	7 16 7	152 13 11
Total Ordinary Charges	1,825 9 7	525 17 2	1,104 2 6	614 0 10	2,750 3 6
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	40 0 0	28 10 0	- -	- -	8 10 5
Disposal, Home	3 17 4	- -	6 9 11	- -	- -
„ Emigration	- -	- -	10 16 9	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	119 0 6	- -	- -	- -	218 0 0
Total Extra Charges	162 17 10	28 10 0	17 6 8	- -	226 10 5
Total Expenditure	1,988 7 5	554 7 2	1,121 9 2	614 0 10	2,976 13 11
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	199 7 5	- -	77 19 3	36 15 5	40 13 7
Loss	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND.															Receipts and Expenditure.
Liverpool.			St. George's Boys (Ro. Cath.).			St. George's Girls (Ro. Cath.).			St. Elizabeth's (Ro. Cath.).			Soho Street (Ro. Cath.).			
330			225			103			54			108			Average Number attending School.
330			225			103			54			65			Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—			—			—			—			43			Do. partially fed and clothed.
17			12			8			6			10			Number of Officers.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Receipts.
2,704	6	8	2,689	3	9	1,233	10	0	414	18	0	241	2	3	Treasury Allowance.
81	16	9	40	17	0	5	3	6	7	1	0	0	1	6	Parents' Payments.
1,344	6	6	64	6	0	178	0	0	73	15	6	594	10	10	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
364	9	5	398	17	0	-		-	-		-	22	7	10	Payments from Rates.
-		-	6	0	0	54	9	0	162	6	6	12	0	0	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
12	18	6	60	1	11	-		-	30	6	8	15	0	10	Sundries.
4,507	17	10	3,259	5	8	1,471	3	0	688	7	8	885	3	3	Total Receipts.
															Expenditure.
															Ordinary Charges.
840	1	1	299	4	0	242	13	5	153	11	8	354	4	10	Officers' Pay and Rations.
1,502	11	8	1,516	17	6	465	19	3	227	4	4	541	7	3	Food of Inmates.
319	15	2	469	11	10	123	13	9	57	12	7	202	16	3	Clothing „
161	11	10	134	4	10	65	2	1	50	16	2	33	3	6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
252	6	3	150	6	5	93	18	4	33	1	3	60	2	9	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
183	10	5	176	10	7	85	9	10	66	8	9	94	2	9	Furniture and House Sundries.
44	11	3	260	16	4	18	14	1	7	10	6	163	14	6	Printing and Office Expenses.
-		-	11	15	0	7	17	6	5	7	4	54	6	3	Travelling and Police.
-		-	17	13	11	4	4	11	4	4	9	3	9	9	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
91	14	0	39	3	8	2	19	1	-		-	106	18	5	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
3,396	1	3	3,076	4	1	1,110	12	3	605	17	4	1,614	6	3	Total Ordinary Charges.
															Extra Charges.
-		-	348	0	7	200	0	0	37	2	6	60	0	0	Rent of School Premises.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Disposal, Home.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	„ Emigration.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Building, Land, and Sundries.
-		-	348	0	7	200	0	0	37	2	6	60	0	0	Total Extra Charges.
3,396	1	3	3,424	4	8	1,310	12	3	642	19	10	1,674	6	3	Total Expenditure.
															Industrial Departments.
138	0	9	231	2	4	72	13	2	-		-	263	5	5	Profit (including stock in hand).
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.*				
	Beacon Lane (Ro. Cath.).	St. Anne's (Ro. Cath.).	Kirkdale.	Middlesex.	Boys Home.
Average Number attending School	134	74	549	732	53
Do. entirely fed and clothed	114	74	96	732	53
Do. partially fed and clothed	24	—	271	—	—
Number of Officers	7	8	—	66	6
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	89 19 6	752 13 6	162 15 3	3,574 2 1	340 18 6
Parents' Payments	- -	1 13 6	- -	213 2 0	3 17 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	276 18 3	122 13 0	2,237 19 9	- -	1,419 9 5
Payments from Rates	- -	- -	- -	16,198 5 7	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	526 9 6	- -	- -	- -	- -
Sundries	344 19 2	0 15 0	- -	375 6 1	- -
Total Receipts	1,238 6 5	877 15 0	2,400 15 0	20,360 15 9	1,764 4 11
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	190 0 0	235 6 2	454 9 2	5,157 13 8	343 10 0
Food of Inmates	484 4 10	263 0 3	1,013 11 10	5,739 0 8	375 3 8
Clothing „	272 6 10	155 15 9	55 8 1	1,980 4 8	93 19 1
Washing, Fuel, and Light	63 3 7	63 3 4	47 13 7	1,451 13 1	74 11 6
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	30 12 5	86 0 7	118 10 3	2,315 11 4	116 19 6
Furniture and House Sundries	120 3 6	163 11 7	18 16 7	702 17 2	39 8 4
Printing and Office Expenses	27 16 0	25 4 2	108 4 10	471 16 8	271 0 3
Travelling and Police	- -	0 10 3	- -	149 4 10	8 17 1
Medical Expenses and Funerals	10 14 7	8 18 3	11 0 6	20 7 5	24 19 4
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	- -	1 5 0	213 6 8	627 0 6	80 19 10
Total Ordinary Charges	1,199 1 9	1,002 15 4	2,041 1 6	18,615 10 0	1,429 17 7
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	27 17 6	92 10 0	- -	- -	- -
Disposal, Home	- -	- -	4 2 9	734 5 10	16 15 9
„ Emigration	- -	1 7 7	- -	142 1 2	57 7 5
Building, Land, and Sundries	119 0 0	10 3 10	- -	- -	500 0 0
Total Extra Charges	146 17 6	104 1 5	4 2 9	876 7 0	574 3 2
Total Expenditure	1,345 19 3	1,106 16 9	2,045 4 3	19,491 17 0	2,004 0 9
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	- -	- -	- -	228 18 8	322 18 7
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*					Receipts and Expenditure.
East London.	Boys Refuge.	Cripples Home.	Sloane Street.	School of Discipline.	
120	129	100	50	41	Average Number attending School.
50	129	100	50	41	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
80	—	—	—	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
9	6	8	3	3	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
570 0 0	199 13 4	123 4 0	174 10 3	252 3 3	Treasury Allowance.
12 19 0	18 1 6	3 17 0	31 5 6	17 5 0	Parents' Payments.
503 12 7	1,338 15 6	1,139 3 2	352 15 0	249 11 9	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Rates.
13 11 6	287 19 7	467 8 0	366 14 3	191 14 0	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
5 7 6	- -	32 0 0	85 15 8	46 12 2	Sundries.
1,105 10 7	1,844 9 11	1,765 12 2	961 0 8	757 6 2	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
467 10 0	290 10 11	203 10 7	150 15 0	123 16 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
374 5 3	837 4 11	900 18 2	385 19 6	380 8 5	Food of Inmates.
144 18 0	205 14 5	132 7 8	80 8 0	79 8 9	Clothing „
67 10 2	181 1 7	215 3 3	28 15 0	39 0 7	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
32 0 0	73 13 5	60 1 6	61 12 6	30 1 3	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
25 0 0	76 10 6	83 17 0	28 3 5	25 4 7	Furniture and House Sundries
168 10 0	49 9 2	91 7 0	8 11 0	4 7 6	Printing and Office Expenses.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Travelling and Police.
- -	30 0 0	176 10 11	- -	5 1* 3	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
88 12 2	83 1 0	16 19 11	18 2 0	9 4 8	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,368 5 7	1,827 5 11	1,880 16 0	762 6 5	696 13 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
116 10 0	- -	210 10 2	150 0 0	48 15 0	Rent of School Premises.
- -	84 12 6	41 2 3	25 0 0	12 2 1	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
116 10 0	84 12 6	251 12 5	175 0 0	60 17 1	Total Extra Charges.
1,484 15 7	1,911 18 5	2,132 8 5	937 6 5	757 10 1	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
190 9 10	333 14 1	287 8 8	- -	- -	Profit (including stock in hand).
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.* St. Margaret's Home.	Franklin's Row.	Girls' Home.	Newcastle.	"Wellesley."
Average Number attending Schools	62	54	26	254	46
Do. entirely fed and clothed	60	44	26	103	46
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	10	—	91	77
Number of Officers	5	3	3	12	6
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	635 19 6	356 1 9	166 12 3	1,112 14 10	80 15 0
Parents' Payments	5 14 6	11 15 0	2 11 0	34 10 5	- -
Subscriptions. Legacies, &c.	200 0 0	159 17 0	421 14 4	632 18 0	3,652 1 0
Payments from Rates	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	2 16 0	117 10 0	32 10 0	- -	- -
Sundries	- -	56 6 1	- -	24 5 10	66 17 0
Total Receipts	844 10 0	701 9 10	623 7 7	1,804 9 1	3,799 13 9
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	183 0 4	164 8 0	140 0 0	484 8 4	444 17 4
Food of Inmates	340 0 0	299 15 4	173 15 6	821 4 7	198 11 6
Clothing „	39 13 6	125 0 6	37 7 4	228 18 8	175 11 6
Washing, Fuel, and Light	37 11 4	27 5 10	56 4 4	116 17 8	20 5 4
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	33 14 2	24 0 7	33 7 5	29 11 9	632 5 4
Furniture and House Sundries	22 7 0	19 0 0	29 9 10	29 0 0	53 17 8
Printing and Office Expenses	7 17 4	7 14 3	64 19 7	42 10 7	217 9 2
Travelling and Police	4 4 0	- -	1 14 6	14 10 7	60 0 3
Medical Expenses and Funerals	12 10 0	1 8 0	63 17 3	16 7 8	5 15 1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	7 8 8	16 13 11	2 8 1	53 11 4	16 18 10
Total Ordinary Charges	688 6 4	685 6 5	603 3 10	1,837 1 2	1,825 12 0
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	100 0 0	10 0 0	92 14 0	- -	- -
Disposal, Home	2 0 0	- -	- -	- -	- -
„ Emigration	2 0 0	- -	- -	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	55 10 0	- -	224 16 5
Total Extra Charges	104 0 0	10 0 0	148 4 0	- -	224 16 5
Total Expenditure	792 6 4	695 6 5	751 7 10	1,837 1 2	2,050 8 5
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	- -	28 14 0	52 11 3	- -	- -
Loss Ditto	10 0 0	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Somerset.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.	Receipts and Expenditure.
70	58	81	28	77	Average Number attending Schools.
70	58	47	28	77	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—	—	—	—	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
4	—	5	4	9	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
785 18 1	540 8 6	615 2 0	154 0 6	84 2 6	Treasury Allowance.
21 0 0	17 1 6	12 3 0	0 12 6	2 2 0	Parents' Payments.
18 0 6	- -	138 16 2	- -	289 11 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
35 16 8	- -	- -	1,193 4 4	4 0 0	Payments from Rates.
5 10 0	- -	- -	- -	509 2 5	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- -	- -	61 17 5	- -	70 6 8	Sundries.
866 5 3	557 10 0	827 18 7	1,352 17 4	959 5 1	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
183 2 1		310 10 4	99 4 5	423 8 10	Officers' Pay and Rations.
443 8 11		398 5 10	91 17 0	456 1 11	Food of Inmates.
172 18 1		43 18 8	146 4 10	171 14 3	Clothing „
53 0 9		46 18 6	37 14 4	37 11 10	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
14 15 0		25 6 6	184 11 2	40 5 8	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
32 1 5		62 1 9	206 10 10	36 15 3	Furniture and House Sundries.
31 19 11		11 1 1	34 7 4	36 13 7	Printing and Office Expenses.
13 2 6		- -	22 8 9	19 13 6	Travelling and Police.
4 17 1		- -	2 4 1	6 16 6	Medical Expenses and Funerals
7 19 7		40 0 2	- -	26 0 5	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
957 5 4		938 2 10	827 2 9	1,305 1 9	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
59 14 0		48 18 6	13 6 8	10 18 7	Rent of School Premises.
26 14 9		- -	- -	- -	Disposal, Home.
- -		- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
26 6 11		- -	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
112 15 8		48 18 6	13 6 8	10 18 7	Total Extra Charges.
1,070 1 0		987 1 4	840 9 5	1,316 0 4	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
172 7 11		0 17 9	- -	- -	Profit (including stock in hand).
- -		- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

Note.—The expenditure of this School is included, for the present year, in that of the Wandsworth Reformatory.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	England.			
	Winson Green.	Coventry.	Vale Street.	Bradford.
Average Number attending Schools	30	32	8	60
Do. entirely fed and clothed	30	32	8	44
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	—	—	—
Number of Officers	—	4	2	—
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	99 11 6	136 7 6.	87 6 0	378 3 0
Parents' Payments	3 18 0	3 16 6	- - -	14 3 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	266 5 4	117 6 0	27 15 1	153 2 11
Payments from Rates	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	273 16 0	54 16 6	- - -	10 8 6
Sundries	- - -	17 0 11	- - -	18 8 7
Total Receipts	643 10 10	329 7 5	115 1 1	574 6 6
Expenditure.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay and Rations	60 6 1	160 16 10	30 0 0	121 13 6
Food of Inmates	383 12 6	261 1 6	67 8 0	227 15 0
Clothing „	145 7 4	76 8 10	12 17 8	46 13 6
Washing, Fuel and Light	55 11 1	47 16 4	- - -	39 5 7
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	28 4 5	27 4 10	8 0 0	0 15 0
Furniture and House Sundries	28 0 0	- - -	7 5 11	32 15 1
Printing and Office Expenses	12 12 5	7 18 3	- - -	5 2 5
Travelling and Police	6 7 0	- - -	- - -	- - -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	6 18 10	1 12 0	0 10 10	- - -
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	13 2 11	2 0 0	0 7 6	16 2 2
Total Ordinary Charges	740 2 7	584 18 7	126 9 11	490 2 3
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises	90 0 0	9 3 0	10 0 0	- - -
Disposal, Home	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
„ Emigration	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building and Land	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total Extra Charges	90 0 0	9 3 0	10 0 0	- - -
Total Expenditure	830 2 7	594 1 7	*136 9 11	490 2 3
Industrial Departments.				
Profit (including stock in hand)	50 9 4	280 10 9	- - -	- - -
Loss Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

* This includes only a portion of the expenses.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

ENGLAND.				Receipts and Expenditure.
Hull.	"Southampton."	Leeds.	York.	
478	17	221	150	Average Number attending Schools.
69	17	119	107	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
136	—	102	43	Do. partially fed and clothed.
12	5	8	6	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
859 7 5	3 1 6	1,314 1 0	1,231 17 1	Treasury Allowance.
81 16 3	- - -	16 8 0	110 4 9	Parents' Payments.
525 18 6	2,050 0 0	345 19 9	196 3 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- - -	1 13 6	- - -	- - -	Payments from Rents.
3 15 0	0 17 3	9 17 0	- - -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
14 14 3	- - -	12 11 1	36 18 3	Sundries.
1,485 11 5	2,055 12 3	1,698 16 10	1,575 3 7	Total Receipts.
				Expenditure.
				Ordinary Charges.
426 0 8	140 14 8	198 12 5	416 17 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
587 3 7	37 6 6	896 5 7	712 2 8	Food of Inmates.
221 14 6	53 19 3	193 2 1	191 11 10	Clothing „
74 18 5	14 0 0	119 0 4	65 11 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
119 0 10	- - -	135 19 3	26 3 9	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
24 13 1	15 7 6	88 14 1	80 17 11	Furniture and House Sundries.
100 3 2	10 0 0	30 11 7	16 18 1	Printing and Office Expenses.
1 14 6	0 18 2	9 13 9	27 14 9	Travelling and Police.
20 5 0	5 0 0	6 12 4	15 5 7	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
56 15 8	3 10 0	- - -	18 15 0	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,638 9 5	280 16 1	1,678 11 5	1,571 18 1	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
32 17 0	- - -	- - -	- - -	Rent of School Premises.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Disposal, Home.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	„ Emigration.
- - -	*2,050 17 3	- - -	362 19 11	Building and Land.
32 17 6	2,050 17 3	- - -	362 19 11	Total Extra Charges.
1,671 6 11	2,331 13 4	1,678 11 5	1,934 18 0	Total Expenditure.
				Industrial Departments.
90 15 9	- - -	250 7 8	99 4 4	Profit (including stock in hand).
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Loss Ditto.

* Expense of removing and docking vessel.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND. Aberdeen.	Ayr.	Kilmarnock.	Bute.
Average Number attending School	250	107	75	109
Do. entirely fed and clothed	204	94	75	61
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	13	—	—
Number of Officers	7	6	6	2
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	1,668 10 8	964 16 10	857 16 2	358 18 4
Parents' Payments	16 11 6	5 4 6	- - -	43 6 4
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	323 2 7	240 5 4	117 10 0	121 7 0
Payments from Rates	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	15 4 0	46 4 6	23 8 0	18 1 11
Sundries	57 10 8	161 19 11	52 19 10	51 13 3
Total Receipts	2,085 19 5	1,418 11 1	1,051 14 0	593 6 10
Expenditure.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay and Rations	382 18 8	239 18 9	263 0 0	133 4 3
Food of Inmates	660 4 1	487 3 7	330 13 9	215 9 7
Clothing „	271 15 5	103 19 11	95 13 0	84 18 11
Washing, Fuel, and Light	77 4 11	39 5 6	27 6 2	16 12 7
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	97 19 6	1 7 0	14 10 3	62 6 7
Furniture and House Sundries	97 0 5	41 19 0	13 0 0	41 12 10
Printing and Office Expenses	70 15 4	14 8 8	12 12 6	15 5 5
Travelling and Police	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	1 0 8	- - -	- - -	4 19 7
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	15 5 4	89 10 10	23 12 5	9 7 9
Total Ordinary Charges	1,674 4 4	917 13 3	780 8 1	593 17 6
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises	195 19 3	36 0 10	- - -	- - -
Disposal, Home	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
„ Emigration	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries	124 16 10	- - -	- - -	200 0 0
Total Extra Charges	320 16 1	36 0 10	- - -	200 0 0
Total Expenditure	1,995 0 5	953 14 1	780 8 1	793 17 6
Industrial Departments.				
Profit (including stock in hand)	- - -	- - -	- - -	59 7 7
Loss Ditto.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.				Receipts and Expenditure.
Dumfries.	Edinburgh (Original).	Edinburgh (United).	Leith.	
98	250	140	77	Average Number attending School.
64	250	94	77	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
34	—	46	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
4	18	11	5	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
				Receipts.
581 4 0	705 2 3	1,008 17 9	411 12 8	Treasury Allowance.
- - -	94 17 9	- - -	6 10 0	Parents' Payments.
121 12 3	1,380 13 11	576 2 6	449 8 5	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- - -	100 0 0	50 0 0	- - -	Payments from Rates.
- - -	224 16 3	- - -	53 19 6	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
37 19 0	199 0 10	210 10 0	77 0 9	Sundries.
740 15 3	2,704 11 0	1,845 10 3	998 11 4	Total Receipts.
				Expenditure.
				Ordinary Charges.
187 18 8	765 4 2	536 10 0	245 4 2	Officers' Pay and Rations.
286 15 3	1,252 16 5	647 3 10	343 19 5	Food of Inmates.
117 17 2	231 17 7	139 8 11	192 16 9	Clothing „
28 7 10	135 3 9	61 6 6	74 10 6	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
74 11 10	142 11 3	105 0 6	30 17 2	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
76 4 6	59 10 10	10 8 1	53 11 3	Furniture and House Sundries.
30 13 8	192 0 8	53 5 6	36 18 3	Printing and Office Expenses.
1 3 0	1 13 10	- - -	0 15 6	Travelling and Police.
2 11 0	38 3 11	4 5 5	12 16 5	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
14 12 5	65 3 0	2 18 4	7 5 4	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
820 15 4	2,884 5 5	1,560 7 1	992 14 9	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
18 0 0	168 5 9	92 18 4	- - -	Rent of School Premises.
- - -	- - -	- - -	21 12 0	Disposal, Home.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	„ Emigration.
- - -	- - -	45 14 2	1,888 9 10	Building, Land, and Sundries.
18 0 0	168 5 9	138 12 6	1,910 1 10	Total Extra Charges.
838 15 4	3,052 11 2	1,698 19 7	2,902 16 7	Total Expenditure.
				Industrial Departments.
16 7 0	68 17 5	8 10 9	- - -	Profit (including stock in hand).
- - -	- - -	- - -	12 12 4	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND.			
	Arbroath.	Dundee.	Glasgow.	Glasgow (Rom. Catholic Orphanage).
Average Number attending School	60	107	446	305
Do. entirely fed and clothed	22	107	446	305
Do. partially fed and clothed	38	—	—	—
Number of Officers	2	6	20	17
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	153 11 2	496 1 3	3,868 17 7	2,516 5 8
Parents' Payments	- - -	47 7 9	474 13 3	312 3 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	- - -	628 19 11	*6,854 15 7	- - -
Payments from Rates	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- - -	73 4 6	20 10 0	- - -
Sundries	- - -	135 10 5	53 2 0	1,000 0 0
Total Receipts	153 11 2	1,381 3 10	11,271 18 5	3,828 8 8
Expenditure.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay and Rations	68 2 6	311 2 10	687 7 5	556 16 3
Food of Inmates	132 16 8	439 5 6	2,689 14 8	1,518 8 10
Clothing „	25 12 4	88 5 7	1,009 18 6	493 4 9
Washing, Fuel, and Light	16 13 3	50 5 0	294 19 10	57 14 3
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	25 7 8	61 18 5	240 17 8	106 7 5
Furniture and House Sundries	15 12 8	44 14 10	152 3 5	571 6 4
Printing and Office Expenses	5 11 3	75 15 6	96 1 4	7 19 8
Travelling and Police	- - -	- - -	19 0 2	10 14 11
Medical Expenses and Funerals	- - -	16 15 0	56 4 6	31 11 4
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	1 6 8	15 17 3	123 18 10	21 7 10
Total Ordinary Charges	291 3 0	1,103 19 11	5,370 6 4	3,380 11 7
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	223 10 0
Disposal, Home	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
„ Emigration	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- - -	25 1 7	4,167 0 5	4,470 0 0
Total Extra Charges	6 13 4	25 1 7	4,167 0 5	4,693 10 0
Total Expenditure	297 16 4	1,129 1 6	9,537 6 9	8,074 1 7
Industrial Departments.				
Profit (including stock in hand)	- - -	74 18 2	172 7 3	- - -
Loss Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 0 6

* Including subscriptions to building fund.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.													RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
GLASGOW SLATEFIELDS (Rom. Cath.)			PERTH FECHNEY.			PERTH LADIES.			PERTH GIRLS.			
82			80			55			61			Average Number attending School.
82			80			55			61			Do. entirely fed and clothed.
7			7			3			4			Do. partially fed and clothed. Number of Officers.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
												RECEIPTS.
480	18	3	887	7	3	403	6	2	403	19	8	Treasury Allowance.
102	9	9	25	15	1	15	9	0	0	16	0	Parents' Payments.
50	0	0	232	16	0	275	4	0	236	11	3	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Payments from Rates.
-	-	-	-	-	-	13	17	0	46	15	6	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
20	0	0	76	8	9	70	5	7	-	-	-	Sundries.
653	8	0	1,222	7	1	778	1	9	688	2	5	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
												EXPENDITURE.
												Ordinary Charges.
240	0	0	248	10	6	165	0	0	144	15	0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
368	2	5	320	17	1	258	18	10	296	5	1	Food of Inmates.
119	7	7	156	3	6	68	18	4	96	8	8	Clothing „
45	2	1	31	18	10	22	0	6	20	15	4	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
380	5	6	3	0	0	19	7	10	-	-	-	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
154	7	6	54	14	10	86	4	7	26	6	1	Furniture and House Sundries.
15	10	9	27	9	1	10	9	0	9	18	11	Printing and Office Expenses.
15	7	3	-	-	-	2	1	10	-	-	-	Travelling and Police.
-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	5	-	-	-	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
-	-	-	13	8	0	1	18	5	6	17	8	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,347	3	1	851	1	10	639	5	9	601	6	9	Total Ordinary Charges.
												Extra Charges.
23	3	0	35	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	Rent of School Premises.
-	-	-	33	10	0	47	2	3	-	-	-	Disposal, Home.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	„ Emigration.
-	-	-	147	10	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	Building, Land, and Sundries.
23	3	0	216	16	7	47	2	3	-	-	-	Total Extra Charges.
1,370	6	1	1,067	18	5	686	8	0	601	6	9	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
												Industrial Departments.
37	16	0	47	9	7	11	12	4	14	7	11	Profit (including stock in hand).
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Loss.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts and Expenditure of, for 1868—*continued.*

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*				
	Greenock.	Paisley.	Falkirk.	Stirling.	Newton Stewart.
Average Number attending School	139	98	50	40	50
Do. entirely fed and clothed	125	90	50	40	50
Do. partially fed and clothed	14	8	—	—	—
Number of Officers	8	6	2	2	4
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	877 15 10	703 13 9	324 11 0	16 18 9	636 15 2
Parents' Payments	38 17 6	29 18 0	—	—	—
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	411 10 8	434 4 0	180 18 3	146 12 0	60 11 2
Payments from Rates	—	—	—	—	—
Payments from Voluntary Associations	—	—	—	—	—
Sundries	14 1 11	58 0 6	3 15 0	147 13 0	27 6 1
Total Receipts	1,342 5 11	1,225 16 3	509 4 3	311 3 9	724 12 5
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	388 9 5	347 6 0	106 0 0	79 7 2	199 1 8
Food of Inmates	502 14 11	420 16 4	172 14 5	136 9 4	282 10 8
Clothing „	190 14 11	171 15 2	51 9 6	55 3 6	155 15 2
Washing, Fuel, and Light	64 2 10	41 18 1	22 1 5	23 0 3	54 10 2
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	75 14 10	60 19 4	2 11 2	13 14 2	7 5 6
Furniture and House Sundries	20 3 11	- -	24 14 8	62 16 7	23 15 5
Printing and Office Expenses	21 4 6	46 18 11	20 1 4	12 15 10	18 17 4
Travelling and Police	- -	- -	- -	- -	0 13 0
Medical Expenses and Funerals	10 7 1	10 1 5	2 4 3	6 0 1	6 8 11
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	7 4 10	- -	5 0 0	- -	54 2 3
Total Ordinary Charges	1,280 17 3	1,099 15 3	406 16 9	389 6 11	803 0 1
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	- -	- -	- -	- -	46 3 10
Disposal, Home	—	—	—	—	—
„ Emigration	—	—	—	—	—
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	215 5 0	- -	159 11 3	—
Total Extra Charges	- -	215 5 0	- -	159 11 3	46 3 10
Total Expenditure	1,280 17 3	1,315 0 3	406 16 9	548 18 2	849 3 11
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	103 8 9	60 5 9	14 5 7	19 4 0	83 15 10
Loss Ditto	—	—	—	—	—

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2. (B.)

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return showing the Cost per Head for Maintenance, Food, and Clothing, where the Inmates are entirely lodged and boarded.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.	Cost per Head of Maintenance and Management.	Cost per Head of Food.	Cost per Head of Clothing.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ENGLAND.			
Boys.			
Devon and Exeter	22 6 0	8 13 4	3 0 10
Ilford, Roman Catholic	14 15 4	6 0 11	2 8 2
Park Row	15 2 6	6 18 5	1 12 0
Clifton	18 5 1	7 14 0	3 6 8
Church Farm	25 1 10	8 7 9	3 8 6
St. George's, Roman Catholic	13 13 5	6 14 10	2 1 9
Middlesex	25 8 7	7 16 10	2 14 1
Boys' Home	26 19 7	7 1 7	1 15 5
Boys' Refuge	14 3 3	6 9 10	1 12 0
Somerset	13 13 6	6 6 8	2 9 5
Shustoke	29 10 9	3 5 7	5 5 10
Girls.			
Sunderland	17 18 5	6 14 7	3 4 11
Bristol	18 15 7	6 17 1	2 7 6
St. George's, Roman Catholic	10 15 8	4 10 6	1 4 0
St. Elizabeth's ditto	11 4 5	4 4 2	1 1 4
St. Anne's ditto	13 11 0	3 11 1	2 2 1
Crippies' Home	18 16 2	9 0 2	1 6 6
Sloane Street	15 4 11	7 14 4	1 12 2
School of Discipline	16 19 10	9 5 7	1 18 9
Girls' Home	23 4 0	6 13 8	1 8 9
Coventry	18 5 7	8 3 2	2 7 9
Mixed Schools.—Boys and Girls.			
Birkenhead	14 12 1	7 7 8	1 14 11
Stockport	11 17 2	5 11 5	0 19 9
Bolton	12 5 9	4 17 10	1 8 2
Manchester	12 3 4	4 15 4	1 9 8
Liverpool	10 5 10	4 11 1	0 19 4
Gem Street	16 19 0	5 18 6	2 4 11
SCOTLAND.			
Boys.			
Glasgow Slatefields, Roman Catholic	16 8 7	4 9 9	1 9 1
Perth Fechney	10 12 9	4 0 2	1 10 0
Girls.			
Perth Ladies	11 12 5	4 14 2	1 5 1
Newton Stewart	16 1 2	5 13 0	3 2 3
Mixed.			
Edinburgh Original	11 10 9	5 0 2	0 18 6
Leith	12 17 10	4 9 6	2 10 1
Glasgow	12 0 9	6 0 7	2 5 3
Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage	11 1 8	4 19 11	1 18 8

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents.

A List of the Places from which Payments have been received on account of Youthful Offenders under Detention in Reformatory and Industrial Schools, during the Year ending December 31, 1868, and the Amount collected at each such Place.

(*a*) On account of Young Offenders under Detention in Reformatory Schools.

		£	s.	d.
Bedford	Bedford	10	14	0
	Woburn	2	10	9
	Sharnbrook	3	5	0
	Dunstable	2	12	0
	Leighton Buzzard	0	6	0
Berks	Reading	16	10	0
	Windsor	6	8	0
	Clewer	1	19	0
	Faringdon	1	6	6
	Newbury	5	5	0
	Wokingham	2	2	6
	Abingdon	1	5	0
Buckingham	Aylesbury	6	10	0
	High Wycombe	0	17	0
	Slough	14	16	8
	Stony Stratford	1	12	6
Cambridge	Cambridge	20	1	0
	Ely	0	13	0
	Linton	1	3	3
Cheshire	Birkenhead	13	19	0
	Chester	4	19	6
	Hyde	5	4	9
	Macclesfield	2	18	6
	Middlewich	4	7	0
	Nantwich	2	9	0
	Stockport	11	2	6
	Lymm	0	19	6
	Congleton	2	2	0
Cornwall	Liskeard	0	9	9
	Helston	1	19	0
	Bodmin	1	9	0
	St. Germans	2	8	0
Cumberland	Carlisle	1	5	0
	Whitehaven	9	2	0
	Cockermouth	0	13	0
Derby	Derby	6	4	0
	Bakewell	2	19	6
	Litchurch	2	12	0
	Wirksworth	5	4	0
Devon	Devonport	11	15	0
	Exeter	10	14	0
	Plymouth	2	17	0
	Southmolton	1	16	9
	Honiton	0	13	0
	Paignton	15	16	9
	Teignmouth	9	2	0
	Chudleigh	1	6	0
	Stonehouse	1	8	0
	Bow	2	6	0
Dorset	Blandford	0	19	6
	Dorchester	10	16	0
	Poole	2	12	0
	Weymouth	8	15	4
	Sherborne	0	7	0
	Sturminster	2	2	0
	Wimborne	2	4	0

		£	s.	d.
Durham	Durham	2	2	0
	Gateshead	2	10	0
	Hartlepool	0	10	0
	South Shields	26	10	0
	Stockton-on-Tees	5	1	0
	Sunderland	76	1	10
	Bishop Auckland	0	13	0
	Berry Edge	12	0	0
	Castle Eden	5	11	0
	West Hartlepool	9	15	3
	Houghton-le-Spring	8	4	0
	Jarrow	1	1	0
Essex	Colchester	11	18	6
	Harlow	1	6	0
	Dunmow	0	1	0
	Witham	2	12	0
Gloucester	Gloucester	6	7	6
	Bristol	41	16	0
	Cheltenham	24	4	6
	Cirencester	5	15	0
	Coleford	14	2	6
	Dursley	6	12	0
	Northleach	2	8	0
	Staple Hill	7	0	0
	Stroud	9	3	0
	Sodbury	1	14	0
Hants	Southampton	3	3	6
	Winchester	3	18	6
	Portsmouth	41	10	6
	Bitterne	1	19	0
	Gosport	6	11	0
	Newport, I. W.	6	1	0
	Ringwood	0	15	0
	Andover	0	18	0
	Fareham	0	5	6
	Odiham	0	6	6
Hereford	Hereford	2	16	0
	Ross	1	10	0
	Harewood End	2	14	0
Hertford	Hemel Hempstead	5	15	0
	Watford	6	10	0
	Ware	3	18	0
	Berhampstead	2	12	0
Huntingdon	Huntingdon	6	6	0
Kent	Ashford	12	6	2
	Chatham	6	10	9
	Dartford	1	1	9
	Dover	2	12	6
	Folkestone	2	10	0
	Gravesend	4	15	6
	Maidstone	9	0	0
	Malling	6	17	6
	Ramsgate	4	4	0
	Sandwich	0	19	6
	Sittingbourne	5	14	3
	Tunbridge	5	13	9
	Tunbridge Wells	6	19	0
	Canterbury	0	8	6

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents (Reformatories)—*continued.*

		£	s.	d.
LANCASHIRE	Liverpool	229	1	3
	Manchester	88	6	0
	Ashton-under-Lyne	2	13	0
	Blackburn	14	16	0
	Bolton	44	4	6
	Bolton, Little	2	18	6
	Burnley	14	0	0
	Bury	19	5	6
	Chorley	1	19	0
	Leigh	2	19	0
	Oldham	19	5	4
	Old Swan	4	11	0
	Prescot	0	10	0
	Preston	11	17	0
	Pemberton	2	0	0
	Royton	2	9	6
	Salford	45	6	0
	Skerton	8	1	0
	Staley Bridge	1	12	0
	St. Helens	5	15	0
	Ulverston	6	10	9
	Warrington	4	15	6
	Wigan	5	0	0
	Wilshaw	2	1	0
LEICESTER	Leicester	9	13	0
	Loughborough	3	18	0
LINCOLN	Lincoln	3	5	0
	Brigg	5	4	0
	Grimsby	4	3	0
	Epworth	2	12	0
	Gainsborough	1	6	0
	Sleaford	3	18	0
	Skirbeck	4	4	0
	Stamford	2	9	6
MIDDLESEX	London	605	5	6
MONMOUTH	Abergavenny	2	5	6
	Chepstow	2	12	0
	Newport	18	0	3
	Pontypool	0	14	0
NORFOLK	Norwich	2	1	9
	North Walsham	1	19	0
	East Dereham	0	17	6
	Docking	2	10	0
	Kings Lynn	11	14	0
	Loddon	0	9	9
	Pulham	2	12	0
	Swaffham	2	12	0
	Wymondham	2	19	0
	Yarmouth	1	18	0
NORTHAMPTON	Northampton	3	13	0
	Peterborough	19	6	0
	Towcester	1	9	0
	Wellingborough	7	11	8
	Kettering	2	0	0
NORTHUMBERLAND	Alnwick	0	10	0
	Newcastle	12	15	6
	Tynemouth	2	1	0
NOTTS	Nottingham	13	16	0
	Newark	3	18	0
	Retford	9	0	5
OXFORD	Henley-on-Thames	4	10	0
SHROPSHIRE	Shrewsbury	3	18	0
	Oswestry	0	13	0
	Whitchurch	1	5	6
	Wellington	3	1	0
	Bridgnorth	1	6	0
SOMERSET	Axbridge	8	4	6
	Bath	4	16	6
	Bridgewater	2	12	0
	Dunster	0	4	6
	Frome	1	12	6
	Glastonbury	0	19	6
	Ilminster	2	12	0
	Long Ashton	8	4	0
	Taunton	1	7	0
	Wincanton	0	10	6
	Yeovil	5	4	0
STAFFORD	Stafford	3	12	0
	Bilston	7	4	0
	Burton-on-Trent	9	1	0
	Burslem	7	12	6
	Hanley	6	15	6
	Kingswinford	2	11	0
	Longton	15	18	6
	Newcastle-under-Lyne.	9	3	6
	Stone	3	5	0
	Wednesbury	2	16	0
	Wolverhampton	11	10	9
	Walsall	11	10	0
SUFFOLK	Ipswich	5	18	6
	Ixworth	6	14	0
	Beccles	13	5	3
	Boxford	2	12	0
	Bury St. Edmunds	7	8	0
	Clare	3	18	0
	Eye	0	13	0
	Lowestoft	6	7	0
SURREY	Farnham	2	1	0
	Guildford	2	12	0
	Godstone	2	0	0
	Dorking	1	4	0
SUSSEX	Brighton	30	9	0
	Chichester	4	3	0
	Hailsham	0	6	6
	Hastings	9	3	6
	Lewes	3	1	6
	Rye	1	7	0
	Steyning	1	16	0
	Cuckfield	0	3	0
WARWICK	Warwick	8	17	0
	Birmingham	37	1	6
	Alcester	2	15	0
	Aston	14	4	0
	Atherstone	0	13	0
	Coventry	6	8	0
	Foleshill	4	17	6
	Henley-in-Arden	2	17	0
	Kineton	0	6	0
	Leamington	1	2	0
	Rugby	3	18	0
WESTMORELAND	Kendal	3	5	0
WILTS	Salisbury	18	6	0
	Devizes	5	4	0
	Hindon	5	10	6
	Swindon	2	18	9
	Trowbridge	1	12	6
	Chippenham	0	3	0
	Marlborough	0	8	0
	Warminster	0	17	0
WORCESTER	Worcester	3	5	6
	Bromsgrove	1	0	3
	Halesowen	3	2	0
	Dudley	9	10	0
	Stourbridge	6	5	6
	Upton	4	18	6

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents (Reformatories)—*continued.*

		£	s.	d.
YORKSHIRE	Barnsley	5	10	6
	Beverley	6	1	8
	Bradford	60	14	10
	Dewsbury	17	1	0
	Doncaster	22	0	0
	Driffield	1	13	6
	Easingwold	1	13	9
	Goole	3	12	0
	Halifax	20	0	0
	Huddersfield	15	8	0
	Hull	88	12	0
	Keighley	5	8	0
	Knaresborough	1	10	0
	Leeds	27	2	6
	Loven	1	19	6
	Market Weighton	0	9	0
	Middlesborough	8	5	0
	Patrington	1	6	0
	Pontefract	5	5	0
	Richmond	6	10	0
	Rotherham	6	11	0
	Selby	1	17	0
	Sadilleworth	1	19	0
	Scarborough	25	14	6
	Sheffield	136	13	9
	Skipton	2	12	0
	Tadcaster	4	9	3
	Wakefield	2	18	6
	Whitby	5	0	6
	York	3	16	6
	Total £	2,940	2	0

WALES.		£	s	d.
BRECON	Brecon	2	14	0
CARMARTHEN	Llanelly	0	5	0
	Llandyssil	3	18	0
CARNARVON	Bangor	1	16	0
DENBIGH	Denbigh	2	1	0
FLINT	Holywell	1	6	0
GLAMORGAN	Cardiff	0	9	0
	Merthyr Tydvil	4	5	6
	Swansea	7	12	6
PEMBROKE	Haverfordwest	3	18	0
	Saundersfoot	0	17	4
	Pembroke	2	2	0
	Total £	31	4	4

SCOTLAND.		£	s.	d.
EDINBURGH	Edinburgh	11	2	0
LANARK	Glasgow	35	3	0
	Total £	46	5	9
	GRAND TOTAL £	3,017	13	1

THIRTEENTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR

APPOINTED,

UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT 5 & 6 WILL. IV. c. 38,

TO VISIT THE CERTIFIED

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

OF

GREAT BRITAIN.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1870.

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THIRTEENTH REPORT

OF THE

INSPECTOR

APPOINTED TO VISIT THE CERTIFIED

REFORMATORY AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

To THE RIGHT HON. HENRY AUSTIN BRUCE, M.P.,
&c. &c. &c.
Secretary of State for the Home Department.

15, Parliament Street, S.W.
May 1870.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to submit my thirteenth annual Report on the Reformatory and Industrial Schools under my inspection, being the report on their circumstances and condition during the year 1869.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.

Nothing of importance has occurred during the year in connexion with this class of Institutions. Their general management has been very satisfactory, and the economy with which they are conducted and the results attending their operations fully justify the public support they receive. An additional school for Roman Catholic girls was opened during the year at Blackbrook near St. Helen's, making the number of certified reformatories in Great Britain in December 31st, 1869, 65. Of these, 14 are in Scotland, and 51 in England. The reformatory which I spoke of as in contemplation for Roman Catholic boys has not yet been completed, but the buildings are in progress of erection at Aintree near Liverpool.

Another reformatory for Protestant girls will, I hope, shortly be established at Twickenham.

Of the 51 English reformatories, 36 are for boys (32 for Protestants and 4* for Roman Catholics), and 15 for girls (12 Protestant and 3† Roman Catholic). Of the 14 Scotch Reformatories, 8 are for boys, 6 for girls; one‡ of each receiving only Roman Catholics.

These schools contained on the 31st December 1869, a total population of 5,480, viz. 4,360 boys, 1,120 girls, distributed as follows:—

England:			
Boys, Protestant,	2,695	- Roman Catholic,	839
Girls, „	669	- „	191
Scotland:			
Boys, Protestant,	611	- Roman Catholic,	215
Girls, „	177	- „	83

Of these, 12 boys and 1 girl were in prison, and 76 boys and 18 girls were at large as absconded and not yet recovered.

In addition to this number there were 800 boys and 81 girls on license to employment preliminary to being discharged, making the whole number under detention at the end of the year 6,468 (boys, 5,248; girls, 1,220).

Seven boys and three girls whose sentence of detention had expired were remaining in the schools till employment could be found for them.

Comparing these figures with the corresponding numbers for the year ending December 31st, 1868, it will be seen that the total of inmates increased during the year by 160 (boys, 126; girls, 34).

The total on license by 54 (boys, 51; girls, 3).

The total of absconded and not recovered by 7, 94 instead of 87.

The number in prison was one less (13 instead of 14).

The ADMISSIONS for the year amounted to 1,670; viz., boys, 1,343; girls, 327. Those for the previous year were 1,649 (boys, 1,319; girls, 330), showing an increase of 21.

---

* The Roman Catholic boys schools are Brook Green near London, Market Weighton, Yorkshire, the "Clarence" Ship, Liverpool, Mount St. Bernard's near Leicester, and Parkhead near Glasgow.

† The Roman Catholic girls schools are Arno's Court near Bristol, Yorkshire Catholic, Sheffield, Blackbrook, St. Helen's, and Dalbeth at Glasgow.

‡ Roman Catholic boys are also received under special regulations as to their religious instruction and attendance at public worship at the North-eastern Reformatory, Netherton near Morpeth, and the Glamorgan near Neath. No complaint or difficulty has arisen from the mixture of the Protestant and Roman Catholic boys in these institutions.

The admissions were, to Protestant schools, boys, 1,032; girls, 253; to Roman Catholic schools, boys, 311; girls 74.

The statistics of age were as follows:—

Under 10 years of age,	Boys,	18	Girls,	1
Between 10 and 12,	„	198	„	51
Between 12 and 14,	„	496	„	119
Between 14 and 16,	„	631	„	156

A larger proportion were admitted, therefore, above 14 years of age than in the previous year, when the corresponding numbers were 577 and 149.

The previous convictions of those admitted were,—

None	Boys, 660		Girls, 271
One	„ 457		„ 42
Two	„ 161		„ 10
Three	„ 44		„ 3
Four and upwards	„ 21		„ 1

These figures show that above half (nine sixteenths) of those committed to reformatories were committed without having been previously convicted of any crime. They show in this respect a slight increase on the corresponding figures for 1868, which were, boys, 644; girls, 255.

It is obvious that Reformatory Schools are used in a large majority of cases for prevention rather than cure. The law leaves this so entirely to the discretion of the committing magistrates, that it may seem useless to remark upon it. But considering the cost to the public which the commitment to a reformatory entails, and the chances that young boys guilty only of some small offence will be injured by association with lads much further advanced in crime than THEMSELVES, I cannot but doubt the policy of sentencing so large a proportion of young offenders to detention for a first and often trifling crime. Certainly it would seem desirable that, if this comparatively innocent class are thus dealt with, they should be more effectually separated from the older and more hardened, and should be sent to reformatories more specially appropriated to them.

The particulars which have been sent to me, however, show that an industrial school would have been more appropriate than a reformatory for a considerable portion of those who have been committed, and that there were many more in whose case a sharp summary conviction might have been judiciously tried, and their commitment to a reformatory school have been postponed till by some repetition of their offence they had shown more decidedly that they

really belonged to the criminal class, which reformatories are properly intended to repress.

The DISCHARGES for the year (exclusive of transfers from one school to another) were 1,451; viz. boys, 1,163; girls, 288.

They were distributed under the following heads:—

Placed in service or employment,	boys,	315	-	girls,	164
Returned to friends - - -	„	408	-	„	94
Emigrated - - - -	„	115	-	„	6
Sent to sea - - - -	„	227	-	„	—
Enlisted - - - - -	„	19	-	„	—
Discharged on account of disease -	„	16	-	„	6
Discharged as incorrigible -	„	5	-	„	5
Died in schools - - -	„	35	-	„	8
Absconded and sentence expired -	„	23	-	„	5

It should be remarked that "returned to friends" does not mean that the inmates of the schools are just sent home when the sentence of detention has expired, but (usually at least) that their relatives are invited to co-operate in finding employment, and are assisted with the necessary outfit.

In many cases, however, the practical interpretation is, that the best efforts of the managers have been defeated by the selfish ignorance, or the greediness of the parents, that these have interfered to prevent their children from going to the places provided for them, or have persuaded them to leave, and to come home, to be turned out again into the streets when their small savings are spent, and the clothes which have been given them are disposed of. It is scarcely possible to devise an efficient remedy for this, short of investing the managers of the schools with a legal right of guardianship over the inmates for a reasonable time (say a year) after the expiration of their sentence of detention. Very many of the failures and relapses which the managers have to regret are mainly due to the influence and interference of foolish or vicious relatives after the boy or girl, has left the school.

It is satisfactory that the smallness of the proportion of DEATHS confirms and continues the similar evidence of previous returns as to the generally healthy condition and good sanitary management of the schools. The death-rate is but ·77 per cent., or, allowing for the probable decease of the majority of those discharged *on account of disease*, about 1 per cent.

There is no doubt that this healthful condition is due to the care with which the premises are cleansed and ven-

tilated, and to the good diet and employment of the inmates. A certain average of serious illness, and of deaths from disease or accident must be expected, and if a school escapes at one time, it usually takes its turn upon the list of such casualties at another. But in every case in which an unusual amount of sickness or mortality occur, the managers have good reason to inquire whether they have not neglected the cleansing or drainage of the school buildings, or overcrowded them, or underfed and overworked the inmates.

I note with regret that the "Clarence" ship returns six deaths and four discharges for disease, upon about 200 boys, and that the Aberdeen reformatory for girls (Mount Street) returns three deaths upon an average of 38.*

The managers of this last-named school have lately taken measures to ensure a better supply of water, to improve the dietary, &c. The effect of precaution and proper provision under these heads is seen in the great improvement which has taken place as regards the health of the inmates of the Arno's Court and Market Weighton Reformatories. There were no deaths in either of them, and only one discharge on the ground of disease from the latter. Red Hill, with 300 inmates, has returned no case of death for three years past, and only one discharge on account of illness.

Following the usual order of my report, which for the sake of more convenient comparison of one year with another I believe it is advantageous to adhere to, I have next to state the RESULTS of reformatory schools as shown by the returns which are furnished of the present character and circumstances of the young offenders discharged from

---

* The DEATHS for the year were distributed as follows:

Boys.—Clarence ship 6, Cornwall ship 4, Akbar ship 4, Mount St. Bernard 2, Glasgow House of Refuge 3, North Lancashire 2, North-eastern 2, Stranraer 2, and one each at Cumberland, Essex, Liverpool Farm, Brook Green, Northampton, Wandsworth, Leeds, Castle Howard, Wellington Farm (Edinburgh), and Old Mill (Aberdeen).

Girls.—Aberdeen 3, and one each at Devon, Red Lodge, Toxteth Park, Ipswich, and Surrey.

The DISCHARGES ON ACCOUNT OF DISEASE were,—

Boys.—Clarence ship 4, Akbar ship 2, Parkhead 2, and one each from North Lancashire, Mount St. Bernard, Red Hill, Market Weighton, Old Mill, and Kibble (Paisley).

Girls.—Birmingham 2, and one each from Red Lodge, Hampstead, Ipswich, and Glasgow House of Refuge.

The DISCHARGES AS INCORRIGIBLE were,—

Boys.—Wandsworth 2, Akbar ship 1, Market Weighton 1.

Girls.—One each from Hampstead, Ipswich, Warwickshire, Aberdeen, and Dalbeth.

the schools in the three years 1866–68 (given in detail in Appendix VI.)

The discharges for those three years were, 3,488; namely, boys, 2,751; girls, 737.

Of these 114 boys and 18 girls absconded and were not recovered, 70 boys and 34 girls were discharged as diseased or incorrigible.

Of the remaining 2,582 boys, 51 enlisted, 457 went to sea, 263 emigrated, and 1,796 were placed in employment or service in England.

And of the remaining 685 girls, 15 emigrated, and 670 were placed in service or employment.

Of the 2,751 boys, 78 have since died, leaving 2,673 to be reported on. Of these, 1,809 (or 68 per cent.) are doing well, 73 (or 2·3 per cent.) are returned as doubtful, 479 (or 18 per cent.) have been convicted, 312 (or 11·7 per cent.) are unknown.

Of the 737 girls, 15 have since died, leaving 722 to be reported on. Of these, 457 (or above 63 per cent.) are doing well, 72 (or 10 per cent.) are returned as doubtful, 90 (or 12·5 per cent.) have been convicted, 103 (or 14 per cent.) are unknown.

These results are rather more favourable as regards the boys, and rather less so as regards the girls, than those given in last year's report for the years 1865–67; but they are much the same on the whole as the previous returns exhibit, giving, when the "unknown" are allowed for, an average of 70 per cent. of effectual reformation.

The form in which these Returns are drawn up has been objected to by several of the managers as not allowing them to show the cases in which the young man or woman who has once relapsed and been returned as "convicted" has regained an honest character, and continued to maintain it. I have full evidence that such cases are very common, and there is no doubt that a considerable deduction should be made in the number which this Table of Results exhibits as having again fallen into crime. But it would greatly complicate the preparation of the Table (already sufficiently laborious) to thus sift out from year to year from the list of "Relapsed" those who have again recovered their position; and so long as it can be shown that in the common average Reformatory seven out of ten of those committed can be made trustworthy and self supporting members of society, while in many, either better managed or more favourably circumstanced as to their locality, or the class of young offenders they receive, this proportion

rises to between eight and nine out of the ten, I do not think it is sufficiently important to follow out each case of eventual or after reformation as to make it worth while to incur the additional time and labour that so much individual analysis would involve. It may be certainly taken as a fact that in many instances the good dispositions, and especially the habits of industry and self control which the Reformatory has implanted, develop and assert themselves eventually, though at first for a while, or in some unlooked for circumstances of temptation, or from the influence of depraved relations, they have been checked or overborne.

I give below the usual analysis of the results brought out by these Returns as applying to English and Scotch Protestant and Roman Catholic Schools respectively.*

It is but fair, however, to mention more particularly the more remarkable examples of successful operation. The number of discharges is in all cases confined to those who left the schools in the years 1866–67–68, all of whom therefore have had at least a year's probation since their discharge.

Wilts, a school of about 50 boys, accounts for all that were discharged, and shows 21 out of 22 (*i. e.* 96 per cent.) doing well. Monmouth, a school of about 20, has 10 out of 11 (91 per cent.); Essex 17 out of 19 (90 per cent.); Northampton 25 out of 28 (89 per cent.); Hants 40 out of 45 (89 per cent.); Devon and Exeter 17 out of 20 (85 per cent.); Hardwicke 36 out of 43 (82 per cent.); and in Scotland, the Wellington Farm, 49 out of 58 (84 per cent.), and Inverness 26 out of 32 (81 per cent.); the Cornwall ship shows 105 out of 135 (78 per cent.); Glamorgan, Kingswood, Castle Howard, Warwickshire, Liverpool Farm, Red Hill, Brook Green, Bedford, Wandsworth,

* Detailed Analysis of Results for English and Scotch Protestant and Roman Catholic Schools.

		Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted.	Unknown.
English Schools.					
Protestant	Boys, per cent.	71	2·4	15·6	11
„	Girls „	62	10	10·6	17·4
Roman Catholic	Boys „	60·2	2·7	26·4	10·5
„	Girls „	69	3	22	6
Scotch Schools.					
Protestant	Boys „	60	5	17	18
„	Girls „	60	13	7	14
Roman Catholic	Boys (a) „	73	—	27	—
„	Girls „	58	14·5	21	6·5

(a) This Return is from Parkhead, and appears to class all the "doubtful" cases with those known to be doing well.

Cumberland, Dorset, Saltley, and Calder Farm give from 70 to 75 per cent.

Of the girls schools, Ipswich shows 20 doing well out of 23 (87 per cent.), Devon and Exeter 25 out of 33 (76 per cent.), Hampstead 58 out of 81 (72 per cent.), Yorkshire Catholic (Sheffield) 30 out of 41 (73 per cent.), and in Scotland, of the 16 girls discharged from Stranraer 15 (94 per cent.), have all turned out creditably.

I have next to notice the information afforded by the judicial statistics of the year on the number of the juvenile offenders and the bearing of the particulars given in them on the results which the school returns have shown.

As stated in last year's Report the number of commitments of offenders above 16 years of age in England and Wales increased largely in the years 1867 and 1868; namely, from 114,935 in 1866 to 121,767 in 1867, and 133,078 in 1868, while the number of commitments of juveniles (or offenders under 16) advanced also in the same years, though at a much smaller ratio, from 9,356 to 9,631 and 10,079 successively.

The figures for the year ending, September 29th 1869 are, for adult offenders, 146,940, and for juveniles 10,314, showing an increase of about 10 per cent., and 7 per cent. on the adults and the juveniles respectively.

I add the usual Tables showing the variations in the number of commitments for both adults and juveniles of both sexes during the last ten years.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS (under 16 Years of Age):—

YEARS.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1860 - -	6,765	1,264	8,029
1861 - -	7,373	1,428	8,801
1862 - -	7,080	1,269	8,349
1863 - -	7,208	1,251	8,459
1864 - -	7,536	1,321	8,857
1865 - -	8,350	1,290	9,640
1866 - -	8,099	1,257	9,356
1867 - -	8,285	1,346	9,631
1868 - -	8,702	1,377	10,079
1869 - -	8,956	1,358	10,314

ADULT OFFENDERS (over 16 years of age):—

YEARS.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1860 - -	63,719	28,866	92,585
1861 - -	72,947	30,396	103,343
1862 - -	85,031	32,095	117,126
1863 - -	87,832	33,236	121,068
1864 - -	85,047	33,102	118,149
1865 - -	85,265	31,133	116,398
1866 - -	83,321	31,614	114,935
1867 - -	88,620	33,147	121,767
1868 - -	97,636	35,442	133,078
1869 - -	108,195	38,745	146,940

For SCOTLAND (of both sexes):—

YEARS.	Adults.	Juveniles.
1860 - - -	18,218	1,062
1861 - - -	17,366	1,212
1862 - - -	18,581	1,120
1863 - - -	21,377	1,075
1864 - - -	23,792	1,036
1865 - - -	23,972	1,041
1866 - - -	24,045	1,061
1867 - - -	24,656	1,070
1868 - - -	25,057	1,186
1869* - - -	*	*

The whole number of young offenders admitted into reformatory schools since the year 1854, when the Reformatory Schools Act was passed, has been,—boys 16,351, girls 4,012; total 20,363. The discharges amount to—boys 11,096, girls 2,789; total 13,885.

The Returns from the prisons of Great Britain of the offenders committed to them who have been recognized or traced as having been previously in some reformatory school show that 490 male and 78 female prisoners were thus identified.

Referring these figures to those just given of the totals of discharged we have a per-centage of reconvictions of 4½ per cent. nearly for the boys and nearly 3 per cent. for

* *Note.*—The Judicial Statistics for Scotland have not yet been published in consequence of the changes determined on as to their form and the date to which they are to be made up.

the girls on the whole number of those who have gone through a period of reformatory discipline.*

The RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of the several reformatory schools will be found in detail in Appendix IX. (*a*).

The total amount expended for the year was 118,418*l.* 19*s.* 11*d.*, under the following heads:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Salaries and rations to officers	24,323	9	11
Food of inmates	38,520	4	1
Clothing do.	12,573	11	3
Washing do.	6,188	15	8
Repairs, rates, &c.	5,278	10	4
Furniture	4,726	18	10
Printing	3,254	8	6
Travelling and Police	1,459	14	3
Medical	1,602	1	11
Sundries	2,135	1	4
Rent	2,851	17	4
Disposal	5,348	5	7
Building	9,664	8	11
Loss on Industrial departments	491	12	0
	£ 118,418	19	11

The receipts, including legacies, contributions for building, were 125,256*l.* 1*s.* 5*d.*, classed as follows:—

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Treasury payments	82,357	15	7
Parents' do.	808	9	6
Subscriptions, legacies, &c.	7,730	5	7
Contributions from rates	18,041	15	5
Do. from voluntary associations	554	10	2
Sundries	2,206	19	8
Profit on Industrial departments	13,556	5	6
	£ 125,256	1	5

* The Prison Returns give the names of all the offenders reported and the schools from which they were discharged. I am thus enabled to identify the individual and test the accuracy of the Reports received from the schools. The Returns show that fully one third of the re-convicted were discharged 4 or 5 years ago. These have mostly been in prison twice or three times. If we deduct these and compare the remainder with the numbers discharged in 1866–68 we have a per-centage of reconviction upon these of about 10 per cent. for boys, and 6 per cent. for girls, a result which is considerably lower than that given by the school managers, and confirms very satisfactorily the fidelity of their reports.

The summary of the accounts of expenditure given in Appendix IX. (*b.*) shows the comparative cost of maintenance in the several schools.

In taking these results I include the profit or loss derived from the industrial departments (farm, workshop, laundry, &c.), as the employment and industrial training of the inmates form a most essential part of reformatory discipline, and their results as a general rule are a test how far the labour of the inmates is judiciously directed and fully enforced. On this point, however, of the profit and loss attendant on their employment, allowance must be made in the case of farm schools for the nature of the land in cultivation, and for the circumstances of the labouring population in the neighbourhood. Where the land has to be reclaimed and money sunk in draining and manures, a profit can hardly be expected, and on the other hand, some schools have been enabled to employ the work of the boys to unusual advantage, through the scarcity of agricultural labourers in the vicinity, and the demand which has thence arisen for the labour of the boys.

In all cases, however, as the inmates of the school must be taught and accustomed to work, the costs of the industrial training must be taken into account, whether they result in a profit to the school funds or an extra charge upon them. So also with respect to disposal no reformatory school can be of much real value where the placing out of the inmates on their discharge, and a careful supervision of them for some time after they have left the reformatory, are neglected; and, as a general rule, the more pains bestowed on this head of the school operations the higher will be the standard of results. The amount spent, therefore, in outfit, apprentice fees, emigration expenses, &c. forms necessarily an item in the cost per head; but as the circumstances of each school differ more or less as to the facilities for disposal and the consequent expenses incurred, I have given the amounts spent under this head separately from the items of maintenance and industrial charges.

The cost for buildings being exceptional, and occurring only for such schools as have during the year altered or enlarged their premises, is not included in calculating the net result given in the last column of the Table.

It appears from the Table that the average net cost per head has been, for the year 1869—

	£	s.	d.
English Boys schools - -	17	16	1
„ Girls „ - -	16	15	10
Scotch Boys* „ - -	15	4	11
„ Girls „ - -	13	4	8

The cost per head for the English boys' schools was highest at the Hants Reformatory, where it reached 23*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.*, being increased by an industrial *loss* of 30*l.*, or about 10*s.* 6*d.* per head. The next highest was at the Devon and Exeter School, where it reached 22*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* in spite of an industrial *profit* of 64*l.* (about 2*l.* per head). At Red Hill the cost was 21*l.* 7*s.* 0*d.* with an industrial profit of 92*l.* (above 3*l.* per head). At the Warwickshire Reformatory the cost was 21*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*, but there was an unusually large amount expended in disposal, chiefly emigration, raising the cost per head as compared with other schools nearly 2*l.* per head.† The cost of all the other schools fell below 20*l.* per head. The lowest in the scale of expense being Monmouth, which, thanks to a very cheap staff and an industrial profit of above 5*l.* per head on its 18 boys, came out at 10*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Kingswood, from a similar cause, (the industrial earnings being 709*l.* on 143 boys,) was carried on at a cost per head of 12*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*, At Brook Green, with an industrial profit of 5*l.* per head, the cost was 13*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* At North Lancashire, with an industrial profit of 1*l.* 5*s.* per head, it was 13*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* At the Wandsworth, Northampton, and North Eastern the cost per head was under 15*l.*, the industrial profits being 4*l.* 17*s.*, 6*l.* 5*s.*, and 3*l.* 7*s.* respectively.

The cost per head for the English girls' schools was highest at the Warwickshire Reformatory at Coventry, 23*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*, but the school has had to bear the expenses of removal from Tile Hill and of forming the new establishment in Coventry. The next in order of expense is Red Lodge, where the cost per head reached 20*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.*, a figure which indicates that Miss Carpenter's absence from the former scene of her self-denying labours has not been favourable to the economy of the management. The next

* Excluding Glasgow House of Refuge, the expense of carrying on this institution being still unavoidably exceptional.

† The amount spent for disposal at the Warwickshire School was 242*l.*, or 3*l.* 15*s.* per head on the numbers of inmates; at Red Hill it was 570*l.*, or 1*l.* 19*s.* per head; at Castle Howard 144*l.*, or 2*l.* 5*s.* per head; at Kingswood 1*l.* 14*s.*; at Suffolk 1*l.* 17*s.*; at Liverpool Farm 1*l.* 14*s.* The average of other schools was under 1*l.*

most expensive was Limpley Stoke, at which the cost per head was 18*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.*, although the 67 girls earned nearly 300*l.* The lowest in the scale of expense is Toxteth Park, which shows the singularly moderate cost of 10*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* per head, the earnings of the 51 girls amounting to 148*l.* Sunderland shows a cost of 13*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*, the earnings of the 32 girls being only 1*l.* per head. The highest scale of earnings was at Ipswich, where 28 girls earned 206*l.*; the next at Hampstead, where for 102 girls the amount was 522*l.*; and the next at Liverpool (Mount Vernon Green), where 75 girls earned 331*l.*

The cheapest boys reformatory in Scotland was the Old Mill at Aberdeen, where the cost per head was only 12*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.*, the earnings being 473*l.* on 118 boys, or 4*l.* per head. The most expensive was the Kibble Reformatory at Paisley, where the cost of maintenance was 18*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* per head, the *loss* on the industrial departments being 101*l.* (or 1*l.* 10*s.* per head).

Of the four girls' schools Dalry was the highest in cost of maintenance, 15*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*, but the industrial earnings of the girls were 3*l.* per head. At Dalbeth the cost was 13*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* and the earnings 3*l.* 10*s.*; at Aberdeen the cost was 12*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* and the earnings 2*l.* 11*s.* Glasgow was the lowest in cost (11*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*), as also in earnings (93*l.* on 90 girls).

Certified Industrial Schools.

Certified industrial schools have now become so completely assimilated to reformatories in their necessary arrangements and regulations and the main features of their management, and their objects and operations are so analogous and so nearly identical, that the chief part of my Report upon them must necessarily be cast in the same form; and, with the necessary variations of the names and figures, must be practically a repetition, or at least a continuation of the Report upon Reformatories. It is in fact very difficult to establish any real distinction between these two classes of Institutions, except that the industrial school deals with the younger and the less criminal portion of the class which reformatory schools receive. Before the passing of the Industrial Schools Acts it was not so. The children received into industrial schools were of what is commonly called the ragged and neglected class; but they were not sent by a magistrate's warrant to the school, were not consigned to compulsory detention, and were not

punishable by imprisonment for absconding or wilful disobedience; and they could not be removed from one school to another or discharged altogether by the Secretary of State. Their parents also were not liable to contribute towards their maintenance, or punishable if they refused to do so, or if they induced the children to desert from the school and harboured them to prevent their recovery. But the Acts since passed have successively consolidated and developed the legal status and operation of these schools, imposing on the managers the duty and responsibility of the custody, maintenance, and treatment of their inmates; defining the main conditions on which children shall be sent to them to be that they shall be found guilty of some offence against the law (vagrancy, begging, and petty theft), or that their parents and asssociates shall be criminal. The position of certified industrial schools has thus completely changed, and though still called by the name of *schools* they are in fact but *reformatories* of a milder sort, and so institutions of a corrective and not a merely educational character. School instruction forms indeed but one and that not the most important element of their constitution. They are houses of detention for the young vagabond and petty misdemeanant. In accordance with this change of character in their objects, their locality and their mode of operation have been changing too. Originally they were specially designed and used as day schools, and the majority of the children found in them were day scholars. They were, therefore, established in the poorer and more populous districts of the towns in which they were situated. But for some years past, from considerations of health and the necessity of more careful custody and more varied and especially of out-door employment, many of the schools have been moved into the suburbs of the town or into the country surrounding it; a change which has rendered the attendance of day scholars in most cases impossible or very inconvenient, and has confined the inmates almost entirely to children regularly committed by magistrates for detention. Thus the later Certified Industrial Schools have generally been established at some distance from the neighbouring town, and the Schools now projected are all intended to be country institutions with fields and gardens for the boys to work in. Several school ships have also been established, in which the attendance of day scholars is out of the question. I think that there is no doubt that, so far as the health and physical development of the inmates of the schools are concerned and the moral

influence exercised upon them, this change of system has been attended with much advantage, and that the public object of such schools (the prevention of crime) can be more effectually attained when the children are under legal restraint, protected from their parents and former associates, and regularly trained and cared for, than it can be when they can attend the school or not as they please, and have to be more or less induced and coaxed to do so, when their parents can withdraw them at their pleasure, and when the schools are struggling for the means of even properly instructing their scholars. The testimony of managers and teachers will be, I believe, unanimous as to this.

But there is another side to the question. The admixture of day scholars not only extends the usefulness of a school, but certainly infuses a more free and natural tone into its discipline, and keeps up more thoroughly the relations of the children to the realities of that practical life going on outside the school in which they will have again to mix; and the sending all the disorderly and vagrant children who trouble our large towns to be boarders, lodged, fed, and clothed as well as taught in the school would involve a cost to the Treasury for their maintenance, and entail an expense for buildings, &c. of a very serious amount. I believe that the true solution of the difficulty will be found on the one hand in a greater discrimination of the cases dealt with under the Industrial Schools Act, and a careful restriction of its powers and provisions to the really vagabond and semi-criminal classes; and, on the other hand, in the recognition or encouragement of a secondary class of industrial schools, organized on the plan of *day feeding schools*, which children who are merely destitute or neglected might attend as *day scholars*. There is no doubt a large class of children too ill clothed and ill regulated to attend the common National and British Schools, and yet not guilty of any offence against the law, and not requiring so expensive a course of treatment as is involved in committing them for five, six, or seven years to a Certified Industrial School. For such children such a class of schools as I have referred to would sufficiently provide. These institutions would supply a link now wanting between the schools which give education only and the reformatory and industrial establishments which enforce detention and aim chiefly at moral and practical training. The school instruction given in them would necessarily be of a more simple kind; and some forms of employment, teaching habits of labour and developing the children's physical resources, would be indispensable. It would be

necessary also in most cases to give the children a cheap and simple meal. If administered (or assisted) by such school boards as the Education Bill proposes to establish, and carried on under the supervision and with the aid of the Committee of Council, such schools would offer a fair and unexceptionable field for the trial of the principle of compulsory attendance, the attendance being enforced, if possible, not by a magistrate but by the school authorities of the district, and so a clear line of demarcation maintained between those who are suffering from educational neglect and those who by vagrancy, begging, petty theft, &c. have made themselves amenable to the law. The ragged and industrial feeding schools which exist in so many of our larger towns offer facilities for this extension of the industrial school system, and could readily be made available for the purpose. I believe that they would intercept a considerable proportion of the children now improperly sent to certified industrial schools, as these schools have intercepted a large number that would else have been sent to reformatories, taking them at an earlier stage and acting in a more thorough sense as preventive institutions, and the saving thus effected on the amounts granted for the maintenance of the children committed to the certified schools would go far to compensate the expense incurred for the partial feeding and manual employment of the children in the ragged schools. The recognition and organizing of such an intermediate class of schools by the Committee of Council would thus, I think, be found economically as well as morally advantageous, and their administration would not require any vital changes in the rules by which their Lordships' aid is given.

I proceed now to give the usual statistics and details, which will show the progress and effects of the Industrial School System during the past year.

The number of schools certified under the Industrial Schools' Act, on the 31st December 1868, was 77. (In England 55, in Scotland 22.)*

One of the English schools (the Winson Industrial Home for girls at Birmingham) was discontinued and the certificate resigned. On the other hand six schools were certified during the year, four in England, and two in Scotland, making the number of these institutions on December 31st, 1869, 82. (In England 58, in Scotland 24.)*

* *Note.*—The Burghal School at Edinburgh and the Govan School at Glasgow are not included in this number, as though the certificates have not been resigned they have long since ceased to be used for the purposes of the Industrial Schools' Act.

The additional schools were:—

The "Cumberland," training ship for the Clyde, stationed in Loch Goil, off Row in Dunbartonshire. Certified, 25th June 1869.

The "Mars," training ship for the Tay, stationed near Dundee. Certified, 30th September 1869.

The "Formidable," training ship for the Bristol Channel, stationed at Portishead, near Bristol. Certified, 18th November 1869.

The "Abbot Memorial" Schools at Gateshead. Certified, January 27, 1869.

The Halstead Industrial School for girls at Halstead, Essex. Certified, March 12, 1869.

The Ashton-under-Lyne Industrial School for Roman Catholic boys. Certified, 8th October 1869.

Some changes and improvements have been effected in schools previously certified.

The boys' refuge for Roman Catholic boys at Liverpool has been removed, from the small and inconvenient premises in which it was at first established in Soho Street, to the larger and more suitable house in St. Anne Street, formerly occupied for the use of the Judges. Considerable additions have been made to the buildings, and the institution in consequence much better organized. The new certificate was issued May 10th, 1869.

The boys' industrial school at Exeter has been removed from its confined and unhealthy situation in Exe Island, to a far more satisfactory position at Exminster (about four miles from Exeter). The managers have purchased a good house and seven acres of ground, and have added the necessary schoolrooms, dormitories, &c. The fields and garden afford full opportunity for the employment of a number of the boys in out-door labour. The new school was certified 7th August 1869.

The new schools at Mossbank, built by the exertions of the managers of the Glasgow Industrial Schools, about four miles from Glasgow, have been completed, and are now organized and regularly occupied. The building was originally intended to accommodate children of both sexes, but it has been found better to remove to it all the boys, and to retain the girls in the old schools at Rotten Row. These premises have been altered and improved, to adapt them more especially for this purpose.

The new schools at Leith near Edinburgh were certified on the 15th September, and the children transferred from the old premises. The schools are situated in the Lochend

Road, in the suburbs of the town, and in their position and arrangements, and the liberality with which the necessary expenses have been met, do honour to their promoters.

The girls' industrial school at Sunderland has been removed to better and more commodious premises in Tatham Street. The new school was certified on 7th of August.

The Staffordshire boys' industrial school at Werrington near Hanley (certified in 1868) has at length been finished, and a competent master appointed (Mr. Horth, formerly schoolmaster and assistant under Mr. Shaddock of the Warwickshire Reformatory, and since master of the Derby Ragged School).

The additions to the Chester Industrial School have been completed in a very satisfactory manner.

The buildings of the Stockport Industrial School are being considerably enlarged, and its arrangements materially improved.

The new schools for Bolton and Paisley are now completed, and will shortly be certified and occupied. The Bolton school is at Lostock, about three miles from the town, with land attached for cultivation. The Paisley schools are in the suburb of the town, and in a far superior and more healthy position. The managers of the girls school of industry at Perth have also erected new buildings for that institution at a little distance from the city, and the girls will shortly be removed thither from the portion of the old poor house in which hitherto the school has been carried on amidst so many disadvantages of situation and accommodation.

An additional school for Manchester to contain 200 children is about to be established at Heaton Mersey, about four miles from the city, on seven acres of land, the entire cost of land, buildings, furniture, &c. being defrayed from the munificient donation of 12,000*l.* contributed by Mr. Robert Barnes for the purpose.

Another school for the same locality for which the Manchester Town Council have agreed to contribute 3,000*l.* on condition of as much being raised by voluntary contributions, is about to be built at Eccles for Roman Catholic children. The Council have agreed to grant a similar sum (3,000*l.*) on the same condition for another Protestant school.

The managers of the Leeds Industrial School have purchased and are adding to more convenient premises for the accommodation of the girls committed for detention in their school, and the managers of Greenock school are

about to add considerably to the buildings of that institution. On all sides I find increasing interest in the working of the industrial school system, and active efforts for its extension and more effective application.

The girls industrial home at Winson Green (Birmingham) was discontinued at Michaelmas. I regretted that it was given up, both for the cause, the continued illness of Miss Weale, by whose benevolent exertions it was established, and because as a voluntary institution for training neglected or troublesome girls it had done good service. As a certified school its operations had been very limited, and it will not be much missed. The few girls (7), who were under detention in it were transferred to the Birmingham industrial school in Gem Street.

Since the commencement of the present year a school for Roman Catholic boys has been certified at Shefford near Bedford called St. Francis' Home.

The opening of the many new schools which were certified in this and the previous year, has naturally led to a large increase in the number of the class of inmates under detention. The number advanced in the twelvemonth ending December 31st, 1869, from 5,738 to 7,345. Of this number, 5,416 were boys, and 1,929 girls, distributed as follows:

ENGLISH SCHOOLS:		
Protestant boys -	2,665 -	Girls, 617
Roman Catholic boys -	811 -	Girls, 441
SCOTCH SCHOOLS:		
Protestant boys -	1,639 -	Girls, 719
Roman Catholic boys -	301 -	Girls, 152

Of these numbers, however, 103 boys and 58 girls were out on licence, and 180 boys and 30 girls were absent from the schools as having absconded and not been recovered.

The numbers actually in the schools were, therefore, 5,133 boys and 1,841 girls, besides which there were 33 boys and 17 girls whose sentence of detention had expired, but who were retained in the schools till employment could be found for them.

In addition to these children sent to the schools under the provisions of the Industrial Schools Act there were a few inmates of the voluntary class, whose maintenance was paid for by subscriptions, or from the private resources of the school. The increasing pressure for the admission of children sent by magistrates has, however, greatly diminished the number of these free and merely charitable cases. There is in most of the schools very little accommodation left for them, and the difficulties which often

attend their management, especially that of retaining them in the school, and protecting them from the interference of their relatives, make the school authorities but little anxious to admit them. Many of the schools are still open to day scholars, to whom they give instruction and a certain amount of food (in some cases one meal, in others two).

But many managers, as I have already remarked, consider that it is more expedient to keep the day scholar and the child "under detention" separate. They have found it almost impossible to guard effectually against the introduction of fever and other forms of infectious disease into the school through the "outmates" or day scholars, and the serious epidemics which prevailed from this cause in the Manchester and in the Edinburgh United Schools, carrying off teachers as well as scholars, show what danger and injury may arise from the mixture of the children in even the most carefully regulated and best appointed institutions. It appears to be the conviction of Miss Carpenter, Mr. Bryan, and other of the more experienced managers, that in the attempt to mingle the two classes together more mischief is done and more risk incurred for the children who are regularly detained and boarded on the school than is at all made up for by the benefit that the day scholars may receive, and that it is advisable to draw a line between the certified industrial schools in which the inmates are lodged and maintained under the Act and day schools such as I have previously adverted to, in which the children should have some industrial training, and, where necessary, be partially fed, but should attend only as day scholars returning to their homes at night.

To recur, however, to the statistical details of my report.*

The ADMISSIONS during the year were, omitting transfers from one school to another, 2,465. Of this total, the admissions to English schools were 1,520 (boys 1,211, girls 309), and to Scotch schools 945 (boys 712, girls 233).

The admissions were nearly equal to those of the previous year (2,488). I do not anticipate that those for the

* It will be useful to repeat here the particulars given last year. In 8 English and 12 Scotch schools the boys and girls are taught in the same room, and have their meals together, viz.,

Chester, Stockport, Macclesfield, Manchester, Kirkdale, Bolton, Birmingham (Gem Street), Bradford, Ayr, Kilmarnock, Rothesay, Dumfries, Leith, Edinburgh (original), Edinburgh (united), Arbroath, Dundee, Paisley, Falkirk, and Stirling.

In 5 English and 8 Scotch schools, they have their meals together, or in the same room, but have a separate schoolroom,—

Birkenhead, Liverpool, Newcastle, Hull, York.
Aberdeen, Glasgow, Greenock.

At Leeds the girls are lodged in a separate house.

present year will reach so high a figure, most of the newly opened schools being already nearly full.

The following are the details of the ages at admission and previous circumstances :—

AGE AT ADMISSION,—	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
From 6 to 8	125	92	217
„ 8 to 10	358	149	507
„ 10 to 12	681	182	863
„ 12 to 14	759	119	878

PREVIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES :—	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Illegitimate	71	27	98
Both parents dead	253	104	357
One parent dead	691	210	901
Deserted by parents	269	78	347
One or both parents criminal or destitute	85	39	124

Thus 1827 of the 2,465 admitted (or nearly three fourths) were orphans, or had lost one parent, or were without parental protection.

The DISCHARGES for the year were (deducting transfers) 836, viz., 655 boys and 181 girls. Of these, 67 (44 boys and 23 girls) died ; 31 (28 boys and 3 girls) absconded, and were not recovered ; 33 (26 boys and 7 girls) were committed to reformatory schools ; 16 (12 boys and 4 girls) were specially discharged ; 13 (12 boys and girl) emigrated ; 32 boys enlisted, and 41 went to sea. The remaining 460 boys and 143 girls were placed in service or assisted to employment.

The DEATHS were rather over one per cent. on the average population of the schools, which is nearly double of the rate for the previous year. Considering the class of children which the schools recruit from, the diseased constitutions they inherit, and the younger age at which many of them are admitted, the mortality is perhaps less than might have been expected. But I anticipate that as the schools improve in arrangement and in the diet and occupation of the children the present rate will be diminished.*

* The deaths occurred at the following schools :—
Boys :—Ilford R. C. 6, Aberdeen 5, Glasgow 4, Manchester 3, Devon, St. George's, (Liverpool) R. C., East London, Glasgow, R. C., Greenock, 2 each ; Chester, Cardiff, Kirkdale, Boys Refuge (Liverpool) R. C., Boys' Home, Boys Refuge, (London), Newcastle, Surrey, Hull, Southampton Ship,

With reference to the important question, what RESULTS have followed the extension of the reformatory principles to industrial schools, I give in Table VI. (2.) of the appendix the same sort of detailed return from the managers of Industrial Schools as has been for several years past regularly furnished by Reformatories, viz., a return showing the present character and circumstances of the children discharged in the three years 1866–68. The number discharged within that period was 1,570 (boys 1,154, girls 416). Of these 100 boys and 7 girls were committed to reformatories, and are either still under detention or have been accounted for in the reports given by the schools they were sent to.

Of the remaining 1,054 boys and 409 girls for whom the industrial schools managers are accountable, 798 boys and 351 girls were placed in or assisted to employment, and 12 boys and 3 girls sent out as emigrants; 54 boys were sent to sea and 6 boys enlisted; 46 boys and 13 girls were specially discharged on the application of relatives or on medical grounds; 138 boys and 52 girls absconded and were not recovered.

It appears that 30 boys and 13 girls have since died, that 600 boys and 231 girls are known to be doing well, 74 boys and 56 girls are of "doubtful" character, 61 boys and 12 girls have been convicted of crime, and 289 boys and 97 girls have passed beyond the managers' inquiry by removal of their parents or their own change of residence and employment.

From these figures it results that of the boys now alive only six per cent. have been convicted, a little over seven per cent. are of doubtful character, and nearly fifty-nine per cent. are doing well, twenty-eight per cent., or above one fourth of the whole being unknown, and that of the girls now living only three per cent. have been convicted, fourteen per cent. are "doubtful," sixty per cent are known to be doing well, and twenty-four per cent., or about one fourth, have passed out of observation.

It would not, however, be fair to the English Protestant schools to thus add all the returns together, and take the average result. The proportions of those doing well and

York, Cumberland Ship, Edinburgh United, Slatefields (Glasgow) R. C., Perth, Paisley, one each.

Girls:—Glasgow 3, Glasgow R. C. 3, Liverpool 2, Perth girls 2, and 1 each at Bristol, Kirkdale, St. George's (Liverpool) R. C., St. Ann's Liverpool, R. C., Falkner Street (Liverpool) R. C., Sloane Street, Franklin's Row, St. Margaret's Home, R. C., Leeds, Edinburgh original, Greenock, Paisley, and Newton Stewart.

of those unknown exhibit a striking difference, which results not so much from any peculiarity in the children as from the different modes of administration, or from the greater activity or superior qualifications of the officers employed. I give the analysis of the result below. It will be seen that the English Protestant schools for boys are able to return only 14 per cent., and 15 per cent., *i.e.* about one seventh of the boys and the girls discharged as *unknown*. The "unknown" out of the discharges from English Roman Catholic schools (chiefly Ilford and St. George's Liverpool) amount to 44 per cent., or nearly one half on the boys, and 55 per cent., or above one half, on the girls. The proportion doing well being, for the boys from the English Protestant schools 72 per cent., and for the girls 62, while for the boys from the English Roman Catholic schools it is but 46, and for the girls 31.

The contrast is as unfavourable to the Scotch schools, both Protestant and Catholic. The number returned as "unknown" from the Scotch boys' schools amounts to 33 per cent., or one third of the whole, and the proportion "doing well" is under 50 per cent. or less than one half.

Per-centage "doing well," unknown, &c., on discharges from Certified Industrial Schools in 1866–68.

	Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted.	Unknown.
English Schools:				
Boys (Protestant) - per cent. -	72·5	7·7	6·	14·3
„ (Catholic) - „ -	46·7	3·	5·5	44·8
Girls (Protestant) - „ -	62·	20·3	2·7	15·
„ (Catholic) - „ -	31·5	10·	3·5	55·
Scotch Schools:				
Boys (Protestant) - „ -	49·4	10·	7·6	33·
„ (Catholic) - „ -	5·3	—	—	94·7
Girls (Protestant) - „ -	68·	14·	3·6	14·5
„ (Catholic) - „ -	69·	3·5	—	27·5

At Glasgow 45 out of 72 boys discharged from Rotten Row in 1866–68 have escaped notice, and 53 out of 55 discharged from Abercromby Street; so at Dundee 14 are unknown out of 20, and at Paisley 6 out of 14.

I should add here that the whole number of children committed to industrial schools up to December 31st 1869 amounts to nearly 12,000 (11,811, of whom 8,691 were boys, 3,120 girls). Of this number 4,416 have been discharged, of whom 2,045 boys and 755 girls have been placed out or assisted to employment, enabled to emigrate, &c. Now that the superintendents and friends of the schools feel it to be their duty to maintain a watch over the children

after they have left the schools, and to return some better answer to inquiries about them than "unknown" or "believed to be doing well," each successive year will render the results of the schools more satisfactory and their hold on public confidence more secure. It is natural to think that the main thing to be done is to build a large school and to sweep a great number of children into it and set the machine going; but these are but the beginnings and the outsides of the thing, and the real point to look to and to judge by is whether the children stand or fall when they come out of the school into the common world, a point to be decided, not by military drill nor by religious routine, not by foolish indulgence nor by harshness and severity, but, as far as my experience goes, by the union of practical sense and religious sympathies, by the engaging kindly sound headed superintendents who take their lessons from the Bible as much for themselves as for their pupils, and by giving them the helps and appliances they need.

The accounts of receipt and expenditure as furnished from the different schools will be found in Appendix IX. (No. 2.)

The average cost per head on the sixteen English schools for boys only was 18*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.*, on the twelve English schools for girls 15*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.*; on seven mixed English schools for boys and girls 13*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.* In Scotland the average cost per head for boys' schools was 11*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.*, girls' schools 11*l.* 11*s.* 3*d.*, and for mixed schools 11*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.*

The total expenditure of the schools for the year amounted to 138,407*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*, their income to 142,992*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.*, distributed respectively under the following heads:—

EXPENDITURE 1869.

	£	*s.*	*d.*
Salaries and rations, officers'	25,687	12	0
Food for inmates	43,996	7	0
Clothing ditto	15,716	18	2
Washing, fuel, and light	6,699	3	9
Repairs, rates, and taxes, &c.	6,857	9	7
Sundries	15,160	18	9
Rent	4,267	12	3
Disposal	1,605	9	1
Building	18,324	2	8
Industrial loss	91	17	7
Total	£ 138,407	10	10

RECEIPTS 1869.

	£	s.	d.
Treasury allowance - - - -	74,102	7	5
Payments from parents and parochial boards	781	15	0
Subscriptions, legacies, &c. - -	33,740	15	9
Payment from rates - - -	21,056	16	6
Payments for voluntary inmates - -	3,368	7	9
Sundries - - - -	3,617	2	5
Industrial profit - - - -	6,325	12	0
Total - -	£142,992	16	10

I have given much attention to the enforcement of contributions from the parents of children under detention towards their maintenance and the amount received by the Treasury on this account during the year has increased to the amount of 6,847*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.*, viz.,—

	£	s.	d.
For Reformatory Schools - -	3,240	13	6
For Certified Industrial Schools -	3,606	11	0

The difficulties to which I have alluded in former Reports arising from the disinclination of many magistrates to enforce the payments by the ultimate penalties of distraint and imprisonment, and from the facilities with which regular contribution can be evaded by the parents' removal from place to place, have been greatly added to during the last year by the distress and the want of employment which have prevailed in parts of the metropolis as well as in several districts of the country.*

I have, as in former reports, to acknowledge the ready and intelligent assistance I have received from the police in this matter. Their inquiries into the circumstances and character of the parents, and their subsequent proceedings for the recovery of contributions have been kindly and carefully conducted, and complaints of harshness or unnecessary interference are of very rare occurrence. The assiduity and attention with which the special agents of my office, Mr. James Brannan and Mr. William Bewley in

* The circumstances of the parents of young offenders in reformatories and the difficulty of enforcing contributions from them may be fairly estimated by the following Return upon the subject for 1869:—

Total admissions in 1869 - - 1331.
Of these 78 were orphans.
„ 23 illegitimate.

The parents of 15 were in prison, and 438 were adjudged to be unable to pay anything. 624 parents were placed under payment.

London, Mr. John Graham at Liverpool, and Mr. James Roy at Glasgow, have discharged their duties in those districts have given me complete satisfaction, and appear to have gained for them the entire confidence of the magistrates before whom they have to conduct their proceedings. Mr. Roy has made himself specially serviceable by his careful inquiries into the circumstances of the children brought before the courts for commitment, and has materially assisted the magistrates in discriminating between the cases properly coming under the provisions and objects of the Industrial Schools Act and those which, however they may claim compassion or excite benevolent interest, are subjects for parochial or charitable relief rather than for detention at the cost of the Treasury. The amounts of contributions received in London, Liverpool, and Glasgow (nearly one half of the whole sum recovered) show how effective the action of a local agent specially employed for the purpose may be made.* It would be very desirable if the employment of such agents could be extended to several of the larger towns, but the additional expenses which their remuneration would involve have made me hesitate to press it. But I have no doubt that, though the pecuniary results would perhaps hardly cover the cost of the local agent's wages, the effect of more regular and immediate pressure on the parents of the children would be very important, and I do not believe that the reformatory and industrial school system can be worked out completely and its social benefits fully realized till such pressure is more thoroughly applied, and the responsibility of the parents for their children's delinquency and neglected condition more thoroughly and regularly enforced.

I cannot conclude my report without acknowledging the ability and trustworthy earnestness with which the officers who are intrusted with the superintendence of our reformatory and industrial schools discharge the responsible duties they have undertaken. It would be difficult to find a class of public servants doing better service, or doing their work more faithfully. My visits of inspection have been almost always made without any previous notice, but I have rarely found any of them absent, and still more rarely any thing in the condition either of the premises or the inmates to find fault with. It is but justice to call attention to their services.

* Contributions from the Metropolitan District amounted to 1,180*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.* Those from Liverpool to 386*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* Those from Glasgow to 1,711*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* Total 3,277*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.*

The situation of master or mistress of such institutions is one of constant, and in most respects monotonous occupation, involving a continual supervision over the health, conduct, employment, and general treatment of each of the inmates. Any neglect or error of management, either as to the personal dispositions of the young offenders, whose faults and bad habits have to be remedied, or as to the arrangements of the school, the clothing and food, and the stores required for its various departments, is certain to show itself ere long in increased expense of maintenance, or greater difficulties of discipline. In most cases the superintendents take an active part in the school instruction, especially the religious teaching, and have the immediate charge of the accounts, returns, and correspondence. They have no regular vacations, many scarcely leaving their schools for more than a week or two in the year. They have no fixed hours of duty, after which they can consider themselves at liberty to rest or follow out their own pursuits. Every new boy or girl received, each one discharged or placed on licence, entails some fresh call for attention, forethought, and exertion. On the other hand they are generally very moderately paid, have to educate their children (when they have a family) under many disadvantages, and at an extra cost, and have under the present arrangements no retiring allowance to look forward to. On this last point I think their position claims some more practical consideration.

The governors of prisons are entitled after a certain length of service to a pension, and almost all classes of public servants can look to superannuation at a certain age. Unfortunately as matters now stand, the superintendents of reformatory and industrial schools, which are in fact juvenile houses of correction of the most improved class, have no direct claim either on the Government or on the county and borough authorities. The institutions they are in charge of are nominally of the voluntary class, though practically supported by public funds. If as in many cases magistrates are chiefly interested in their management, they are so as private individuals and not in their public capacity, and the Government, while contributing the chief part of the funds by which they are maintained, does so on the footing of a contract for so much moral and educational training, and so much custody and care, to be supplied in consideration of the Treasury allowance, and disclaims as much as possible the responsibility of maintaining the buildings or appointing the officers.

It is not easy to see how the difficulty is to be met, but it is one that calls for consideration. So far our reformatory and industrial schools have been well supplied with superintendents. In fact the majority of the masters and matrons now in charge have worked in their several institutions from the beginning, and the vacancies or new appointments which have occurred in the progress of the reformatory and preventive system have been well supplied by persons prepared and practically trained for the work in voluntary schools of similar description or some analogous employment. But the charge of a reformatory or an industrial school, by its unceasing demands on time, temper, activity, and judgment, is one that more than most positions exhausts and uses up those who thoroughly undertake it, and I cannot but look forward with some anxiety to a time, not very distant, when many of the ablest workers in the field must retire, and will have to do so with little to compensate them for devoting the best years and best energies of their lives to the reformatory cause but the respect and gratitude of those for whose rescue they have laboured. There will then be the difficulty of supplying their places on the same conditions. I think the subject is well deserving of the practical consideration of the managers and public authorities, who are chiefly answerable for the direction of the schools they are employed in, and most immediately interested in their permanence.

The usual DETAILED REPORTS on the several schools inpected through the year are appended. Mr. Rogers visited most of the schools in the Metropolitan and North Eastern Districts, as well as several of those at Glasgow, Liverpool, &c. He will this year undertake a different portion of the inspection, so as to secure to each school the advantage of a fresh and independent examiner, and to give him a more personal knowledge of the whole field under the supervision of my office. His impressions of the schools he has visited have generally confirmed the views I had been led by my own inspection to entertain, but I am indebted to him for many very useful practical suggestions on the points of arrangement, superintendence, and instruction which came under his scrutiny. The regular business of the office has been very efficiently carried on by Mr. Costeker, as chief clerk, and the gentlemen assisting him. I am indebted to them and to Mr. Rogers for the minute and accurate tables and analyses of the school returns and accounts given in the appendices. The preparation of these, and the careful

verifying of their particulars and results from the office registers, &c., is a work which takes both time and labour; but I believe that the full information which they give of the actual working of each school and the close investigation which they involve are useful to the public as well as advantageous to the schools themselves.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your very obedient servant,
SYDNEY TURNER.

APPENDIX No. I. (1.)

LIST of REFORMATORY SCHOOLS, showing their Locality, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.

ENGLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
BEDFORD - -	*Bedfordshire Reformatory* for Boys, Carlton, Bedford. Certified April 9, 1857. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. S. Escott, Carlton Rectory, Bedford.
CHESTER - -	*Bradwall Reformatory* for Boys, Sandbach. Certified December 27, 1855. C.M., G. W. Latham, Esq., Bradwall Hall.
CUMBERLAND -	*Cumberland Reformatory* for Boys, Stanwix near Carlisle. Certified May 1, 1855. C.M., G. H. Head, Esq., Rickerby House, Carlisle.
DEVON - -	*Devon and Exeter Reformatory Farm School* for Boys, Brampford Wood, Exeter. Certified April 17, 1855. Hon. Sec., Dyer Knott, Esq., The Castle, Exeter.
" - -	*Devon and Exeter Reformatory and Refuge* for Girls, Exeter. Certified June 26, 1858. Hon. Sec., W. Townsend, Esq., Friars' Walk, Exeter.
DORSET - -	*Dorset Reformatory* for Boys, Milborne near Blandford. Certified January 28, 1857. C.M., J. C. Mansel, Esq., Longthorns, Blandford.
DURHAM - -	*Sunderland Reformatory* for Girls, Tatham Street, Sunderland. Certified June 22, 1860. Hon. Sec., Charles Wilson, Esq., Sunderland.
ESSEX - -	*Essex Reformatory* for Boys, Harlow. Certified December 13, 1856. C.M., J. W. Perry Watlington, Esq., Moor Hall, Harlow.
" - -	"*Cornwall*" *Thames Reformatory School Ship* for Boys off Purfleet. Certified May 2, 1859. Supt., Capt. Augustus Burton, R.N., Purfleet.
GLAMORGAN - -	*Glamorgan Reformatory* for Boys, Howdref Genol, Neath. Certified March 4, 1858. Sec., Mr. David J. Rhys, Neath.
GLOUCESTER -	*Hardwicke Reformatory* for Boys, Gloucester. Certified October 4, 1854. Manager, T. B. Ll. Baker, Esq., Hardwicke Court, Gloucester.
" - -	*Kingswood Reformatory* for Boys, near Bristol. Certified October 4, 1854. Treasurer, William Somerville, Esq., Bitton, near Bristol.
" - -	*Arno's Court* (*Roman Catholic*) *Reformatory* for Girls, near Bristol. Certified April 22, 1856. Manager, Miss Ann Parrish, Superior of the Convent.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
GLOUCESTER -	*Red Lodge Reformatory* for Girls, Bristol. Certified December 9, 1854. Manager, Miss Carpenter, Red Lodge House, Bristol.
HANTS - -	*Hampshire Reformatory* for Boys, Eling, Southampton. Certified November 29, 1855. Hon. Sec., Chas. Castleman, Esq., Glasshayes, Lyndhurst, Hants.
HERTS - -	*Herts Reformatory* for Boys, Bengeo, Hertford. Certified November 10, 1857. Hon. Sec., Rev. Charles Deedes, Bengeo Rectory, Hertford.
LANCASTER - -	"*Akbar*" *Reformatory School Ship* for Boys, Rock Ferry, Liverpool. Certified January 3, 1856. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
" - -	*Liverpool Reformatory Farm School* for Boys, Newton near Warrington. Certified April 6, 1859. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
" - -	*Liverpool Reformatory* for Girls, Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool. Certified June 12, 1857. Hon. Sec., T. K. Twist, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 30, Castle Street, Liverpool.
" - -	"*Clarence*" *Roman Catholic Reformatory School Ship* for Boys, off New Ferry, Liverpool. Certified Aug. 3, 1864. Treasurer, C. J. Corbally, Esq., Liverpool.
" - -	*North Lancashire Reformatory* for Boys, Bleasdale, Garstang. Certified September 2, 1857. Manager, W. J. Garnett, Esq., Quernmore Park, Lancaster.
" - -	*Manchester and Salford Reformatory* for Boys, Blackley, Manchester. Certified October 16, 1857. Hon. Sec., Herbert Philips, Esq., Blackley, Manchester.
" - -	*Toxteth Park Girls' Reformatory*, 3, Park Hill Road, Liverpool. Certified March 19, 1856. Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. P. Horner, 64, Devonshire Road, Princes Park, Liverpool.
" - -	*Lancashire Reformatory* for Roman Catholic Girls, Blackbrooke, St. Helen's. Certified June 23, 1869. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Fisher, Great Crosby, Liverpool.
LEICESTER - -	*Agricultural Colony of Mount St. Bernard's* for Roman Catholic Boys, Whitwick, Leicester. Certified May 13, 1856. Hon Sec., William Harper, Esq., Broad Street, Bury, Lancashire. Director, Mr. Thomas Carroll.
MIDDLESEX - -	*Home in the East Reformatory* for Boys, Old Ford, Bow. Certified November 29, 1855. Hon. Sec., Thomas Scrutton, Esq., 3, Corbet Court, Gracechurch Street, E.C.
" - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, Brook Green, Hammersmith. Certified October 10, 1855. Treasurer, F. T. New, Esq., 31, Argyll Road, Kensington.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
MIDDLESEX - -	*Hampstead Reformatory* for Girls, 9, Church Row, Hampstead. Certified December 29, 1860. Superintendent Miss C. Nicoll.
MONMOUTH -	*Monmouthshire Reformatory* for Boys, Little Mill near Newport. Certified February 7, 1859. Hon. Sec., Rev. S. C. Baker, Usk.
NORFOLK - -	*Buxton Reformatory* for Boys, Norwich. Certified July 7, 1855. C.M., John Wright, Esq., Buxton, Norwich.
NORTHAMPTON -	*Northampton Society's Reformatory School* for Boys, Tiffield near Towcester. Certified January 21, 1856. C.M., Rev. H. J. Barton, Wicken Rectory, Stony Stratford.
NORTHUMBERLAND -	*North-Eastern Reformatory* for Boys, Netherton near Morpeth. Certified June 3, 1857. Secretary, D. D. Main, Esq., Eldon Place, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
SUFFOLK - -	*Suffolk Reformatory School* for Boys, Thorndon, Eye. Certified March 22, 1856. C.M., Sir E. C. Kerrison, Bart., Brome Hall, Scole.
„ - -	*Industrial Home* for Girls, Ipswich. Certified June 18 1858. C.M., S. B. Chapman, Esq., Tower Lodge, Ipswich.
SURREY - -	*Philanthropic Society's Farm School* for Boys, Redhill, Reigate. Certified September 2, 1856. Treasurer, Wm. Gladstone, Esq. Resident Chaplain, Rev. Charles Walters.
„ - -	*The Boys' Home Reformatory* for Boys, Wandsworth Common, S.W. Certified March 26, 1868. Superintendent, Mr. John Leyland.
„ - -	*Surrey Girls' Reformatory*, Netherton House, Clapham Old Town, S.W. Certified May 11, 1870. Hon. Sec., R. Onslow, Esq., Wandsworth Common, S.
WARWICK - -	*Saltley Reformatory* for Boys, Smallheath, near Birmingham. Certified August 26, 1854. Treasurer, Charles Ratcliff, Esq., Wyddrington, Edgbaston, Birmingham.
„ - -	*Warwickshire Reformatory* for Boys, Weston, Leamington. Certified November 20, 1856. Secretary, G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.
„ - -	*Warwickshire Reformatory* for Girls, at Coventry. Certified Feb. 17, 1869. Secretary, G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.
„ - -	*Birmingham Girls' Reformatory*, Smethwick, Birmingham. Certified December 20, 1854. Treasurer, Hanbury Barclay, Esq., Church Hill House, Handsworth.
WILTS - -	*Wilts Reformatory* for Boys, Warminster. Certified December 23, 1856. Rev. Jas. J. Jacob, Horningsham Parsonage, near Warminster.
„ - -	*Limpley Stoke Girls' Reformatory*, near Bath. Certified January 9, 1861. Hon. Sec, R. O. Heywood, Esq., 15, Green Park, Bath.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
WORCESTER - -	*Woodbury Hill Reformatory* for Boys, Shelsley, Worcester. Certified June 9, 1856. C.M., Rev. Theodore N. Flintoff, Shelsley, Worcester.
" - -	*Stoke Farm Reformatory* for Boys, Bromsgrove. Certified December 9, 1854. C.M., Charles Sturge, Esq., Birmingham.
YORK - -	*Calder Farm Reformatory* for Boys, Mirfield. Certified December 15, 1855. C.M., Messrs. Tennant and Rayner, Dewsbury.
" - -	*Castle Howard Reformatory* for Boys, Welburn, York. Certified May 3, 1856. Superintendent, Rev. Richard G. Fish, Welburn, York.
" - -	*Leeds Reformatory* for Boys, Adel, Leeds. Certified December 2, 1857. Hon. Sec., R. L. Ford, Esq., 70, Albion Street, Leeds.
" - -	*Yorkshire Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, near Market Weighton. Certified July 25, 1856. Director, Rev. P. Castellano.
" - -	*Yorkshire Roman Catholic Girls' Reformatory*, Howard Hill, Sheffield. Certified July 26, 1861. Treasurer, Michael Joseph Ellison, Corn Exchange, Sheffield.
" - -	*Doncaster Girls' Reformatory*, Doncaster. Certified September 6, 1861. Hon. Sec., C. E. Palmer, Esq., Baxter Gate, Doncaster.

SCOTLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
ABERDEEN - -	*Old Mill Reformatory* for Boys, Aberdeen. Certified March 9, 1857. Treasurer, James Meston, Esq., 75, Union Street, Aberdeen.
" - -	*Aberdeen Reformatory* for Girls, Mount Street, Aberdeen. Certified March 1862. Treasurer, William Milne, Esq., 46, King Street, Aberdeen.
EDINBURGH -	*Dalry Reformatory* for Girls, Edinburgh. Certified April 23, 1858. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Swan, 7, Hope Crescent, Edinburgh.
" - -	*Wellington Farm School* or Boys, Pennycuik, Edinburgh. Certified December 24, 1859. John Cowan, Esq., Valley Field, near Edinburgh, Treasurer.
FORFAR - -	*Rossie Reformatory* for Boys, Montrose. Certified May 4, 1857. C.M., James Mudie, Esq., Montrose.

County.	Name and Situation of Reformatory, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
INVERNESS - -	*Inverness Reformatory School* for Boys, Inverness. Certified December 20, 1858. Sec., James Simpson, Esq., 32, Church Street, Inverness.
LANARK - -	*House of Refuge* for Boys, Duke Street, Glasgow. Certified November 15, 1854. Treasurer, J. B. Kidston, Esq., 50, West Regent Street, Glasgow. Actuary, Michael Honeyman, Esq., 67, West Regent Street, Glasgow.
" - -	*Branch House of Refuge Farm School* for Boys, Riddrie, Glasgow. Certified March 10, 1868.
" - -	*House of Refuge* for Girls, Lochburn, Maryhill, Glasgow. Certified May 19, 1868.
" - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Girls, Dalbeth, Glasgow. Certified June 23, 1858. Superintendent, Miss E. Lawson.
" - -	*Roman Catholic Reformatory* for Boys, Parkhead, Glasgow. Certified August 9, 1859. Director, Rev. Anselm Robertson.
RENFREW - -	*Kibble Reformatory* for Boys, Paisley. Certified July 2, 1859. Hon. Sec., J. M^{c}Innes, Esq., Paisley.
WIGTON - -	*Stranraer Reformatory Schools* for Boys and Girls, Stranraer. Certified October 1, 1859. Hon. Sec., M. Jeffray, Esq., 34, Dalrymple Street, Stranraer.

APPENDIX No. I. (2.)

LIST of INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, showing their Locality, Name of Corresponding Manager, &c.

ENGLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
BEDFORD - -	*St. Francis' Home Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Shefford, near Bedford. Certified February 7, 1870. Director, Rev. William Collis.
CHESHIRE - -	*Chester Industrial School.* Certified July 3, 1863. Thomas Bowers, Esq., Hon. Sec., 101, Eastgate Street, Chester.
" - -	*Albert Industrial Schools,* Corporation Road, Birkenhead. Certified February 14, 1866. Hon. Sec., W. Jackson, Esq., 30, Hamilton Square, Birkenhead.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
CHESHIRE - -	*Stockport Industrial School*, Townend House, Stockport. Certified March 7, 1866. Hon. Sec., John Andrew, Esq., Offerton Lane, Stockport.
" - -	*Macclesfield Industrial School*, Brook St., Macclesfield. Certified May 7, 1866. Hon. Sec., William Barnett, Esq., Chester Road, Macclesfield.
DEVON - -	*Devon and Exeter Boys' Industrial School*, Exminster. Certified August 7, 1869. Hon. Sec., John Trehane, Esq., 11, Bedford Circus, Exeter.
DURHAM - -	*Sunderland Boys' Industrial School*, Silver Street. Certified June 6, 1865. Hon. Sec., Richard Iliff, Esq., 149, High Street, Sunderland.
" - -	*Tyne Industrial School Ship "Wellesley,"* South Shields. Certified July 24, 1868. Treasurer, D. H. Goddard, Esq., Bank of England, Newcastle-on-Tyne. Secretary, Mr. Hugh Panton, 15, Royal Arcade, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
" - -	*Abbot Memorial Industrial School*, Gateshead-on-Tyne. Certified January 27, 1869. Hon. Sec., Edward Eccles, Esq., South Close Villa, Gateshead.
" - -	*Sunderland Girls Industrial School*, 17, Tatham Street, Sunderland. Certified August 7, 1869. Treasurer, W. J. Tatham, Esq., 12, Argyle Street, Sunderland.
ESSEX - -	*St. Nicholas Industrial School*, for Roman Catholic Boys, Manor House, Little Ilford, Essex. Certified March 26, 1868. Director, Very Rev. Canon Frederick Searle, Manor House, Little Ilford, E.
" - -	*Halstead Industrial School*, for Girls, Halstead. Certified March 12, 1869. Hon. Sec., Miss Lucy Greenwood, Halstead, Essex.
GLAMORGAN -	*"Havannah" School Ship, Cardiff.* Certified December 18, 1861. Hon. Sec., William Alexander, Esq., Cardiff.
GLOUCESTER -	*Bristol Park Row Industrial School.* Certified June 30, 1859. Hon. Sec., W. L. Carpenter, Esq., 12, Brighton Park, Clifton, Bristol.
" -	*Clifton Industrial School*, Clifton Wood, Bristol. Certified October 23, 1866. Hon. Sec., Thomas May, Esq., Grove House, Durdham Down, Bristol.
" - -	*Bristol Industrial School Ship "Formidable,"* Portishead, near Bristol. Certified November 18, 1869. Hon. Sec., Henry Fedden, Esq., Imperial Chambers, Corn Street, Bristol.
" - -	*Bristol Industrial School*, for Girls, Stanhope House, Cotham Road South, Bristol. Certified October 23, 1867. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Elisabeth P. Wills, Hawthornden, Clifton Down, Bristol.
HANTS - -	*Purbrook Industrial School*, for Boys, Cosham, Hants. Certified November 21, 1868. Hon. Manager, John Deverell, Esq., Purbrook Park, Cosham.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
HANTS - -	*Alresford Industrial School* for Girls, Old Alresford, Hants. Certified May 5, 1868. Hon. Sec., Miss S. A. Arabella Onslow, Upton, Alresford, Hants.
HERTS - -	*Church Farm Industrial School*, East Barnet. Certified June 4, 1863. Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Col. Gillum, Church Hill House, East Barnet.
LANCASTER - -	*St. Ann's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, 46, Burlington Street, Ashton-under-Lyne. Certified October 8, 1869. Director, Rev. W. J. Crombleholme.
„ - -	*Bolton Industrial School*, Commission Street, Bolton. Certified November 30, 1863. Hon. Sec., John Hodgkinson, Esq., Garside Street Mills, Bolton.
„ - -	*Manchester Industrial Schools*, Ardwick Green. Certified April 6, 1859. Superintendent, Rev. J. F. Bryan, 24, Ardwick Green, Manchester.
„ - -	*Liverpool Industrial Schools*, Everton Terrace. Certified December, 3, 1864. Hon. Sec., Joseph Hubback, Esq., Weaver Buildings, 15, Brunswick Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. Mary's Kirkdale Industrial School*, Stanley Road, Liverpool. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. T. Major Lester, St. Mary's, Kirkdale.
„ -	*St. George's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, West Derby Road, Liverpool. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Nugent, 22, Soho Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Boys' Refuge Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Saint Anne Street, Liverpool. Certified May 10, 1869. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Nugent. Secretary, Mr. John Denvir.
„ - -	*Orphanage Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Beacon Lane, Liverpool. Certified July 21st 1868. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Henry Fisher, D.D., St. Edward's College, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. George's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls, Fairfield, London Road, Liverpool. Certified June 13, 1867. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Wallwork, 16, Warren Street, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls (St. Anne's), Mason Street, Edge Hill, Liverpool. Certified June 13, 1867. Hon. Sec., Rev. John Henry Fisher, D.D., St. Edward's College, Liverpool.
„ - -	*St. Elizabeth's Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Girls, 64, Brecktield Road, South. Certified December 30, 1861. Hon. Sec., Rev. Henry Finch, 121, West Derby Road, Liverpool.
„ - -	*Liverpool Roman Catholic Female Orphanage*, 47a, Falkner Street, Liverpool. Certified October 16, 1868. Hon. Sec., Donald Kennedy, Esq., 3 India Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
MIDDLESEX - -	*Middlesex Industrial School*, Feltham, Hounslow. Certified February 13, 1867. Superintendent, Captain J. Rowland Brookes.
" - -	*The Boys' Home*, Regent's Park Road, Primrose Hill, N.W. Certified November 18, 1865. Hon. Sec., G. W. Bell, Esq., 5, St. John's Terrace, Regent's Park.
" - -	*East London Shoe Black Society's Refuge*, 96, Mansel Street, Whitechapel. Certified July 1, 1859. Hon. Sec., Rev. Brooke Lambert, St. Mark's Parsonage, Whitechapel, E. Superintendent, Mr. Thomas Pitt.
" - -	*Boys' Refuge Industrial School*, Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E. Certified June 6, 1867. Hon. Sec., N. J. Powell, Esq., 101, High Street, Whitechapel, E. Superintendent, Mr. R. Larcombe.
" - -	*Cripples' Home, Female Refuge*, Northumberland House, 17a, Marylebone Road, N.W. Certified February 27, 1864. Hon. Sec., Miss Caroline Blunt, 12, Upper Gloucester Street, Dorset Square, N.W.
" - -	*Sloane Street Home*, for Girls, 125, Sloane Street, Chelsea. Certified April 1859. Hon. Sec., Miss Barney, 32, Cumberland Street, Pimlico, S.W.
" - -	*School of Discipline*, 2, Queen's Road, West Chelsea, S.W. Certified July 9, 1859. Hon. Sec., Mrs. C. L. Cromwell, St. Mark's College, Chelsea, S.W.
" - -	*The Industrial Home* for Girls, 3, Franklin's Row, Chelsea, S.W. Certified December 22, 1864. Manager, Mrs. E. M. Farrer, 42, Lowndes Street, S.W.
" - -	*St. Margaret's Home, Industrial School*, for Roman Catholic Girls, East End House, Finchley, N. Certified October 24, 1866. Manager, Miss L. D. Haslewood.
" - -	*The Girls' Home*, 22, Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W. Certified May 4, 1867. Hon. Sec., Miss Elizabeth J. Bell, 22, Charlotte Street, W.
NORFOLK - -	*Norfolk Industrial School*, for Girls, Fakenham, November 17, 1868. Hon. Sec., Mrs. R. Hamond, Fakenham.
NORTHUMBERLAND -	*Newcastle-on-Tyne Industrial Schools.* Certified June 3, 1859. Secretary, R. S. Watson, Esq., 101, Pilgrim Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
SOMERSET - -	*Somerset Industrial Home*, for Boys, Devonshire House, Wells Road, Bath. Certified July 19, 1866. Hon. Sec., P. C. Sheppard, Esq., Hampton Manor, Bath.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
SOMERSET - -	*Industrial School* for Roman Catholic Boys, Cannington, near Bridgwater. Certified November 17, 1866. Hon. Sec., Rev. J. J. Canon Clark, Bishops House, Clifton.
STAFFORD - -	*Stafford County Industrial School*, Werrington, near Hanley. Certified March 21, 1868. R. W. Hand, Esq., Clerk of Peace for County of Stafford, Stafford.
SURREY - -	*Surrey Industrial School*, Wandsworth, S.W. Certified March 30, 1867. Manager, Mr. John Leyland.
WARWICK - -	*Penn Street Industrial School*, Deritend, Birmingham. Certified January 30, 1863. Hon. Sec., John Gameson, Esq., Camp Hill, Birmingham.
" - -	*Birmingham Town Council Industrial School*, for Boys, Shustoke, Coleshill. Certified February 18, 1868. E. J. Hayes, Esq., Town Clerk, Birmingham.
" - -	*Birmingham Free Industrial School*, for Boys and Girls, Gem Street, Birmingham. Certified March 26, 1868. Sec., Mr. Alexander Forrest, 10 Cherry Street, Birmingham.
" - -	*Vale Street Industrial School*, for Girls, Birmingham. Certified September 25, 1866. Hon. Sec., Brooke Smith, Esq., Edgbaston, Birmingham.
" - -	*Girls' Industrial Home*, Coventry. Certified January 1863. Treasurer, A. H. Pears, Esq., Allesley Coventry.
YORK - -	*Broomfields Industrial School*, Wakefield Road, Bradford. Certified 1858. Hon. Sec., Peile Thompson, Esq., Bradford.
" - -	*Hull Industrial Schools.* Certified March 24, 1862. Hon. Sec., Joseph Atkinson, Esq., Tremayne Terrace, Hull.
" - -	*Hull Industrial School Ship "Southampton."* Certified July 31, 1868. Hon. Sec., Joseph Atkinson, Esq., Tremayne Terrace, Hull.
" - -	*Leeds Industrial School*, Edgar Street, York Road, Leeds. Certified March 25, 1862. Hon Sec., John Town, Esq., 32, Albion Street, Leeds.
" - -	*York Industrial School*, Marygate, York. Certified, July 18, 1858. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. A. Wightman, York.

SCOTLAND.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
ABERDEEN - -	*Aberdeen Industrial School,* Skene Square, Aberdeen. Certified May 15, 1855. Treasurer, D. C. Fraser, Esq., 74, Union Street, Aberdeen.
AYR - - -	*Ayr Industrial School,* Ayr. Certified October 13, 1855. Hon. Sec., D. Dunlop, Esq., 20, New Bridge Street, Ayr.
" - - -	*Kilmarnock Industrial School.* Certified June 2, 1855. Hon. Sec., Rev. James Aitken, Kilmarnock.
BUTE - -	*Rothesay Industrial School.* Certified June 24, 1864. Hon. Sec., Daniel Macbeth, Esq., County Buildings, Rothesay.
DUMBARTON - -	*Glasgow Industrial School Ship "Cumberland,"* Off Row, Dumbarton. Certified June 25, 1869. Secretary, E. Simpson Macharg, Esq., 138, West George Street, Glasgow.
DUMFRIES - -	*Dumfries and Maxwelltown Industrial School.* Certified April 22, 1856. Treasurer, Alex. Hannay, Esq., National Bank of Scotland.
EDINBURGH -	*Original Industrial Schools,* Ramsay Lane and Marionville, Edinburgh. Certified June 2, 1855. Secretary, Alexander Brown, Esq., 7, St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.
" - -	*United, Industrial School,* South Gray's Close, High Street, Edinburgh. Certified November 25, 1855. Superintendent, Mr. Archibald Lauchlan.
" - -	*Burghal Industrial School,* Certified April 22, 1856. Poor House, Forrest Row, Edinburgh.
" - -	*Leith Industrial School,* Lochend Road, Leith. Certified September 15, 1869. Treasurer, P. W. Gavin, Esq., 2, Bath Street, Leith.
FORFAR - -	*Arbroath Industrial School.* Certified May 18, 1855. Hon. Sec., Rev. Wm. Allan, Hill Street, Arbroath.
" - -	*Dundee Industrial School.* Certified March 30, 1861, Treasurer, Jas. Henderson, jun., Esq., 21, Reform Street, Dundee.
" - -	*Industrial School Ship "Mars,"* Dundee. Certified September 30, 1869. Secretary, George Jack, Esq., Local Marine Board, Dundee.
LANARK - -	*Glasgow Industrial School* (Rotten Row). Certified March 10, 1855. Treasurer, E. Simpson Macharg, Esq., 138, West George Street, Glasgow.

County.	Name and Situation of Industrial School, Date of Certificate, and Name of Corresponding Manager.
LANARK - - -	*Glasgow Industrial School,* Mossbank, Millerston, near Glasgow. Certified January 15, 1868. Treasurer, E. Simpson Macharg, Esq.
„ - -	*Roman Catholic Orphanage and Industrial School,* 72, Abercromby Street, Glasgow. Certified November 25, „ 1862. Superintendent, Rev. E. Noonan.
„ - -	*Slatefields Industrial School,* for Roman Catholic Boys, 707, Gallowgate Street, Glasgow. Certified December 14, 1867. Superintendent, Mr. John Mc Culloch.
„ - - -	*Govan Parochial School,* Glasgow. Certified December 23, 1854. Govan Poor House.
PERTH - -	*Fechney Industrial School* for Boys, Perth. Certified March 7, 1864. Sec., H. C. R. Macduff, Esq., Hill Side, Perth.
„ - -	*Perth Ladies' House of Refuge* for Girls, Craigie near Perth. Certified February 19, 1857. Hon. Sec., J. W. Jameson, Esq., Central Bank of Scotland, Perth.
„ - -	*Girls' School of Industry,* Perth. Certified December 23, 1854. Hon. Sec., H. C. R. Macduff, Esq., Hill Side, Perth.
RENFREW - -	*Greenock Industrial School.* Certified April 5, 1855, Treasurer, John C. Hunter, Esq., West Quay Lane, Greenock.
„ - -	*Paisley Industrial School.* Certified May 9, 1856. Hon. Sec., W. Philips, Esq., Crossflat, Paisley.
STIRLING - -	*Falkirk Industrial School,* for Boys and Girls, Kerse Lane, Falkirk. Certified June 28, 1867. Sec., Rev. Lewis H. Irving, Arnot Hill, Falkirk.
„ - -	*Stirling Industrial School,* for Boys and Girls, Stirling. Certified May 5, 1868. Hon. Sec., James Mathie, Esq., Stirling.
WIGTON - -	*Industrial Home for Girls,* Newton Stewart. Certified January 17, 1862. Secretary, Rev. Wm. McLean, the Manse, Newton Stewart.

APPENDIX No. II. (1.)

Detailed Reports on CERTIFIED REFORMATORY SCHOOLS for the Year 1869.

MEMORANDUM.—The cost per head in these detailed Reports is that for maintenance and management only, *exclusive* of rent, disposal, and building charges. The industrial profits have to be deducted from it, and industrial losses added.

ENGLAND.

BEDFORD.

Bedford Reformatory for Boys, Carlton, Bedford.
Inspected August 9, 1869. (H.R.)

I found the premises and bed rooms of this Institution thoroughly clean and in excellent order. The activity and intelligence of the superintendent Mr. Jones do not fail in producing their results in increased order and efficiency. The land seemed well cultivated, and the agricultural produce quite above the average. The boys looked healthy, and carefully watched and tended in every respect. Mr. Jones' system of marks for good conduct and his method of keeping the school accounts deserve honourable notice. There had been no occasion for serious punishment; but there had been one or two cases of absconding.

The first class passed a very fair examination in the ordinary subjects. The children had been well taught, and their answers were bright and intelligent. The younger boys were somewhat backward in reading and dictation; but all passed fairly in arithmetic. I suggested that a larger share of attention should be given to the lower classes in school instruction.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Jones, schoolmaster Mr. Gardner, a labour master, and a general servant.

The farm consists of about 43 acres of land, and a good deal of work is done for farmers in the neighbourhood.

Average number of boys in the school was 32.

The cost per head, 15*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 264*l.* 8*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 27 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 20, unknown 4, re-convicted 3.

CHESTER.

Bradwall Reformatory for Boys, Sandbach.

Inspected October 2, 1869.

I found 62 boys in the school, all looking well and in good order. The farm and dairy stock in excellent condition. The general report both as to health and conduct very satisfactory. Mr. Latham wishes to extend the farm, but its situation makes this difficult. The school instruction fully maintains the high standard which I have noticed in former reports. More than half the boys were in the first class, 20 of these wrote from dictation without a fault; and almost all ciphered correctly in practice, weights and measures, and proportion. The second class did remarkably well in reading and the simpler arithmetical rules. Of the third class all but 3 could read, write on slates, and cipher in multiplication and subtraction.

The average number for the year was 64.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*

Industrial profit, 178*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 59 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 37, convicted 10, unknown 7.

CUMBERLAND.

Cumberland Reformatory for Boys, Stanwix, Carlisle.

Inspected May 31, 1869.

The cleanliness and good order of the premises and the healthful appearance of the boys were very satisfactory. There had been one case of desertion in consequence of one of the lads quarrelling with some of his companions; otherwise the boys' conduct had been good. The school instruction had been well attended to. Their industrial training as regards the out-door labour continues to be too desultory to be thoroughly effective, the boys working here or there on Mr. Head's farm as the Bailiff directs. The tailors' and shoemakers' shops are well conducted. The staff remains the same, Mr. Crowther being the Superintendent.

The average number of boys for the year was 45.

Cost per head, 19*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.*

Industrial loss, 32*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 24 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 16, convicted 3, unknown 3.

DEVON.

Devon and Exeter Reformatory for Boys, Brampford Wood, Exeter.

Inspected May 1, 1869.

I found the boys in good health and order. Mr. Harris had not much to complain of as to their general conduct. They had

behaved remarkably well while "on trust" in his absence. The farm was in very good cultivation. The labour of the boys had been in great request in the neighbourhood. I was fairly satisfied with their school instruction, the first class doing well in dictation and ciphering, and the boys generally seeming to take an interest in their progress.

The average number of boys for the year was 31.

Cost per head, 22*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit 64*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 20 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 17, convicted 1, unknown 2.

Devon and Exeter Reformatory for Girls, Exeter.

Inspected April 30, November 12, 1869.

Some useful improvements had been made in the entrance to the premises, the matron's room, dormitories, and the garden enclosure. The health and general conduct of the girls had been very satisfactory, and all seemed to be going on well under Miss Prosser's judicious management. The girls are rather wanting in liveliness, a defect which the complete enclosure of the premises tends to produce. I advised that as much exercise and change as possible should be afforded by more frequent walks into the country. The girls are perhaps somewhat too orderly and quiet; but this is not the result of repressive discipline, for Miss Prosser's system of treatment is marked by kindness and patience. I found the school instruction improved. The girls passed my examination very well.

The average number of girls for the year was 55.

The cost per head was 17*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.*

The industrial profit from the laundry, &c., was 224*l.*

Results.—Of 34 girls discharged in 1866–68, there were doing well 25, convicted 2, unknown 2.

DORSET.

Dorset Reformatory for Boys, Milborne, Blandford.

Inspected July 20, 1869.

My inspection of this school gave me unmixed satisfaction, except that Mr. Mansel was absent from ill health. I found the boys remarkably well. The report of their conduct showed few serious faults, and very few punishments. And the almost constant demand for their labour shows that they have gained the confidence of their neighbours, and do nothing to forfeit it.

They passed my examination very creditably, and exhibited their proficiency in naval exercises on the masts and rigging erected in the front of the school, and in the performance of military music.

Mr. Stent has no regular assistance either for instruction or superintendence, except that of his wife and a labour master.

The naval instructor comes over now and then. It may well be doubted whether the discipline and the school-teaching of 40 boys are not too much for one man to adequately attend to.

The average number for the year was 42.

Cost per head, 12*l.* 4*s.* 8*d.*

Industrial profit 175*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 27 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 19, convicted 2, unknown, 4.

Durham.

Sunderland Reformatory for Girls, Tatham Street, Sunderland.

Inspected June 28, 1869. (H.R.)

Miss Kaye, the superintendent, gave me a good report of the school for the last twelve months. The general health had been good. The orderly working of the institution had not been seriously interrupted, and little difficulty had been experienced in the management of the girls. I found 50 children under detention. They looked well, and appeared to be in good order and under excellent training. Ten of the girls are employed as daily servants in families in the neighbourhood of the school. The superintendent speaks highly in favour of this system, as practically testing the results of the school before final discharge. In the schoolroom I found the reading, writing, and spelling of the girls very well performed; dictation and arithmetic open to some improvement.

In the industrial department, sewing and knitting are well attended to. There is no regular laundry, but the school washing is done on the premises, and the girls are trained to ordinary housework with a view to domestic service.

Staff.—Miss Kaye, superintendent; school teacher, Miss Munro; and one assistant.

Average number for the year was 52.

Cost per head, 13*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*

Industrial profits, 52*l.* 1*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 33 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 21, unknown 2, re-convicted 5.

Essex.

Essex Reformatory, Harlow.

Inspected August 3, 1869. (R.H.)

I found 30 boys under detention. The school, though homely in its character, seems to be thoroughly reformatory in its tone and management. The premises were in good order. The farm of 40 acres well and successfully worked. Health had been generally good; one death had resulted from the effects of an accident. The boys looked clean, healthy, cheerful, and well behaved. I could wish to have seen them a little brighter and

more intelligent; but the majority of them are country boys, and prefer work to school. Discipline had been maintained without much severity; but Mr. Chaplin, the superintendent, had been troubled with a few cases of absconding among the younger boys of bad character recently admitted. The elder boys had been very steady.

The educational department had not been neglected. It is difficult to rouse such lads. A little more life seems to be required, but, as far as they went, they passed my examination fairly.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Chaplin; a schoolmaster, Mr. Smith; and a labour assistant.

The average number of boys for the year was 29.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*

Industrial profit, 125*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 19 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 17, unknown *none*, re-convicted 2.

"Cornwall" Reformatory School Ship, Purfleet.

Inspected November 18, 1869. (H.R.)

The "Cornwall" well maintains its character as a first-class training ship; Captain Burton has no difficulty in obtaining berths for his lads on leaving the vessel. The character of the training given is well known, and best known to those who want lads to be of use as soon as they are entered on the ship's books.

I found 265 boys on board. The ship in good order, but dismantled for the winter season. The whole of the rigging was being overhauled and repaired, and the lads fully employed in the operation. The boys looked healthy and well, not one sick case on board. Captain Burton was able to report favourably as to discipline and general good conduct. There had been four cases of desertion.

I examined the starboard watch, as to the state of school instruction. I was very well satisfied with the result, the instruction given is real and systematic. The first three classes showed a good average of attainment in reading, writing, dictation, arithmetic, and general knowledge. The younger boys were all making steady progress. The training consists in preparation for sea-life in all its branches, sailmaking, carpentering, a little tailoring, &c.

The school has sent 58 boys to sea in 1869. I noticed a good many lads on board almost young men. Captain Burton will not find a ship for a lad in size and appearance without corresponding effort for improvement on his own part.

The staff consists of Captain Burton; Mr. Cooke, schoolmaster; Mr. Brown, chief officer; and 9 assistants.

Average number of boys for the year was 254.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 143 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 105, unknown 17, convicted 10.

Glamorgan.

Glamorgan Reformatory for Boys, Neath.

Inspected August 26, 1869.

The premises of this school were in good order, and the boys in very satisfactory health. Mr. Farrah had had some trouble with two or three of the older ones in the winter, but had nothing very serious to report. The ordinary faults and punishments had been few and moderate. The Committee have arranged to take the portion of land which they let off, again into their own hand, which will afford more training and employment for the boys, and give Mr. Farrah more chance of working the farm profitably. A new calf-shed and dry earth-closets had been added, built chiefly by the boys. About one third of the boys were absent from my examination, being out at work at a distance. Of the remainder, the boys in the first and second classes acquitted themselves fairly; those in the third and fourth read but imperfectly, or not at all.

The average number for the year was 41.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 131*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 39 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 31, convicted 5, unknown 2.

Gloucester.

Hardwicke Reformatory for Boys, Gloucester.

Inspected April 2, 1869.

This school has gone on working quietly and effectively. The health and conduct of the boys have been very satisfactory, and the industrial training carefully attended to. The boys passed my examination creditably; most of those in the lowest class could read a little. The ciphering and writing from dictation of the 1st and 2d classes were generally good. The system of marks which Mr. Barwick Baker has introduced into the school seems to work well, in stimulating the boys to exertion, and in lessening the necessity for more serious forms of punishment. Mr. Gee's report showed that he had not had many serious faults to deal with. The unusual proportion of 82 per cent. of successful results has this year been attained.

Average number for the year, 50.

Cost per head, 19*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*

Industrial profit, 154*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Of 44 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 36, convicted 7, only one unknown.

Kingswood Reformatory for Boys, Bristol.
Inspected November 10, 1869.

I found this institution in what I may term its normal state: the industrial training most effective and useful; the school instruction very fairly attended to; the general discipline and regulation very satisfactory (only 3 cases of desertion having occurred during the last two years); but Mr. Barker desponding, and thinking that everything ought to be much better than it is; and the staff unsettled, and I cannot but think imperfectly arranged, and scarcely adapted to the duties they have to discharge. Mr. Barker does not sufficiently understand that no one man, however able, can do everything himself, and that in working with other agents, there must be allowance, and a desire to make the best of them, both in their defects and their capabilities. The boys passed my examination very well, especially in ciphering and reading. The improvement in the state and cultivation of the land is very marked. The brick and tile making are carried on with great success. Several considerable improvements had been effected in the arrangement of the premises.

The average number of boys for the year was 143.

Cost per head, 12*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 709*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 66 boys discharged in 1866–68, 51 are doing well, 14 have been convicted, *none* are unknown.

Arno's Court Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, Bristol.
Inspected November 11, 1869.

My inspection of this Reformatory gave me very great satisfaction. The health and appearance of the girls have both materially improved during the last two years. I found only one girl in the sick room, and there had been no death during the twelvemonth. The sisters in charge of the institution spoke very favourably of the general conduct of the girls. They had used the power of licensing out previous to discharge with much advantage. The play ground had been improved, but is still in a very rough state. I found a great improvement in the educational condition of the girls. Both the first and the second classes did very creditably in dictation and ciphering. The lower classes also read and ciphered fairly, almost all wrote fairly in copy books.

The average number of girls for the year was 93.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 177*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—Of 61 girls discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 39, convicted 16, unknown 4.

Red Lodge Reformatory for Girls, Bristol.

Inspected April 7, August 31, 1869.

The order and general manner of the girls and their progress in school instruction gave me less satisfaction than usual; but I did not find that their conduct had given the matron much serious trouble. The older girls working in the laundry wrote and ciphered very fairly, the rest but indifferently. The industrial training appeared to have been carefully and successfully attended to. There had been but little illness and absconding. Miss Carpenter has been a good deal away, being engaged with the educational work she has undertaken in India. Miss Bailey has filled the post of lady superintendent in her absence.

The average number of girls for the year was 68.

Cost per head, 20*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit 85*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 51 girls discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 30, convicted 10, unknown 6.

HANTS.

Hants Reformatory for Boys, Eling, near Southampton.

Inspected July 21, 1869.

I found the boys in very good health and order, though perhaps a little too rough in manner. The premises clean and well kept. The conduct of the boys had been generally good, the serious faults and punishments few. The crops on the farm looked well. I discussed the loss which the accounts for 1868 showed to have accrued on the farm and workshops, with Mr. Harold and the Committee, and was hardly satisfied with the explanations which could be given. The accounts for 1869 show a similar result, and I fear that the truth is that the boys do not work sufficiently in earnest. One point to be taken into account, however, is that there seems to be no demand for the boys' labour in the neighbourhood, nay, rather a prejudice against employing them; a state of things which has long since passed away in other counties, such as Dorset, Northamptonshire, Bedfordshire, and Surrey. Mr. Harold states also that Southampton is too well supplied from other places to be a profitable market for the school garden produce. The boys passed my examination very creditably, and showed that Mr. Oakford's pains had not been wasted. Their ciphering was very satisfactory.

The average number of boys for the year was 60.

Cost per head, 23*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.*

Industrial *loss*, 31*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 46 boys discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 40, convicted 3, unknown 1.

HERTS.

Herts Reformatory, Bengeo, Hertford.

Inspected August 4, 1869. (H.R.)

Fifty-two boys were under detention on the day of inspection. I found the premises in good order and well arranged. The health of the inmates had been excellent, and I remarked that they were then looking cheerful, contented, and healthy. Mr. Fish, the superintendent, was able to give me a good report as to general conduct. Punishments had been comparatively light. There had been only two cases of absconding in the year, both recovered. The educational state was satisfactory. Reading intelligent, arithmetic good, writing fair, dictation very accurate, religious knowledge well attended to. The school seemed to be steadily working on, and to be exercising a sound reformatory influence. The great object of the school is, in combination with good training, to make the boys self-reliant and practically useful. The farm work is confined to 40 acres. This is not sufficient in extent to absorb the labour of the school; but the boys are largely employed by the farmers of the neighbourhood. Mr. Fish could very well deal with a much larger field of labour.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Fish, and two assistants, with occasional help for laundry work.

The average number of boys for the year was 49.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.*

Industrial profits, 160*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 28 boys placed out in 1866–68, there have done well 17, are unknown 3, have been re-convicted 6.

LANCASHIRE.

Akbar School Ship Reformatory, Liverpool.

Inspected September 17, 1869.

My inspection of this institution gave me unqualified satisfaction. The bright healthful appearance and thoroughly good order of the boys, the kindly relations between them and the captain superintendent, and the tone of confidence and cheerfulness pervading the ship, left me nothing to desire. I was much struck by the improvement in the manner of the seamen and inferior officers. The number of faults and punishments had materially lessened. The school teaching was regular and effective, and the boys passed my examination very creditably. It is with deep regret that I have to add, that Captain Urmston, to whose influence the satisfactory condition of the ship was mainly owing, died after a few days illness, not long after my visit. He has been succeeded by Commander Stephens.

The average number of boys for the year was 170.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 259*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 148 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 73, convicted 15, unknown or not lately heard of 56.

Clarence Reformatory School Ship for Roman Catholic Boys, New Ferry, Liverpool.

Inspected September 17, 1869. (H.R.)

I found 191 boys on board on the day of inspection. The ship was clean and in good order. Health had been well maintained. The hospital was unoccupied on the day of my visit. The boys looked healthy and hearty, and in good spirits; well clothed and well fed, and under excellent discipline. Captain Algar reported that general conduct had been satisfactory; with the rough class of boys he had to deal with, he found a necessity for repressing disorder with occasional severity; but punishment was not on the increase: every case of punishment is recorded. There had been few abscondings. Some of the seamen instructors appeared to me to speak a good deal more roughly to the boys under their charge than the occasion required: a habit of no service to either party.

I examined both port and starboard watches. I had good reason to be satisfied with the results. I found 40 boys in first class quick and intelligent, and well grounded in the ordinary subjects; about 40 in second class, all making sound progress. About the same number in the third class in a more elementary stage, but fairly progressing. The remainder consisted of backward boys, and recent admissions, slowly but gradually feeling their way through the rugged paths of early instruction. Mr. R. W. Gilhooley is the schoolmaster, with one assistant. I think he has done justice to the school, considering the time he has been at work. The lads are taught tailoring and shoemaking, sail making, &c., and a few are employed under the ship carpenter. The nautical exercises were gone through with smartness and skill.

The staff consists of Captain Algar, R.N., chief officer; schoolmaster and assistant, carpenter, cook, and five seamen instructors; and one man on shore to look after boys about to sail. A bandmaster attends twice a week.

Cost per head for the year was 19*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profits, 39*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* Average number was 204.

Results.—Of 55 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 20, unknown 24, have been re-convicted 8.

North Lancashire Reformatory for Boys, Bleasdale, Garstang.

Inspected June 16, 1869.

The general condition of this institution was satisfactory. There are few which can compare with it in the efficiency of its superintendence and industrial training, or in the economy of its management. Its educational condition did not come up to my expectation. Mr. King accounted for this by the greater ignorance of the boys admitted in the last two or three years; but I think the deficiency may be more justly attributed to the want of sufficient time for the school teaching, and the absence of a

regular schoolmaster. Mr. King is himself a most efficient instructor, but having the farm management and the whole superintendence on his hands, he cannot take much part in the school work. He is now regularly assisted by his son. The general health and conduct of the boys had been good. The farm contains above 200 acres, a large part of which has been reclaimed and brought into cultivation by the labour of the boys, a process which though eventually profitable makes the industrial receipts small when balanced against the expenses. The farm stock consisted of 66 cows and 130 sheep, besides pigs and horses. The shoemaking department had been given up.

The average number of boys was 102.

The cost per head, 13*l.* 7*s.* 10*d.* The industrial profits, 129*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 34 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 20, convicted 7, unknown 6.

Toxteth Park Reformatory for Girls, Liverpool.

Inspected September 14, 1869.

I found the additions to the premises spoken of as in contemplation in my last report in progress, but not yet completed. The presence of the workpeople, and the necessary interruption to the ordinary progress of the school which the building operations involved, had given Miss Howard a little additional trouble; but except a plot of four of the girls to abscond, there had not been much to complain of. The girls had been in very good health generally, but a case of fever had occurred. The dietary has since been improved. The girls passed my examinations very fairly, the first and second classes doing very well. There were 17 girls however, in the fourth class, mostly more lately admitted, half of whom hardly knew their alphabet.

The laundry gives full employment for the elder class. The younger are employed in needlework, and about the house.

Average number of inmates for the year 51.

Cost per head, 10*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profits, 184*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 16 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 8, convicted 2, unknown 2.

Liverpool Girls' Reformatory, Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool.

Inspected September 13, 1869.

The recent additions to the premises of this institution have made its arrangements and accommodation very complete. I found every thing clean and comfortable. The girls healthy and in good order. Their industrial training as usual thoroughly well attended to. Their proficiency in school instruction very moderate. The first class, however, showed considerable improvement. Two or three cases of desertion had occurred during the year,

but the instances of serious misconduct in the school had been very few. Mrs. Molleson continues her useful superintendence.

The average number of girls for the year was 75.

The cost per head was 14*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profits, 331*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 51 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 26, convicted 7, unknown 10.

Manchester and Salford Reformatory, Blackley, Manchester.

Inspected September 30, 1869.

I found every thing going on very satisfactorily in this school. The boys looking well and healthy, and in good order. The health report very favourable. The farm in good cultivation. The list of serious faults and punishments very light. The first classes did well in ciphering and writing from dictation, but read indifferently. The second class came up to a higher standard in proportion. The third and fourth did very fairly. Mr. Arnold is assisted by a schoolmaster and three industrial teachers, one of them a tailor.

The average number for the year was 67.

The cost per head, 15*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profits, 110*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 46 boys placed out in 1866–68, there are doing well 27, convicted 8, unknown 9.

Liverpool Farm School, Newton le Willows, Lancashire.

Inspected September 11, 1869.

My inspection of this school gave me very great satisfaction. The extent and superior arrangements of the new premises in which it is now carried on have enabled Mr. Atty to improve its internal order and discipline very materially, without lessening the free manly tone for which his superintendence has always been remarkable. The industrial training is also carried on under more advantageous circumstances. The boys were looking well and happy, and acquitted themselves very satisfactorily in my examination. The ciphering of the first and second classes was very creditable, and their writing from dictation good. Several of the boys work out at different employments in the neighbourhood, and have generally given Mr. Atty no cause to repent his confidence in them. It will probably be found advantageous to make some further extension of the premises. The number of inmates increasing considerably, as boys from Liverpool are rarely received into other reformatories on the low scale of additional payment now allowed by the borough authorities.

The average number for the year was 128.

The cost per head was 16*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profits, 218*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 50 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 34, convicted 9, *none unknown.*

Blackbrooke Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, St. Helen's.

Inspected May 29, 1869.

These premises were certified on June 23. But circumstances delayed the actual commencement of the school till the following October, when the first girl was admitted. The buildings consist of an excellent house and out-buildings. The school is managed by the Sisters of Mercy, under the supervision of Canon J. Fisher and a committee. It has been too recently set in action to admit of any detailed report on its working.

LEICESTERSHIRE.

Mount St. Bernard's Reformatory for Roman Catholic Boys, Whitwick, Leicester.

Inspected August 10, 1869. (H.R.)

I found 281 boys in the school on the day of my visit. The premises were clean and in good order, but by no means well arranged for the perfect organization of so large an establishment. Mr. Carroll, however, the active superintendent, seems to make the most of the arrangements in carrying out his system of management. The bedrooms were well ventilated, clean, and wholesome. The superintendent is gradually doing away with the objectionable straw-stuffed mattress, and has already fitted up a dormitory on a new and advantageous method. The lavatory is far too small, and the refectory has a cold damp stone floor which cannot conduce to health. The infirmary, though improved, is still defective in its arrangement. I found seven or eight sick boys under the care of a female infirmarian. The situation of the school is a very exposed one, and a good infirmary is indispensable. Mr. Carroll was enabled to give me a favourable report of the conduct of the boys under his charge. Good discipline had been kept up without undue severity, and serious cases had been limited in number. The boys presented a favourable appearance, being cheerful and well-behaved.

The upper school passed a very creditable examination in reading, dictation, and arithmetic. The arithmetic deserved a special remark for its accuracy. The writing and spelling were also satisfactory. I had much reason, however, to be dissatisfied with the educational status and training of the lower school. I found nearly a hundred of the boys who were very ignorant. I should observe, however, that very many of the younger boys had only recently been admitted.

A more careful and discriminating system of instruction is highly necessary, and I trust that in the coming year the younger boys will receive as much attention as the elder.

The farm, which has been largely added to, is well cultivated and fairly productive. The garden too is well attended to. The managers have expended upwards of two thousand pounds on capital account on farm buildings, steam flour mill, and other

improvements during the last four years. The industrial training in the workshops, tailor, shoemaker, carpenter, &c., is not neglected; a large amount of work is performed.

The school seems to be making steady progress, and owes much to the thoughtful and vigilant attention of Mr. Wm. Harper and other members of the Committee. The staff consists of the superintendent, Mr. Thomas Carroll, and his wife; chaplain, medical officer, and infirmary attendant; discipline master and wardsman; schoolmaster and assistant; farm bailiff, and seven industrial teachers. Average number for the year, 273.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 2*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 573*l.* 6*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 139 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 76, unknown 15, re-convicted 34.

Middlesex.

Home-in-the-East Reformatory, Old Ford, Bow.

Inspected August 2, 1869. (H.R.)

I found 54 boys under detention. The premises in good order. Bedrooms clean and comfortable. The boys looked well; there had been no serious illness for some time. The discipline appeared to be firm and decided, but not harsh or unkindly. There had been few serious punishments, and no cell cases or absconding for many months past. The education is of a superior kind. I was pleased to find good, careful, and intelligent reading, correct spelling and dictation, fair handwriting, and well-grounded arithmetic, in short a well organized school; and the boys showed the plain results of very careful preparation. The industrial training is confined to tailors' and shoemakers' shops. In one I found 24 boys employed, in the other 26. The shops are well supplied with work, and the training of its kind thoroughly carried out. There is a garden also, but the institution has been deprived of a large piece of land formerly used for gardening purposes. This is to be regretted, as the school would be all the better for variety of occupation. The institution is carried on under the management of a Committee. Mr. Spooner is the superintendent. There had been a considerable change of staff, but it speaks well for the discipline of the school that no disorder had arisen in consequence. Mr. Tillbrook is the schoolmaster, Mrs. Spooner acts as matron. There is also a master tailor and shoemaker and assistant.

The average number of boys for the year was 58.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.*

Industrial profits, 87*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 28 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 16, are unknown 2, have been re-convicted 5.

Hampstead Reformatory for Girls, Church Row, Hampstead.

Inspected November 24, 1869. (H.R.)

The superintendent, Miss Nicoll, was absent on the day of my visit. Serious illness had, I regret to say, prevented her from

attending to her duties for some time past. Notwithstanding this the school appeared to be working very quietly and steadily under the management of those left in charge. Some of the gentlemen of the Committee paid a visit every day, very much to the maintenance of good order and regularity.

I found 108 girls in the house, rather too many for the amount of accommodation. They looked healthy and well, and had every appearance of being kindly, carefully, and judiciously treated. The bedrooms and premises generally were clean and in good repair. Rooms somewhat crowded, a larger dining-hall very much needed.

In my examination of the school, of the ordinary classes, the 1st, 19 girls, did well in reading, spelling, and dictation, but indifferently in arithmetic; the 2d class, 27 girls, did not acquit themselves to my satisfaction. There was a want of animation and intelligence, and very little attainment. The remainder, 25 in number, were only reading words in a 1st reading book, or learning their letters. Some of them had been some time in the school. Of the older girls who are regularly employed in the laundry, several had hardly reached a fair standard of instruction. I think the time given to the school teaching is insufficient to do justice to the teacher. The industrial department is thoroughly attended to. The laundry and work-room are well supplied with work, and provide a very complete training for the girls.

Health had been good. Amount of punishment not increasing. Discipline well maintained. Abscondings very few.

The staff consists of Miss Nicoll, assisted by schoolmistress, Miss Dallison, general assistant, Miss Duncan, work matron, laundry matron, and assistant.

The average number was 102. The cost per head, 16*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profits, 522*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 81 girls discharged in 1866-68, are doing well 58, are unknown 6, have been re-convicted 10.

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Brook Green Reformatory for Roman Catholic Boys, Hammersmith, W.

Inspected November 11, 1869. (H.R.)

I found 143 boys in the school on the day of my visit. No change had taken place in regard to the premises or arrangements. Nothing serious had occurred to disturb the quiet and successful operation of the school. Brook Green has to deal with some of the most unruly and disorderly boys of the metropolis. Tact and experience have taught the authorities how to shape these materials into something like discipline and subjection. The premises were in good order; the bedrooms clean, airy, and wholesome. The boys looked healthy and contented. Discipline and organization good. I received a good report as to general conduct.

There had been no absconding, and very little serious insubordination.

The boys passed a very satisfactory examination. I found 30 boys in first class, 33 in second class. Reading, spelling, and dictation of both classes thoroughly good; intelligence superior, general attainments quite above the average, arithmetic carefully and accurately done. In the third class I found 43 boys, and 30 in the lowest class. Both these classes were making satisfactory progress, and had been well taught.

An instrumental band is maintained in the school. The industrial training consists of tailoring, shoemaking, and a bakery. A good deal of bread is supplied to outside customers.

The school will probably be removed to larger and more commodious premises at Plaistow before another inspection takes place. The staff consists of the director, Mr. Kempeneers, and eight brothers of the order of Mercy.

Average number maintained in the year 144.

Cost per head, 13*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profit, 713*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 96 boys discharged in 1866–68, are doing well 69, are unknown 2, have been re-convicted 24.

Monmouth.

Monmouth Reformatory for Boys, Little Mill, near Pontypool.

Inspected August 27, 1869.

I found the general condition of the school much the same as on former visits, except that the number of boys had increased to 19, which will I hope enable the managers both to pay the Superintendent better, and to give him more assistance.

Six cases of desertion had occurred since my last visit. The boys passed my examination very fairly. The standard of their reading and ciphering had certainly advanced.

The industrial training is carefully and skilfully attended to by Mr. Arnold; and Mrs. Arnold's domestic management is both conscientious and economical.

The average number of boys for the year was 18.

Cost per head, 10*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*

Industrial profit, 96*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 11 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 10, convicted 1.

Norfolk.

Buxton Reformatory for Boys, Buxton, Norwich.

Inspected October 28, 1869.

I found a marked improvement in the school instruction of the boys, and was well satisfied with their progress. The first class ciphered remarkably well and showed much intelligence. Their

manner and appearance were very good. Only one case of desertion had occurred during the year. Mr. Wright has rigged two masts, &c., to teach naval exercises, and has thus added a useful and very popular branch both of training and amusement.

The average number of boys in the year was 42.

The cost per head was 17*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profits 47*l.* 11*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Of 24 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 15, convicted 7, unknown 1.

NORTHAMPTON.

Northampton Reformatory, Tiffield, Towcester.

Inspected September 16, 1869. (H.R.)

I found the institution going on very steadily under the superintendence of Mr. and Mrs. Goode. The number of inmates has increased to forty-five. The premises, out-buildings, bedrooms, &c., were all thoroughly clean and well kept, and very suitable for their purpose, although plain and homely in character. The boys were cheerful, orderly, and well behaved. Health had been maintained, and there had been nothing very serious to complain of in the conduct of the boys. Industrial occupation is well provided for, and a good deal of hard work has been performed for neighbouring farmers. The stone-quarry and newly established lime-kiln supply abundant employment. The recent additions to the premises, which are now complete, have added materially to their general convenience, and will go far to promote the good order and successful management of the establishment, as well as add to the accommodation. The boys passed fairly in the ordinary subjects of examination. The increased number warrants the engagement of a qualified assistant. I should hope to find a higher standard of education in the lower classes on a future visit. The school seems to be making satisfactory progress, and takes a high place among our farm schools of reform.

Average number for the year, 42.

Cost per head, 14*l.* 15*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profits, 262*l.* 3*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 28 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 25, re-convicted 3, unknown *none.*

NORTHUMBERLAND.

North-eastern Reformatory for Boys, Netherton, Morpeth.

Inspected June 30, 1869. (H.R.)

I found the new house in permanent occupation, and the total number of inmates 140. The demand for admission, however, has not been so large as formerly, owing probably to the establishment of the industrial school ship in the Tyne. The boys were looking well, and the school appeared to be prospering and

under excellent management. An adjoining farm has been taken, and the Committee have now upwards 400 acres of land in hand, very capable of improvement. Something has been done; I saw 20 acres of wheat with which nothing in the vicinity could compare, and the returns of the year indicate a decided change for the better in produce generally.

The boys are divided into three divisions, each under the care of its own master. The A. division under Mr. Bell passed a good examination. I was pleased with the evidences of patient painstaking effort in all that the boys put before me. The B. division also acquitted themselves to my satisfaction. The C. division under Mr. Middlemas consists of younger boys; they were making good progress. The boys are of rough material: the Committee bring to bear upon their improvement a well-arranged staff, sound principles of action, and much anxious thought; notwithstanding this the per-centage of relapses is somewhat high. Industrial occupation is thoroughly carried out, the boys being employed in tailoring, shoemaking, carpentry, brickmaking, and smiths' work. Mr. Anderson is the superintendent; there are three assistant masters, and nine industrial agents.

The school is a mixed school. There were 37 Roman Catholic boys under detention on the day of my visit. The necessary arrangements are made for distinctive religious instruction and worship.

Average number for the year, 140.
Cost per head, 14*l.* 15*s.* 1*d.*
Industrial profit, 468*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*
Results.—Of 112 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 75, convicted of crime 27, unknown 4.

Suffolk.

Suffolk Reformatory, Thorndon, Eye.

Inspected October 30, 1869.

The health of the boys had been very satisfactory; as also their conduct, with the exception of two cases of desertion during the year. They passed my examination very creditably, especially in ciphering and spelling.

Sir Edward Kerrison had lately enlarged the extent of land for the boys' cultivation, adding 45 acres to the school farm. This will give Mr. Gill's ability and zeal full scope, and, I believe, add materially to the well-doing of the school. The premises were thoroughly clean and comfortable. Mr. Gill has now the assistance of his son, whom he has himself trained for the work.

The average number of boys for the year was 61.
The cost per head, 16*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.*
The industrial *loss*, 21*l.* 14*s.* 11*d.*
Results.—Of 43 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 29, convicted 8, unknown, 4.

St. Matthew's Industrial Home for Girls, Ipswich.
Inspected October 27, 1869.

This reformatory has fully maintained its position as one of our best managed, most economical, and most successful schools. Miss Strangeways continues to carry on the superintendence of the girls, nearly 40 in number, and many of them in point of age almost young women, with the help of only one assistant. She has managed to make several of the older inmates very serviceable and trustworthy, and avails herself of their services both in the laundry work, which is thoroughly well done and very profitable, as well as in the kitchen. The school instruction is very elementary, but most of the first class write and cipher fairly.

The average number of girls for the year was 28.

The cost per head, 17*l.*

The industrial profits, 206*l.* 14*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 25 girls discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 20, unknown 1, none convicted.

Surrey.

Philanthropic Society's Farm School, Redhill.
Inspected October 22, November 5, 1869.

The general condition and progress of this the first and largest of our English Reformatories have been very satisfactory during the year. With the exception of some cases of fever in the "Waterlands" the health of the boys had been good. There had been little sickness, and no deaths. Only four cases of desertion had occurred, and the general report of the boys' conduct showed a very moderate amount of serious faults and punishments. I examined the boys of four of the houses, "Queen's," "Garston's," "Gladstone's," and "Gurney's;" Waterlands being excluded on account of the alterations going on in the buildings and of the illness of some of the boys. I found the standard very considerably above that of previous years. The masters had evidently taken more pains and interest in their instruction. The writing from dictation and the ciphering were both generally good. The boys answered my questions on the subject of the reading lessons very fairly. The manner and appearance of the boys from the different houses varied, some being more rough and rude than the others; but there was not much to complain of.

The average number of boys for the year was 292.

Cost per head, 21*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*

Industrial profit, 92*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 243 boys discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 176, convicted 38, unknown 18.

Boys' Home Reformatory, Wandsworth. S.W.

Inspected November 12, 1869. (H.R.)

The new premises recently erected have been turned to good purpose. I found 180 boys in the school on the day of inspection, many of them young and lately received. So large a number of boys require an adequate number of officers to superintend them. I found the institution short-handed on my visit, and the boys had taken advantage of this to create a little disturbance, which, however, had been soon put down. No reformatory can long be free from disorder unless the staff be well kept up in point of number as well as efficiency. The in-door premises, bed-rooms, &c., I found very clean and in good order. The outside arrangements were not so perfect. The workshops are still incomplete, and as long as buildings are unfinished the grounds must always have an air of untidiness and disorder. Better arrangements as to lavatory and laundry are still necessary. The boys passed a very satisfactory examination; the reading, spelling, and dictation of first two classes were all well done; and the arithmetic accurately and carefully. In the fourth class I examined 40 boys, these were all making good progress, and mastering the elements of knowledge. Mr. Leyland has adopted an excellent system of periodical reports of boys on licence to employment. The system answers well.

The school is well supplied with work; the workshops when finished will be very complete, and fitted with steam saws, planing machines, &c. A very large quantity of firewood is supplied by the boys work.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Leyland, general managers; Mr. and Mrs. Newland, superintendent and matron; a schoolmaster and assistant; and industrial teachers.

Average number of boys, 168.

The cost per head was 14*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.*

Industrial profit, 813*l.* 17*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 99 boys discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 68, are unknown 12, have been re-convicted 16.

Surrey Girls Reformatory, Upper Belmont Place, Wandsworth Road. S.W.

Inspected October 1, 1869. (H.R.)

I found 30 girls in the house on the date of inspection. The school appeared to be carried on under judicious and able management, and to be working very satisfactorily and successfully. The premises were beautifully clean, the children carefully trained, in good order, and under proper discipline, and looking cheerful and healthy. The Committee propose to remove the school to larger and more convenient premises at Clapham, and to increase the number of inmates. This change will probably take place by the end of the year.

The girls passed a fair examination, and showed themselves well and intelligently taught.

There had been no absconding, and no cell cases for some time, and no necessity for serious punishment.

The laundry work is carried on with spirit and success, and affords ample employment for the elder girls.

The staff consists of Miss Stockley, the matron; school-mistress, Miss Newman; and laundress.

Average number maintained 30.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.*

Industrial profits, 119*l.* 17*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 24 girls discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 15, are unknown 6, re-convicted 1.

WARWICKSHIRE.

Warwickshire Reformatory for Boys, Weston, near Leamington.

Inspected September 8, 1869.

This school has fully maintained its place among the best managed and most effective of the English Reformatories. The average age of the boys is higher, and the difficulties of discipline therefore greater, than in most other similar institutions; but Mr. Shaddock's good judgment and earnestness, and the confidence in himself with which he inspires the lads under his care, have enabled him to carry on his work with remarkable success, and to impress its influence permanently on the great majority of those under his charge.

The boys passed my examination very creditably, especially in ciphering and their answers to my questions on the subject and the words of the reading lesson. Forty-three boys had gone up for the local examination in drawing, of whom 23 passed with credit, and seven received prizes.

The farm appeared to be in very good cultivation, and every portion of the premises well looked after. Lord Leigh's interest in the school has enabled 12 of the boys to emigrate during the year.

The average number for the year was 65.

Cost per head, 21*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*

Industrial profit, 158*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 51 boys discharged in 1866-68, there are doing well 37, convicted 4, unknown, 4.

Saltley Reformatory for Boys, near Birmingham.

Inspected September 10, 1869.

I found this institution in excellent working order; the school instruction and industrial training equally well attended to, and the appearance and manner of the boys very satisfactory. There had been a few cases of fever during the winter; but the health

report was generally very favourable, and Mr. Humphreys had had very little trouble as to discipline. The school retains its place among the first in point of educational proficiency, all the boys being able to read a little, and the reading, ciphering, and writing from dictation of the upper classes being much above the average. The answers of these boys to my questions on the subject of their reading showed also much intelligence.

The average number for the year was 80.

The cost per head, 17*l.* 18*s.* 5*d.*

Industrial profit, 52*l.* 18*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 70 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 49, convicted 16, unknown, 4.

Birmingham Girls' Reformatory, Smethwick, Birmingham.

Inspected November 28, 1869.

This reformatory preserves the same character and aspect from year to year with very trifling changes, excepting that the average age of the girls is lower and therefore its internal management more regular and easy than formerly. The girls were looking well and confortable. They were in very good order, though perhaps somewhat too quiet and dull. They passed my examination very fairly. Miss Whitby had not had many serious faults or difficulties to contend with. The schoolmistress was about to leave. There had been scarcely a case of illness in the school.

The average number for the year was 47.

The cost per head, 14*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 168*l.*

Results.—Of 29 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 13, convicted 1, unknown 12.

Warwickshire Girls' Reformatory, Coventry.

Inspected September 7, 1869.

The girls were removed to Coventry from Tile Hill on the 1st March. As was to be expected from the disturbed and unsatisfactory state of the Tile Hill school, the change to the new institution was attended with many difficulties, and for some time the conduct of several of the girls gave the managers much trouble. Since the appointment of Miss Phillips to the office of matron the school has gradually settled into a more orderly condition and is now working well. The new premises are convenient and well suited to their purpose, and I anticipate that the institution will become a very useful and successful one under Miss Phillips' judicious superintendence. The girls passed my examination very fairly, considering how much their regular school instruction had been interrupted.

The average number for the year was 23.

The cost per head, 23*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*

The industrial profit, 30*l.* 4*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 23 girls discharged from Tile Hill in 1866–68, there are doing well 7, convicted 2, unknown 13.

WILTS.

Wilts Reformatory for Boys, Warminster.

Inspected April 13, 1869.

The appearance of the boys in this school and their general conduct and manner speak well for its superintendence. Mr. Hendley seems to understand the necessary union of firmness and kindness in his management. Few serious faults had occurred. A good system of marks with small rewards for labour, and fines for misconduct, similar to that adopted at Red Hill, has been introduced with the usual satisfactory result of lessening the number and amount of other punishments. The boys passed my examination very fairly. Several of those in the 1st and 2d classes were absent at work on neighbouring farms. The school farm is thoroughly well cultivated. The books and accounts of the institution are well kept. Mr. Hendley has the assistance of a school teacher and one labourer.

The average number of boys for the year was 52.

The cost per head was 17*l.* 3*s.*

Industrial profit, 185*l.* 6*s.*

Results.—Of 24 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 21, convicted 1, unknown *none.*

Limpley Stoke Reformatory for Girls.

Inspected April 9, 1869.

I found the girls in good health and better order than they had been, the influence of the matron (Miss Pike) having gradually made itself more felt among them. They passed my examination in reading, writing, &c. very fairly. The girls in the first class (15) acquitting themselves both in dictation and arithmetic very well.

Average number for the year 67.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 296*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 53 girls discharged in 1866–68, 35 are doing well, 3 have been convicted, 11 are unknown.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

Woodbury Hill Reformatory for Boys, Shelsley, Worcester.

Inspected July 8, 1869.

The additions and improvements which I mentioned in my last report as contemplated by Lord Dudley had not yet been carried out when I visited this school. I was able to settle several of the necessary details, and trust to find all completed by my next inspection. An extension of the farm, so as to give the boys more land to cultivate, will then be the chief thing wanting to make the institution as effective as it ought to be.

The boys had been in excellent health, and looked bright and cheerful. They passed my examination tolerably well. Proficiency in school work has never been so much a feature of this reformatory as the quality and nature of its superintendence might have led one to expect. Mr. Flintoff says, the boys enter the school extremely ignorant, and are much more disposed to work than to learn. The industrial training, however, is but limited, from the small size and peculiar character of the land attached to the school. Some boys work on basket making.

The average number for the year was 39.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 151*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Of 21 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 16, convicted 5.

Stoke Farm Reformatory for Boys, near Bromsgrove.

Inspected July 9, 1869.

The general condition of this school, and the manner and appearance of the boys have certainly improved very much in the last two or three years The boys are still, however, very coarse and rough, and their style of dress takes off from their orderly appearance and probably from their sense of self respect, but their schooling has been more attended to, and obedience and regularity more enforced; more care and interest too has been bestowed on the boys on their discharge, a point of chief importance.

My inspection on this occasion gave me a fair amount of satisfaction. The boys passed my examination tolerably well; some ciphered and wrote from dictation very creditably.

The industrial training is well carried on upon the farm by Mr. Hancock and the under labour master. The shoemaking department is also well looked to. The boys' labour is now in considerable demand in the neighbourhood. The accounts, however, show a loss on the industrial department of nearly 40*l.*

The average number of boys for the year was 73.

Cost per head, 19*l.* 7*s.*

Industrial *loss*, 38*s.* 18*d.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 54 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 36, convicted 7, unknown 11.

YORKSHIRE.

Castle Howard Reformatory for Boys, Welburn, York.

Inspected August 23, 1869. (H. R.)

I found this school going on very favourably and maintaining its high character as a successful working reformatory. The Reverend Richard Fish throws himself very heartily into the cause, and seems to be anxiously alive to the importance of his work. I found about 60 boys in the school, their manner and

conduct did justice to the tone and character of the management. There had been very few serious offences, and little necessity for severity of punishment. The demand for the labour of the boys by the neighbouring farmers had been as great as ever, and Mr. Fish was able to report favourably on the general results of such employment, as in supplying an excellent test as to steadiness and character, as conducive to ultimate good conduct, opening out besides a large field for permanent engagements, and creating confidence and support among the farmers. About 20 boys were absent from the school *on licence*.

The first two classes passed a very creditable examination, the third passable, but the remainder did not appear to advantage. I should be glad to find the lower classes a little farther advanced in reading and spelling on a future occasion.

The industrial work is real and efficient. The premises well kept up, and thoroughly clean and tidy.

The Committee are carrying out a very great improvement in removing the farm buildings and piggeries to a greater distance from the main buildings. This has long been desired, and will gradually be completed.

The staff consists of Mr. Fish, schoolmaster, Mr. Napper, and six assistants.

The average number for the year was 64.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profit, 248*l.* 2*s.*

Results.—Of 53 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 41, re-convicted 2, unknown 10.

Calder Farm Reformatory for Boys, Mirfield.

Inspected August 19, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 82 boys in the school. The premises, garden, &c. were all in thorough order. The general aspect of the place, bright and encouraging, indicating progress, vigilant superintendence, and good management. The boys looked healthy and cheerful. There had been no serious illness in the two homes for the last twelve months. The tailors and shoemakers shops were fully supplied with work. The farm consists of about 65 acres of land, with vegetable garden, and a large quantity of work is performed for the neighbouring farmers.

I was very well satisfied with the educational state of the schools. In reading, dictation, arithmetic, and general intelligence few schools can compete with Calder Farm. I was sorry to learn that Mr. Johnson the schoolmaster, who has been ten years on the farm, is about to leave.

The discipline of the school had been well kept up throughout the year, but I was sorry to find that there had been still a good many cases of absconding, though less in number than in 1867-68. The general management seems to be kindly and judicious. Mr. Charles Wheatley and a committee now act as directors of the school, Mr. Wheatley Balme residing principally in Westmoreland.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Hepple, a schoolmaster, gardener, farm bailiff, tailor, shoemaker, and farm assistant.

The average number of boys for the year was 83.

The cost per head, 19*l.* 11*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 101*l.* 15*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 80 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 55, unknown 3, have been re-convicted 20.

Yorkshire Roman Catholic Reformatory for Boys, Market Weighton.

Inspected August 21, 1869. (H. R.)

This institution appeared to be working most satisfactorily. I found 217 boys in the school, and every indication of sound progress and steady improvement. The contemplated additions, providing two sets of lavatories, cells, &c., were being carried out, and will add materially to the general convenience. Additional workshops were in process of construction, and when completed will render the industrial department very adequately provided for. Changes are proposed for the improvement of the infirmary. The director reported to me that there had been no death in the school for upwards of twelve months, and very little sickness of any kind. The boys passed a very fair examination. The proficiency of the first and second classes was highly creditable. All the classes from lowest to highest gave proof of careful and intelligent instructors, and regular attendance. Very few of our schools could compete with Market Weighton in this respect; and I was not a little pleased with the ardour of the lads to do justice to the school. The industrial department is thoroughly carried out. The farm consists of 400 acres, well and successfully cultivated. Workships for tailors, shoemakers, slipper makers, carpenters, with a large class of lads in each department hard at work. The director gave me a fair report as to conduct. Serious crimes and punishments had diminished. The manner of the boys was cheerful and respectful. They looked healthy and well cared for, and certainly I can but in justice say that nothing is left undone at this place to contribute to the success of the undertaking. The class of boys, however, with which the school has to deal with has been associated with the lowest order of those who throng the bye-lanes of our large northern towns, and the experience of this school, and that of all others is the same, that if boys return to the place from which they were taken the best training in the world will not preserve many of them from further contamination and ultimate relapse.

The staff consists of the director (the Rev. P. Castellano) and 19 brothers and trade instructors.

Average number of boys for 1869 was 220.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 9*s.* 11*d.* Industrial profit, 385*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 132 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 81, have been re-convicted 42, are unknown 2.

Leeds Reformatory for Boys, Adel near Leeds.

Inspected August 17, 1869. (H. R.)

I found about 80 boys under detention. The school seemed to be making steady progress, and to be ably managed by the superintendent Mr. Twigg. Very firm discipline is necessary for the class of boys who are committed to this institution. They are generally both rough and lawless; Mr. Twigg is well able to cope with such a class, and combines firmness and kindness in a remarkable degree. There are 57 acres of land attached to the school, but the soil is of very poor quality, and makes little return. The boys are fairly employed by the neighbouring farmers. The accounts for the year show a loss on the industrial department of above 50*l.* I found that forty boys were out *on licence.* Mr. Twigg has established an excellent system for the supervision of these lads. He is constantly and regularly informed as to their conduct. A serjeant of police quietly looks after those who are employed in Leeds. This system is working admirably. The boys passed a fair examination. Mr. Bosomworth the schoolmaster is an intelligent teacher.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Twigg, schoolmaster, and 4 industrial assistants.

The average number of boys for the year was 82.

Cost per head, 18*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* Industrial *loss,* 53*l.* 5*s.*

Results.—Of 44 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 22, re-convicted 10, unknown 6.

Doncaster Girls' Reformatory, Doncaster.

Inspected August 12, 1869. (H. R.)

I found about 44 inmates on the day of my visit, and 15 on licence to employment.

The premises have been materially enlarged and improved by the addition of a wing at the north end of the building, providing further dormitory accommodation for thirty girls, besides new sitting room, bed room, sick room, &c. The premises are now well adapted for their purpose. The laundry, ironing rooms, and mangle room are very complete, and afford a large amount of employment for the elder girls. The matron, Miss Winter, was unfortunately attacked with small-pox towards the close of the year 1868, but the good order and discipline of the school do not seem to have been seriously disturbed in consequence. The health of the children has been good. I found one sick girl on my visit. The appearance and manner of the girls was very satisfactory, but Miss Winter has had to deal with some very difficult cases. The standard of school instruction was not a very high one, but the elder classes passed fairly in the ordinary subjects. The schoolmistress had recently left, about to be married.

The staff consists of Miss Winter and schoolmistress, workmistress, and laundry-woman.

The average number was 47.

The cost per head, 19*l.* 19*s.* 3*d.* Industrial profit, 179*l.* 7*s.*

Results.—Of 34 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 18, unknown 6, have been re-convicted 4.

St. Joseph's Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, Howard Hill, Sheffield.

Inspected August 11, 1869. (H. R.)

There were 89 girls under detention in this school on the day of my visit, not including four absent on licence. I found the premises in admirable order, andwell adapted in every respect for their purpose. The girls looked well, and reflected credit on the management. There had been no absconding and little need for serious punishment. Discipline seemed to be firmly kept up without a resort to extreme measures. The girls passed my examination satisfactorily, and were all making progress according to their age and position in the school. The older class are well employed in the laundry and needleroom, and in the usual house work of a large establishment.

The school is superintended by Miss Crauford, assisted by a staff of Sisters of Charity. The management of such a school could hardly be in better hands.

Average number for the year 85.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.* Industrial profit, 385*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 41 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 30, unknown 2, re-convicted 6.

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen.

Aberdeen Reformatory for Boys, Old Mill, Aberdeen.

Inspected June 16, 1869. (H. R.)

The school apppeared to be going on very steadily. The present superintendent Mr. Robert Simpson entered upon his duties in March 1869, in the place of Mr. Donald, who resigned from bad health. Notwithstanding some difficulties, Mr. Simpson appeared to be satisfying the expectations of those who appointed him, and seems willing to devote himself to the work. The number in the house on the day of my visit was 110. The lads looked healthy and well; very few cases of serious misconduct had occurred, notwithstanding the change of superintendence.

The first class, 25 in number, passed an excellent examination in reading, spelling, dictation, mental arithmetic, &c. and showed intelligence of a good order. The second class, 23 boys, acquitted themselves very creditably. The standard of the lower classes was not so well kept up. The writing generally was capable of

improvement. I noticed a good tone among the boys of ready and cheerful obedience, highly creditable to the management.

The farm consists of 126 acres of land, 26 of which are woodland. The farm work is superintended by Mr. George Bain, who has proved himself a very trustworthy and valuable officer.

The boys are well employed in farm work, tailoring, shoemaking, and web weaving.

Considerable alterations in the buildings are in contemplation to provide increased and improved accommodation. The Committee are anxious that the school should occupy a good position in every respect.

The staff consists of governor, matron, school teacher, farm bailiff, master tailor, shoemaker, weaver, and assistants.

The average number for 1869 was 118.

The cost per head, 12*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profit, 473*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 59 boys discharged in 1866–68, 30 are doing well, 8 convicted, 15 unknown.

Aberdeen Girls Reformatory, Mount Street, Aberdeen.

Inspected June 15, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 36 girls in the school on the day of inspection. The premises were in perfect order, and very clean. The house seems to me thoroughly well managed. The matron, Miss Meldrum, reported favourably of the general conduct of the girls, but one or two cases had caused much anxiety. One thoroughly bad girl in a small school like this can disturb the peace of the whole household. The children passed a good examination in reading, spelling, dictation, and arithmetic. They looked in fair health, though somewhat wanting in energy and animation. More out-door exercise seemed to me desirable. They are employed in needlework and knitting, and the elder girls also in laundry work.

The staff consists of Miss Meldrum and an assistant teacher.

The average number for the year was 38.

The cost per head, 12*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 93*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Of 20 girls discharged in 1866–68, 14 are doing well, 1 doubtful, 1 convicted, and 4 unknown.

EDINBURGH.

Wellington Farm School for Boys, Penicuik, Edinburgh.

Inspected June 24, 1869. (H. R.)

This institution appeared to be going on very satisfactorily. In many respects it occupies a prominent position among reformatory schools. In its ordinary working arrangements, as well as in the results it accomplishes, it may be regarded as a good successful school. The managers apply themselves directly to the work they have to perform, and being aided by a superintendent

of great practical ability and good sense, the whole establishment has a genuine aspect of reality.

The premises, bed rooms, &c. were clean and in excellent order; several improvements are still contemplated or in progress. A farm of 160 acres has been added to the land under cultivation, making 255 acres in all. The land is well farmed, and the returns increasing in value. The lads, 116 in number, looked hearty and well fed. There had been little sickness. No cell cases. One desertion, one prison case, and one death. In the schoolroom I found 24 boys in the first class, all well advanced in the ordinary subjects, and showing remarkable intelligence and good teaching; reading especially clear and fluent. In the second class, 18 quite satisfied my requirements; in the third, 24 were making sound progress; in the fourth, 13 read fairly, and wrote to dictation. Writing in copybooks generally neat and satisfactory.

The industrial training is thoroughly attended to. In the cabinet-maker's shop various articles of furniture and turnery are manufactured. In the shoemaker's shop trade articles of superior finish and ready sale are turned out. Bootmaking by machinery is carried on. The farm supplies a large quantity of employment. Peat also is dug upon the estate.

The staff consists of Mr. John Craster, superintendent, and wife, matron; Mr. Malcolm, schoolmaster; master tailor, shoemaker, carpenter, farm bailiff, and 5 assistants.

Average number 113.

Cost per head, 17*l.* 0*s.* 7*d.* Industrial profit, 215*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Of 59 boys discharged in 1866–68, 1 is since dead, 49 are doing well, and 9 re-convicted.

Dalry Reformatory for Girls, Edinburgh.

Inspected June 23, 1869. (H. R.)

This school appeared to me to be pursuing its course very steadily and successfully. The premises were in excellent order. Considerable additions have been made on the south side, providing a much larger playground and drying ground.

The girls, 66 in number, were in good health, and gave evidence of sound and judicious management.

They passed a very satisfactory examination. I found 31 girls in the first class, 19 in the second; most of them read clearly and well, wrote correctly to dictation, had been well taught in arithmetic, and showed a superior acquaintance with the ordinary subjects of school work.

Their manner and behaviour were very commendable. The girls are employed in needlework, house work, &c. A large laundry is well supplied with work. Miss Whiteford continues to manage the institution. I regret to report that her sister, Miss Margaret Whiteford, has been obliged to relinquish her post from serious illness. Miss M'Intosh has now the charge of the schoolroom, with the aid of a junior assistant. There is a laundress also.

Average number for 1869 was 65.

Cost per head, 15*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 177*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.*
Results.—Of 20 girls discharged in 1866–68, 12 are doing well, 2 doubtful, 4 unknown.

FORFAR.

Rossie Reformatory for Boys, Montrose.

Inspected June 17, 1870. (H. R.)

I had reason to be well satisfied with the condition of the school. I found everything clean and in good order, with signs of improvement and progress throughout. The boys, 56 in number, looked healthy and well occupied in various branches of labour. Discipline had not been seriously disturbed. There had been one case of absconding.

The lads passed a very creditable examination.

I was sorry to learn that the very intelligent schoolmaster. Mr. Powrie was about to resign his post, with the intention of prosecuting his studies at Edinburgh. In reading, dictation, and arithmetic, with the elements of grammer and geography, the upper boys acquitted themselves remarkably well.

The educational state was quite above the average.

Industrial Training comprises farm work, gardening, tailoring, shoemaking, and carpentry, Mr. Keay superintends the whole work, and it is carried on very effectively.

The average number maintained was 57.

The cost per head, 16*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit, 67*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 36 boys discharged in 1866-68, 22 are doing well, 3 doubtful, 7 convicted, 2 unknown.

INVERNESS.

Inverness Reformatory for Boys, Inverness.

Inspected June 14, 1869. (H. R.)

Mr. Grant was enabled to give me a very favourable report of the condition and progress of this school during the past year. Considerable additions have been made to the premises. An extensive range of workshops has been added, providing suitable accommodation for cabinet makers and joiners, tailors and shoemakers, &c. The industrial department of this school is carried on with remarkable energy and with good results; upwards of 30 boys educated at the school are employed in the town of Inverness, maintaining a good character. Discipline had been well preserved; there had been 3 cases of attempted desertion, and one prison case for theft. The boys looked hearty and healthy, and showed effects of thorough industrial training. In the schoolroom I found 18 boys in the 1st class; reading fair, dictation very moderate, arithmetic good. I should have been glad, to have found a little more brightness and intelligence.

In the 2nd class 19. Reading, spelling, and arithmetic fair, but I noticed the same want of readiness. In the 3d class, 17 boys were making fair progress in reading, spelling, and calculation.

Many of the boys came from the Highlands, speaking Gaelic only, and it is a difficult task to impart instruction to them.

Staff:—Superintendent, Mr. John Grant, schoolmaster, Mr. D. M'Culloch, assisted by a tailor, shoemaker, carpenter, general assistant, and cook.

The average number of boys for the year was 76.

The cost per head was 14*l.* 9*s.* 0*d.*

Industrial profit, 115*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Of 33 boys discharged in 1866–68, 26 were doing well, 4 convicted, 2 unknown.

LANARK.

House of Refuge, Duke Street, and Riddrie Farm, Glasgow.

Inspected June 5, September 24, 1869.

The improvement of this institution under Mr. Allan's superintendence has steadily continued, and as the remnant of the boys admitted under the former system of regulation is gradually discharged, and the better tone and spirit of the newer inmates make themselves more felt, the school will I think certainly take its proper place as one of our most useful and important reformatories. The Riddrie Farm Division was in a very satisfactory state, both as to school teaching and industrial training. Mr. Hogg, who has charge of it, had done his duty very creditably.

Whether it would not be advantageous to part with the Duke Street premises, and to establish the institution altogether at Riddrie, has been more than once under the consideration of the directors. I believe myself that a large boys school can hardly be carried on successfully in thoroughly enclosed premises, with nothing but in-door employment.

The average number for the year in the united institution was 128.

The cost per head, 30*l.* 4*s.* 1*d.** Industrial *loss*, 212*l.* 12*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Of 158 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 64, convicted 34, unknown 47.

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* The expenditure of this school has been exceptionally high, partly because there are two institutions, Duke Street and Riddrie Farm, to be maintained, and partly from the reluctance of the directors to reduce the industrial staff at Duke Street, until the complete re-establishment of the school enables them to determine what officers and teachers will be permanently wanted. The latter circumstance accounts partly also for the loss incurred in the industrial departments. The number of workmen and the amount of wages, are disproportionate to the value of the work.

House of Refuge for Girls, Maryhill, Glasgow.

Inspected September 24, 1869.

I found the premises in excellent order, and the girls in good health. Their appearance much improved by the better air and improved arrangements of the new establishment. The number of inmates had increased to 111, of whom 69 were received under the Glasgow Local Act, 42 being reformatory cases. Miss Mary Sliman, who has been appointed superintendent (her sister being now matron of the penitentiary), gave a very favourable account of the girls general conduct. There had been four attempts to abscond. They passed my examination very creditably, their reading, spelling, and dictation being above the average. Miss Sliman had at present only two assistants. The industrial training had not advanced so much as could be wished, the distance of the school from Glasgow having rendered it difficult to get much laundry work or needlework as yet.

The average number of inmates (including refuge cases) for the year was 90.

The cost per head, 11*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 93*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Of 57 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 31, convicted 6, unknown 8.

Parkhead Roman Catholic Boys' Reformatory, Glasgow.

Inspected June 9, 1869. (H. R.)

I found about 211 boys in the school on the day of inspection. There had been no material alteration in the premises. The boys appeared to be in pretty fair health generally, the sick room occupied by three or four invalids only. The appearance of the inmates, however, did not strike me as favourable. The lads looked rough and dirty, and much in want of care and attention. The beds and bedding were not in a satisfactory state, the dormitories not sufficiently ventilated.

In the schoolroom I found 17 boys in the first class. These read well, and in spelling, dictation, and arithmetic acquitted themselves creditably. In the second class I found 25 boys. These also passed a very fair examination. In the third class I found 44 boys, who read fairly well from Chambers' third book, and spelt and calculated tolerably. In the lower division I found a large number of boys, most of them very young, many, in my opinion much more fit for an industrial school than a reformatory. These were all in a very ignorant state, and required a good deal of patient instruction to impart the first elements of knowlege.

The boys are employed chiefly in brickmaking, tailoring, and in farm labour. The brickmaking as carried on at Parkhead is a very dirty, though profitable employment; used to the extent it is, it seems rather unsuitable to the class of boys the school deals with; for it has a lowering rather than an elevating effect upon the mind. There seemed to be a want of cheerful and ready

obedience, such as one is made familar with in so many of our good schools, and of a thoroughly kindly influence working in and among the boys.

The staff consists of Rev. A. Robertson, director, chaplain-assistant, 3 school teachers, housekeeper, servants, and industrial teachers.

The average number of the boys was 210.

Cost per head, 16*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 464*l.* 19*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 113 boys discharged in 1866-68, 76 are doing well, and 28 have been re-convicted.

Dalbeth Reformatory for Roman Catholic Girls, Glasgow.

Inspected September 28, 1869.

Some useful alterations had been made in the premises, providing a better kitchen, mangle-room, &c. The general health of the girls had been good, but I found five cases in the infirmary. The girls passed my examination very creditably. The school instruction has gradually very much improved. I was surprised to find that only two girls had been committed during the previous twelvemonths from Glasgow. As there is no other Roman Catholic school to which the magistrates can commit, I should fear that many girls who ought to be placed under reformatory treatment must have been merely sentenced to imprisonment, and left to go on in their downward course without being allowed the opportunity or means of reformation. I see no reason that the magistrates can have for distrusting the management of the school, or doubting the general usefulness of its agency, however it may have failed in particular cases.

The average number of inmates for the year was 99.

The cost per head, 13*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profit, 341*l.* 8*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 63 girls discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 36, convicted 13, unknown 4.

Renfrew.

Kibble Reformatory for Boys, Paisley.

Inspected June 3, 1869.

The additional land taken by the managers last year was being brought into cultivation, and appeared to be affording thoroughly useful and active exercise and training for the boys. The drainage had been carried out on contract, the boys assisting in the labour. The carpenters' shop had been closed, but the shoemaking, tailoring, and gardening departments are continued and work well. The school instruction had been well attended to, and the boys acquitted themselves fairly in ciphering, mental arithmetic, and reading. Their spelling was but indifferent. Mr. Rae gave a more favourable account of the boys' conduct. They had begun to understand him and trust him, and the school was in consequence working well. The industrial accounts for the year

show a loss of about 100*l.*, which may be partly due to the expenses of reclaiming, clearing, and fencing the new land, but is certainly more than I should have expected.

The average number of boys for the year was 70.

The cost per head, 18*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* The industrial *loss*, 101*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 34 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 23, convicted 3, unknown 6.

Wigton.

• Stranraer Reformatory (Boys and Girls) Stranraer.

Inspected June 12, 1869.

I found both the boys' and the girls' departments greatly overcrowded, a considerable part of the boys' premises being used for workshops, the buildings in the yard not being sufficient for the variety of employments which Mr. Ross has introduced. The girls' school was in an unsettled state, the matron having just left, and her successor not having entered on her duties. I felt it necessary to represent very strongly to the managers the necessity of some considerable changes. I have no doubt that the girls' school ought to be removed to other premises, and a more efficient staff engaged for their superintendence. The educational condition of the boys was fairly satisfactory, much more so than that of the girls. The discipline of the school had given Mr. Ross much trouble, chiefly owing to difficulties arising from the conduct of the girls. The boys had been fully employed both in the school and by the neighbouring farmers. A good piece of land had been added as exercise and playground.

The average number for the year was, boys 88, girls 37.

Cost per head, 12*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit, 430*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 32 boys discharged in 1866–68, there are doing well 22, convicted 3, unknown 3. Of 16 girls, 15 are doing well.

APPENDIX No. II. (2.)

Detailed Reports on CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

ENGLAND.

CHESHIRE.

Chester Industrial School, Boughton, Chester.

Inspected September 24, 1869. (H. R.)

136 children were in attendance on the day of my visit; of these about 76 boys and 20 girls were under detention; 104 were inmates; the rest day-scholars, who receive a mid-day meal. I found everything in excellent order, and under very efficient management. The premises are very convenient and complete. Improvements have been made within the last twelve months by the addition of new laundry, kitchen, washhouse, and bakehouse. The bright and cheerful appearance of the children spoke well for the school. Health had been generally good. The upper classes passed a very good examination. Reading, fluent and intelligent; spelling and dictation, accurate; writing, careful; arithmetic, very good. The lower classes making progress according to age and time of admission.

Industrial training is provided by 5 acres of good garden ground. 16 or 18 boys are employed in the tailors shop, and a class in shoemaking and wood chopping. The girls are instructed in needlework, housework, and washing. My inspection of this school gave me much satisfaction, and I was gratified with the manner and behaviour of the children, and the kindly and judicious character of the management.

The school, and one may add the cause, has lost a sterling friend by the death of the late Lord Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Thomas superintend the school, assisted by a schoolmaster, Mr. Cook, and industrial assistants.

Average number attending the school, 133.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,316*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 35*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.*

Results—17 boys and 4 girls were discharged in 1866–68. Of these are doing well, boys 12, girls 3; unknown, boys 1. Convicted, boys 1.

Albert Industrial School, Birkenhead.

Inspected September 23, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 50 boys and 28 girls in the school on the day of my visit. Of these 41 boys and 15 girls were under legal detention.

The premises were clean and in good order, and are fairly well arranged. Some few minor alterations seem to be required; which, if carried out, would do much to remove existing obstacles to the better working of the establishment. The ventilation of the bed-rooms is still unsatisfactory, that of the sick room indifferent; the tailor's shop close and unhealthy. The arrangements of the kitchen and offices are not conducive to good order. The separation of the boys and girls in the institution at present is not perfectly carried out. Unless this can be effectually done it is of little use to attempt it at all. At many other schools boys and girls attend the same classes in the schoolroom, and dine in the same hall, without inconvenience or disorder. If this is not thought to be desirable, it is far better to make separation complete, and have separate portions of the building exclusively set apart for each sex, with separate arrangements of every kind. Here I found children of both sexes mingling together in the kitchen, and communicating in other ways, but separated in school and dining-hall. This had not worked well. The report as to conduct was tolerably favourable. There had been a few cases of absconding. Health had been well kept up. The boys passed a fair examination; but there was a want of spirit and confidence, and too much constraint. The reading, spelling, and dictation of the upper classes were creditably performed, and the arithmetic exercises especially so. The girls looked well; but their educational state was very far behind. The present schoolmistress, Miss Pollard, entered upon her duties in January last. I fear that school-work has not had its fair share of time. The boys are employed in tailoring, shoemaking, and wood chopping. The industrial department is still defective. The girls are fully employed in housework, washing, and needlework.

The average number attending, 85.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,221*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.* Industrial profit, 140*l.* 3*s.* 5*d.*

Results—Discharged in 1866–68, boys 8, girls 2; doing well, boys 5, girls 2; unknown, boys 2; convicted, boys 1.

Macclesfield Industrial School for boys and girls.

Inspected June 17, 1869.

I found about 100 children in attendance, of whom about a third were day scholars. The school instructions seem well organized and given intelligently; and the children looked clean and healthy and were in good order. The first five classes read more or less fairly; the first class in Laurie's 5th Standard. About 40 ciphered in the simple rules; 13 of these also in the compound rules as far as long division. These last wrote fairly from dictation. Music is carefully encouraged. The children sung; and a school band (fifes and drums) had been organized. The staff consisted of Mr. Heaps, the master, and his wife, a school assistant, a house servant, and a tailor and shoemaker, who

work by the day. Mr. Heaps himself instructs several of the older boys in turnery, brushmaking, and carving and gilding. The premises were very clean and orderly.

The average number attending 94.

The cost of maintenance 966*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.* The industrial profit 25*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Only 2 of the children received under warrant, both boys, were discharged in 1866–68; one of these is doing well, the other is reported doubtful. But the managers report that a very large proportion of the children who have passed through the school in former years are doing well in the town.

Stockport Industrial School, Townend, Stockport.

Inspected June 18, 1869.

I found the managers proposing to make some very considerable additions to the buildings of this school, rendering the premises more complete and convenient. These have been since carried out. The children were generally in good health and looked well and comfortable. There had been several cases of fever among them in the winter. They passed my examination very fairly, most of them being, however, quite in the elementary stages of instruction. The industrial training consisted chiefly in paper-bag making and printing, which the master superintended; a class being employed in tailoring, and another in shoemaking.

Mr. Jackson resigned the superintendence soon after my visit, having been appointed to the charge of The Home for Little Boys at Farningham. He has been succeeded by Mr. Ross of the Rothesay Industrial School, whose antecedents make me hopeful that the managers will have no reason to regret their choice.

The average number of children attending 70.

Cost of maintenance 872*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit 35*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—None of the children sent by magistrates to the school were discharged in 1866–68. The school reports give a very favourable account of the majority of the voluntary cases.

DEVON.

Devon and Exeter Industrial School for Boys, Exminster, Exeter.

Inspected April 30, Nov. 12, 1869.

The managers have succeeded in their efforts to remove this school from the unfavourable situation which it occupied in Exeter, and have re-established it in a very suitable and healthful position at Exminster about four miles from the city. They were fortunate in securing a good house and 7 acres of garden and field for their purposes. They have been less fortunate in the alterations and additions they have made in the premises,

but by an unfortunate omission the plans were not communicated to me till the buildings had been so far completed that it would have involved a heavy loss and much delay to materially alter the arrangements. However, with all drawbacks, the new institution is a great improvement in all respects on the former one. The boys have now the opportunity of healthy out-door employment and exercise, and their improved appearance already showed the good effects of their removal. Much has still to be done before the establishment will be thoroughly arranged and at work.

The average number of boys for the year was 48.

Cost of maintenance 1,035*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profit, 30*l.* 4*s.*

Results.—33 boys were discharged in 1866–68, of these 26 are doing well, 4 are unknown.

DURHAM.

Sunderland Boys' Industrial School, Silver Street, Sunderland.

Inspected June 28, 1869. (H. R.)

Of committed cases there were 93 on the day of inspection, and two voluntary inmates; and about 20 boys attending as day scholars. The health of the children during the year had been good, their conduct also was favourably reported of; there had been no serious punishment, and discipline had been easily maintained. I was not, however, favourably impressed with the appearance of the children; I attributed the dulness I remarked in their manner in some measure to a want of intelligent occupation. A good many of them I found employed in hair-picking, a sort of work which I can scarcely recommend for general use; there are many varieties of employment to which children can be set which brighten the eye and quicken the intellect, and so serve a useful purpose in more ways than one.

I found, however, a good standard of proficiency in the school-room; the reading, spelling, and dictation of the first class superior, the writing very good, and the replies to my questions in scripture and other subjects intelligent. The boys in the second and third classes also acquitted themselves very fairly, 22 being left in the lowest or initiatory stage.

The industrial training comprises a list factory and shoe-making, with sack-making and hair-picking. There seems a want of more active employment.

The staff consists of Mr. Falconer the superintendent, assisted by a schoolmaster, Mr. Marpin, tailor, shoemaker, and housekeeper.

Average number attending 117.

Cost of maintenance, 1,396*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit, 60*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.*

Results of 25 boys discharged in 1866–68: 17 are doing well: 2 re-committed, none unknown.

Sunderland Girls' Industrial School, Borough Road, Sunderland.

Inspected June 28, 1869. (H. R.)

The number of girls in the school on the day of my visit was 31. The school appeared to be well managed and going on steadily. The rambling character of the premises had militated against good order, but nothing very serious had occurred, and the children appeared in good health and under proper control. They passed a very satisfactory examination, and gave evidence of sound teaching: reading, spelling, and dictation very fair, arithmetic equally good, intelligence well brought out. Miss Sharpe is the school-mistress; the girls have profited by her system of imparting instruction. Occupation is provided by laundry, house, and needlework. Miss Robertson is general superintendent. The school is about to be removed to more commodious premises in Tatham Street, providing accommodation for about 50 inmates.

Average number maintained, 35.

Cost of maintenance, 590*l.* 12*s.* Industrial profit, 56*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—No girls were discharged previous to Dec. 31, 1868.

Abbot Memorial Industrial School, High West Street, Durham Road, Gateshead.

Inspected June 26, 1869. (H. R.)

About 70 young children were in attendance; of these only 10 boys and 6 girls were committed cases; the rest were day scholars, and receive at least one meal a day. I was a little surprised that so small a number of children had been committed under the Industrial Schools Act. I am glad to say that during the latter months of the year 1869 a larger use has been made of the liberal accommodation provided by the school.

There is ample provision within the walls for the instruction and industrial training of a large number of children. There is no lack I believe of proper objects, and the sooner they are brought in for educational training the better.

The children were very young, and had hardly mastered the rudiments of school-work, but a good system of teaching was being introduced. I hope to see the results on a future occasion.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Higginbotham and one assistant. School operations commenced 8th February 1869.

Average number in school for year, 40 boys and 24 girls.

Cost of maintenance, 709*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit, 20*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—No children were discharged previous to 31st Dec. 1868.

"Wellesley" Industrial School Ship for the River Tyne, South Shields.

Inspected 1st July 1869. (H. R.)

The number of commitments to this vessel since its establishment as an Industrial School in July 1868 amounted on the day

of inspection to 144. Captain Pocock, the superintendent, was absent on the day of my visit; the ship was being cleaned and painted, and I consequently found affairs in a disorderly condition. The executive have had much to do to bring so large a number of boys of the roughest and rudest material into regular habits and discipline. Progress is however being made, and order gradually being established. There had been no serious offences, but necessarily a good deal of petty punishment. The state of health was improving; ringworm and cutaneous disorders had given much trouble.

The instruction of the boys was going on satisfactorily. Most of the boys were very ignorant on joining the ship. Mr. Peake, the schoolmaster, had made good use of his time, and the boys under his charge were profiting by his exertions, and showed by attention and earnestness their desire to improve.

The ship appeared to be well furnished and provided, properly qualified officers had been engaged, and regular nautical training and instruction was being given. A band also has been established.

The staff consists of Captain Pocock, R. N., superintendent; schoolmaster, Mr. Peake; chief officer, Mr. Delaney; cook and steward, carpenter, and three seamen-instructors.

Average number maintained for the year 146.

Total cost, 2,494*l.* 2*s.* 7*d.* No industrial profit.

Results.—One boy was specially discharged in 1868; he is reported "doubtful."

Essex.

St. Nicholas' Roman Catholic Industrial School for Boys, Manor House, Little Ilford.

Inspected November 22, 1869. (H. R.)

My inspection took place at a time in which the school could not appear to advantage. The former superintendent, Mr. McCarthy, and the schoolmaster, Mr. D. Woolley, had both very recently resigned their situations, and the school was suffering from the disorder naturally consequent upon an almost entire change of management. I found considerable additions and improvements being carried out. A new chapel and refectory were in a forward state, and will probably be ready for use early in 1870. Large workshops were also being erected. Mr. and Mrs. Holmes have been engaged as master and matron. The present matron, Mrs. Townley, will retire. When these arrangements have been carried out, the school will present a more settled appearance and a higher general organization. The premises are large. There is ample space and a good playground. The director, Monsignore Searle, is bent upon progress and efficiency, and the school will, I trust, become in time something like a model institution, in which educational and industrial training will be carried on with a uniform amount of success.

The boys under detention amounted to 250. Nothing but a thoroughly efficient staff can successfully deal with so large a number of children predisposed for mischief and riot. In the schoolroom I found 50 boys in the first class. The boys displayed a very quick intelligence, and in the usual elementary branches showed that great pains had been taken with them with satisfactory results. In the second class I found 62 boys, all well grounded. In the third about 30 engaged in an easy reading book. In the lower class, under the instruction of a female teacher, I found some 60 children, most of them very young, remarkably well taught.

The industrial training consists of tailoring, shoemaking, carpentry, garden work and knitting. I found rather a large number of children in the sick room, though not with very serious complaints.

The staff consists of chaplain, Rev. Mr. Heery, superintendent and matron, two schoolmasters, and 12 industrial assistants.

Average number maintained 241. Cost of maintenance 3,381*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit 325*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 47 discharged in 1866–68, doing well 20, convicted 2, unknown 23.

Halstead Industrial School for Girls, Halstead.

Inspected January 26, October 26, 1869.

This school owes its establishment to Miss Lucy Greenwood, who has for some years past laboured in many ways to promote the welfare of the destitute and neglected classes about her neighbourhood. By the assistance of Mr. Vaisey and others she has succeeded in erecting a suitable though moderate sized building for the purposes of the school, and in transforming her institution from a day ragged school into its present organized and more efficient condition of a boarding school. The work is still only in its origin. The school being only certified March 12, but it is going on very satisfactorily, and promises to be a useful and effective addition to our list.

Having only been a part of the year in active operation the average number, cost per head, &c. cannot be given.

The number under detention, December 31st 1869, was 4, the day scholars averaging 30.

The cost of maintenance for the 9 months had been 6*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.*

Glamorgan.

"Havannah" Industrial School Ship, Cardiff.

Inspected August 25, 1869.

The boys under warrant (about 40) were looking well and healthful, and appeared to have advanced in their school instruction, and maintained a good standard of conduct and character. The system of allowing a certain number of them to work in the town on market days as porters and shoeblacks,—though at first

sight hazardous, as placing temptation sometimes too strongly in their way,—has the great advantage of thoroughly proving and sifting them, and showing who can and who cannot be trusted. The average earnings of the boys showed a profit of 10*l.* per month. I found the majority of the day scholars (of whom about 40 attend the school) very young and mostly very backward. The ship has been made more healthy by the better drainage of the ground around it which is now cultivated for garden purposes. To call the institution a school *ship* is to give an erroneous impression of it. There is nothing nautical about it except that the boys are lodged in a hulk instead of an ordinary house, that they have a boat in which they practise rowing, and that the assistant who helps to look after them was a boatswain and has several of a sailor's habits.

The average number attending was 76.

The cost of maintenance 637*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* The industrial profit 122*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—21 boys were discharged in 1866–68. Of these 19 are doing well, others unknown.

Gloucester.

Park Row Industrial School for Boys, Bristol.

Inspected December 16, 1869.

I found all in good order and going on well in this school, the inmates (59 in number) looking bright and healthy, and the report of their conduct very satisfactory. No desertion had occurred since April. The boys are generally very young, and a large number of them are but little advanced beyond the first or second standard reading books, but the older class read, cipher, and write from dictation very fairly. Their answers to my questions on the subject of their reading and the meaning of the words they read were very creditable.

The industrial training consists of gardening and wood cutting with some tailoring, &c. Some of the boys help in the cooking, baking, and housework.

Mr. Langabeer manages and superintends all the departments of the institution with one assistant.

Average number of boys attending school 67.

Ordinary expenditure 1,130*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 139*l.* 5*s.* 2*d.*

Results on discharges in 1866–68. Discharged 41, doing well 31, convicted 1, unknown 7.

Inspected April 12, 1869.

Clifton Industrial School for Boys, Clifton Wood, Bristol.

The report of the boys conduct through the year was very satisfactory, that of their health fair, some cases of illness had occurred and two serious accidents. Their appearance was not as bright as could be wished. The premises though convenient in many respects, and from their high and open situation generally

healthy, are too confined and give too little room for exercise and out-door employment.

The boys had been actively employed in tailoring, brushmaking, &c., and their school instruction had been thoroughly well attended to. The ciphering and writing from dictation of the 1st and 2d classes, containing together 45 boys, were much above the average both in readiness and correctness.

Mr. Hibbins, takes an active interest in the boys' progress, and their instruction is well organized and carefully attended to.

The average number of boys for the year was 108.

Cost of maintenance, 1,881*l.* 0*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profit, 186*l.* 15*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—53 boys were discharged in 1866–68. Of these 39 are doing well, 4 have been convicted, 5 are unknown.

Bristol Girls' Industrial-School, Cotham Road, S., Bristol.

Inspected April 15, 1869.

The alterations of the premises connected with the taking the adjoining house for the use of the institution were not completed at my visit, and necessarily disturbed the general quiet regulation of the house. The girls, however, appeared in good order, and were healthy and cheerful. Their manner was a little too rough and forward. I was fairly satisfied with their progress in school instruction, but the reading, ciphering, and writing were all alike deficient in exactness and accuracy. Their spelling was generally uncertain and imperfect. The industrial training has been but partially developed as yet. When the laundry is complete more work can be taken and more regular employment ensured.

The average number of girls was 35.

Cost of maintenance, 528*l.* 10*s.* 9*d.* Industrial loss, 15*l.* 13*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—No girl was discharged previous to Dec. 31st 1868.

"Formidable" Industrial School Ship, Portishead, Bristol.

Inspected Nov. 9, 1869.

This important addition to the list of industrial schools of the most useful kind was certified November 18. No trouble or exertion was spared by the committee who undertook to establish it either in obtaining the large subscriptions required or in inquiring for a suitable superintendent. I have much reason to think that they have been as successful in the latter as in the former effort, Captain Poulden appearing to have many of the qualities that the peculiar duties he has undertaken demand.

The ship is one of the finest and most suitable that the Admiralty have granted for reformatory or educational objects. The costs of bringing her round, mooring, and fitting her have not been less than 2,000*l.*, but all has been thoroughly well done.

The number of boys sent for detention was 11 on the 31st December.

HANTS.

Purbrook Industrial School for Boys, Cosham.

Inspected July 22, 1869.

Mr. Deverell's exertions to provide an industrial school for the vagrant and disorderly boys of the south and south-eastern counties had met with very little encouragement at the period of my visit, only two boys had been sent to the school; since then more interest has been shown by the magistracy in his work, and at the end of the year there were 20 inmates.

The premises were clean and orderly, and Mr. Deverell appeared to have been successful in finding an efficient master with a useful and suitable wife to act as matron.

The school will no doubt gradually increase beyond its present accommodations, and there will then be a fair opportunity for considerably improving the arrangement of the premises.

The school having been but a few months in operation the cost of maintenance cannot be fairly given.

Girls Industrial Home, Alresford.

Inspected July 23, 1869.

I found this school in excellent order and the moral and industrial training thoroughly well provided for by Miss Onslow. The matron and the schoolmistress apparently suitable and efficient, the girls giving good evidence in their look and manner to the judicious care bestowed upon them, but not a single girl had been sent under magistrate's warrant. One has been since received. Miss Onslow had taken great pains to inform the proper authorities that she was willing and ready to receive vagrant or mendicant cases, but her exertions have met with no answer, a curious comment on the interest in preventive training that is often so much talked about.

The average number of voluntary inmates was about 40.

HERTS.

Church Farm Industrial School for Boys, East Barnet.

Inspected August 5, 1869. (H. R.)

I found the health of the inmates which had been so seriously endangered by the outbreak of fever in the year 1868 completely re-established. There has been no sickness to speak of ever since. The number of inmates on the day of my visit was, under detention 20, voluntary cases 35, total 55. The school premises were in good order, the bedrooms thoroughly clean and well ventilated. The new buildings are found to work satisfactorily. The children looked remarkably bright and well attended to, clothing, clean and tidy, manner free and cheerful as well as respectful. Punishments had neither been frequent nor severe. There had been a few cases of absconding. The discipline is

founded in judicious and kindly influence, and rigorous severity has no place in the institution. The children passed a very creditable examination. The upper classes read fairly and replied intelligently, wrote fairly from dictation, and acquitted themselves well in the elementary rules of arithmetic. Mr. Bowden, a clever and well qualified schoolmaster, has succeeded Mr. Holloway in the management of the school. I have no doubt that he will raise the standard of education.

The industrial training consists of farm and garden work, and the care of horses and cows. The boys carry out milk into the neighbourhood, and the place has many advantages and is successful; others make and mend their clothing, &c.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Bowden, and schoolmaster assistant Mr. Bryner, labour master and wife for dairy.

Average number of inmates for year was 51.

Cost of maintenance, 95*l.* 14*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit, 28*l.* 0*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Of 5 boys discharged in 1866–68, 2 are doing well, 3 are unknown.

Lancaster.

Bolton Industrial Schools, Commission Street, Bolton.

Inspected September 30, 1869.

Mr. Rathbone's energy and good judgment have raised this school to a much more satisfactory condition. I found the children well taught and well employed and generally looking well and healthy. The premises have been turned to the best advantage that their limits and indifferent arrangement allowed of. The school instruction is necessarily limited by the age and ignorant condition of the children when admitted; but I was fairly satisfied with the progress that had been made.

The new schools at Lostock are now nearly completed, and will shortly be occupied. They are well arranged and situated in a very favourable position for the health of the inmates. They have land attached to them, and more can be hired when necessary.

The average number was 69.

Cost of maintenance, 76*4l.* 8*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profit, 54*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.*

Results.—Discharged in 1866–68, boys 26, girls 6. Of the 26 boys 17 are doing well, 3 have been convicted, 5 are unknown. Of the 6 girls, 5 are doing well, 1 is unknown.

Manchester Industrial Schools for Boys and Girls, Ardwick, Manchester.

Inspected September 29, 1869.

Mr. Bryan's unwearied energy has materially improved the premises and enlarged the ground for exercise and recreation by

the purchase of some adjoining property, adding much to the healthfulness of the school. I found above 200 children in the institution, of whom 13 were free or voluntary inmates, the remainder being under detention. Their bright, cheerful looks, and intelligent manner gave me very great satisfaction. They passed my examination very creditably. The school instruction is given on a well organized and effective system. The first class, containing nearly 50 children, wrote from dictation and ciphered in the compound rules very correctly. About two thirds of the whole number in the school passed fairly in reading and spelling, from the 1st to the 5th standard.

The industrial departments (tailoring, shoemaking, printing, paper-bag making, woodcutting, &c.) were all thoroughly well attended to.

The average number of children for the year, all inmates, 209.

Cost of maintenance, 2,905*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 74*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Discharges in 1866–68, boys 63, girls 7. Doing well, boys 48, girls 6, convicted one boy ; unknown, boys 8.

Liverpool Industrial Schools, Everton Terrace, Liverpool.

Inspected February 10, 11, and September 15, 1869.

The good working of this school had been hindered by misunderstandings between Mr. Orris, the superintendent, and the schoolmaster, in which the latter had been unfortunately led to consider himself supported by some of the Committee. I endeavoured to arrange matters by mutual concession, and hoped that the school would go on more quietly. The Committee have, however, taken the opportunity afforded them by Mr. Orris' neglect of some of their regulations to require his resignation, which I cannot but regret, being sure that, however Mr. or Mrs. Orris might be wanting in deference to the Committee, they were thoroughly faithful and efficient in their care and training of the children; unfortunately the most capable officers are not always the most willing to submit to much minute supervision, and on the other hand the most active and officious members of a board of management are not always those whom it is most easy for the officers to work with comfortably or confidentially. I was glad to find that the Committee had liberally acknowledged Mr. Orris' services on leaving the school.

The school instruction of the boys had been done justice to by Mr. Taylor. That of the girls gave me less satisfaction, but I found the standard improved as compared with last year. The health of the children in both departments had been good. The good order of the boys division was much interrupted during some part of the year by the want of good understanding and cooperation alluded to above, and a considerable number of desertions occurred. The deserters, however, mostly returned of themselves. The girls had generally behaved well. It is much to be desired, however, that the two departments of the school could be wholly separated and the girls school established in

distinct premises in some other part of the city, or else the present school reserved for them and the youngest class of boys, and a farm school established, with field and garden work, at some distance from the town for the older boys.

The average number of children, all inmates, was, boys 207, girls 118, total 325.

Cost of maintenance, 2950*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit, 97*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Discharged in 1866–68: boys 56; girls 19, doing well, boys 42, girls 14, convicted boys 2, unknown boys 9, girls 3.

St. George's Roman Catholic Industrial School.

Inspected September 18, November 25, 1869.

This school was much disturbed, and almost partially disorganized for the latter part of the year, in consequence of the complete change in the staff and system of superintendence which the committee found it necessary to carry out, the brothers who had had the charge of the school for the last two or three years being dismissed, and a lay married superintendent engaged in their stead. This gentleman (Mr. Morton) has since left, the Committee not being satisfied as to his power of controlling the boys. I am disposed myself to think that more allowance might fairly have been made for the great difficulties he had to contend with, and more efficient assistance provided to enable him to overcome them. Admissions to the school have been necessarily suspended for some time. The school appears now to have resumed its former more orderly condition, and will, I hope, ere long be in a position to resume its full operations. The state in which I found the institution in respect of discipline, cleanliness, and order on both of my visits was most thoroughly unsatisfactory. There were upwards of 70 cases of absconding in the last three months of the year.

Average number of boys (all inmates) 237.

Cost of maintenance, 3221*l.* 13*s.*

Industrial profit, none.

Results.—Discharged in 1866–68, 115; of these 55 are doing well, 48 are unknown, 7 have been convicted.

Refuge for Roman Catholic Boys, St. Anne Street, late Soho Street, Liverpool.

Inspected September 21, 1869. (H. R.)

These premises were certified May 10, 1869. The children were transferred from the old premises, Soho Street, in June last. I found 141 boys in the school, of these 121 are committed cases, 20 voluntaries. 67 boys had been received since 1st January 1869. Good progress had been made in the time to bring the school into working order, but the arrangements were by no

means complete. The premises are large and convenient, and likely to be suitable when the proposed improvements are carried out. The instruction is under the management of a committee and five Christian Brothers, who address themselves very heartily to their work; Brother Tertullian is the Superior. The boys passed a fair examination in the usual subjects. In the first division I found 21 boys in the first class, 29 in the second class. These were all making fair progress; but I would gladly have noticed a little less noise, and a little more order. In the second division were 89 boys, 27 of these were reading "Second Book of Lessons," 26 in "First Book" and the remainder 39 were just learning their letters. There had been several cases of absconding, but the boys appeared happy and cheerful, and looked tolerably well. The managers would do well to carry out a thorough organization of the school, and to be assured that good training depends upon a system of strict principles in which laxity and indulgence have no place. The industrial occupation consists of printing, shoemaking, tailoring and paper-bag making. The printing department is carried on with great spirit, one of the local journals being printed in the institution. The school appeared to me in a hopeful condition, and I trust no obstacle will occur to retard its progress.

Average number of boys attending the school, 136.

Cost of maintenance, 1,463*l.* 9*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 233*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—No boys were discharged previous to December 31, 1868.

Roman Catholic Orphanage for Boys, Beacon Lane, Liverpool.
Inspected September 22, 1869. (H. R.)

The number of boys in the school on the day of my visit was 160, most of them very young. Of these, 119 were under detention, 41 were voluntary cases. The premises are spacious, well situate, and very suitable for their purpose. Alterations were going on, providing tailors and shoemakers shops, bath room, lavatory, store rooms, &c. When these are finished, the arrangement, with the exception of the cooking and domestic offices which are defective, will be very complete. The school rooms and bed rooms are lofty and well ventilated. The boys are under the management of Sister Myddleton, and seven sisters of charity, assisted by trained schoolmistress, &c. They appeared to be well cared for and in very good order. I could detect no want of discipline or submission to rule. I should doubt much whether the school, as the boys grow older, can be conducted under the same superintendence, however capable. Transfer of older and more difficult cases to other schools will not always be practicable. The managers will do well to look this future difficulty in the face and provide accordingly. The best plan possibly will be to found a small establishment to which the elder boys can be drafted on reaching a certain age.

The industrial department has not hitherto found employment for a large number of boys, but it is proposed to carry it out on an improved footing.

The children passed a very good examination. The reading and spelling, dictation, writing, and arithmetic of the more advanced classes were of a superior kind. The lower classes gave me the same satisfaction, for good sound instruction was being gradually imparted on methodical and well considered principles, even to the very latest arrival. Rev. Canon Fisher is the advising director.

Average number of children, all inmates, 161.

Cost of maintenance, 1,613*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit, nil.

Results.—One boy was specially discharged in 1868; he is returned "unknown."

St. George's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Fairfield, London Road, Liverpool.

Inspected September 21, 1869. (H. R.)

This institution continues to go on steadily and satisfactorily. I found about 100 girls in the house, most of them very young. They appear to be treated with very great kindness, and looked clean and bright, and cheerful. Sister Vincent, who presides, is unwearied in her efforts for the children's advancement. The managers will do well to remember that the children intrusted to their care will have to work hard for their living on leaving the home, and that their early years must gradually prepare them for what they will have to endure hereafter.

The children did not pass my examination in the schoolroom quite favourably. The reading and spelling, and dictation of the upper classes were wanting in accuracy and intelligence. The arithmetic too was below the standard of my expectations. The school work was not sufficiently real, and was deficient in life and animation. The industrial department seemed to be carried on with spirit. The elder girls showed great skill in needlework and lace-making. They are also trained to housework and washing.

I received a very good report as to general conduct. The manner of the girls was modest and quiet.

A great improvement has been effected in the upper rooms of the house, by throwing down partitions, and by the admission of air and light.

The staff consists of Sister Vincent and 4 assistants.

Average number of girls, all inmates, 115.

Costs for maintenance, 1,275*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profits, 83*l.* 8*d.* 7*d.*

Results.—36 girls were discharged in 1866–68; of these, 16 are doing well, 14 are unknown, 3 have been convicted.

St. Elizabeth's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Breckfield Road, South, Liverpool.

Inspected September 22, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 54 children in the house, of these 37 were under detention, the remainder voluntaries. Additions were being made to the premises by the enlargement of a wing. The institution appeared to be going on very steadily and successfully. The children looked clean, cheerful, and in excellent order. I found them very intelligent and doing justice to the sound instruction they had received.

The girls are trained as domestic servants, and are engaged from day to day in needlework, house, and laundry work, &c. I received a good report as to conduct; with few exceptions, there had been nothing very serious to complain of. The institution is ably managed by Miss Gordon, assisted by a schoolmistress, and three assistants.

Average number maintained, all inmates, 50.

Cost of maintenance, 693*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* Industrial profit, nil.

Results.—Of 14 girls discharged in 1866–68, 8 are doing well, 4 are unknown.

St. Anne's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Girls, Mason Street, Liverpool.

Inspected September 20, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 145 girls in the house on the day of my visit; far too many for the size of the buildings, and the character of the accommodation. The premises consist of three old houses adjoining each other, and they by no means satisfy the bare requirements of so large a school. The situation is not I should think an unhealthy one, being lofty and airy, but in a neighbourhood which bears an indifferent reputation. There is a good playground for the girls, and the site would not be altogether objectionable if the buildings supplied what is wanted. Miss Pourtalés has had to encounter a great many difficulties. She has had a large number of children poured in to the school very rapidly, and among them many cases more fit for a reformatory than an industrial school. Under such circumstances, superintendents of schools cannot do justice to themselves or to the children committed to their charge. There had been several cases of absconding, and the report as to conduct and discipline was not altogether satisfactory. This is not to be wondered at, indeed it is to be expected when too much is attempted with inefficient and imperfect arrangements.

I examined the classes in reading, dictation, and arithmetic, and was not dissatisfied with the progress being made. The staff consists of Miss Pourtalés and six Sisters of the Order of Charity. Nothing has been left undone by these ladies in point of devotion and self-forgetfulness to bring about a proper state of things, but

circumstances have fought against them. They well deserve the sympathy of the Roman Catholic body. The girls are employed in needlework and housework.

Average number of girls, all inmates, 133.

Cost of maintenance, 1,529*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, nil.

Results.—2 girls were discharged in 1868, both are returned "unknown."

Orphanage for Roman Catholic Girls, Falkner Street, Liverpool.

Inspected September 20, 1869. (H. R.)

My inspection of this institution gave me much satisfaction. The number of children in school on the day of visit was 87, 67 of these were under legal detention, the remainder voluntary cases. I found the premises undergoing alterations by the enlargement of a wing of the building, providing accommodation for 15 or 20 more girls. The girls looked well, and gave every indication of superior training and kind and thoughtful management. Many of them are very young. I found the girls well instructed; in reading writing, and arithmetic the results were entirely satisfactory, and showed what can be effected by intelligent and zealous teachers. The elder girls are trained for domestic service. The institution in this respect is represented as being very successful, and certainly nothing could exceed the method and orderly arrangement of details throughout the house. The girls are employed in every branch of household work, and in practical and useful needlework.* The discipline is of a mixed character, the children seem to be governed by influence chiefly, a resort to severity is seldom necessary, but there are hard and obstinate characters to deal with here as elsewhere.

The institution is directed by a committee of Catholic gentlemen, superintended by the Lady Superior, Miss Powell, assisted by six Sisters of Notre Dame.

Average number for the year (all inmates) 82.

Cost of maintenance, 964*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.* Industrial profits, 45*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—No girl discharged previous to December 31, 1868.

St. Mary's Industrial School, Stanley Road, Kirkdale, Liverpool.

Inspected September 16, 1869.

The number of children under magistrate's warrant in these schools has largely increased. I found 62 boys and 22 girls under detention at my visit, about 40 other children being lodged and boarded on the voluntary class. Mr. Lester has carried out the system of placing these children in small parties of three or four together with respectable persons in the neighbourhood. They

* The managers would do well to take care that their system does not become too artificial. The children should not be kept too much within the walls; they should have the opportunity of seeing what goes on without.

are instructed in the general school, and have their dinner there with those of the day scholars, who are fed. I visited some of these small homes, and was well satisfied with the arrangements made for the accommodation and supervision of the inmates. The general schools are attended by above 500 children (including a large number of infants). The instruction appeared to be well attended to, but, with such large numbers together, much progress can hardly be expected. I hope that Mr. Lester will succeed in establishing the industrial school in separate premises.

The total cost of maintenance is reported, 3,101*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Four boys and one girl were discharged in 1866-68, they are all reported unknown.

St. Ann's Industrial School for Roman Catholic Boys, Ashton-under-Lyne.

Inspected September 29, 1869.

The alterations necessary to adapt these schools for receiving boys as boarders under the Industrial Schools Act were not completed till late in the autumn. The school was certified October 8, 1869, but no boys had been received by December 31. The arrangements and management of the large day schools carried on in the other portions of the premises gave me the greatest satisfaction. I have seldom seen so large a number of children in such good health and order, or so well organized and instructed.

The industrial school has been opened too recently to allow of any report on the cost or results of its operations.

Middlesex.

Middlesex Industrial Schools, Feltham, Hounslow.

Inspected November 23, 1869. (H. R.)

There were 740 boys in this school on the day of my visit. Of these 458 had been committed under the Industrial Schools Act, 282 had been sent under the Middlesex or Local Act. This large number of boys is divided into sections of 150, with separate staff for each section for instruction and management. Two of these sections are provided for the Public Act Boys, one for the Local Act, one for the sailors, one for the agricultural class, and another for the regimental band or military class. A careful system of classification is carried out as far as possible.

The school is ably managed by Capt. J. R. Brooks, the superintendent, assisted in the educational department by the chaplain, Mr. Pilkington. A committee of Middlesex Justices are the advising directors. The institution is a model of thorough organization and good management. In every detail there is the same uniform spirit of order. The order is military order, and strikes the eye of one accustomed to the usual routine of our reformatory and industrial schools as somewhat stern and rigid. The fact,

however, remains the same that nearly 800 boys and a large staff of officers appear to act together as if with one object. The result is remarkable, and worthy of attention. The system, with the exception that strict and unhesitating obedience is exacted on all points, and default checked by uncompromising punishment, does not appear to be carried out with unnecessary harshness or severity. The boys were looking healthy, cheerful, well fed, and well clad. No effort or expense has been spared to administer to the necessities of the school, or to render it efficient for its purpose in training a number of ill-conditioned, neglected children to fill a useful and respectable place in society. In point of education I examined two sections, T. and M. Both sections acquitted themselves remarkably well in the usual branches. The M Section especially in point of intelligence and general information would do credit to the efforts of any schoolmaster.

The chaplain, Mr. Pilkington, has taken great pains with the school work, and takes care that no individual among so many shall be neglected.

In passing through the grounds I found carpenters, tailors, shoemakers, smiths, bricklayers, painters, engineers, bakers, sailors, farm boys, cow-house boys, &c. all diligently employed and carefully superintended. I found also a brass band, a reed band, and a fife and drum band hard at work. The boys so engaged are intended for enlistment in various bands of Her Majesty's service.

There is a large infirmary, thoroughly well provided, and school chapel. The sewage of the institution is distributed over a farm of 150 acres on a well considered system.

The books and records of the institution are admirably kept.

Every punishment is recorded.

There is a large amount of corporal punishment. I think the school could be conducted just as well without so free a resort to this mode of dealing with offences. I think that many cases of school-room disorder could be otherwise dealt with.

Staff.—Capt. J. R. Brooks; chaplain, Rev. N. G. Pilkington; schoolmaster, inspectors of divisions, and industrial assistants.

Average number maintained, all inmates, 758.

Cost of maintenance, 18,088*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profits, 641*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 12 boys discharged in 1866–68, 10 are doing well, 1 is unknown, 1 has been convicted.

Boys' Home Industrial School, Regent's Park Road, London, N.W.

Inspected November 15, 1869. (H. R.)

I found the new schoolroom and workshop, erected at a cost of about 1,200*l.*, completed and already in use. The schoolroom is of large dimensions, airy and well ventilated, and will accommodate about 80 boys, and add materially to the efficiency of the school.

There were about 67 boys in the institution on the day of my visit. Of these 27 were under legal detention. The boys appeared to be in good health, contented, and well cared for. Discipline well maintained, without severity or excessive punishment. The boys passed a very satisfactory examination; reading and dictation very good, arithmetic fair, general intelligence of a high order. The boys are well employed and receive instruction in various trades, carpentry, brushmaking, tailoring, shoemaking, &c. Firewood also is manufactured and distributed to customers.* The school seems to be going on well, and to be successfully managed.

A committee of gentlemen act as directors.

The staff consists of Mr. George Rayment, superintendent, and his mother; schoolmaster, Mr. Shimmin; and a pupil teacher.

Average number maintained in the year (all inmates), 63.

Cost of maintenance, 1,548*l.* 5*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profits, 453*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.*

Results.—Of 15 boys discharged in 1866–68, 12 are doing well, 3 are unknown.

East London Industrial School, Mansell Street, Whitechapel, E.

Inspected November 8, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 50 inmates on the day of inspection. Of these 40 were committed cases, 10 voluntary cases. Besides these there are 47 boys employed as shoeblacks who are partially boarded, but do not sleep in the institution, being provided with lodgings elsewhere: their operations are controlled by the officers of the institution. There had been a recent change in the management, Mr. Larke had resigned his post, and had been succeeded by Mr. Thomas Pitt and wife as master and matron. Mr. Pitt seems well adapted for his post, and to be exerting himself to raise the character of the institution in every respect. There was no illness in the house. The boys looked well. In appearance and general neatness there was room left for improvement. The premises are somewhat contracted for the work to be done. I had good reason to remark on the state of the bedding. Mr. Pitt promised me that an alteration should be effected.

The boys passed a very good examination. The reading and dictation were well done, and I was pleased with the bright, cheerful, and intelligent response to my questions. The arithmetic was not quite so good.

The industrial training is well attended to. Brush-making, bag-making, printing, blacking and ink-making, &c. are carried on diligently. Where school work and industrial work have each

* The chief defects of the present arrangements seem to lie in the difficulty of exercising proper supervision over a number of small rooms in use as bedrooms, in the four dwelling houses which compose the institution, and in the want of proper space for playground. The lavatory accommodation is also imperfect.

their proper share of attention, one always finds a corresponding degree of readiness and intelligence.

This school only wants a little more system, and a little more room, to take its place as a sound useful school.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Pitt; Mr. Tourell, out-door inspector, and Mrs. Brookfield who assists him; Mr. Bullen, schoolmaster; and one domestic assistant, brush-maker, bag-maker, &c.

Average number attending school, 104.

Cost of maintenance, 1,471*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profits, 71*l.* 11*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Of 16 boys discharged in 1866-68, 8 are doing well, 1 has been convicted, 1 is unknown.

Boys' Refuge, Commercial Street, London, E.

Inspected November 9, 1869. (H. R.)

There were 97 inmates on the day of inspection. Of these 32 boys were under legal detention, the remainder voluntary cases. Besides these there were about 24 boys boarded and lodged in the lodging house attached to the institution. These lads are employed in the neighbourhood, and were formerly inmates of the school. I cannot speak too highly of the practical character of this useful mode of extending the good influence of the school beyond its usual limits by affording to any men just starting in life what they most stand in need of, a comfortable home, and occasional assistance and advice.

The premises were in excellent order, and well adapted for their purpose. The boys looked healthy and well, well nourished, and under good discipline. I received a satisfactory report as to conduct; punishments had been few, and not severe in character. There had been one or two absconding. In point of education, although the school appeared to be well organized, and under the superintendence of an able and efficient trained master, I was not satisfied with the amount of attainment. I found only 11 in the first class, 13 in the second. The reading was fluent and intelligence good in both classes, but the dictation was indifferent and the arithmetic defective. In the third class 21 boys were present; they read out of a second reading book pretty fairly, and knew the multiplication table pretty well. In the fourth class 27; these read simple words only.

I am persuaded that the school-room has not been fairly treated, and that the workshop has had too much attention. The claims of both should be duly regarded.

Mr. Hewitt, the schoolmaster, requires assistance in the school. The industrial department consists of tailoring, shoemaking, cabinet-making, and wood chopping. This department appears to be thoroughly attended to.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Larcombe, who has succeeded Mr. Darbyshire as governor, and his wife; Mr. Hewitt, schoolmaster; and 4 industrial assistants. The school band is well kept up.

Average number maintained in the year, all inmates, 120.

Cost of maintenance, 2,055*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.* Industrial profits, 372*l.* 15*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—No boys were discharged in 1866–68.

Cripples' Home Industrial School, Marylebone Road, N.W.

Inspected November 10, 1869. (H. R.)

There were about 100 inmates in this institution on the day of my visit. Of these about 75 were of the crippled class, being more or less helpless from disease or deformity. The remainder are either voluntary refuge cases, or children sent under the Industrial Schools Act. Of this latter class there were ten girls only. The whole of the inmates looked well and were very cheerful, and most diligently employed in various occupations of straw-plaiting, basket and bonnet making, and the manufacture of fancy articles, &c. The refuge cases attend to the washing and house work.

There had been little sickness during the twelve months, no fever or other epidemic, and no deaths. The premises are airy, the dormitories thoroughly clean and well ventilated; kitchen, laundry, drying-room very convenient and complete.

The school instruction is a little defective. I think a regular schoolmistress should be employed; at present the ladies of the committee attend in rotation, and take classes in their turn. The inmates are taught to sing together in a very pleasing manner. The institution deserves support. It appears to be managed on principles of humanity and sound sense, and to be working very successfully.

The staff consists of matron, Mrs. Steel, assisted by four assistant matrons.

Average number maintained, all inmates, 100.

Cost of maintenance, 1,674*l.* 9*s.* 5*d.* Industrial *loss*, 62*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—Two girls were discharged in 1866–68, both are returned "unknown."

Sloane Street Industrial Home for Girls, 125 Sloane Street, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected September 29, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 42 girls in school. Of these 20 were under detention. The school appeared to be going on satisfactorily. The children gave evidence of kind and careful attention, and looked clean and healthy. The premises are large, the rooms lofty and airy. It is a difficult matter to adapt a modern house to the requirements of an institution. The managers have been deprived of an outbuilding which supplied laundry, drying, and ironing room; and the present arrangements for lavatory and laundry and domestic

offices are by no means without defect. The bedding was very old, and very far from clean. I received a good report of the conduct of the girls. There had been no necessity for serious punishment. I found the educational standard rather low, only 11 girls in the first and second classes combined, 10 in the third, 9 in the fourth, and 12 in the lowest class. Reading of first and second classes very fair, dictation and writing not so good, arithmetic fair. In the other classes there was a great want of accuracy and intelligence. The knowledge of the multiplication table was however very general. I think that the managers would do well to re-arrange their time table. Sufficient time has not been allotted to school instruction. I found the girls receiving barely 10 hours per week instruction. 2½ or 3 hours per day for six days per week is requisite. Such an amount of time need not interfere with the reality of industrial training in needlework or other useful occupation.

The staff consists of matron, *Mrs. Browton*; schoolmistress, Miss Baillie; and a cook.

Average number maintained, all inmates, 50.

Cost of maintenance, 750*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 3*l.* 9*s.* 0*d.*

Results.—Three girls were discharged in 1866–68. Of these 2 are doing well, 1 is "doubtful."

School of Discipline for Girls, 2, Queen's Road West, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected September 28, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 39 girls in the school on the day of my visit. Of these 22 were committed cases. The premises were thoroughly clean and comfortable, and although small, and to some extent inconvenient, they are made the most of. There had been a few cases of fever since the last inspection, and one death; health had, however, been completely restored. The sick-room was unoccupied. Miss Cadham, the superintendent, reported that the general conduct of the girls had been good, with one or two exceptions. Cases of punishment rare.

The girls passed a very creditable examination. The school-work is well attended to. The reading of the first class (22 girls) fluent and intelligent; writing not so good; dictation and arithmetic honestly and accurately done. The second class was making satisfactory progress.

The girls are employed in needlework, housework, and washing.

The institution seems to be well managed in every respect, and to be doing its work quietly but effectively. More industrial work is required.

Staff consists of Miss Cadham, the matron; schoolmistress, Miss Griffiths; and an industrial assistant; under the direction of a committee of ladies.

Cost of maintenance, 721*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 17*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*

Average number maintained (all inmates), 41.

Results—Of 10 discharged in 1866–68, 5 are doing well, 5 are "doubtful," none unknown.

St. Margaret's Home for Roman Catholic Girls, Finchley. N.

Inspected November 16, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 70 girls in this school, 65 of these being under legal detention. I believe it is proposed to transfer this school from its present situation to the premises now occupied by the inmates of the Brook Green Reformatory. It is desirable that such change should take place, for the Finchley house is in a dilapidated condition, and not provided with the proper amount of accommodation for a well-ordered school; and, in prospect of removal, no improvement can be effected.

The children looked clean, healthy, and well managed. A trained schoolmistress had been engaged, and the children gave evidence of sound and systematic instruction. The elder girls read fluently and well, and satisfied my requirements in dictation and the elementary rules of arithmetic. The younger girls were all making fair progress according to age and time of reception.

The girls are employed in washing, needlework, and housework, and the manufacture of rosaries. There had been a few cases of absconding, but otherwise nothing serious had occurred to break the good order generally maintained. There had been very little sickness.

The school is ably managed by Miss Haslewood, assisted by a schoolmistress, Miss Lawless, one assistant, and a general servant.

Average number maintained (all inmates), 67.

Cost of maintenance, 764*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit, 6*l.* 12*s.*

Results.—Of 37 girls discharged in 1866–68, 4 are doing well, 29 are unknown.

St. Jude's Industrial Home for Girls, Franklin's Row, Chelsea, S.W.

Inspected September 30, 1869. (H. R.)

There were about 50 girls in the house on the day of my visit; of these 36 were children sent under the Industrial Schools Act. The premises, although very much enlarged and improved, are still defective in various particulars. The sleeping accommodation is by no means adequate for the number of children who are lodged within the walls. About 130 children attend the ragged school attached to the school, receiving a mid-day meal. The girls generally had been going on satisfactorily, but one or two of the elder girls had been a cause of trouble and anxiety. Health had been fairly maintained throughout the year. The girls passed a fair examination. I found 21 girls in the first class, who acquitted themselves to my satisfaction in reading, knowledge of scripture, dictation, and arithmetic. There was a want of accuracy in spelling and arithmetic; and this want was perceptible in all the classes alike. The amount of time given to school instruction, 10 hours per week, is not sufficient to ground children thoroughly in the elementary branches of education.

The girls are taught needlework and housework, and some of the elder girls do the laundry work, and a good deal of time is taken up in these occupations.

The staff consists of the matron, Mrs. Wood, and schoolmistress, Miss Gates.

Average number attending the school, 56.

Cost of maintenance 679*l.* 16*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profit, 11*l.* 3*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Of 10 girls discharged in 1866-68, 4 are doing well, 2 are unknown.

Girls Home Industrial School, 22, Charlotte Street, Portland Place, London. W.

Inspected October 4, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 24 girls in the school; of these 13 were committed children. The school appeared to be going on steadily and satisfactorily. Premises clean and well maintained. The children well cared for and very kindly treated; they looked healthy and cheerful. The school instruction was not quite up to the average; I found that the girls received instruction for ten hours per week only. This does not seem to be quite sufficient. The industrial training seems to be thoroughly attended to; the girls were busily employed in all kinds of knitting and useful needlework, washing, and housework.

The domestic offices, kitchen, washhouse, &c., are rather inconvenient, but with present space there is no room for much improvement.

Staff.—Matron, Miss Allan; assistant matron, Mrs. Kinghorn; and a schoolmistress, who attends for two hours daily.

Average number maintained (all inmates), 25.

Cost of maintenance, 579*l.* 16*s.* 7*d.* Industrial profit, 43*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—No girls were discharged in 1866-68.

Norfolk.

Industrial Home for Girls, Fakenham.

Inspected October 29, 1869.

I found this school in thoroughly good working order. The girls in good health; the school teaching and industrial employment carefully attended to. But although it had been now certified for above a twelvemonth, and although Mrs. Hammond had taken all the usual steps to make the institution known to the magistrates, and had received much encouragement from them, no girls had been yet sent to the school for detention under the Act; a circumstance which, unless Norfolk is exceptionally free from girls of the vagrant and disorderly class the Act provides for, is very difficult to understand. I hope the anomaly is only temporary.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

Newcastle Industrial School.

Inspected June 29, 1869. (H. R.)

In spite of some drawbacks of a serious character, I found this institution working successfully, with a wide field of labour and much useful work being accomplished. The attendance is large already, but the managers propose to extend their operations as far as their means will allow. 60 boys and 46 girls were under detention, 100 boys and 118 girls attending as day scholars, making a total of 324 children on the books.

The new premises seem to answer their purpose. I found all in good order, bed-rooms clean, and the arrangements generally effective and well considered. There had been little or no sickness, and the children generally were bright, cheerful, and healthy. They appear to be treated with very great kindness and attention; the result is seen in their happy confiding looks and manifest improvement. The school instruction of the boys and girls fully satisfied my requirements. The proficiency and intelligence of the first and second classes in reading, writing, arithmetic, dictation, &c. showed good and systematic teaching. In the third class were 24 boys, who gave me fair reading and spelling, creditable and correct arithmetic. In the fourth 29 boys, in the fifth 28, and in the sixth 12 boys, were all progressing according to age and length of attendance. The girls also passed a very fair examination; their manners and attentive behaviour spoke well for the school. The lowest class was composed of about 50 little girls, almost infants, who were being intelligently taught and trained. Miss Dodd superintends the girls, with two assistants.

The boys are employed in printing, sack making, tailoring, &c.; the girls in needlework and housework. The industrial department is not sufficiently developed.

I heard with regret that the directors had been obliged to call on Mr. Morgan to resign his post of superintendent; Mr. Ralph Willoughby has been appointed in his room; Miss Baxter remains matron.

The average number attending school, 269.

Total cost of maintenance, 2,098*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profits, 65*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Discharged boys 24, girls 19. Of the boys 12 are doing well, 6 are unknown, 2 have been convicted; of the girls 9 are doing well, and 3 are unknown.

SOMERSET.

Somerset Industrial School for Boys, Wells Road, Bath.

Inspected April 7, 1869.

The repairs and alterations which the dilapidated state of the buildings made necessary have made the premises of this school

much more convenient and suitable. They are still, however, very defective on some points, as the closets and lavatory. I was glad to find that more land had been taken for the employment of the boys. Mr. Chevins had succeeded in hiring a field of seven acres, at the distance, however, of about a mile and a half. The boys looked well and comfortable, and the premises were very clean and orderly. Several cases of desertion had occurred, in two or three cases from the places in which the boy had been placed on licence; arising perhaps from the boys being put out too soon, and without sufficient training. Many of the children in this school were, however, sent from London, and such boys might be expected to use their first opportunities to go home and rejoin their relatives.

The boys passed my examination very fairly; their ciphering was rather above the average.

The average number for the year was 80.

Total cost of maintenance, 1021*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profits, 313*l.* 2*s.* 5*d.*

Results.—Four boys were discharged in 1866-68, of these three are doing well.

Cannington Industrial School for Roman Catholic Boys, Bridgewater.

Inspected July 19, 1869.

Considering the defects of the premises for the purposes of a boarding school for boys of the rough and common class which certified industrial schools are meant for, this institution has made fair progress, and has worked satisfactorily. I found about 30 boys in it, with a superintendent and matron, a schoolmaster, and an industrial assistant to teach shoemaking. A considerable number of the boys had been transferred from the Bristol, Shustoke, and Somerset Industrial Schools, and some difficulties had had to be surmounted before they settled down contentedly in their new locality. They appeared, however, to be comfortable, healthy, and in good order, and their instruction to be well attended to. Many of them entered the school almost wholly ignorant. The industrial training has been but very partially developed as yet. I hope the institution will before long be superseded by a more complete and effective school in a more suitable locality.

The average number of boys for the year was 29, all inmates.

Total cost, 454*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.*

Industrial profit, 9*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Cannot be spoken of at present, the school having been so recently established.

STAFFORDSHIRE.

Staffordshire Industrial School, Werrington, near Hanley.

The premises purchased by the managers were certified in March 1868 ; but from delays connected with the necessary alterations and additions no boys have as yet been admitted. A competent master has, however, been secured (Mr. Horth, formerly schoolmaster and assistant at the Warwickshire Reformatory), and I hope to see the school before long in useful operation. It will be managed by a Committee appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions.

SURREY.

Surrey Industrial School for Boys, Bridge House, Wandsworth, S.W.

Inspected November 5, 1869. (H. R.)

The number of inmates on the day of my visit was 98. Most of these boys were very young. The out-door premises did not appear to advantage, as the garden and grounds and workshops had been recently flooded by a high tide. The frequency of these inundations renders it very undesirable to maintain the school in its present situation. The managers have it in their mind to transfer the school to a more healthy locality. The boys looked fairly well, but not so robust as usual. There was no illness in the house. The bedrooms and domestic arrangements were thoroughly clean and well looked after.

In point of instruction, the schoolroom seemed to require a more thorough organization. The present schoolmaster and superintendent, Mr. Gibson, had only been three months at his post, and had hardly matured his plans. I should look for a better average on a future occasion. There was a want of classification. Many of the second-class boys read and spelt far better than boys presented in the first class. Arithmetic was tolerably well done ; dictation indifferently so. The lower classes were making fair progress, and had been well attended to. The boys are fully employed in tailoring, shoemaking, and wood-chopping. I had a good report as to conduct. There had been very little disorder, and no serious punishment.

The staff consists of master and matron, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson; labour master, Mr. Herring, and wife ; tailor and shoemaker, 2 days a week each.

Mr. Leyland exercises a general superintendence.

Average number maintained, 88, all inmates.

The expenditure is included in that of the Wandsworth Reformatory.

Results.—4 boys were discharged in 1866–68; 2 are doing well, one convicted.

WARWICKSHIRE.

Birmingham Town Council Industrial School, Shustoke, near Coleshill.

Inspected September 9, 1869.

I found this institution working well, and making very satisfactory progress. The number of inmates had increased faster than I had expected or could have desired; and the accommodations of the premises, especially as to schoolroom and workroom, were insufficient for their purposes. Additions to the buildings are in contemplation. The boys were looking well and healthy, and Mr. Vinall's report did not record more serious faults or attempts to desert than with so new an institution might be fairly looked for. The school instruction appeared to have been well attended to. The boys generally read and ciphered very fairly. The farm and garden provide the chief part of the industrial employment, a few boys being also taught shoemaking and tailoring. The land seemed to be judiciously managed, and the farm stock already comprised three cows and two horses, besides pigs. The books are thoroughly well kept.

The average number of inmates for the year was 43, all inmates.

The total cost was 991*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.*

The industrial *loss*, 10*l.* 0*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—It is as yet too early to speak of these, none of the boys having been discharged previous to December 31, 1868.

Gem Street Industrial School, Birmingham.

Inspected September 9, and November 24, 1869.

On my first visit I found the premises in some disorder, and the general routine of the school somewhat interrupted. The newly appointed master and matron Mr. and Mrs. May, not having yet entered on their duties. All this had been amended by the date of my later inspection, on which I found all well arranged and going on very satisfactorily.

The school instruction has been entrusted to a young teacher who was formerly a pupil in the school boarded at the expense of the patriotic fund. He seemed to me to be competent for his work, and likely to do justice to it. The children are not much advanced, but I found several able to write fairly from dictation and to cipher in the simple rules. Their general appearance was favourable. The premises are extensive and airy, but not so well arranged or judiciously planned as they might have been.

The average number of inmates was 80.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,476*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 47*l.* 4*s.*

Results.—No children sent by magistrates were discharged in 1866-68.

Penn Street Industrial School for Boys, Birmingham.

Inspected November 24, 1869.

Mr. and Mrs. May left their situations as superintendent and matron of this school at Michaelmas, having been chosen by the Committee of the Gem Street school to take the management of that institution. They have been succeeded by Mr. and Mrs. Shaw. The change has not been for the advantage of the school. Mr. Shaw has had no experience fitting him for the duties he has undertaken, and did not appear to me at all calculated to obtain the moral influence over the boys so necessary for their successful management.

The premises were in fair order. The boys looked well and had generally been healthy, and had given little serious cause for complaint.

Mr. Nightingale continues in his office of schoolmaster, the school receiving not only the boys boarded in the institution under warrant of magistrates, but about 70 others who attend as day scholars paying for their instruction. I was well satisfied with their progress, and Mr. Nightingale's system of teaching. The first class passed my examination very creditably. I visited the girls school and infants school carried on in the same premises, and found all going on well.

The average number under detention for the year was 43.

The total cost of maintenance, 736*l.* 17*s.*

Industrial profit, 16*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.*

Results of discharges in 1866–68: discharged 20, doing well 11, convicted 2, unknown 5.

Vale Street Industrial School for Girls, Birmingham.

Inspected September 10, 1869.

This little school continues to work very satisfactorily. The number of girls under detention is limited to seven by the amount of accommodation afforded by the small house they live in. But the ragged day school attached to the premises is attended by about 100 children of all ages, and appears to be very efficiently conducted by Miss Bassage and her assistants. I found the seven girls under detention looking well and cheerful. They attend Miss Bassage for school instruction, and seem to be making very fair progress. Their instruction in house-work, needlework, &c. is given by the matron, who seems to thoroughly interest herself in their welfare.

The average number under detention was 8.

Cost of maintenance for the girls under detention, 140*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—No girls were discharged previous to December 31, 1868.

Winson Industrial Home for Girls, Winson Green, Birmingham.

In consequence of Miss Weale's continued ill health and the impossibility of her resuming the management of the school, the certificate of this institution has been resigned, the school broken up, the seven girls under detention in it transferred to the Gem Street school. So few cases were received under the Act, and the school was so much one for the training of free or voluntary cases, that its discontinuance will not cause any inconvenience. Miss Burt's management of the school in Miss Weale's absence made me regret that her able and earnest services as lady superintendent are no longer available to the reformatory cause.

Industrial Home for Girls, Coventry.

Inspected September 7, 1869.

I found 12 girls under warrant, and 24 voluntary inmates in their school. The latter mostly from 14 to 18 years of age. My inspection, gave me great satisfaction in the bright healthful appearance of the girls, the comfortable homelike aspect of the institution, and the efficiency and reality of the industrial training. The school instruction does not reach a high standard, I should fear indeed was not adequately attended to for the *older* and *voluntary* class, who have no regular teacher or daily school hours. A mistress attends daily for the instruction of the girls under warrant, and they passed my examination in reading, writing from dictation, and the simpler rules of arithmetic, pretty fairly. The premises were in excellent order. Mrs. Holland is assisted by two young women, formerly inmates, for the laundry work.

Average number maintained, including voluntaries, 37, all inmates.

Total cost of maintenance, 672*l.* 11*s.* 11*d.*

Industrial profit, 282*l.* 11*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of five girls discharged in 1866–68, four are doing well.

YORKSHIRE.

Broomfields Industrial School, Bradford.

Inspected August 18, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 30 boys and 7 girls in this school on the day of my visit. The non-committed children have been entirely withdrawn, and the school is now exclusively devoted to cases sent under the Industrial Schools Act. Mr. and Mrs. Stubbs have the sole superintendence of the place. I found everything in good order, and the premises clean and well kept. The children respectful and orderly, and no sickness in the house. Punishments had been few, but there had been one or two cases of absconding. The

school could well receive a few more cases under the Act. There seemed to be very little industrial occupation for the boys. The girls are well employed in needlework and housework.

I was very well satisfied with the educational state of the school. The children were making fair progress, and appeared to be well taught and very kindly managed.

The school is not sufficiently made known in Bradford: it might be turned to better account.

Average number of inmates, 39.

Cost of maintenance, 556*l.* 13*s.* Industrial profit, 22*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 5 boys and 4 girls discharged in 1866-68, 4 boys and 2 girls are doing well.

Hull Industrial School.

Inspected August 13, 1869. (H. R.)

I found about 175 children in these schools on the day of my visit, but a good many day scholars were absent from exceptional causes; of these about 44 boys and 12 girls were committed cases. I was surprised to hear that only 5 children had been committed to the school from the town in the year up to the day of my visit. The establishment of the school ship "Southampton" probably may account for this. The examination of the boys' school gave me much satisfaction. Great pains had been taken with the children, and all the classes were making sound progress. The reading, dictation, and arithmetic of the upper classes were quite above the average. The management and discipline good and effective. The boys' school seemed to me defective in point of industrial occupation. The managers seemed hardly to realize that such occupation should be general, and adapted to the strength and capacity of the inmates. They will do well to reanimate and develope this branch.

In the girls school I found 80 children, most of them very young, under the superintendence of Miss Jones and assistant. Twelve only of these were committed cases. I found the school in a backward state in point of education; but I was informed that a great many cases had been recently admitted, and there was the usual complaint that as soon as the children began to be useful at home, they were withdrawn from the school. The girls seem carefully instructed in knitting and needlework. Order and discipline excellent.

Average number attending school, 551.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,372*l.* 16*s.* Industrial profit, 97*l.* 2*s.*

Results.—Of 30 boys and 12 girls discharged in 1866-68, 22 boys and 6 girls are doing well, 3 boys convicted, 2 boys and 2 girls unknown.

Humber Training School Ship, "Southampton," Hull.
Inspected August 14, 1869. (H. R.)

My inspection of this school gave me much satisfaction. The ship was certified as a training vessel in August 1868; but notwithstanding its recent establishment, it has already attained a good standard of efficiency. I found 70 boys on board, with prospects of a still larger number of inmates. The appearance of the boys spoke well for the management. Although most of them had only been a few months on board, a cleaner, smarter, more promising set of boys could rarely be seen. Great credit is due to the committee and Captain Pollard for their exertions in bringing the scheme into good working order. I cannot but think that this vessel will prove a valuable addition to the means already in force for the rescue and future employment of neglected boys. The committee certainly deserve the support of all interested in the cause for the zeal and heartiness with which they have commenced their work. The boys passed a fair examination, and were making sound progress; but a certain degree of attainment only could be expected in the first 12 months. The schoolmaster, Mr. Bushby, had made the best use of his time. The boys were being gradually instructed also in the usual nautical exercises, sailmaking, &c. The superintendent, Captain Pollard, had the assistance of schoolmaster and four officers; a chief officer will be found to be necessary with a larger number of boys.

Average number of inmates, 66.
Total cost of maintenance, 1,836*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.*
There had been no discharges up to December 31, 1868.

Leeds Industrial Schools, Edgar Street, Leeds.
Inspected August 16, 1869. (H. R.)

I found upwards of 200 children in attendance at Edgar Street on the day of my visit; of these, 77 were committed boys, 28 were voluntary inmates, and the remainder day scholars receiving one meal per diem. The girls under detention were lodged, I found, in a building called the Convalescent Home, lent to the Committee by the Board of Guardians temporarily; this is to all intents and purposes a separate school, superintended by the matron Miss Land, and the schoolmistress Miss Crampton. The house in Springfield Terrace has been given up as a dormitory for girls; but a certain number of boys still sleep there, as the building now used as a lodging house can only accommodate about 70. The managers propose to carry on the ragged school in separate premises, and leave the schoolroom in Edgar Street entirely for the children under detention. This would be a desirable step, as the school is too crowded; but the establishment would still be left imperfect and incomplete. Nothing has been done during the last twelve months to make the institution more suitable for its purpose as a large certified school, with regular staff, requisite superintendence, and well organized system. I

could not gather from the managers that any thing really to the purpose was contemplated. A large and wealthy town like Leeds could surely afford the means to found a school worthy of the name. The present arrangements are a series of makeshifts, and must be attended with the usual drawbacks inseparable from such a method of carrying out a great work.

The school is situate in an airy and healthy position. The boys looked well, and the health of the children has been satisfactory. The school instruction did not come up to my expectation. But Mr. Milnes, the master, a well qualified man, fully explained to me that the changes in the school are very great, and the number of scholars considerable; order and discipline seemed to be fairly kept up, but I found a large class of the youngest children under instruction by the schoolmistress, Miss Martin, in the same room with the rest. This of course is objectionable, and must necessarily be a source of disorder and disquiet.

The industrial training seemed to me defective, and to be considered as of secondary importance. I found very little going on in this branch of the establishment, there is a tailors' and shoemakers' workshop, and some wood-chopping is done. The managers excuse the apparent deficiency, by the fact that they provide for a considerable number of the boys by apprenticing them to the coal mines. The system requires watchfulness on the part of the Committee, but I was assured that it worked well, and that they have no reason for being dissatisfied with the results. About 60 boys who have passed through the school are now employed as apprentices. I think notwithstanding that the industrial department of the school should be worked much more really and vigorously, and would tend to open up other channels of employment. The girls establishment appears to be going on very well. I found the elements of a good school at the Convalescent Home, room, air, light, and order. The managers are looking out for a permanent building. The girls looked cheerful and healthy, and in point of school instruction did credit to Miss Crampton's teaching. I found about 30 girls under detention, and 3 or 4 voluntaries.

Mr. Ambler has the general superintendence of the schools; he also gives his attention to the shoe-black brigade, employing 10 to 20 boys.

Average number in attendance, 242.

Total cost of maintenance, 2,088*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.*

Industrial profit, 424*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.*, chiefly the earnings of shoeblacks.

Results.—Of 36 boys and 6 girls discharged in 1866-68, 24 boys and 2 girls are doing well, 4 boys and 2 girls are unknown, and 3 boys and 2 girls have been convicted.

York Industrial School, Marygate, Bootham, York.

Inspected August 20, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 90 boys and 30 girls under detention in this school, on the day of my visit, with a small attendance of day scholars.

Mr. West resigned his post as superintendent, last year, and Mr. George Henry Hurst was appointed to fill his place, and entered upon his duties in January last. The school has not yet surmounted the difficulties which always attend a change of management, and Mr. Hurst has had to deal besides with other obstacles in the change of officers and inadequate accommodation. The arrangements, domestic and otherwise, are not on a sufficiently extensive scale for so large a number of children. The main premises are old and in bad repair, and very unsuitable for the requirements of a large establishment. Mr. Hurst seemed to be doing his best to bring matters into good working order, and I trust that in time he will be successful; but the aspect of the place and the examination of the children left an unsatisfactory impression on my mind.

In school work the boys acquitted themselves indifferently in reading and spelling, better in dictation. and very fairly in arithmetic. Industrial occupation consists of wood chopping and a little tailoring and shoemaking. In all this there appeared a want of system and order. The general appearance of the boys was far from satisfactory; they were both ragged and slovenly, and many of them were suffering from a species of opthalmia, indicating the necessity for better arrangement and more thoughtful supervision.

The girls are under the charge of Mrs. Hurst and a schoolmistress, Miss Libbiss. Their appearance and manner were much more satisfactory. The standard of education was not very far advanced, and I hope to find something better another year. The school generally will require all the attention of the managers to bring it into a satisfactory state.

The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Hurst; Mr. Mann, schoolmaster; Miss Libbiss, schoolmistress; and 4 assistants.

Average number in attendance 173.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,533*l.* 3*s.* 7*d.*

Industrial profit, 269*l.* 1*s.* 1*d.*

Results.—Of 45 boys and 7 girls discharged in 1866–68, 27 boys and 5 girls are doing well, 4 boys unknown, and 4 boys and 1 girl convicted of crime.

Doncaster Industrial School for Girls, Doncaster.

Inspected August 12, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 17 girls in the institution on the day of my visit, but none of them were committed cases. Everything was going on satisfactorily. The girls seemed well trained and well taught, and gave evidence of real improvement and progress, and efficient superintendence. It is to be regretted that Mrs. Vaughan, who has taken so deep an interest in the children of the school, is

obliged to resign immediate connexion with the school, but I trust that her earnest love of the work may give her efforts to the establishment or supervision of some kindred institution. Whether the school can be maintained on its present footing seems rather doubtful. It is a pity that an undertaking of the kind, with the promise of much future usefulness, should be allowed to fall to the ground for want of support.

SCOTLAND.

ABERDEEN.

Aberdeen Industrial Schools, Skene Square.

Inspected June 15, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 283 children in attendance on the day of my visit, 215 boys and 68 girls. Of these 160 boys and 51 girls were committed cases, the remainder day scholars; many of these were very young.

The boys were in good order, attentive, and well behaved. I examined about 100 of the elder boys in the ordinary school subjects; they had been well taught, and were making good progress.

Employment is provided in tailors and weavers shops. A new weavers shop has been completed, and some very good samples of shirting, ticking, and winsey were shown to me as the products of the looms. The younger boys are employed in hair-picking and net-making.

The girls school is of a superior order. I was well satisfied with the manner and appearance of the girls; they looked clean, healthy, and well cared for; they passed a fair examination, and had been carefully taught. Miss Reid, the matron, was absent on the day of my inspection; the schoolmistress, Miss Alexander, seemed to have no trouble in managing the school.

The staff consists of superintendent, Mr. Thomas Gilbert; matron, Miss Reid; 4 assistant teachers, and 3 work-masters.

Average number in attendance, 273.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,994*l.* 19*s.* 5*d.* Industrial profit, 119*l.* 9*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Of 16 boys discharged in 1866–68, 13 are doing well, 1 unknown. Of 8 girls discharged in same period, 7 are doing well, 1 doubtful.

Ayr.

Ayr Industrial and Ragged School, Ayr.
Inspected June 10, 1869.

The number of children in this school at the date of my visit was about 100; of whom 12 were day scholars. They were mostly in good health, but some of the boys were suffering from ringworm. Mr. Gow's untimely death was a great loss to the institution. He has been succeeded by Mr. Scott, formerly assistant at the York Industrial School and the Kibble Reformatory. Mrs. Gow continues to act as matron. The children passed my examination very creditably. The first and second classes ciphered in the more advanced rules, wrote from dictation, and answered my questions very correctly; their answers in mental arithmetic were remarkably good. The afternoon of each day is given to industrial employment; paper-bag making, net making, tailoring, and gardening for the boys, and needlework and knitting for the girls.

The premises were very clean and in good order.

Some difficulties arose in the summer from the opposition of some of the managers to the Roman Catholic children being instructed by their priest; but the matter has been arranged for the present, and the hardship of removing the children to a distant school, such as Glasgow, obviated.

The average number of the inmates for the year was 102.

Total cost of maintenance, 803*l.* 15*s.* 10. The industrial profit was 72*l.* 14*s.*

Results.—Discharged in 1866-68, boys 16, girls 12. Doing well, boys 11, girls 9. Convicted, none. Unknown, none.

Kilmarnock Industrial School, Kilmarnock.
Inspected June 9, 1869.

I found 82 children under warrant in this school, all in good health and doing great credit to the judicious management of Mr. Aitken and the care of Mr. and Mrs. Forrest. They passed my examination very creditably. Mr. Taylor's organization and instruction gave me great satisfaction. The only drawback to the general arrangements of the institution is the want of better accommodation in the dormitories, the boys sleeping two and two together, and without the supervision which I believe to be so important. No ill effects have, however, as I am assured, as yet been found, the boys being mostly very young. The industrial occupations are but limited and need more development. They consist chiefly of hair-teasing and gardening, Mr. Forrest having a class of elder boys for tailoring.

The Roman Catholic children, of whom I found 14 in the school, are instructed by the priest, and attend his chapel on Sunday.

The average number for the year was 80, all inmates.
Cost of maintenance, 798*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* Industrial-profit, 53*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.*
Results.—Discharged in 1866-68, boys 8, girls 11; doing well, boys 5, girls 7; convicted, 1 boy; unknown, 1 girl.

Bute.

Rothesay Industrial School.

Inspected June 2, 1869.

The additions which have been made to these premises have greatly improved the arrangements, as well as added to the accommodations of the school.

The children were in good health and order; about 40 were day scholars, the number of boarders about 70.

They acquitted themselves very well in my examination; the school teaching as carried on by Mr. Ross, had evidently been methodical and efficient.

The boys cultivate the garden, cut wood, tease hair for upholsterers, and do a little tailoring. The girls attend to the housework and needlework, making and repairing the school clothing.

Mr. Ross has left the school since my visit, having accepted the charge of the Stockport Industrial School. He has been succeeded by Mr. Ormsby.

The average number in attendance was 100.

Total cost of maintenance, 764*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.* Industrial profit, 71*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—Four boys and one girl left the school in 1866-68; they are all doing well but one boy unknown.

Dumbarton.

Cumberland Industrial School Ship, Row, near Helensburgh.

Inspected June 8th, September 22d and 27th, 1869.

The directors of the "Clyde Training School Ship Association" obtained this fine ship from the Admiralty in 1868, and she was certified on June 25th, 1869, and formally opened at the date of my visit in September. I found about 120 boys on board. The admissions had been far too rapid and continuous, greatly interfering with the gradual organization of the school and the individual observation and classifying of the boys received, on which the steady progress and complete success of such an institution depends; and it does Captain Alston the superintendent great credit that he has been able to control the boys and carry out his plans of management and discipline so well.

The ship was visited by a sudden, but, thanks to the measures taken by the directors, very transient attack of fever in November, but nothing has occurred to materially interfere with its operations.

The cost of bringing round, mooring, and fitting the ship has

exceeded 3,000*l.* The directors have carried out their work with great liberality, and, except in the too rapid reception of the boys, with remarkably good judgment.

Dumfries.

Dumfries and Maxwelton Industrial School, Dumfries.

Inspected June 15, 1869.

This school has improved in several respects under the present superintendent (Mr. Rough) and his wife. Mr. Rough takes an active interest in the industrial training, in which I hope he will be fully seconded by the managers. The school instruction is of course an important element in the usefulness of such institutions, but the giving a habit of labour, and developing the children's industrial aptitudes, is of equal if not greater consequence for their future welfare; and those schools have uniformly shown the best results, both as to the health and general improvement of the inmates and as to the permanence of their moral training, in which the two objects have been kept in view.

I found the premises in some points better arranged and fitted. The children generally looked well and healthy. They passed my examination very creditably; there were about 70 day scholars on the roll, in addition to 38 boys and 16 girls lodged and boarded under the Act. The industrial employments are net making and gardening, with a little tailoring and carpentry.

The average number for the year was 106.

Cost of maintenance 895*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* Industrial profit 15*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*

Results.—Nine boys and five girls were discharged in 1866–68. Of the boys 4 are doing well, 1 has been convicted. Of the girls 4 are doing well.

Edinburgh.

United Industrial Schools, High Street, Edinburgh.

Inspected June 22, 1869. (H. R.)

About 130 children were present on the day of my visit. Of these 78 boys and 15 girls were committed cases. 60 of these are Roman Catholics. The school is conducted on the principle of free admission without religious distinction. The number of Roman Catholic children who have been educated in this school amounts to 1136. The first hour of each school-day is set apart for religious instruction. The Roman Catholic children are instructed in the tenets of their religion by a Roman Catholic teacher, the Protestant children by a Protestant teacher. In the united schoolroom for ordinary instruction and in the workshop there is no religious rivalry. The premises were in good order. Considerable alterations are in contemplation, as the locality is being subjected to the operations of Edinburgh Improvement Commissioners. The children appear to be in sound health and in good

order. I was fairly satisfied with the system and amount of the school instruction. A considerable portion of time is allotted to the industrial departments, and the schools perhaps suffer a little in consequence. The arithmetic was thoroughly good, but reading and dictation a little below what I expected.

The industrial department is carried on with vigour and success. Mr. Ferguson superintends the whole. The boys work heartily and actively. The several departments comprise tailoring, shoemaking, brushmaking, carpentering, turnery, and wood chopping. The girls are employed in sewing, machine work, and house work.

Upwards of 200 children educated in the school are now employed as workmen in various positions in Edinburgh.

The staff includes, Mr. Charles Ferguson, superintendent, 3 assistant masters, matron, sewing mistress, and 2 work masters.

The average number maintained was 112 boys, 34 girls.

Cost of maintenance, 1,626*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* Industrial profit, 10*l.* 14*s.* 4*d.*

Of 32 committed boys discharged in 1866–68, 28 are doing well, 2 convicted, 2 unknown.

Of 10 girls so discharged all are doing well.

Edinburgh Original Industrial School, Ramsey Lane.

Inspected June 21, 1869. (H. R.)

There were 208 children in attendance on the day of my visit. Of these 43 boys and 22 girls were committed cases, the remainder day scholars, including 50 infants. The dormitory accommodation is limited, only 38 boys sleep in the institution, the remainder are lodged with respectable families or live with their relatives. The girls are lodged in an adjoining building. The directors are of opinion that it is preferable to lodge children out than to provide sleeping accommodation for them within the walls of the establishment.

It should be noted that all the children are sufficiently provided with clothing, and have 3 meals a day.

The health of the children during the past year had been very good; with the exception of a case or two of fever and a little opthalmia there had been little sickness; their general appearance carried out the reports of the officers. There had been no serious offences, and discipline had not been much disturbed. Mr. Martin has the charge of the schoolroom. I examined several of the classes in attendance. Their reading, spelling, and writing to dictation were very commendable, showing the results of good systematic instruction. In the afternoon I examined about 100 in arithmetic with satisfactory results. I was well contented with the general intelligence of the scholars. Mr. Martin requires assistance with school work, Miss Malcolm continues to superintend the infant department and very successfully.

The industrial work comprises tailoring, shoemaking, boxmaking. The girls are employed in sewing, knitting, and household work.

The staff includes Mr. Thain, general superintendent; Mr. Martin, schoolmaster; Miss Mackay, matron; Miss Malcolm, teacher, with master tailor, shoemaker, box-maker, and 5 assistants.

Average number in attendance, 131 boys and 71 girls.

Cost of maintenance, 3,011*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 99*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.*

Results.—Of 13 committed boys discharged in 1866–68, 10 are doing well, 1 doubtful, 1 convicted, 1 unknown.

The 4 girls discharged in same period all doing well.

Edinburgh Original, Marionville Branch, Edinburgh.

Inspected June 21, 1869. (H. R.)

I found Mr. Henderson in temporary charge of this establishment, owing to the death of the former superintendent, Mr. Nasmyth. About 30 boys were in attendance, of these 23 were committed cases. The boys appeared in very good health, and were orderly and attentive. They had given little or no trouble. In the matter of education, there had been little progress for some months past, owing to the ill-health of the late master; but the first class read well and correctly, and wrote fairly to dictation, and replied intelligently to my questions. The boys are well employed in tailoring and shoemaking and the cultivation of a large garden. With the second class I was not so well satisfied, and most of the inmates have been transferred from the school in Ramsay Lane.

The directors have had reason during the past year to question the expediency of maintaining this establishment on a separate footing, and have, I believe, decided upon giving up the school as a branch of Ramsay Lane, founding another school on the model of that in Ramsay Lane in some neglected district of the city. Marionville might, I think, have been turned to useful purpose if it had been placed in an independent position with the necessary extensions and improvements. Mr. Paterson has succeeded Mr. Nasmyth.

Mrs. Paterson acts as matron. There is also a tailor, a shoemaker, and gardener.

The average number for the year was 45.

Cost of maintenance included in the Ramsay Lane account.

Results.—Of 14 boys discharged in 1866–68, 10 are doing well, 4 lost sight of.

Leith Industrial School.

Inspected June 25, 1869. (H. R.)

There were 81 children in attendance on the day of my visit. 58 boys and 23 girls. Of these 25 boys and 7 girls are under warrant of detention, 67 children being boarded and lodged in the house, the remainder lodged out. The health of the children was reported as being very good, no serious illness and no fever

cases. They looked cheerful and well cared for. I found the new and commodious premises in the Lochend Road nearly ready for occupation. They are well situated in a healthy neighbourhood, and will provide accommodation for about 100 children. The school is well fitted and arranged in every respect and has been erected at a very considerable cost (4,700*l.*) after much consideration. The managers hope to transfer the children to the new occupation in the course of a few months. I examined the children in the ordinary subjects. I found the reading and spelling rather defective, the arithmetic somewhat better. The children are young. I hope to find a rather higher standard on my next visit.

The boys are employed in tailoring, shoemaking, and wood-chopping.

The girls in needlework and housework.

The school is well managed, and an active committee carefully looks after its interests.

Staff consists of Mr. James Gregor, superintendent; Miss Crowlie, matron and sewing mistress; Miss E. Brunton, assistant teacher; tailor, shoemaker, and sewing assistant.

Average number for the year, 57 boys and 21 girls.

Cost of maintenance, 1,005*l.* 18*s.*. Industrial profit, 87*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.*

Results.—Of 22 children discharged in 1866-68, 13 are doing well, 2 doubtful, 5 convicted and sent to reformatories, 1 unknown.

FORFAR.

Arbroath Industrial School, Dale Cottage, Arbroath.

Inspected June 18, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 66 children in attendance on the day of my visit; 40 boys and 26 girls. Of these, 13 boys and 9 girls were under detention. The staff consists of Mr. and Mrs. Irvine, and one servant. All the children have three meals a day, the day scholars coming at 8·30 a.m. and leaving at 7 p.m. There is no regular industrial employment. The school is defective in its arrangements, the premises not in good repair, and no effort made for improvement or extension. I found a want of order in the schoolroom, the sexes not separated, many of the children very young and rather noisy. I examined 13 children in the 1st class. They read fairly, spelling good, dictation moderate, arithmetic fair. In the second class were 17 making fair progress in the ordinary subjects, but wanting in life and intelligence. The writing in copybooks generally was carefully and neatly done. Of the remainder 8 were learning their letters only, 8 in the next stage, and 17 reading and spelling words of one syllable.

The premises supplying a limited amount of accommodation I found the bedrooms somewhat crowded. I regret that the committee cannot see their way to an enlargement of the school to meet the wants of a growing population.

Average number, 64.
Cost of maintenance, 371*l.* 15*s.* 7*d.*
Industrial *loss*, 3*l.* 11*s.* 5*d.*
Results.—Four boys discharged in 1866–68 are unknown, 1 girl doing well.

Dundee Industrial School.

Inspected June 19, 1869. (H. R.)

There were present on the day of my visit 90 boys and 31 girls. Of these 60 boys and 17 girls were under detention. The premises were in excellent order and under careful supervision. The bedrooms appeared to me imperfectly ventilated, and not open to necessary inspection at night. These defects could very easily be removed.

The superintendent, Mr. Smith, was absent on leave, but I found excellent order in the schoolroom, and a habit of discipline and attention very satisfactory to notice.

Many of the children were very young, but they passed a very good examination in the usual subjects, and were well advanced for their age.

The girls are under the management of the matron, Miss Thompson. They looked healthy and well cared for. There was no illness in the house, but there had been a case or two of fever. Several cases of desertion have occurred during the year. There is a higher average of absconding in this school than in most others; *eighteen* boys have so discharged themselves in 1866–68. This requires the consideration of the committee.

Average number for the year, 83 boys and 30 girls.
Total cost of maintenance, 1,145*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.*
Industrial profit, 47*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.*
Results.—20 boys and 4 girls discharged in 1866–68, two boys and one girl doing well, 14 boys unknown, 4 boys and 2 girls convicted of crime.

"Mars" Industrial Training School Ship, Dundee.

Inspected September 21, and December 2, 1869.

This school ship was certified September 30, 1869. The Committee have been fortunate in securing a particularly fine and suitable vessel, and have spared no cost or trouble in thoroughly fitting and preparing it for their purpose. The admissions have been much too rapid, and I found on my visit in December much reason to doubt whether the system of management adopted by Captain Wake, as superintendent, was calculated to be very successful. A school ship requires peculiar capacities and qualities in the commander, and many officers who would acquit themselves with great credit in other positions would be found wanting in such a post as this. The difficulties which had arisen between Captain Wake and the directors were, however arranged, and a competent assistant or chief officer engaged (Mr. Scott).

The staff consists in addition of six seamen instructors including cook and carpenter.

The number of boys on board, December 31, was 102.

The cost of fitting, bringing round and mooring the ship was above 3000*l.*

Lanark.

Glasgow Industrial Schools, Mossbank and Rotten Row.

Mossbank, Glasgow.

Inspected June 5 and 8, September 23, and November 29, 1869.

The premises were not thoroughly finished till near the end of the autumn, but the larger part of them were occupied throughout the summer. The children being brought out from Rotten Row by large detachments till above 400 were so disposed of. The schooling had been pretty well organized, but the industrial training is as yet very inadequate. The directors have, I think judiciously, determined on devoting Mossbank to the use of the boys only, the girls being retained at the schools in Rotten Row. Mr. Falconer, late of the Sunderland Industrial School, has been appointed superintendent. Mr. M'Taggart continues to direct the school instruction, having three assistant teachers. Mr. M'Pherson continues as general assistant. The buildings are in many respects very suitable and convenient, but, from the necessary alterations of the original plans and difficulties connected with the situation, they have cost much more than was anticipated. It is a pity the same amount of money had not been spent on erecting two smaller institutions. The moral and domestic influence is practically lost in such a number as from 400 to 450 children in one establishment.

The results of the boys' school while in Rotten Row do not appear to be very encouraging from the return of those discharged in 1866–68. Of 72 discharged, 45 are reported unknown, 3 have been convicted, only 10 are known to be doing well.

Rotten Row.

Inspected June 7, September 27, and November 27, 1869.

In my last visit I found the girls brought back from Mossbank and settled in their former quarters in this branch of the institution, having the use of the schoolrooms and dormitories formerly occupied by the boys. The institution was perhaps almost unavoidably incompletely arranged and not in a satisfactory condition as to either health or order. I met the directors on the subject of the future arrangements, and had their assurance that the school should very soon be put thoroughly in order. The year has been one of much interruption and disturbance, and the school instruction has been greatly interfered with. I believe that the present arrangement concentrating the girls in this establishment

will eventually work well, but the teachers should be resident and brought more into domestic relations with the children.

Average number maintained (in both schools) 589.

Total cost of maintenance 7,757*l.* 16*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profit, 312*l.* 15*s.* 7*d.*

The results for the girls are rather more favourable than for the boys; 24 were discharged in 1866–68; of these, 11 are doing well, but 9 are returned unknown.

Orphanage for Roman Catholic Boys and Girls, Abercromby Street, Glasgow.

Inspected June 4 and November 29, 1869.

Boys' department.

I found this school materially improved in many respects, and the boys apparently in good health and order. There were still, however, many serious deficiencies to be supplied, the staff being insufficient. The premises were in many parts unfinished, and the school teaching was still imperfectly provided for. On my second visit some of these defects had been partially remedied, and I have the assurance of the Directors that the institution shall gradually be put on a safe and satisfactory footing. It is impossible that nearly 200 boys can be properly taught and cared for by one master (Mr. Orr) and his wife, and one or two teachers. Mr. Orr is a very pains-taking and efficient superintendent and has greatly improved and developed the industrial training; but the staff must be increased and better paid before the work can be done justice to, or a fair return made for the public money. The workshops in which the boys were employed in tailoring, shoemaking, stocking weaving, and wood cutting gave me very great satisfaction. The boys were working with good will and under good instruction. Not so the school; only about half the boys passed my examination in reading, spelling, and ciphering from the first to the third standard; the rest were as yet in the elementary stage of learning, reading syllables or letters. Until the date of my last visit a single teacher had had the whole charge of the instruction.

In the girls department were 120 children under detention. The appearance of the school was bright and encouraging. The girls were cheerful and looked healthy and carefully attended to, in good order and under good influences. Premises, perfectly clean and neat. The children passed a satisfactory examination especially in the upper classes. Reading, fluent and intelligent; spelling and dictation fair; arithmetic accurately done. The school is managed by sisters of the order of St. Francis. Knitting, needlework, and housework comprise the industrial employment.

The average number of boys for the year was 163, of girls 132.

Total cost of maintenance for both boys and girls, 3,488*l.* 10*s.*

Industrial profit, 110*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—The return under this head is very discouraging. Of 55 boys discharged in 1866–68, 2 are doing well, the remaining 53 are returned unknown; 30 girls were discharged in 1866–68, 20 are doing well, 8 unknown.

Slatefields Roman Catholic Industrial School for Boys, Gallowgate, Glasgow.

Inspected June 1 and June 7, 1869.

The difficulties which existed between Mr. M'Culloch and some of the Roman Catholic clergy interested in the Orphanage, of which the former had charge, have been happily arranged by the intervention of the archbishop, and this well arranged and useful institution will now I hope be carried on without interruption as part of the charitable organization of the diocese. I found the boys in excellent health, and well taught by a very competent schoolmaster, Mr. Clark, who has a certificate from the Irish National Board. The industrial training is as yet imperfect. The premises have been added to and arranged very judiciously, and were clean and in good order.

The average number for the year was 104, all inmates.

The total cost of maintenance, 1,340*l.* 0*s.* 1*d.*

Industrial profit, 95*l.* 5*s.*

Results.—Only one boy left the school in 1866–68, he is doing well.

Fechney Industrial School for Boys, Perth.

Inspected June 11, 1869. (H. R.)

This school appeared to be working very successfully under the able management of Mr. Hutchison. There were eighty boys present on the day of my examination, all committed cases. The premises were in good order, some alterations were being carried out to improve the out-door arrangements, and to add to the accommodation. Health had been excellent, with the exception of a few cases of scrofula. The boys looked well and gave evidence of kindly supervision; good order had been rarely disturbed.

The boys passed a very good examination. Mr. Alexander Marshall has the management of the upper classes, Miss Hutchison of the younger. I was particularly pleased with their brightness and readiness of reply. The reading, dictation, and arithmetic all showed careful instruction of a superior kind, with good results.

The industrial training is confined to carpentering, wood-chopping, and shoemaking.

The staff consists of Mr. James Hutchison, superintendent; matron, Mrs. Gellatly; schoolmaster, Mr. Marshall, and assistant teacher, Miss Hutchison; a general servant, shoemaker, and carpenter.

Average number of boys, 85.
Total cost of maintenance, 928*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.*
Industrial profit, 48*l.* 9*s.*
Of 29 boys discharged in 1866–68, 21 are doing well, 3 doubtful, 2 unknown.

PERTH.

Perth Ladies House of Refuge for Girls, Craigie, Perth.
Inspected June 12, 1869. (H. R.)

The matron, Miss Lowe, was absent on the day of my visit, for a few days holiday, her place being supplied by her sister. There were 56 girls in the school, and of these 35 were under detention. The appearance and manner of the girls were very satisfactory. There had been very little sickness in the house, and no serious misconduct. The schoolroom I found under the management of Miss Alldiss. I was well satisfied with the amount and character of the instruction given. The elder children read well, and wrote correctly from dictation, ciphered fairly in the ordinary rules, and replied intelligently to my questions. The girls are employed in knitting, needlework, and housework.

Staff: Miss Lowe, matron; Miss Alldiss, schoolmistress: and one assistant matron.

Average number maintained 56.
Total cost of maintenance, 595*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.*
Industrial profit, 47*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.*
Results.—Of 18 girls discharged in 1866–68, 13 are doing well, 2 doubtful, 2 convicted.

Perth School of Industry for Girls, Perth.
Inspected June 11, 1869. (H. R.)

I found 56 girls in attendance on the day of my visit, of whom 50 were committed cases. The school is still carried on in the old premises in Hospital Street; but the managers hope to transfer the school to the new premises early in the year 1870. The school has, however, continued to prosper during the last twelve months, notwithstanding the drawback of unsuitable and insufficient accommodation. There had been little serious illness in the house; but two cases of deaths had occurred from consumption. The girls had continued to conduct themselves satisfactorily. The upper classes passed my examination in the usual subjects very fairly; the lower classes seemed to require a little more attention, being somewhat backward.

The institution is superintended by Miss McLagan, assisted by Miss Banks as schoolmistress, and one general servant.

The girls are taught sewing, knitting, and house work.

Average attendance for the year 62.

Total cost of maintenance, 597*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.*
Industrial profit, 11*l.* 1*s.* 11*d.*
10 girls discharged in 1866–68, of these 7 are doing well, 2, doubtful, 1, unknown.

Renfrew.

Greenock Industrial and Ragged Schools.

Inspected November 30, 1869.

The school suffered a good deal from illness during the summer, fever being introduced from the town by some children allowed to lodge at home with their relatives. The inmates, in both the boys and the girls departments, were looking well, and all were in good health, and the institution thoroughly clean and in very good working order, when I visited. The premises are rather confined as to playground, and the boys dormitories too crowded. The children are allowed out for exercise in the country every Saturday afternoon, and some material additions to the buildings are in contemplation, greatly adding to their convenience and extent. The children passed my examination satisfactorily. They did not reach a very high standard, but the classes appeared to be all carefully attended to, and the attention and care of the teachers bestowed equally on the lower as well as the more advanced division. The girls had decidedly improved on the results of last year's examination. They knew more, and seemed to take more interest in their school work.

The superintendent, Mr. Thomson, and the matron, Mrs. Barker, take great pains both with the teaching and the industrial employment.

The average number of inmates for the year was 152.

The total cost of maintenance, 1,261*l.* 6*s.* 6*s.* Industrial profit, 95*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—Discharges in 1866-68, boys 30, girls 15; doing well, boys 20, girls 8; convicted, 1 boy and 1 girl; unknown, boys 6, girls 1. This last item invites more supervision after discharge.

Paisley Industrial and Ragged Schools, Paisley.

Inspected June 3, 1869.

This school has reached a very satisfactory standard of efficiency at my inspection, under the management of Mr. and Mrs. Reid. The children looked well, and appeared bright and cheerful, though they were perhaps a little too quiet and orderly. The elder and more advanced class ciphered very correctly in the simple, and some in the compound rules. Their writing from dictation was fair. The readiness and accuracy of their answers in numeration, and in the derivation and meaning of words, and in oral spelling, were very creditable. The younger children are taught in a separate room by an assistant mistress. The indus-

trial training is being more developed, but is at present much below the intellectual. It is chiefly confined to shoemaking, with a little tailoring, and paper bag making.

The new schools, which the directors are erecting a little out of the town, will be ready for occupation in the course of the spring.

The average number of boarders was 91.

Total cost of maintenance, 1,012*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.* Industrial profit, 45*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*

Results.—The report is discouraging. Discharged in 1866–68, boys 14, girls 8; doing well, boys 5, girls 3; convicted, boys 1, girls 1; unknown, boys 6, girls 3. This last item shows the want of supervision and inquiry after the children leave the school.

Stirling.

Falkirk Industrial School, Kerse Lane, Falkirk.

Inspected June 10, 1869. (H. R.)

My visit to this school afforded me much satisfaction. The children looked healthy, clean, and cheerful. The well ordered state of the house and premises were a fair indication of the spirit of the management. I found about 55 children in the school, of these 24 boys and 20 girls were under detention. The alterations to the premises were completed; they include a good schoolroom of ample dimensions, and other improvements.

The superintendent, Mr. Gilchrist, had no reason to complain of the conduct of the children; there had been very few serious offences or punishments. I found sound instruction being imparted in the schoolroom; but the children seemed to me too much broken up into small classes. The reading of the upper classes was very fair, dictation and spelling good, writing bold and careful, arithmetic improving. In their replies the children evinced considerable intelligence. The children *are young*. The boys are employed in gardening. The girls are taught knitting and needlework, and do all the house work.

The domestic arrangements are superintended by a matron, Mrs. M'Laren.

Average number attending the schools, 31 boys, 24 girls.

Total cost of maintenance, 505*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*

Industrial profit, 7*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.*

Results.—One boy discharged in 1866–68, unknown.

Stirling Industrial School, Stirling.

Inspected June 10, 1869. (H. R.)

I found about 35 children in attendance on the day of my visit; of these, 12 boys and 3 girls were committed cases. The school appeared to be working quietly and satisfactorily, and to be making progress.

The premises were thoroughly clean and well attended to. The children contented and in good order.

I found 7 children in the first class; they appeared to be well taught, and showed a good deal of intelligence in the usual subjects. There were 10 children in the second class; these also showed a fair amount of education, the remainder were young children in an elementary stage.

There has been very little sickness in the school.

Staff consists of superintendent, Mr. David Berrie; matron, Mrs. Rain.

The boys are employed in gardening and hair picking, the girls in needlework and housework.

Average number in attendance during the year, 33 boys and 11 girls.

Total cost of maintenance, 321*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*

Industrial profit, 20*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.*

Results.—No discharges up to December 31, 1868.

Wigton.

Newton Stewart, Industrial School for Girls.

Inspected June 14, 1869.

The girls in this school were in good health and order, and Miss Paterson gave a very good report of their conduct. The majority of them are very young, and do not give much scope for school instruction; but I found the older girls very fairly advanced, and the general system of teaching very satisfactory. Their answers to my questions on religious subjects were intelligent, and showed a good knowledge of the scriptures. The elder girls are employed in washing, the younger in needlework and knitting. The premises were very clean, and in excellent order.

Average number for the year 50.

Total cost of maintenance, 72*l.* 0*s.* 8*d.* Industrial profit, 43*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.*

Results.—The girls placed out are said to have generally done well; of 12 discharged in 1866–68 a good report is given of 5, but 7 are returned *unknown*.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS. — RETURN of NUMBER of INMATES, ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of NUMBER of INMATES, ADMISSIONS,

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.	ENGLAND. Boys.																
	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																	
In School	31	67	47	29	41	34	238	42	42	140	51	47	180	119	209	100	64
On Licence	3	1	3	.	13	7	24	2	18	8	1	2	32	20	124	26	6
In Prison	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	1	2	2	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	4	1	2	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total	35	70	52	29	55	41	265	44	60	148	53	49	216	141	335	127	70
Admitted in 1869	13	14	7	10	8	4	117	17	28	53	26	21	52	39	44	31	25
Admitted by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Total	13	14	7	10	8	5	118	17	28	53	26	21	53	39	45	31	25
Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1869	11	10	12	7	14	10	81	19	15	42	16	18	16	8	113	16	11
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:																	
In School	34	64	42	32	42	28	277	40	50	140	66	50	171	118	159	101	68
On Licence	1	9	4	.	6	6	10	2	23	9	3	1	74	52	76	40	15
In Prison	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	2	1	1	.	.	2	4	.	.	1	.	1	8	1	2	1	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Total	37	74	47	32	49	36	302	42	73	150	69	52	253	172	237	142	84
Average Number of Inmates	32	64	45	31	42	29	254	41	50	143	60	49	170	128	204	102	67

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

ENGLAND.

Boys.

Mount St. Bernard's, Rom. Cath.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouthshire.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	
264	61	129	17	39	38	151	55	201	147	79	69	56	37	71	83	70	Under Detention, December 31, 1868:
34	12	20	1	4	2	6	3	7	5	15	8	6	6	8	14	11	In School.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On Licence.
5	2	1	.	7	1	2	.	3	7	4	.	.	4	.	2	.	In Prison.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
																	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
303	75	150	19	50	41	159	59	302	159	98	77	62	47	79	99	81	Total.
92	9	41	4	8	12	34	23	79	68	25	18	7	11	15	21	27	Admitted in 1869.
2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Admitted by Transfer.
94	9	42	4	8	12	34	23	79	68	25	18	7	12	15	21	27	Total.
86	23	35	5	10	9	48	16	72	29	25	24	15	13	14	20	20	Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1869.
275	56	147	16	41	43	132	63	209	179	76	65	51	40	73	83	64	Under Detention, December 31, 1869:
29	4	10	2	1	1	12	3	7	13	16	6	3	5	6	9	24	In School.
1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	On Licence.
6	1	.	.	5	.	1	.	2	5	4	.	.	.	.	8	.	In Prison.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
																	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
311	61	157	18	48	44	145	66	309	198	98	71	54	46	80	94	88	Total.
273	58	144	18	42	42	140	61	292	168	80	65	52	39	73	83	64	Average Number of Inmates.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return of Number of Inmates, Admissions,

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.	ENGLAND—*continued.* GIRLS.																
	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Toxteth Park.	Lancashire, Roman Catholic.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Warwickshire.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																	
In School	79	220	59	50	93	64	71	51	.	96	28	30	24	48	63	79	51
On Licence	23	42	.	.	7	13	14	1	.	.	2	1	5	1	3	5	8
In Prison	2	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	1
Total	107	264	59	53	102	77	88	52	.	99	31	32	30	50	67	84	60
Admitted in 1869	31	41	15	13	21	16	36	8	9	33	10	5	8	14	23	28	17
Admitted by Transfer	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	33	41	15	13	21	16	36	8	9	34	10	5	8	14	23	28	17
Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1869	6	53	17	9	31	14	28	7	.	23	11	6	6	15	11	13	14
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:																	
In School	88	228	55	54	91	63	80	49	9	108	27	30	25	47	73	91	53
On Licence	47	24	2	.	1	11	13	4	.	.	2	.	7	1	6	7	9
In Prison	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	.	1
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.
Total	134	252	57	57	92	79	96	53	9	110	30	31	32	49	79	99	63
Average Number of Inmates	82	220	55	52	93	68	75	51	.	102	28	30	23	47	67	85	47

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.

Boys.								Girls.						
Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	
121	105	55	65	97	200	69	85	32	60	41	102	6	35	Under Detention, December 31, 1868:
40	31	2	.	80	66	11	2	2	3	5	7	1	.	In School.
.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On Licence.
1	2	4	1	6	6	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	In Prison.
														Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	2	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
163	139	61	66	184	272	80	89	35	64	47	111	7	35	Total.
25	35	14	18	54	93	18	11	12	14	16	16	3	10	Admitted in 1869.
1	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	Admitted by Transfer.
26	35	14	18	55	95	18	11	13	14	16	17	3	10	Total.
20	35	14	9	68	57	20	12	9	21	15	30	3	8	Discharged, transferred, or died, in 1869.
117	113	56	71	105	215	68	81	39	55	40	83	7	36	Under Detention, December 31, 1869:
50	23	.	1	57	93	8	6	.	2	6	9	.	1	In School.
.	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	On Licence.
2	2	4	1	8	2	2	1	1	.	2	5	.	.	In Prison.
														Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
169	139	61	75	171	310	78	88	40	57	48	98	7	37	Total.
118	113	57	76	128	210	70	83	38	59	90	99	6	37	Average Number of Inmates.

APPENDIX III.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Reformatory Schools.—Total Number of Inmates, Admissions, and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

—	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:										
In School	2,615	822	635	174	597	200	175	102	4,234	1,086
On Licence	297	220	48	12	166	66	11	7	749	78
In Prison	7	2	3	.	2	.	.	.	11	3
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	48	8	8	.	16	6	1	.	78	9
Retained in School, Sentence expired	2	.	4	.	1	.	2	2	3	8
Total	2,969	1052	698	186	782	272	189	111	5,075	1,184
Admitted in 1869	857	218	198	58	175	93	55	16	1,343	327
Admitted by Transfer	6	4	1	.	2	2	1	1	14	3
Total	863	222	199	58	177	95	56	17	1,357	330
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	655	287	161	44	178	57	56	30	1,177	291
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:										
In School	2,695	839	669	191	611	215	177	83	4,360	1,120
On Licence	423	139	55	8	145	93	9	9	800	81
In Prison	7	1	1	.	4	.	.	.	12	1
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	46	8	10	.	20	2	3	5	76	18
Retained in School, Sentence expired	6	.	1	1	1	.	.	1	7	3
Total	3,177	987	736	200	781	310	189	98	5,255	1,223

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

ENGLAND.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.		"Wellesley" Ship.	Gateshead.	
	Boys	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School	67	20	50	12	26	10	48	10	49	94	24	76	.	.
On Licence	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	67	20	50	13	26	10	48	10	49	103	24	76	.	.
Admitted in 1869	27	6	10	3	20	13	15	3	13	18	8	108	24	10
Do., by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	27	6	10	3	20	13	15	3	13	18	8	108	24	10
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	6	6	16	.	2	.	3	.	16	96	.	2	.	.
Under Detention, December 31, 1869: In School	87	20	41	12	44	23	59	11	46	86	32	182	24	10
On Licence	1	.	1	3	.	.	1	2	.	5	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	88	20	44	16	44	23	60	13	46	95	32	182	24	10
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases	91	42	59	26	49	21	74	20	48	117	35	146	40	24
Average Number entirely provided with food	85	16	59	26	49	21	56	10	48	92	35	146	33	21
Do. partially do.	12	8	.	.	.	.	18	10	.	25	.	.	7	3
Number of Children clothed entirely	85	16	56	23	49	21	60	18	48	93	35	146	24	10
Do. do. partially	24	21	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	25	.		.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges,

ENGLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Ilford, Roman Catholic.		Halstead.		Cardiff.	Park Row.	Clifton.	"Formidable" Ship.		Bristol.		Purbrook.		Alresford.		Church Farm.		Bolton.		Manchester.	
	Boys.		Girls.		Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.		Girls.		Boys.		Girls.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																					
In School	201		.		32	67	102	.		30		.		.		18		40		8	158	43
On Licence	.		.		.	2	6	.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	6		.		.	.	.	.		.		.		.		4		2		.	1	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	1		.		.	1	.	.		.		.		.		1		.		.	.	.
Total	208		.		32	70	108	.		30		.		.		23		42		8	159	43
Admitted in 1869	98		4		19	25	33	2		11		20		1		6		43		6	20	6
Do., by Transfer	1		.		.	.	.	9		.		.		.		.		.		.	.	.
Total	99		4		19	25	33	11		11		20		1		6		43		6	20	6
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	34		.		8	30	26	.		3		.		.		6		13		2	13	5
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:																					
In School	257		4		12	59	109	11		38		20		1		22		68		12	167	44
On Licence	5		.		1	4	5	.		.		.		.		.		1		.	8	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	9		.		.	1	.	.		.		.		.		.		3		.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	2		.		.	1	1	.		.		.		.		1		.		.	.	.
Total	273		4		13	65	115	11		38		20		1		23		72		12	175	44
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases	241		30		76	67	108	.		35		8		.		51		57		12	159	50
Average Number entirely provided with food	241		10		36	67	108	.		35		8		.		51		57		12	159	50
Do. partially do.	.		.		30 40 girls	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	241		4		36	67	108	.		35		8		.		51		57		12	159	50
Do. do. partially	.		2		13	.	.	.		.		.		.		.		.		.	.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Liverpool.		Kirkdale.		St. George's, Roman Catholic.		Boys' Refuge, St. Anne Street, Roman Catholic.	Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.	St. Anne's, Mason St., Rom. Cath.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.	Girls' Orphanage, Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.	Middlesex.	Boys' Home.	East London.	Boys' Refuge.	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	
119	75	35	13	254	105	62	82	109	40	14	374	25	42	20	Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School.
.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	2	.	.	2	.	.	.	On Licence.
6	.	5	.	.	2	5	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
155	75	40	13	256	109	67	82	112	40	14	376	26	42	20	Total.
16	15	35	10	26	7	75	40	48	1	53	157	9	13	11	Admitted in 1869.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Do., by Transfer.
16	15	35	10	26	8	75	40	48	1	53	157	9	13	11	Total.
31	10	3	2	36	2	3	1	8	4	1	76	4	14	4	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869.
122	73	67	21	192	107	130	121	146	36	66	455	24	36	31	Under Detention, December 31, 1869: In School.
10	6	.	.	3	6	.	.	1	1	.	2	.	1	.	On Licence.
8	1	4	.	40	2	9	.	5	.	.	.	.	2	2	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	2	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
140	80	72	21	246	115	139	121	152	37	66	457	31	41	33	Total.
207	118	232	308	237	115	135	161	133	50	82	758	63	104	120	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases.
207	118	190	50	237	115	126	161	133	50	82	738	63	54	120	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.	.	190	110	.	.	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	50	.	Do. partially do.
130	70	100	50	237	115	120	136	133	50	82	758	63	54	120	Number of Children clothed entirely.
.	.	100	70	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	50	.	Do. do. partially.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges,

ENGLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Cripples' Home.		Sloane Street.		School of Discipline.		Franklin's Row.		St. Margaret's Home, Rom. Cath.		Girls' Home.		Fakenham.		Newcastle.		Somerset.		Cannington, Roman Catholic.		Stafford.		Surrey.		Penn Street.		Shustoke.
	Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Girls.		Boys.		Girls.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.		Boys.	
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																											
In School	10		17		21		32		57		13		.		61		44		78		.		.		57		44		39
On Licence	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		3		.		.		.		1		.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	1		.		.		.		2		.		.		3		2		5		.		.		.		1		.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		1		.		2		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.
Total	11		17		22		32		61		13		.		64		46		86		.		.		57		46		39
Admitted in 1869	1		6		1		14		24		2		.		9		13		9		9		.		49		8		21
Do., by Transfer	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		.		30		.		1		.		.
Total	1		6		1		14		24		2		.		9		13		9		39		.		50		8		21
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	3		1		.		6		13		3		.		9		8		10		3		.		5		8		10
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:																											
In School	8		19		19		39		68		12		.		57		47		75		36		.		97		44		50
On Licence	.		2		1		.		.		.		.		.		.		2		.		.		3		1		.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	1		1		.		1		3		.		.		4		2		8		.		.		1		1		.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		3		.		1		.		.		3		2		.		.		.		1		.		.
Total	9		22		23		40		72		12		.		64		51		85		36		.		102		46		50
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases	100		50		41		56		67		25		.		129		140		80		29		.		88		43		43
Average Number entirely provided with food	100		50		41		48		67		25		.		78		52		80		29		.		88		43		43
Do. partially do.	.		.		.		8		.		.		.		51		30		.		.		.		.		.		.
Number of Children clothed entirely	100		50		41		48		67		25		.		62		52		80		29		.		88		53		43
Do. do. partially	.		.		.		.		.		.		.		53		60		.		.		.		.		.		.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Gem Street.		Winson Green.	Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Hull.		"Southampton" Ship	Leeds.		York.		
Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
36	14	9	8	11	31	9	43	13	27	76	32	76	26	Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	5	1	1	On Licence.
.	.	.	.	.	4	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
36	14	9	8	12	35	9	44	13	27	80	38	79	27	Total.
26	12	1	1	2	10	1	14	3	98	31	12	35	11	Admitted in 1869.
.	7	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	5	.	.	.	.	Do., by Transfer.
26	19	2	1	3	10	1	15	3	103	31	12	35	11	Total.
1	1	11	.	1	9	2	7	4	8	19	6	21	5	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869.
59	32	.	7	14	28	7	48	12	121	82	40	86	28	Under Detention, December 31, 1869: In School.
.	.	.	2	.	.	1	2	.	.	5	4	7	4	On Licence.
2	.	.	.	.	8	.	1	.	1	4	.	.	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	1	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
61	32	.	9	14	36	8	52	12	122	92	44	93	33	Total.
57	23	.	.	37	31	8	295	256	66	170	72	119	54	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases.
57	23	.	.	37	31	8	46	12	66	98	35	85	32	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	66	78	.	72	37	24	20	Do. partially do.
57	23	.	.	37	31	8	46	12	130	98	35	85	32	Number of Children clothed entirely.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	66	78	.	31	22	24	20	Do. do. partially.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges

SCOTLAND.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		"Cumberland" Ship.	Dumfries.		Edinburgh (Original) Ramsay Lane.		Do. Marionville.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:														
In School	154	47	47	36	50	27	40	16	.	38	14	31	21	24
On Licence	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	3	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Total	157	47	48	37	52	28	40	16	.	39	15	31	22	28
Admitted in 1869	33	8	10	4	7	6	16	3	129	10	4	37	7	1
Do., by Transfer	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	53	.	.	.	.	.
Total	33	8	10	4	7	6	16	3	182	10	4	37	7	1
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	14	3	5	5	7	2	3	1	5	7	5	6	3	10
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:														
In School	172	52	53	34	48	30	50	17	174	41	13	61	24	19
On Licence	.	.	.	2	3	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	4	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	2	.	1	1	2	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.
Total	176	52	53	36	52	32	53	18	177	42	14	62	26	19
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases	208	65	64	38	50	30	77	23	.	75	31	131	71	45
Average Number entirely provided with food	208	65	57	30	50	30	48	16	.	75	31	131	71	45
Do. partially do.	.	.	9	2	.	.	1	3	.	.	.	14	.	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	176	52	57	30	50	30	48	16	.	42	13	131	71	45
Do. do. partially	.	.	9	2	.	.	.	3	.	33	18	.	.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

&c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		"Mars" Ship.	Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
78	16	26	6	12	9	47	6	.	345	188	148	115	Under Detention, December 31, 1868: In School.
8	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	6	.	3	On Licence.
10	.	.	.	1	.	9	.	.	6	1	4	.	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
97	19	27	6	13	9	56	7	.	363	195	153	118	Total.
25	7	12	4	2	.	29	11	102	144	72	53	51	Admitted in 1869.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	Do., by Transfer.
25	7	12	4	2	.	29	11	102	144	72	56	52	Total.
26	3	6	1	2	1	3	1	.	98	22	23	16	Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869.
77	17	31	9	13	8	70	17	102	374	227	178	149	Under Detention, December 31, 1869: In School.
7	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	15	.	2	On Licence.
12	1	.	.	.	.	11	.	.	14	5	6	1	Absconded, Sentence unexpired.
.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	2	Retained in School, Sentence expired.
96	23	33	9	13	8	82	17	102	409	245	186	154	Total.
112	34	57	21	43	21	83	30	.	371	218	163	132	Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases.
112	34	57	21	43	21	83	30	.	386	220	163	132	Average Number entirely provided with food.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Do. partially do.
88	19	57	21	12	9	83	30	.	386	220	213	172	Number of Children clothed entirely.
20	15	.	.	31	12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Do. do. partially.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Admissions, Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December, 31, 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—*continued.*

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.	Glasgow Slatefields, Roman Catholic.		Perth, Pechney.		Perth Ladies, Craigie.	Perth, Girls.		Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.		Boys.		Girls.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:																
In School	110		80		35	48		77	36	47	22	21	14	9	2	46
On Licence	.		.		.	.		.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.		1		.	1		2	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		4	.		4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Total	110		81		39	49		83	37	49	24	21	14	9	2	48
Admitted in 1869	33		23		8	9		24	20	10	3	5	7	7	4	5
Do., by Transfer	.		.		.	.		.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Total	33		23		8	9		24	20	10	4	5	7	7	4	5
Discharged, transferred, or died in 1869	26		12		4	2		15	4	6	7	1	1	.	.	5
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:																
In School	117		91		39	55		86	52	49	20	25	19	16	6	45
On Licence	.		.		.	.		1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	.		1		.	1		3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in School, Sentence expired	.		.		4	.		2	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	3
Total	117		92		43	56		92	53	53	21	25	20	16	6	48
Average Number of Children attending School during the Year 1869, including voluntary as well as committed Cases	114		85		56	62		88	64	57	34	31	24	33	11	50
Average Number entirely provided with food	114		85		56	62		88	64	57	34	31	24	33	11	50
Do. partially do.	.		.		.	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Number of Children clothed entirely	114		85		56	62		80	64	49	31	31	24	33	11	50
Do. do. partially	.		.		.	.		8	.	8	3	.	.	.	.	.

APPENDIX III.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools.—Total Number of Admissions, Discharges, &c., for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Under Detention, December 31, 1868:										
In School	2,046	590	504	325	1,126	258	589	115	4,029	1,533
On Licence	21	1	7	4	25	.	12	3	47	26
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	39	11	3	5	36	4	5	.	90	13
Retained in School, Sentence expired	5	2	3	2	7	1	8	.	15	13
Total	2,111	613	517	336	1,194	263	614	118	4,181	1,585
Admitted in 1869	903	248	176	133	626	86	182	51	1,923	542
Do., by Transfer	16	31	9	1	53	3	1	1	103	12
Total	979	279	185	134	679	89	183	52	2,026	554
Discharged, transferred, and died in 1869	406	77	79	28	226	49	70	16	758	193
Under Detention, December 31, 1869:										
In School	2,549	736	585	423	1,553	295	684	140	5,138	1,841
On Licence	60	8	25	8	35	.	23	2	103	58
Absconded, Sentence unexpired	56	67	7	10	51	6	12	1	180	30
Retained in School, Sentence expired	19	4	6	1	8	2	8	2	33	17
Total	2,684	815	623	442	1,647	303	727	154	5,449	1,946

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of PARTICULARS of ADMISSIONS

The Return of Admissions excludes

NAME OF SCHOOLS:	ENGLAND.															
	Boys.															
	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	
AGE AT ADMISSION.																
Under 10	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	
From 10 to 12	1	4	1	2	3	1	1	2	7	8	4	3	1	9	2	
From 12 to 14	4	7	3	3	1	1	24	9	9	21	13	9	16	10	8	
From 14 to 16	8	3	2	4	4	2	92	5	12	24	8	9	35	20	34	
PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.																
Not before convicted	10	8	4	5	4	2	51	10	11	34	6	10	23	10	10	
Once	3	3	3	4	2	2	43	7	10	16	16	8	15	17	24	
Twice	.	3	.	1	2	.	11	.	5	2	2	3	9	11	8	
Three times	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	2	.	2	.	4	.	2	
Four times	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	
Five times and upwards	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																
To employment or service	3	2	3	2	1	.	.	10	2	11	4	2	.	3	5	
Returned to friends	6	3	5	3	7	6	18	7	6	13	6	7	1	.	2	
Emigrated	2	4	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	2	.	4	1	.	.	
Sent to sea	.	.	.	2	4	2	58	.	6	16	.	1	6	3	95	
Enlisted	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	
Discharged on account of disease	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	4	
Discharged as incorrigible, or to penal servitude	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	
Transferred	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	
Died	.	.	1	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	6	
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	
Total	11	10	12	7	14	10	81	10	15	42	10	18	16	8	113	

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

and DISCHARGES for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

Re-admissions and Transfers.

ENGLAND.

Boys.

North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.	Mount St. Bernard's, Roman Catholic.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Rom. Cath.	Monmouthshire.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North-eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	
																	AGE AT ADMISSION.
1	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	.	1	1	.	1	1	.	Under 10.
5	5	10	.	10	1	3	2	8	6	6	8	3	1	1	4	2	From 10 to 12.
14	8	45	1	15	1	2	5	12	12	33	15	10	4	2	3	1	From 12 to 14.
11	11	36	8	15	2	3	5	14	3	40	44	11	13	3	3	12	From 14 to 16.
																	PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.
11	12	34	6	15	4	6	7	14	12	40	39	12	4	4	6	7	Not before convicted.
10	5	36	3	16	.	1	3	14	11	18	18	10	6	2	4	5	Once.
8	6	16	.	4	.	.	2	6	.	11	9	3	4	1	1	2	Twice.
2	2	5	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	.	2	.	.	1	Three times.
.	.	1	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	Four times.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	Five times and upwards.
																	MODE OF DISCHARGE.
4	4	14	11	11	3	2	3	21	1	14	18	10	3	0	5	4	To employment or service.
9	5	46	6	14	2	3	1	21	15	6	1	9	5	6	5	10	Returned to friends.
.	.	3	.	2	.	3	3	.	.	42	4	3	12	3	.	.	Emigrated.
.	2	8	4	4	.	2	.	2	.	4	.	.	4	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	3	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Discharged on account of disease.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude.
.	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	Transferred.
2	.	2	.	1	.	.	1	2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Died.
.	.	2	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	1	1	2	.	.	2	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
16	11	86	23	35	5	10	9	48	16	72	29	25	24	15	13	14	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions and

NAME OF SCHOOLS:	ENGLAND—*continued.*															
	BOYS—*continued.*				GIRLS.											
	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Cath.	Devon and Exeter.	Stunderland.	Arno's Court, Rom. Cath.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Totteth Park.	Lancashire Rom. Cath.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Warwickshire.	Birmingham.
AGE AT ADMISSION.																
Under 10 - -	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
From 10 to 12 - -	2	3	7	9	1	1	4	6	1	2	1	5	.	.	.	1
From 12 to 14 - -	7	13	11	14	11	7	6	7	10	2	1	3	2	2	5	12
From 14 to 16 - -	12	11	12	18	3	5	11	2	25	4	7	25	8	3	3	1
PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS.																
Not before convicted -	15	16	20	20	14	12	17	11	25	7	4	28	8	4	7	12
Once - - -	4	8	9	14	1	1	3	3	11	1	5	2	1	1	1	.
Twice - - -	2	2	.	6	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.
Three times - -	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
Four times - - -	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Five times and upwards	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																
To employment or service	18	14	3	14	6	5	21	6	18	.	.	14	7	4	4	2
Returned to friends -	5	2	2	32	7	3	9	6	8	6	.	7	.	1	.	10
Emigrated - - -	2	.	.	4	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Sent to sea - - -	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted - - -	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Discharged on account of disease - -	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	2
Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	.
Transferred - - -	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Died - - -	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	1	1	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired - - -	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Total - -	26	20	6	53	17	9	31	14	28	7	.	28	11	6	6	15

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.

Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

			SCOTLAND.														
			Boys.							Girls.							
Limpley Stoke.	Yorkshire, Rom. Cath.	Doncaster.	Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Cath.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dairy.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Rom. Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	
																	Age at Admission.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Under 10.
7	7	1	5	2	3	5	12	18	3	5	5	1	4	2	1	1	From 10 to 12.
7	6	6	14	21	7	7	23	44	8	6	6	7	7	0	1	2	From 12 to 14.
9	15	10	5	12	4	6	17	31	7	.	1	6	5	5	1	7	From 14 to 16.
																	Previous Convictions.
20	21	16	19	22	8	11	37	44	8	9	11	12	15	15	3	9	Not before convicted.
2	4	1	4	10	2	6	17	38	8	2	.	2	1	1	.	1	Once.
1	3	.	2	3	4	1	.	9	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	Twice.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Three times.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Four times.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Five times and upwards.
																	Mode of Discharge.
9	4	11	15	20	6	8	14	.	15	6	3	10	7	10	2	3	To employment or service.
2	5	3	2	3	5	.	49	50	2	2	1	1	7	12	1	5	Returned to friends.
.	4	.	.	11	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Discharged on account of disease.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	Discharged as incorrigible, or penal servitude.
.	.	.	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	Transferred.
.	.	.	1	1	.	.	3	.	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	Died.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	4	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
11	13	14	20	35	14	9	68	57	20	12	9	21	15	30	3	8	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Reformatory Schools.—Particulars of Admissions and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Age at Admission.										
Under 10	13	2	1	.	3	.	.	.	18	1
From 10 to 12	114	31	25	12	35	18	12	2	198	51
From 12 to 14	284	82	74	13	86	41	23	9	496	119
From 14 to 16	446	103	98	33	51	31	20	5	631	156
Total	857	218	198	58	175	93	55	16	1,343	327
Previous Convictions.										
Not before convicted	423	79	164	42	114	44	50	15	660	271
Once	280	90	25	12	49	38	4	1	457	42
Twice	106	34	6	3	12	9	1	.	161	10
Three times	30	12	2	1	.	2	.	.	44	3
Four times	10	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.
Five times and upwards	8	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	8	1
Total	857	218	198	58	175	93	55	16	1,343	327
Mode of Discharge.										
To employment or service	187	44	89	25	84	.	34	16	315	164
Returned to friends	201	94	53	14	63	50	15	12	403	94
Emigrated	87	14	1	5	13	1	.	.	115	6
Sent to sea	117	107	.	.	3	.	.	.	227	.
Enlisted	15	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	.
Discharged on account of disease	6	6	5	.	2	2	1	.	16	6
Discharged as incorrigible, or to penal servitude	3	2	3	.	.	.	1	1	5	5
Transferred	6	4	1	.	4	.	1	1	14	3
Died	19	9	5	.	7	.	3	.	35	8
Absconded, sentence expired	14	3	4	.	2	4	1	.	23	5
Total	655	287	161	44	178	57	56	30	1,177	291

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—RETURN of PARTICULARS of ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND.															
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	"Wellesley" Ship.	Gateshead.		Sunderland.	Ilford, Roman Catholic.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.
AGE AT ADMISSION.															
From 6 to 8	1	1	.	.	5	3	2	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	5
From 8 to 10	8	2	3	1	8	4	1	.	1	1	1	10	2	2	15
From 10 to 12	8	1	4	2	4	5	9	1	7	9	34	9	5	3	29
From 12 to 14	10	2	3	.	3	1	3	2	5	8	73	2	3	3	40
Total	27	6	10	3	20	13	15	3	13	18	108	24	10	8	98
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.															
Illegitimate	4	2	1	1	.	.	1	.	2	.	1	1	.	.	1
Both parents dead	2	1	1	.	4	2	1	.	1	2	25	6	3	.	11
One parent dead	10	.	2	1	6	4	7	2	2	11	38	8	6	5	35
Deserted by parents	5	1	1	1	3	1	3	.	1	.	13	5	.	.	14
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	1	2	.	.	5
MODE OF DISCHARGE.															
To employment or service	5	5	1	.	2	.	3	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	1
Returned to friends	.	1	14	.	.	.	.	.	7	19	1	.	.	.	15
Emigrated	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	2
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7
Died	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	6
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2
Total	6	6	16	.	2	.	3	.	16	26	2	.	.	.	34

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND—*continued.*															
	Halstead.	Cardiff.	Park Row.	Clifton.	"Formidable" Ship.	Bristol.	Purbrook.	Alresford.	Church Farm.	Bolton.		Manchester.		Liverpool.	
	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.															
From 6 to 8	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	3	.	1	1
From 8 to 10	.	3	9	2	.	4	.	.	2	6	2	9	.	6	5
From 10 to 12	.	11	11	18	.	4	13	1	3	14	1	7	3	8	5
From 12 to 14	3	5	5	13	2	3	7	.	.	23	2	10	3	1	4
Total	4	19	25	33	2	11	20	1	6	43	6	29	6	16	15
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.															
Illegitimate	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Both parents dead	1	1	2	1	.	1	4	.	1	4	1	1	.	3	5
One parent dead	1	6	8	11	2	5	8	.	2	11	.	10	1	7	6
Deserted by parents	.	2	3	4	.	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	1
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	1	3	1	1	.	.
MODE OF DISCHARGE.															
To employment or service	.	2	6	10	.	2	.	.	3	2	2	5	4	5	5
Returned to friends	.	4	4	7	.	.	.	.	1	9	.	4	1	21	3
Emigrated	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	1	3	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.
Transferred to other schools	.	.	13	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Died	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	2
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	.	.	4	.
Total	.	8	30	20	.	3	.	.	6	13	2	13	5	31	10

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Kirkdale.		St. George's, Catholic.	Boys Refuge, St. Anne Street, Roman Catholic.	Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.	St. George's, Roman Catholic.	St. Anne's, Mason Street, Roman Catholic.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.	Girls Orphanage, Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.	Middlesex.	Boys' Home	East London.	Boys' Refuge.	Cripples' Home.	Sloane Street.	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	
															AGE AT ADMISSION.
4	2	.	4	6	.	4	.	9	.	.	.	2	.	.	From 6 to 8.
12	2	2	20	13	5	17	.	13	6	5	3	.	.	.	From 8 to 10.
11	5	7	32	19	1	17	1	23	70	4	7	3	.	5	From 10 to 12.
8	1	17	19	2	1	10	.	8	81	.	3	6	1	1	From 14 to 16.
35	10	26	75	40	7	48	1	53	157	9	13	11	1	6	Total.
															PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
1	.	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	5	.	.	1	.	.	Illegitimate.
15	8	1	8	11	3	4	1	39	14	1	.	2	.	.	Both parents dead.
10	.	12	38	17	4	15	.	10	33	2	5	2	.	4	One parent dead.
6	2	2	7	6	.	13	.	4	6	1	2	4	1	.	Deserted by parents.
1	.	1	4	.	.	8	.	.	3	2	.	.	.	.	One or both parents destitute or criminal.
															MODE OF DISCHARGE.
.	.	7	.	.	1	1	2	.	1	1	1	2	2	.	To employment or service.
1	1	22	1	1	.	3	.	.	14	1	10	1	.	.	Returned to friends.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	31	1	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	1	.	.	1	2	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	Specially discharged.
.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Committed to reformatory schools.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	Transferred to other schools.
1	1	2	1	.	1	1	.	1	.	1	2	1	.	1	Died.
1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
3	2	36	3	1	2	8	4	1	76	4	14	4	3	1	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	ENGLAND—*continued.*														
	School of Discipline.	Franklin's Row.	St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic.	Girls' Home.	Fakenham.	Newcastle.		Somerset.	Cannington, Roman Catholic.	Stafford.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.	
	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.															
From 6 to 8	.	3	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
From 8 to 10	1	2	4	.	.	7	2	2	1	.	8	.	.	3	1
From 10 to 12	.	4	9	2	.	1	4	3	6	.	18	3	8	12	5
From 12 to 14	.	5	9	.	.	1	6	4	2	.	22	5	13	11	6
Total	1	14	24	2	.	9	13	9	9	.	49	8	21	26	12
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.															
Illegitimate	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	3	.	.	1	1
Both parents dead	.	1	4	.	.	2	1	1	.	.	5	2	.	2	.
One parent dead	.	1	10	1	.	4	6	4	3	.	14	1	8	9	5
Deserted by parents	.	1	4	.	.	.	2	1	.	.	5	1	4	2	2
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	.	2	1	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	2	1
MODE OF DISCHARGE.															
To employment or service	.	3	4	3	.	3	6	2	2	.	1	6	.	.	.
Returned to friends	.	2	5	.	.	4	2	2	1	.	.	.	1	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	1	.
Transferred to other schools	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	1	9	.	1
Died	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	.	6	13	3	.	9	8	10	3	.	5	8	10	1	1

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Winson Green.		Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.	Leeds.		York.		
Girls.		Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	—
													AGE AT ADMISSION.
.		.	1	.	.	2	.	.	6	3	1	1	From 6 to 8.
.		1	.	2	.	7	1	6	12	3	5	1	From 8 to 10.
1		.	.	3	1	4	1	38	9	3	13	7	From 10 to 12.
.		.	1	5	.	1	1	54	4	3	16	2	From 12 to 14.
1		1	2	10	1	14	3	98	31	12	35	11	Total.
													PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
.		.	.	1	.	1	.	4	2	1	2	.	Illegitimate.
1		.	.	.	1	1	.	15	1	1	1	.	Both parents dead.
.		1	.	6	.	6	1	31	10	5	8	4	One parent dead.
.		.	.	.	.	1	.	13	5	2	9	2	Deserted by parents.
.		.	.	.	.	.	1	.	5	2	1	.	One or both parents destitute or criminal.
													MODE OF DISCHARGE.
.		.	1	5	2	.	2	1	13	3	7	2	To employment or service.
1		.	.	.	.	6	2	1	3	1	9	2	Returned to friends.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	Specially discharged.
1		.	.	4	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	Committed to reformatory schools.
9		.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	4	.	Transferred to other schools.
.		.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	1	.	Died.
.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
11		.	1	9	2	7	4	8	19	6	21	5	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions,

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	SCOTLAND.															
	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		"Cumberland" Ship.		Dumfries.		Edinburgh (Original), Ramsay Lane.		Edinburgh (Original), Marionville.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	
AGE AT ADMISSION.																
From 6 to 8	8	4	1	.	1	2	2	.	.	2	1	1	.	.		
From 8 to 10	13	2	5	1	3	2	4	1	.	2	3	7	2	.		
From 10 to 12	11	1	3	2	2	.	5	2	23	4	.	24	4	.		
From 12 to 14	1	1	1	1	1	2	5	.	106	2	.	5	1	1		
Total	33	8	10	4	7	6	16	3	129	10	4	37	7	1		
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.																
Illegitimate	9	3	.	.	1	1	1	.	1	1	.	.	.	.		
Both parents dead	.	1	.	.	.	.	4	1	37	.	.	.	.	.		
One parent dead	12	3	3	2	4	5	5	.	45	9	2	12	2	1		
Deserted by parents	1	.	1	1	1	.	2	.	22	.	1	4	.	.		
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	5	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
MODE OF DISCHARGE.																
To employment or service	4	3	2	4	1	1	2	.	1	4	3	6	1	7		
Returned to friends	.	.	3	1	1	1	.	1	3	3	2	.	.	1		
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.		
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1		
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1		
Committed to reformatory schools.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Transferred to other schools	2	.	.	.	4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Died	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.		
Absconded, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Total	14	3	5	5	7	2	3	1	5	7	5	6	3	10		

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.														
Edinburgh United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		"Mars" Ship.	Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
													AGE AT ADMISSION.
.	2	1	1	.	.	2	6	.	32	19	11	9	From 6 to 8.
6	1	6	2	1	.	14	5	.	45	22	19	15	From 8 to 10.
18	2	3	1	1	.	11	.	13	43	21	12	15	From 10 to 12.
1	2	2	.	.	.	2	.	89	24	10	11	12	From 12 to 14.
25	7	12	4	2	.	29	11	102	144	72	53	51	Total.
													PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.
2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	8	6	.	1	Illegitimate.
1	.	.	2	.	.	1	.	18	18	4	13	11	Both parents dead.
11	3	4	1	1	.	11	8	35	67	34	21	29	One parent dead.
1	1	5	1	.	.	2	1	23	37	14	15	6	Deserted by parents.
2	3	.	.	.	.	3	.	20	7	7	3	.	One or both parents destitute or criminal.
													MODE OF DISCHARGE.
22	2	4	1	1	.	.	1	.	8	4	13	9	To employment or service.
.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	30	13	6	3	Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	Specially discharged.
1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	Committed to reformatory schools.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	48	1	.	1	Transferred to other schools.
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	3	2	3	Died.
1	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	3	1	2	.	Absconded, sentence expired.
26	3	0	1	2	1	3	1	.	98	22	23	16	Total.

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Particulars of Admissions, Discharges, &c. for the Year ending December 31, 1869—*continued.*

NAME OF SCHOOL IN ORDER OF COUNTY.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*												
	Glasgow, Shatefields, Romn Catholic.	Perth, Feehney.	Perth Ladies, Craigie.	Perth, Girls.	Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
AGE AT ADMISSION.													
From 6 to 8 - -	3	2	3	4	8	5	3	1	1	1	.	.	1
From 8 to 10 - -	8	14	2	1	6	6	2	1	1	4	3	2	2
From 10 to 12 -	16	7	1	3	8	6	3	1	3	1	2	1	1
From 12 to 14 - -	6	.	2	1	2	3	2	.	.	1	2	1	1
Total - -	33	23	8	9	24	20	10	3	5	7	7	4	5
PARTICULARS AS TO PARENTAGE.													
Illegitimate - -	2	4	2	1	.	1	.	.	1	1	1	1	.
Both parents dead -	1	1	1	1	.	2	1	1	.	.	2	1	1
One parent dead -	14	8	2	2	10	9	4	1	3	3	4	2	4
Deserted by parents -	5	8	2	2	3	6	2	.	1	.	.	.	1
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	5	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	2	1	.	.
MODE OF DISCHARGE.													
To employment or service.	.	9	2	.	6	1	2	4	1	.	.	.	4
Returned to friends -	24	2	2	.	4	2	1	2	.	1	.	.	.
Emigrated - -	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea - -	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted - -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Committed to reformatory schools.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Transferred to other schools.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Died - - -	1	1	.	2	2	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	1
Absconded, sentence expired.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total - -	26	12	4	2	15	4	6	7	1	1	.	.	5

APPENDIX IV.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools.—Particulars of Admissions and Discharges for the Year ending December 31, 1869.

Totals.	England.				Scotland.				Grand Total.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Roman Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Age at Admission.										
From 6 to 8	32	15	18	15	64	14	50	9	125	92
From 8 to 10	148	51	36	39	132	27	59	15	358	149
From 10 to 12	376	93	69	51	184	28	47	15	681	182
From 12 to 14	407	89	53	28	246	17	26	12	759	119
Total	963	248	176	133	626	86	182	51	1,923	542
Particulars as to Parentage.										
Illegitimate	35	3	8	2	31	2	10	1	71	27
Both parents dead	121	35	27	51	83	14	15	11	253	104
One parent dead	302	105	59	39	219	35	83	29	691	210
Deserted by parents	107	29	21	21	113	20	30	6	269	78
One or both parents destitute or criminal.	26	10	16	9	41	8	14	.	85	39
Total	591	182	131	122	517	79	158	47	1,369	458
Mode of Discharge.										
To employment or service	93	10	42	8	80	18	31	9	196	90
Returned to friends	144	40	16	8	50	30	20	3	264	53
Emigrated	9	2	.	.	.	1	1	.	12	1
Sent to sea	35	1	.	.	5	.	.	.	41	.
Enlisted	32	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	32	.
Specially discharged	6	1	1	3	5	.	.	.	12	4
Committed to reformatory schools.	17	4	3	3	5	.	1	.	26	7
Transferred to other schools	30	8	10	.	56	.	1	1	103	12
Died	17	9	7	4	15	3	9	3	44	23
Absconded, sentence expired	14	2	.	2	10	2	1	.	28	3
Total	406	77	79	28	226	40	70	16	758	193

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN showing NUMBER of ADMISSIONS

ENGLAND.

Boys.

Reformatories.	Bedfordshire.	Berks.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Sunderland.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.
Admissions.																		
1854	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
1855	.	4	.	2	16	.	.	.	.	.	32	22	.	.	.	.	.	.
1856	.	18	30	6	12	.	1	.	.	.	36	36	12	.	60	.	.	.
1857	17	9	33	35	9	14	10	16	.	.	24	31	18	3	96	.	.	6
1858	15	12	18	8	9	9	10	9	.	17	26	13	10	17	53	.	.	23
1859	8	3	28	8	12	5	10	6	46	18	19	19	24	10	65	43	.	14
1860	11	.	20	9	14	14	8	12	81	10	15	38	22	15	40	35	.	19
1861	14	.	24	9	12	5	12	11	103	16	21	37	16	20	56	2	.	18
1862	12	.	17	9	12	11	2	1	65	12	21	30	15	10	50	20	.	23
1863	8	.	21	9	4	12	5	12	26	8	24	30	12	14	35	22	.	18
1864	9	.	18	13	6	15	.	7	50	22	15	13	16	8	67	20	92	16
1865	9	.	11	12	11	13	.	8	77	16	17	38	22	8	61	42	96	34
1866	12	.	19	8	7	11	.	13	99	11	19	35	15	11	64	30	65	21
1867	12	.	24	13	11	15	.	10	64	15	24	37	19	10	57	35	70	31
1868	10	.	22	11	6	16	.	15	75	12	14	46	12	21	67	48	81	33
1869	13	.	14	7	10	8	.	5	118	17	28	53	26	21	53	30	45	31
TOTAL	150	46	299	159	151	148	58	125	804	174	330	486	239	177	874	336	449	287
Discharges.																		
To employment or service	14	25	66	35	33	18	20	4	1	52	24	76	34	17	3	79	7	35
Returned to friends	66	4	53	50	30	32	14	40	48	52	97	140	86	57	50	33	4	75
Emigrated	11	.	54	1	1	2	.	26	5	1	16	53	20	27	3	8	.	24
Sent to sea	1	.	4	2	24	22	7	8	398	5	52	23	10	8	423	14	137	.
Enlisted	1	4	4	8	2	19	.	1	.	5	19	1	6	5	26	6	.	1
Discharged on account of disease	3	.	4	4	3	1	.	1	9	2	1	4	1	.	10	2	8	2
Discharged as incorrigible	2	.	7	1	4	1	.	1	3	.	1	4	.	.	2	4	.	.
Transferred	6	13	8	.	13	1	8	1	10	5	30	12	9	9	64	13	1	1
Died	7	.	1	5	.	2	1	2	20	1	6	6	1	.	26	4	15	3
Absconded	2	.	24	6	.	1	8	5	8	9	11	8	3	2	14	1	10	4
TOTAL	113	46	225	112	119	99	58	89	502	132	266	327	170	125	621	164	182	145
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1869	37	.	74	47	32	49	.	36	302	42	73	159	69	52	253	172	267	142
In school	34	.	64	42	32	42	.	28	277	40	50	140	66	50	171	118	189	101
On licence	1	.	9	4	.	6	.	6	19	2	23	9	3	1	74	52	76	40
In prison	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, sentence unexpired	2	.	1	1	.	.	.	2	4	.	.	1	.	1	8	1	2	1
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

and DISCHARGES, and MODES of DISCHARGE, from 1854 to 1869.

ENGLAND.

BOYS.

Manchester and Salford.	Leicestershire.	Mount St. Bernard's, Rom. Catholic.	Home in the East.	Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouth.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Redhill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Reformatories.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	1	.	Admissions.	
.	11	.	.	.	.	11	.	37	.	.	.	19	.	.	.	10	.	1854.	
.	16	104	2	73	.	28	17	35	20	28	.	19	10	1	26	13	26	1855.	
10	9	207	21	12	.	12	8	21	16	142	.	31	27	16	19	10	24	1856.	
25	16	36	28	25	.	12	11	25	7	59	2	20	6	9	3	18	9	1857.	
13	11	67	14	35	5	11	7	50	12	94	31	10	18	11	11	21	24	1858.	
8	5	22	25	52	8	15	9	25	11	87	36	39	23	12	13	3	30	1859.	
16	9	80	25	38	5	11	13	50	14	94	83	29	29	10	15	12	32	1860.	
17	.	75	24	37	1	7	13	48	23	97	30	16	8	13	9	15	22	1861.	
20	.	24	8	23	5	13	11	39	14	53	15	24	18	12	2	24	29	1862.	
15	.	38	14	41	3	11	4	44	21	93	11	22	20	7	13	21	34	1863.	
17	.	50	30	52	9	5	8	45	11	66	25	30	29	8	11	14	12	1864.	
12	.	106	13	31	7	11	13	45	20	110	49	25	17	20	14	17	21	1865.	
24	.	96	19	44	6	11	10	44	23	96	72	25	8	20	15	17	29	1866.	
13	.	49	5	60	3	20	15	36	16	98	40	21	19	22	12	24	25	1867.	
25	.	94	9	42	4	8	12	34	23	79	68	25	18	7	12	15	21	1868.	
																		1869.	
215	77	1048	237	565	55	186	151	587	231	1196	462	361	250	168	175	235	338	TOTAL.	
																		Discharges.	
39	10	103	53	137	13	27	13	221	26	181	154	37	38	31	45	36	113	To employment or service.	
30	26	422	57	160	17	45	43	140	107	232	23	108	42	58	54	98	72	Returned to friends.	
6	14	31	10	10	.	29	20	.	3	343	30	64	55	3	.	.	18	Emigrated.	
21	.	63	24	36	1	13	5	28	13	44	12	5	25	7	.	1	3	Sent to sea.	
5	2	51	5	11	.	16	6	4	6	21	11	7	9	8	2	2	14	Enlisted.	
1	.	9	3	5	.	.	3	4	3	17	1	2	.	2	2	.	4	Discharged on account of disease.	
10	.	7	8	11	2	2	.	2	.	6	7	5	.	1	1	2	8	Discharged as incorrigible.	
5	20	13	11	11	1	4	2	1	4	17	5	14	5	1	10	2	11	Transferred.	
6	.	19	4	12	1	.	1	8	3	15	10	2	3	.	.	2	2	Died.	
8	5	19	6	15	2	2	12	34	.	11	11	19	2	3	15	12	4	Absconded.	
131	77	737	176	408	37	138	107	442	165	887	264	263	179	114	129	155	244	TOTAL.	
84	.	311	61	157	18	48	44	146	66	309	198	98	71	54	46	80	94	Under Detention Dec. 31, 1869.	
68	.	275	56	147	16	41	43	132	63	299	179	76	65	51	40	73	82	In school.	
15	.	29	4	10	2	1	1	12	3	7	13	16	6	3	5	6	9	On licence.	
1	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	In prison.	
.	.	6	1	.	.	5	.	1	.	2	5	4	.	.	.	.	3	Absconded, sentence unexpired.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.	

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—Return showing Number of Admissions and

	ENGLAND—*continued.*																		
	BOYS—*cont.*			GIRLS.															
Reformatories.	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Toxteth Park.	Lancashire Roman Catholic.	Rescue.	Hampstead.	Hammersmith, Roman Catholic.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Warwickshire.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	West Riding.
Admissions.																			
1854	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1855	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11	.	.
1856	25	.	15	.	2	42	32	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	5	.	.
1857	24	.	28	.	4	53	19	21	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	12	16	.	21
1858	18	36	53	5	1	40	16	25	8	.	25	.	.	5	.	10	8	.	1
1859	10	15	46	22	8	43	17	21	16	.	28	.	.	7	.	5	16	.	15
1860	19	34	72	38	11	46	16	21	19	.	2	40	.	12	.	14	12	.	16
1861	19	27	35	24	18	39	22	14	8	.	.	65	.	4	.	7	8	30	16
1862	13	9	49	10	12	18	17	22	8	.	.	20	7	6	12	6	11	2	14
1863	34	12	58	11	12	29	17	22	5	.	.	21	.	7	9	4	6	20	6
1864	21	5	62	8	15	33	19	21	6	.	.	21	.	9	6	4	8	15	5
1865	20	35	65	14	13	28	21	30	11	.	.	41	.	8	9	10	13	21	3
1866	20	27	52	25	9	35	17	15	10	.	.	25	.	9	11	15	20	22	.
1867	19	26	60	17	20	27	17	30	20	.	.	20	.	12	9	3	11	23	.
1868	20	31	66	12	22	15	30	29	18	.	.	29	.	9	9	14	11	14	.
1869	27	33	41	15	13	21	16	36	8	9	.	34	.	10	5	8	14	23	.
TOTAL	239	290	707	201	160	409	290	307	143	9	55	322	7	98	70	117	170	176	97
Discharges.																			
To employment or service	114	58	85	73	54	180	96	142	25	.	3	132	.	44	25	37	40	62	24
Returned to friends	20	29	233	54	38	131	92	36	35	.	7	55	.	16	8	24	46	21	22
Emigrated	10	23	28	1	.	10	4	3	1	.	.	5	.	2	.	4	2	1	.
Sent to sea	9	1	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	2	11	15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Discharged on account of disease	3	3	26	4	1	7	10	7	10	.	.	4	.	1	3	10	7	3	1
Discharged as incorrigible	3	8	6	1	2	.	.	4	3	.	.	4	.	1	.	8	1	6	4
Transferred	28	12	2	7	6	4	5	3	9	.	41	3	7	1	1	.	5	3	43
Died	3	3	14	3	.	43	4	6	3	.	1	7	.	3	2	1	3	1	.
Absconded	9	8	13	1	2	2	.	10	4	.	3	2	.	.	.	1	8	.	3
TOTAL	201	156	455	144	103	377	211	211	90	.	55	212	7	68	39	85	121	97	97
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1869	88	134	252	57	57	92	79	96	53	9	.	110	.	30	31	32	40	79	.
In school	64	83	228	55	54	91	68	80	49	9	.	108	.	27	30	25	47	73	.
On licence	24	47	24	2	.	1	11	13	4	.	.	.	.	2	.	7	1	6	.
In prison	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded, sentence unexpired	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.

Discharges, and Modes of Discharge, from 1854 to 1869--*continued.*

SCOTLAND.																	
Girls —*cont.*		Boys.								Girls.							
Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.	Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	Reformatories.
																	Admissions.
.	.	.	.	.	.	162	.	.	5	.	.	.	49	.	.	5	1854.
.	.	.	.	.	3	142	.	.	6	.	.	1	49	.	3	3	1855.
.	.	19	.	5	9	90	.	.	20	.	.	3	42	.	2	3	1856.
.	.	16	.	7	7	70	.	.	20	.	11	.	28	4	3	6	1857.
.	.	18	.	1	6	80	26	18	6	.	27	2	25	17	.	4	1858.
.	.	18	33	15	6	71	60	18	13	.	15	1	23	35	4	7	1859.
6	37	16	30	18	11	77	82	29	3	.	6	1	13	18	2	4	1860.
29	10	25	23	13	4	95	47	17	10	11	13	1	24	26	1	5	1861.
18	9	52	24	13	11	62	49	7	10	6	9	2	23	20	6	5	1862.
13	11	27	24	7	21	69	53	14	17	7	21	.	15	22	1	4	1863.
24	19	37	23	8	21	65	54	19	13	10	9	.	21	15	4	13	1864.
32	15	36	32	17	12	80	50	16	14	6	9	.	15	20	1	9	1865.
16	13	37	53	18	15	2	95	22	31	10	9	.	11	28	2	6	1866.
17	16	39	26	20	21	21	68	29	29	10	19	.	8	38	2	12	1867.
28	17	26	35	14	18	55	95	18	11	13	14	.	16	17	3	10	1868.
																	1869.
183	147	366	303	155	165	1141	679	207	211	73	162	11	353	260	36	96	TOTAL.
																	Discharges.
33	48	89	83	27	58	409	191	56	54	9	52	5	98	77	12	29	To employment or service.
25	27	53	9	35	20	141	87	45	36	12	14	2	98	69	11	24	Returned to friends.
8	1	2	52	.	.	72	10	1	.	1	1	1	11	5	.	1	Emigrated.
.	.	12	.	5	4	62	.	8	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	1	3	1	.	18	.	3	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
1	.	4	2	2	.	14	13	3	2	.	8	.	7	.	.	.	Discharged on account of disease.
1	.	2	.	.	1	9	3	.	.	1	5	.	5	3	.	.	Discharged as incorrigible.
4	4	7	11	4	4	38	11	8	1	2	4	3	13	2	2	3	Transferred.
10	1	7	8	4	.	51	21	2	6	4	5	.	13	6	2	1	Died.
2	3	20	1	16	3	63	33	3	25	4	16	.	60	.	2	1	Absconded.
84	84	197	164	94	90	970	369	129	123	33	105	11	305	162	29	59	TOTAL.
99	63	160	139	61	75	171	310	78	88	40	57	.	48	98	7	37	Under Detention Dec. 31, 1869.
91	53	117	113	56	71	105	215	68	81	39	55	.	40	83	7	36	In school.
7	9	50	23	.	1	57	93	8	6	.	2	.	6	9	.	1	On licence.
.	.	.	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	In prison.
.	1	2	2	4	1	8	2	2	1	1	.	.	2	5	.	.	Absconded, sentence unexpired.
1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 1.—Abstract.

Totals of the Number of Young Offenders Admitted into and Discharged from Certified Reformatory Schools in Great Britain, and the Mode of Discharge, up to Dec. 31, 1869.

	England.				Scotland.				Grand Total.	
	Protestant.		Roman Catholic.		Protestant.		Roman Catholic.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.										
1854	28	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	28	1
1855	164	24	.	.	167	54	.	.	331	78
1856	477	52	192	42	151	49	.	.	820	143
1857	711	100	247	53	143	50	.	.	1,101	203
1858	553	104	119	40	120	48	.	4	792	196
1859	706	155	148	43	129	58	26	17	1,009	273
1860	765	192	146	46	174	50	60	35	1,145	323
1861	869	259	153	45	184	26	82	18	1,288	348
1862	675	150	161	54	186	55	47	26	1,069	285
1863	643	149	105	47	179	51	49	20	976	267
1864	654	148	233	46	179	48	53	22	1,119	264
1865	753	213	263	52	186	57	54	15	1,256	337
1866	810	193	254	67	207	40	50	20	1,327	320
1867	850	201	270	43	181	38	95	28	1,396	310
1868	828	213	256	32	185	51	68	38	1,337	334
1869	863	199	222	58	177	56	95	17	1,357	330
Total	10,355	2,353	2,769	668	2,548	731	679	260	16,351	4,012
Discharges.										
To employment or service	1,745	814	332	213	866	205	191	77	3,134	1,309
Returned to friends	2,139	481	839	156	333	161	87	69	3,398	867
Emigrated	880	24	69	18	127	15	10	5	1,086	62
Sent to sea	1,213	.	249	.	93	.	.	.	1,555	.
Enlisted	239	.	77	.	29	.	.	.	345	.
Discharged on account of disease	95	61	48	8	27	15	13	.	183	84
Discharged as incorrigible	85	84	24	1	12	11	3	3	124	49
Transferred	365	131	27	15	73	27	11	2	476	175
Died	148	35	60	53	76	25	21	6	305	119
Absconded	269	37	57	4	131	83	33	.	490	124
Total	7,178	1,617	1,782	468	1,767	542	369	162	11,096	2,789
Under Detention Dec. 31, 1869	3,177	736	987	200	781	189	310	98	5,255	1,223
In school	2,695	669	830	191	611	177	215	83	4,350	1,120
On licence	423	55	139	8	145	9	93	9	800	81
In prison	7	1	1	.	4	.	.	.	12	1
Absconded, sentence unexpired	46	10	8	.	20	3	2	5	76	18
Retained in school, sentence expired	6	1	.	1	1	.	.	1	7	3

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—GENERAL RETURN of ADMISSIONS and DISCHARGES up to December 31, 1869.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	ENGLAND.													
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.		Sunderland.		"Wellesley" Ship.		Gateshead.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
ADMISSIONS.																
To December 31, 1861	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1862	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1863	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1864	9	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1865	9	1	10	4	.	.	.	.	22	17	.	.	.	.	.	.
1866	19	10	21	3	3	.	9	7	15	60	.	.	.	.	.	.
1867	16	3	19	6	17	5	14	2	12	37	2	.	.	.	.	.
1868	30	5	11	5	7	5	30	1	13	22	23	77	.	.	.	.
1869	27	6	10	3	20	13	15	3	13	18	8	108	24	10		
Total	114	30	71	21	47	23	68	13	102	154	33	185	24	10		
DISCHARGES.																
To employment or service	16	8	2	2	2	.	4	.	20	.	.	.	.	.		
Returned to friends	5	2	18	.	.	.	1	.	24	40	.	1	.	.		
Emigrated	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.		
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	4	.	1	.	.		
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Specially discharged	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	1	.	.		
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	.	.	1	.	1	.	2	.	3	12	.	.	.	.		
Transferred	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	.	.		
Died	2	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.		
Absconded (sentence expired)	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.		
Total	26	10	27	5	3	.	8	.	50	59	1	3	.	.		
Under detention Dec. 31, 1869	88	20	44	16	44	23	60	13	46	95	32	182	24	10		
In school	87	20	41	12	44	23	59	11	46	86	32	182	24	10		
On licence	1	.	1	3	.	.	1	2	.	5	.	.	.	.		
Absconded (sentence unexpired)	.	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.		
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School.	ENGLAND—*continued.*													
	Ilford, Roman Catholic.		Halstead.		Cardiff.		Park Row.		Clifton.		"Formidable" Ship.		Bristol.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.														
To December 31, 1861	.	.	.	.	.	.	29	.	62	.	.	.	.	.
1862	37	.	10	.	20	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1863	22	.	10	.	15	.	24	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1864	7	.	12	.	27	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1865	51	.	6	.	18	.	14	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1866	21	.	8	.	16	.	34	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1867	75	.	11	.	26	.	33	.	.	.	19	.	.	.
1868	84	.	11	.	16	.	33	.	.	.	11	.	.	.
1869	99	4	19	.	25	.	33	.	11	11	20	1	6	.
Total	396	4	87	.	192	.	257	.	11	41	20	1	35	.
Discharges.														
To employment or service	27	.	11	.	42	.	64	.	.	2	.	.	3	.
Returned to friends	52	.	18	.	22	.	36	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Emigrated	1	.	.	.	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	9	.	25	.	22	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	6	.	2	.	4	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	13	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Transferred	7	.	.	.	20	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Died	11	.	2	.	1	.	4	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence expired)	6	.	2	.	2	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Total	123	.	44	.	127	.	142	.	.	3	.	.	12	.
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869	273	4	43	.	65	.	115	11	38	20	1	23	72	12
In school	257	4	42	.	59	.	109	11	38	20	1	22	68	12
On licence	5	.	1	.	4	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	.
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	9	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	2	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.

Name of School.	ENGLAND—*continued.*													
	Purbrook.		Alresford.		Church Farm.		Bolton.		Manchester.					
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.				
Admissions.														
To December 31, 1861	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	22	5				
1862	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	44	9				
1863	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	23	6				
1864	.	.	.	.	3	14	.	.	10	1				
1865	.	.	.	.	6	18	3	.	31	2				
1866	.	.	.	.	5	8	3	.	38	10				
1867	.	.	.	.	7	18	6	.	84	18				
1868	.	.	.	.	8	27	2	.	36	13				
1869	20	1	6	.	6	43	6	.	29	6				
Total	20	1	35	.	128	20	317	70						
Discharges.														
To employment or service	.	.	.	.	3	17	3	.	55	14				
Returned to friends	.	.	.	.	3	15	3	.	47	11				
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.				
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.				
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.				
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	1	8	.	.	2	.				
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	9	1				
Transferred	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.				
Died	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	9	.				
Absconded (sentence expired)	.	.	.	.	3	6	2	.	19	.				
Total	.	.	.	.	12	56	8	.	142	26				
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869	20	1	23	.	72	12	175	44						
In school	20	1	22	.	68	12	167	44						
On licence	.	.	.	.	1	.	8	.						
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.						
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.						

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Liverpool.		Kirkdale.		St. George's, Roman Catholic.		Boys' Refuge, St. Anne Street, Rom. Catholic.	Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.		St. Anne's, Mason Street, Roman Catholic.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.	Girls' Orphanage, Falkner Street, Rom. Cath.	Middlesex.	Boys' Home.	East London.	Boys' Refuge.	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	
																ADMISSIONS.
9	2	.	.	.	49	.	.	.	14	.	.	12	1	.		To December 31, 1861.
20	5	8	3	46	17	.	.	.	5	.	.	12	.	.		1862.
22	4	7	.	47	7	.	.	.	9	.	.	2	5	.		1863.
15	3	7	.	25	8	.	.	.	4	.	.	12	1	.		1864.
20	12	1	1	31	5	.	.	.	1	.	.	19	21	.		1865.
39	16	1	.	67	1	.	.	.	14	.	.	14	24	.		1866.
73	37	.	.	101	91	.	.	40	13	.	256	4	8	11		1867.
35	21	38	12	99	25	68	83	77	10	14	142	4	6	16		1868.
16	15	35	10	26	8	75	40	48	1	53	157	9	13	11		1869.
240	115	97	26	442	211	143	123	165	71	67	555	88	79	38		Total.
																DISCHARGES.
41	22	4	2	35	35	.	.	1	19	.	1	13	4	2		To employment or service.
39	7	3	2	68	23	1	2	5	5	.	15	9	19	1		Returned to friends.
.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	2	.	.		Emigrated.
5	.	2	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	25	5	.	.		Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	35	1	.	.		Enlisted.
9	1	1	.	4	1	1	.	1	3	.	4	.	1	.		Specially discharged.
5	1	12	.	10	2	.	.	4	2	.	2	2	4	1		Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
.	.	.	.	2	15	.	.	.	.	.	8	15	2	.		Transferred.
4	4	1	1	16	14	2	.	1	2	1	2	1	3	1		Died.
6	.	2	.	54	6	.	.	1	3	.	.	9	5	.		Absconded (sentence exp^{d}).
109	35	25	5	196	96	4	2	13	34	1	98	57	38	5		Total.
140	80	72	21	246	115	139	121	152	37	66	457	31	41	33		Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869.
123	73	67	21	192	107	130	121	146	36	66	455	24	36	31		In school.
10	6	.	.	3	6	.	.	1	1	.	2	.	1	.		On licence.
8	1	4	.	49	2	9	.	5	.	.	.	.	2	2		Absconded (sentence unexpired).
.	.	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	2	.		Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School.	ENGLAND—*continued.*													
	Cripples' Home.	Sloane Street.	School of Discipline.	Lisson Street.	Franklin's Row.	St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic.	Girls' Home.	Fakenham.	Newcastle.		Somerset.	Cannington, Roman Catholic.	Stafford.	Surrey.
	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.
Admissions.														
To December 31, 1861	1	1	3	5	.	23	.	.	71	44	.	.	.	.
1862	1	2	3	1	.	26	.	.	8	4	.	.	.	.
1863	.	.	8	4	.	5	.	.	23	13	.	.	.	.
1864	.	2	3	3	.	8	.	.	13	8	.	.	.	.
1865	1	5	6	3	16	20	.	.	12	6	.	.	.	.
1866	5	5	5	10	8	16	.	.	15	8	20	.	.	.
1867	5	3	7	2	5	25	13	.	12	10	40	.	.	40
1868	3	5	4	.	14	15	.	.	22	20	24	.	.	21
1869	1	6	1	.	14	24	2	.	9	13	9	39	.	50
Total	17	29	40	28	57	162	15	.	185	126	102	39	.	111
Discharges.														
To employment or service	4	5	8	2	11	25	3	.	77	47	5	2	.	1
Returned to friends	1	1	5	5	4	25	.	.	10	13	2	1	.	3
Emigrated	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	2	.	2	2	.	3	.	.	7	6	2	.	.	2
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	.	.	2	2	.	7	.	.	6	1	3	.	.	2
Transferred	1	.	.	13	1	.	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.
Died	.	1	.	.	1	13	.	.	7	3	.	.	.	1
Absconded (sentence expired)	.	.	.	3	.	17	.	.	12	4	.	.	.	.
Total	8	7	17	28	17	90	3	.	121	75	17	3	.	9
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869	9	22	23	.	40	72	12	.	64	51	85	36	.	102
In school	8	19	19	.	39	68	12	.	57	47	75	36	.	97
On licence	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	3
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	1	1	.	.	1	3	.	.	4	2	8	.	.	1
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	.	3	2	.	.	.	1

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Penn Street.	Shustoke.	Gem Street.		Winson Green.	Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.	Leeds.		York.		
Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
																ADMISSIONS.
.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	To December 31, 1861.
.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	5	1	.	9	2	25	10	1862.
21	.	.	.	4	.	1	.	.	23	4	.	11	5	13	1	1863.
4	.	.	.	2	.	1	.	.	18	4	.	19	2	17	7	1864.
14	.	.	.	.	.	4	8	1	8	6	.	10	2	27	3	1865.
15	.	.	.	.	.	2	19	2	20	2	.	31	5	21	2	1866.
14	.	.	.	4	5	3	5	4	11	6	.	38	14	28	11	1867.
7	30	36	14	5	3	2	11	2	24	2	27	22	10	17	8	1868.
8	21	26	19	2	1	3	10	1	15	3	103	31	12	35	11	1869.
83	60	62	33	19	9	19	53	10	124	28	130	171	58	187	53	Total.
																DISCHARGES.
24	.	.	.	1	.	3	7	2	13	3	1	46	7	21	4	To employment or service.
5	1	.	.	3	.	1	.	.	15	8	1	11	2	53	12	Returned to friends.
2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	13	.	4	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	.	2	.	.	3	.	6	1	Specially discharged.
2	.	1	.	4	.	.	7	.	7	.	.	10	2	1	2	Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
2	9	.	1	9	.	.	.	.	20	.	1	1	.	4	.	Transferred
.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	2	.	1	1	2	3	1	Died.
2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	7	1	6	.	Absconded (sentence expired).
37	10	1	1	19	.	5	17	2	72	16	8	79	14	94	20	Total.
46	50	61	32	.	9	14	36	8	52	12	122	92	44	93	33	Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869.
44	50	59	32	.	7	14	28	7	48	12	121	82	40	86	28	In school.
1	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	1	2	.	.	5	4	7	4	On licence.
1	.	2	.	.	.	.	8	.	1	.	1	4	.	.	.	Absconded (sentence unexpired).
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	1	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions

Name of School in order of County.	SCOTLAND.														
	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		"Cumberland" Ship.	Dumfries.		Edinburgh, Original Ramsay Lane.		Do. Marionville.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	
Admissions.															
To December 31, 1861	59	45	13	6	17	7	.	.	.	.	3	60	43	6	
1862	13	6	6	4	4	.	.	.	.	8	4	12	.	5	
1863	7	3	16	10	4	2	.	.	.	5	3	18	2	9	
1864	6	1	8	8	11	10	7	.	.	10	3	16	.	5	
1865	1	3	7	4	9	4	3	1	.	13	4	7	9	6	
1866	4	.	7	2	18	7	5	1	.	5	1	16	6	7	
1867	66	20	11	12	14	8	7	4	.	12	3	12	3	10	
1868	91	22	13	7	9	10	25	11	.	6	4	18	7	9	
1869	33	8	10	4	7	6	16	3	182	10	4	37	7	1	
Total	280	108	91	57	93	54	63	20	182	69	29	196	77	58	
Discharges.															
To employment or service	35	26	17	14	22	5	5	1	1	10	8	19	10	22	
Returned to friends	7	4	9	5	4	8	.	1	3	8	5	2	1	6	
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	
Sent to Sea	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Specially discharged	23	11	4	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	49	30	2	
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	12	1	3	.	5	.	2	.	.	3	.	.	.	3	
Transferred	3	.	.	.	5	2	2	.	.	.	.	58	.	.	
Died	9	6	3	1	1	.	.	.	1	2	1	4	1	.	
Absconded (sentence expired)	15	8	1	.	1	3	1	.	.	4	.	2	8	5	
Total	104	56	38	21	41	22	10	2	5	27	15	134	51	39	
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869	176	52	53	36	52	32	53	18	177	42	14	62	26	19	
In school	172	52	53	34	48	30	51	17	174	41	13	61	24	19	
On licence	.	.	.	2	3	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Absconded (sentence unexpired)	4	.	.	.	1	1	1	.	2	.	1	1	2	.	
Retained in school, sentence expired.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

and Discharges up to December 31, 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.															
Edinburgh United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		Mars[t] Ship.	Glasgow.		Glasgow Roman Catholic Orphanage.		Glasgow Shieldfields Roman Catholic.	
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.[x]	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	
														ADMISSIONS.
13	16	.	.	4	2	2	.	.	167	95	.	.	.	To December 31, 1861.
30	4	22	1	3	2	21	2	.	23	19	3	1	.	1862.
35	12	13	4	.	.	13	2	.	20	10	28	14	.	1863.
38	2	10	3	2	.	.	1	.	18	9	48	15	.	1864.
20	7	13	.	2	.	1	2	.	34	14	36	19	.	1865.
13	4	13	2	2	.	15	1	.	65	22	44	19	.	1866.
19	4	5	3	6	2	31	5	.	116	52	59	23	.	1867.
32	4	3	2	4	7	10	1	.	174	108	110	111	111	1868.
25	7	12	4	2	.	20	11	102	144	72	56	52	33	1869.
225	60	91	19	25	13	131	25	102	770	401	384	254	144	Total.
														DISCHARGES.
67	13	44	6	5	3	8	1	.	118	70	29	28	.	To employment or service.
7	7	8	2	.	.	5	1	.	81	40	47	17	25	Returned to friends.
1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	.	.	1	Emigrated.
2	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	2	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
10	8	2	.	1	.	1	2	.	20	9	62	49	.	Specially discharged.
35	6	4	.	.	1	9	1	.	6	1	2	.	.	Committed to reformatory schools or prison.
.	.	.	1	1	.	5	.	.	61	7	39	1	.	Transferred.
2	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	24	8	13	5	1	Died.
5	2	.	.	5	1	20	3	.	35	18	4	.	.	Absconded (sentence expired).
129	37	58	10	12	5	49	8	.	361	153	198	100	27	Total.
96	23	33	9	13	8	82	17	102	409	248	186	154	117	Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869.
77	17	31	9	13	8	70	17	102	374	227	178	140	117	In School.
7	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	21	13	.	2	.	On licence.
12	1	.	.	.	.	11	.	.	14	5	6	1	.	Absconded (sentence unexpired).
.	.	2	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	Retained in school, sentence expired.

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—General Return of Admissions and Discharges up to December 31, 1869—*continued.*

Name of School in order of County.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*											
	Perth, Feolney.	Perth, Ladies, Craigie.	Perth, Girls.	Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
Admissions.												
To December 31, 1861	16	14	3	40	18	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
1862	3	7	2	13	5	1	.	.	.	.	.	19
1863	8	5	2	14	6	11	5	.	.	.	.	7
1864	22	7	7	14	6	6	3	.	.	.	.	3
1865	17	5	3	10	7	10	7	.	.	.	.	22
1866	22	6	7	22	4	13	12	.	.	.	.	13
1867	16	6	13	21	7	6	2	14	10	.	.	3
1868	18	13	27	31	20	23	4	8	5	9	2	5
1869	23	8	9	24	20	10	4	5	7	7	4	5
Total	145	71	73	189	93	81	37	27	22	16	6	77
Discharges.												
To employment or service	30	20	6	23	11	7	6	1	.	.	.	13
Returned to friends	10	5	3	28	11	6	4	.	1	.	.	5
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sent to sea	.	.	.	13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	5	3	1	.	.	.	.	.	4
Committed to reformatory schools or prison	7	.	1	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1
Transferred	.	.	.	5	2	3	1	.	.	.	.	.
Died	4	2	4	5	7	4	1	.	1	.	.	1
Absconded (sentence expired)	2	1	3	15	4	6	4	1	.	.	.	.
Total	53	28	17	97	40	28	16	2	2	.	.	29
Under detention Dec. 31, 1869	92	43	56	92	53	53	21	25	20	16	6	48
In school	91	39	55	86	52	49	20	25	19	16	6	45
On licence	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded (sentence unexpired)	1	.	1	3	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Retained in school, sentence expired	.	4	.	2	.	1	.	.	1	.	.	3

APPENDIX V.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Industrial Schools. — General Return of Admissions and Discharges up to December 31, 1869.

	ENGLAND.				SCOTLAND.				TOTAL.	
	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys, Protestant.	Boys, Roman Catholic.	Girls, Protestant.	Girls, Rom. Catholic.	Boys.	Girls.
Admissions.										
To December 31, 1861	210	.	92	86	398	.	252	.	608	400
1862	172	83	45	48	164	3	75	1	422	169
1863	211	69	51	21	182	28	73	14	490	159
1864	213	32	40	20	173	48	63	15	466	138
1865	291	82	76	26	153	36	92	19	562	213
1866	455	88	103	31	227	44	88	19	814	241
1867	843	176	190	109	366	59	157	28	1,444	630
1868	812	334	196	141	493	221	259	111	1,859	707
1869	979	279	185	134	679	89	183	52	2,026	554
Total	4,186	1,143	948	676	2,834	528	1,242	254	8,091	3,120
Discharges.										
To employment or service	496	64	158	80	434	29	218	28	1,023	484
Returned to friends	417	124	80	58	184	72	103	17	797	258
Emigrated	24	7	2	.	4	1	11	.	36	13
Sent to sea	121	1	.	.	20	2	.	.	144	.
Enlisted	40	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	45	.
Specially discharged	65	11	16	8	127	62	69	49	205	142
Committed to reformatory schools or prison.	103	23	15	15	93	2	12	.	221	42
Transferred	95	9	27	15	143	39	13	1	286	56
Died	51	29	17	31	59	14	34	5	153	87
Absconded (sentence expired).	90	60	10	27	118	4	55	.	272	92
Total	1,502	328	325	234	1,187	225	515	100	3,242	1,171
Under detention, Dec. 31, 1869	2,684	815	623	442	1,647	303	727	154	5,149	1,946
In school	2,549	736	585	423	1,553	295	684	149	5,133	1,841
On licence	60	8	25	8	35	.	23	2	103	58
Absconded (sentence unexpired).	56	67	7	10	51	6	12	1	180	30
Retained in school, sentence expired.	19	4	6	1	8	2	8	2	33	17

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the YEARS 1866, since their DISCHARGE

	ENGLAND.																			
	Boys.																			
Reformatory.	Bedfordshire.	Bradwall.	Cumberland.	Devon and Exeter.	Dorset.	Essex.	"Cornwall" Ship.	Glamorganshire.	Hardwicke.	Kingswood.	Hants.	Herts.	"Akbar" Ship.	Liverpool Farm.	"Clarence" Ship, Roman Catholic.	North Lancashire.	Manchester and Salford.	Mount St. Bernard's, Roman Catholic.	Home in the East.	
DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1866, TO DEC. 31, 1868.	Mode of																			
To employment or service	2	23	10	7	3	.	.	26	3	26	17	8	.	29	2	7	14	54	11	
Returned to friends	16	13	13	9	10	12	6	10	19	36	19	12	8	11	2	22	10	38	7	
Emigrated	8	10	.	.	.	6	.	.	4	4	1	6	.	1	.	4	2	30	.	
Sent to sea	.	.	.	4	10	1	131	.	17	.	4	1	133	5	38	.	12	15	2	
Enlisted	.	2	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	1	1	.	.	2	1	4	
Specially discharged	.	2	.	.	1	.	6	.	1	.	1	.	5	3	4	.	2	1	2	
Absconded and not recovered	1	9	.	.	1	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	1	.	9	1	4	.	2	
TOTAL	27	59	24	20	27	19	143	39	44	66	40	28	148	50	55	34	43	139	28	
	Subsequent Character																			
Since dead	.	2	1	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	1	.	2	5	3	1	1	7	2	
Doing well	20	37	16	17	19	17	105	31	36	51	40	17	73	34	20	20	27	70	16	
Doubtful	.	3	1	.	2	.	3	1	.	1	1	2	2	2	.	.	1	7	3	
Convicted of crime	3	10	3	1	2	2	10	5	7	14	3	6	15	9	8	7	8	34	5	
Unknown	4	7	3	2	4	.	17	2	1	.	1	3	56	.	24	6	9	15	2	
TOTAL	27	59	24	20	27	19	143	39	44	66	46	28	148	50	55	34	46	130	28	
Per-centage doing well	74	63	70	85	70	90	78	79	82	77	89	61	50	75	38	61	60	58	61	
Ditto re-convicted	11	18	13	5	7	10	7	13	16	21	7	21	10	20	15	21	17	26	19	

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

1867, 1868, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED of CRIME, &c., to DECEMBER 31, 1869.

ENGLAND.

BOYS.

Brook Green, Roman Catholic.	Monmouth.	Buxton.	Northampton.	North Eastern.	Suffolk.	Red Hill.	Wandsworth.	Saltley.	Warwickshire.	Wilts.	Woodbury Hill.	Stoke Farm.	Calder Farm.	Castle Howard.	Leeds.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	TOTAL PROTESTANT.	DITTO ROMAN CATHOLIC.	Reformatory.
Discharge.																			DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1868, TO DEC. 31, 1868.
32	4	6	4	57	5	64	69	14	11	10	12	11	42	12	19	26	556	114	To employment or service.
52	4	8	11	46	37	38	12	37	16	9	6	30	20	3	13	81	541	173	Returned to friends.
3	.	6	8	.	.	100	.	9	7	.	.	.	6	.	.	10	191	43	Emigrated.
3	1	1	1	6	.	18	12	2	12	1	.	.	.	2	.	5	376	61	Sent to sea.
3	.	2	3	.	.	4	1	2	5	1	1	.	1	1	3	5	41	9	Enlisted.
2	1	1	.	1	1	7	1	3	.	2	.	.	.	1	3	4	44	11	Specially discharged.
1	1	.	1	2	.	3	4	3	.	1	2	4	2	4	6	1	56	11	Absconded and not recovered.
96	11	24	28	112	43	243	99	70	51	24	21	54	80	53	44	132	1,805	422	TOTAL.
nd Circumstances.																			
.	.	.	.	3	1	8	8	.	2	2	.	.	1	.	5	4	43	14	Since dead.
9	10	15	25	75	29	176	68	19	37	21	16	36	55	11	22	81	1,251	246	Doing well.
1	.	1	.	3	1	8	.	1	4	.	.	.	1	.	1	3	42	11	Doubtful.
5	1	7	3	27	8	38	16	16	4	1	5	7	20	2	10	42	275	108	Convicted of crime.
2	.	1	.	4	4	18	12	4	4	.	.	17	3	10	6	2	194	43	Unknown.
6	11	24	28	112	43	243	99	70	51	24	21	54	80	53	44	132	1,805	422	TOTAL.
2	91	63	89	69	69	73	71	79	76	96	76	67	70	77	56	68	71	69	Per-centage doing well.
5	9	29	11	25	19	19	17	23	8	4	24	13	25	4	26	33	19	26	Ditto, re-convicted.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

Reformatory Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1866, 1867, 1868, showing
December 31,

	ENGLAND.																
	GIRLS.																
Reformatory.	Devon and Exeter.	Sunderland.	Arno's Court, Roman Catholic.	Red Lodge.	Liverpool.	Tonteth Park.	Hampstead.	Ipswich.	Surrey.	Warwickshire.	Birmingham.	Limpley Stoke.	Yorkshire, Roman Catholic.	Doncaster.	TOTAL PROTESTANT.	DITTO ROMAN CATHOLIC.
DISCHARGES FROM JAN. 1st, 1866, TO DEC. 31, 1868.															Mode of	
To employment or service	17	19	34	25	33	5	49	19	15	6	12	35	19	22	257	53
Returned to friends -	15	13	22	24	15	7	29	6	8	8	9	12	17	10	156	39
Emigrated - - -	1	.	3	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	1	4	6
Sent to sea - - -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted - - -	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged -	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	.	1	9	2	5	1	.	28	3
Absconded and not recovered.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	6	.	1	1	9	1
TOTAL -	34	33	61	51	51	16	81	25	24	23	29	53	41	34	454	102
															Subsequent Character	
Since dead - - -	1	.	2	1	1	.	.	2	2	1	1	.	.	.	9	2
Doing well - - -	25	21	39	30	26	8	58	20	15	7	18	35	30	18	276	60
Doubtful - - -	4	5	.	4	7	4	7	2	.	.	2	4	3	6	45	3
Convicted of Crime -	2	5	16	10	7	2	10	.	1	2	1	3	6	4	47	22
Unknown - - -	2	2	4	6	10	2	6	1	6	13	12	11	2	6	77	6
TOTAL -	34	33	61	51	51	16	81	25	24	23	29	53	41	34	454	102
Per-centage doing well -	76	64	66	60	52	50	72	87	68	32	46	66	78	53	62	60
Ditto re-convicted -	6	15	27	20	14	12	12	.	5	9	4	6	15	12	11	22

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).

the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge to 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.

Boys.										Girls.								Reformatory.
Old Mill.	Wellington Farm.	Rossie.	Inverness.	Glasgow.	Parkhead, Roman Catholic.	Kibble.	Stranraer.	Total Protestant.	Ditto, Roman Catholic.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Glasgow.	Dalbeth, Roman Catholic.	Paisley.	Stranraer.	Total Protestant.	Ditto Roman Catholic.	
Discharge.																		Discharges from Jan. 1st 1866, to Dec. 31, 1868.
27	34	11	22	92	45	19	20	225	45	6	14	27	33	4	12	63	33	To employment or service.
18	3	17	10	41	34	12	7	108	34	9	3	24	28	1	4	41	28	Returned to friends.
.	18	.	.	4	7	.	.	22	7	1	.	2	2	.	.	3	2	Emigrated.
4	3	1	.	9	.	3	.	20	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Sent to sea.
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
3	.	1	.	5	5	.	1	10	5	.	1	2	.	.	.	3	.	Specially discharged.
7	1	5	1	7	22	.	4	25	22	4	2	2	.	.	.	8	.	Absconded and not recovered.
59	59	36	33	158	113	34	32	411	113	20	20	57	63	5	16	118	63	Total.
and Circumstances.																		
4	1	2	1	3	9	.	1	12	9	.	2	1	1	.	.	3	1	Since dead.
30	40	22	26	64	76	23	22	236	76	14	12	31	36	4	15	76	36	Doing well.
2	.	3	.	10	.	2	3	20	.	1	2	11	9	.	1	15	9	Doubtful.
8	9	7	4	34	28	3	3	68	28	1	.	6	13	1	.	8	13	Convicted of crime.
15	.	2	2	47	.	6	3	75	.	4	4	8	4	.	.	16	4	Unknown.
59	59	36	33	158	113	34	32	411	113	20	20	57	63	5	16	118	63	Total.
55	84	65	81	41	78	68	71	69	76	70	67	55	58	80	94	66	58	Per-centage, doing well.
15	16	21	12	22	27	9	10	17	27	5	.	11	21	20	.	7	21	Ditto, re-convicted.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 1 (*a*).—ABSTRACT.

	Discharges for Years 1866, 1867, and 1868.		Results to December 31, 1869.				
	How discharged.	TOTAL.	Since dead.	Doing well.	Doubtful.	Convicted of Crime.	Unknown.
ENGLAND:							
BOYS, PROTESTANT	To employment or service	556	11	431	13	79	22
	To friends	541	13	358	10	120	40
	Emigrated	191	2	162	5	8	14
	To sea	376	9	247	8	37	75
	Enlisted	41	1	29	3	3	5
	Specially discharged	44	7	5	2	19	11
	Absconded	56	.	19	1	9	27
	TOTAL	1,805	43	1,251	42	275	194
BOYS, ROMAN CATHOLIC.	To employment or service	114	3	80	2	24	5
	To friends	173	2	95	7	60	9
	Emigrated	43	3	26	.	8	6
	To sea	61	2	34	2	11	12
	Enlisted	9	.	9	.	.	.
	Specially discharged	11	4	1	.	4	2
	Absconded	11	.	1	.	1	9
	TOTAL	422	14	246	11	108	43
GIRLS, PROTESTANT	To employment or service	257	5	160	29	24	39
	To friends	156	2	105	13	16	20
	Emigrated	4	.	3	.	.	1
	Specially discharged	28	2	8	3	5	10
	Absconded	9	.	.	.	2	7
	TOTAL	454	9	276	45	47	77
GIRLS, ROMAN CATHOLIC.	To employment or service	53	1	38	2	10	2
	To friends	39	1	26	.	11	1
	Emigrated	6	.	4	.	1	1
	Specially discharged	3	.	.	1	.	2
	Absconded	1	.	1	.	.	.
	TOTAL	102	2	69	3	22	6
SCOTLAND:							
BOYS, PROTESTANT	To employment or service	225	5	133	9	42	31
	To friends	108	5	67	6	16	14
	Emigrated	22	.	16	.	2	4
	To sea	20	.	9	1	3	7
	Enlisted	1	.	1	.	.	.
	Specially discharged	10	.	4	.	4	2
	Absconded	25	2	1	4	1	17
	TOTAL	411	12	236	20	68	75
BOYS, ROMAN CATHOLIC.	To employment or service	45	1	30	.	14	.
	To friends	34	4	19	.	11	.
	Emigrated	7	.	7	.	.	.
	To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Specially discharged	5	1	4	.	.	.
	Absconded	22	3	16	.	3	.
	TOTAL	113	9	76	.	28	.
GIRLS, PROTESTANT	To employment or service	63	.	47	10	2	4
	To friends	41	3	25	4	0	3
	Emigrated	3	.	2	.	.	1
	Specially discharged	3	.	.	.	.	3
	Absconded	8	.	2	1	.	5
	TOTAL	118	3	76	15	8	16
GIRLS, ROMAN CATHOLIC.	To employment or service	33	1	20	4	6	2
	To friends	28	.	16	5	7	.
	Emigrated	2	.	.	.	.	2
	Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.
	Absconded	.	.	.	.	.	.
	TOTAL	63	1	36	9	13	4

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the Years 1866, 1867, 1868, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED OF CRIME, &c. since their DISCHARGE to December 31, 1869.

—	ENGLAND.															
	Chester.		Birkenhead.		Stockport.		Macclesfield.		Devon and Exeter.		Sunderland.	"Wellesley" Ship.		Gateshead.		Sunderland.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.		Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:																
To employment or service	12	3	1	2	.	.	1	.	11	21	.	.		.	.	.
To friends	3	1	4	.	.	.	1	.	17	.	.	.		.	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	2	.	.		.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	1	.		.	.	.
Absconded	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.
Total	17	4	8	2	.	.	2	.	33	25	1	.		.	.	.
Committed to Reformatory Schools	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	.	1	8	.	.		.	.	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:																
Since dead	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	.		.	.	.
Doing well	12	3	5	2	.	.	1	.	26	17	.	.		.	.	.
Doubtful	2	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	4	1	.		.	.	.
Convicted of Crime	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.		.	.	.
Unknown	1	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.		.	.	.
Total	17	4	8	2	.	.	2	.	33	25	1	.		.	.	.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—RETURN of DISCHARGES for the YEARS 1866, CRIME, &c. since their DISCHARGE

—	ENGLAND.															
	Ilford, Roman Catholic.		Halstead.		Cardiff.		Park Row, Bristol.		Clifton.		"Formidable" Ship.		Bristol.		Purbrook.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:																
To employment or service	12	.	6	16	26	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To friends	29	.	9	7	19	.	.	.	.	2	6	3	19	3	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	2	14	6	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	4	.	2	1	2	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	.
Absconded	2	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	4	2	5	.	.	.
Total	47	.	21	41	53	.	.	.	.	5	26	6	63	7	.	.
Committed to Reformatory Schools	4	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	5	.	.	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:																
Since dead	.	.	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.
Doing well	20	.	19	31	39	.	.	.	.	2	17	5	48	6	.	.
Doubtful	2	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	2	1	.	.
Convicted of Crime	2	.	.	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	.	.	.
Unknown	23	.	1	7	5	.	.	.	.	3	5	1	8	.	.	.
Total	47	.	21	41	53	.	.	.	.	5	26	6	63	7	.	.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

1867, 1868, showing the NUMBER DOING WELL, CONVICTED OF to December 31, 1869.

ENGLAND.

Liverpool.		Kirkdale.		St. George's Roman Catholic.	Boys Refuge, St. Anne Street, Roman Catholic.	Beacon Lane, Roman Catholic.	St. George's, Roman Catholic.	St. Anne's, Mason Street, Roman Catholic.	St. Elizabeth's, Roman Catholic.	Falkner Street, Roman Catholic.	Middlesex.	Boys' Home.	East London.	—
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	
														DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:
28	15	2	.	16	.	.	15	.	9	.	.	6	2	To employment or service.
13	3	1	1	37	.	1	14	2	1	.	1	2	9	To friends.
.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	.	Emigrated.
4	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	2	.	To sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	Enlisted.
7	1	.	.	3	.	.	1	.	1	.	3	.	1	Specially discharged.
4	.	.	.	54	.	.	6	.	3	.	.	3	4	Absconded.
56	19	4	1	115	.	1	36	2	14	.	12	15	16	Total.
.	.	3	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	3	Committed to Reformatory Schools.
														Subsequent character and circumstances:
2	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Since dead.
42	14	.	.	55	.	.	16	.	8	.	10	12	8	Doing well.
1	2	.	.	3	.	.	3	.	2	.	.	.	3	Doubtful.
2	.	.	.	7	.	.	3	.	.	.	1	.	1	Convicted of Crime.
9	3	4	1	48	.	1	14	2	4	.	1	3	4	Unknown.
56	19	4	1	115	.	1	36	2	14	.	12	15	16	Total.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1866, 1867, 1868, to December 31,

—	ENGLAND—*continued.*																	
	Boys' Refuge.		Cripples' Home.	Sloane Street.	School of Discipline.	Franklin's Row.	St. Margaret's Home, Roman Catholic.		Girls' Home.	Fakenham.	Newcastle.		Somersetshire.	Cannington, Roman Catholic.	Stafford.	Surrey.	Penn Street.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.		Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	Boys.	
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:																		
To employment or service	.	1	2	5	8	8	.		.	18	14	3	.	.	.	16		
To friends	.	.	1	3	2	15	.		.	4	2	.	.	.	3	3		
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.		
To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		
Specially discharged	.	1	.	2	.	2	.		.	1	2	1	.	.	1	.		
Absconded	.	.	.	.	.	12	.		.	1	.	.	.	.	.	2		
Total	.	2	3	10	10	37	.		.	24	19	4	.	.	4	20		
Committed to Reformatory Schools	1	.	.	1	.	.	.		.	3	1	2	.	.	.	2		
Subsequent character and circumstances:																		
Since dead	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	3	3	1	.	.	1	.		
Doing well	.	.	2	5	4	4	.		.	12	9	3	.	.	2	11		
Doubtful	.	.	1	5	4	4	.		.	1	4	.	.	.	.	2		
Convicted of Crime	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	2	.	.	.	.	1	2		
Unknown	.	2	.	.	2	20	.		.	6	3	.	.	.	.	5		
Total	.	2	3	10	10	37	.		.	24	19	4	.	.	4	20		

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

showing the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*

Shustoke.		Gem Street.		Vale Street.	Coventry.	Bradford.		Hull.		"Southampton" Ship.	Leeds.		York.		
Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	—
														DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:
.	.	.	.	3	2	.	12	6	.	24	4	10	.	To employment or service.
.	.	.	.	2	.	.	8	6	.	6	1	33	7	To friends.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	To sea.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Enlisted.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	Specially discharged.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	6	1	1	.	Absconded.
.	.	.	.	5	4	.	30	12	.	36	6	45	7	Total.
.	.	.	.	.	3	.	5	.	.	4	.	1	.	Committed to Reformatory Schools.
														Subsequent character and circumstances:
.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	1	.	1	.	1	.	Since dead.
.	.	.	.	4	2	.	22	6	.	24	2	27	5	Doing well.
.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	3	.	4	.	9	1	Doubtful.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	3	2	4	1	Convicted of Crime.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	.	4	2	4	.	Unknown.
.	.	.	.	5	4	.	30	12	.	36	6	45	7	Total.

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1866, 1867, 1868, to December 31,

—	SCOTLAND.														
	Aberdeen.		Ayr.		Kilmarnock.		Bute.		"Cumberland" Ship.		Dumfries.		Edinburgh (Original), Ramsay Lane.		Edinburgh (Original), Marionville.
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:															
To employment or service	7	6	9	10	5	8	3	1	.		5	3	10	3	10
To friends	5	1	7	2	3	.	.	.	.		4	2	2	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.		.	.	1	1	.
Absconded	2	1	.	.	.	3	1	.	.		.	.	.	.	4
Total	16	8	16	12	8	11	4	1	.		9	5	13	4	14
Committed to Reformatory Schools	4	.	3	.	.	.	2	.	.		1	.	.	.	3
Subsequent character and circumstances:															
Since dead	2	.	1	1	1	1	.	.	.		1	.	.	.	.
Doing well	13	7	11	9	5	7	3	1	.		4	4	10	4	10
Doubtful	.	1	4	2	1	2	.	.	.		3	1	1	.	.
Convicted of Crime	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.		1	.	1	.	.
Unknown	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.		.	.	1	.	4
Total	16	8	16	12	8	11	4	1	.		9	5	13	4	14

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

showing the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.														
Edinburgh, United.		Leith.		Arbroath.		Dundee.		"Mars" Ship.		Glasgow.		Glasgow Rom. Catholic Orphanage.		—
Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
														DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:
26	6	14	4	.	1	1	.	.	49	19	12	16	To employment or service.	
3	4	3	1	.	.	1	1	.	17	5	37	13	Returned to friends.	
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Emigrated.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	To sea.	
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.	.	Enlisted.	
1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	3	.	2	1	Specially discharged.	
1	.	.	.	4	.	18	2	.	1	.	2	.	Absconded.	
32	10	17	5	4	1	20	4	.	72	24	55	30	Total.	
13	.	.	.	.	.	8	1	.	2	.	.	.	Committed to Reformatory Schools.	
													Subsequent character and circumstances:	
.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	1	Since dead.	
28	10	9	4	.	1	2	1	.	10	11	2	20	Doing well.	
.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	14	4	.	1	Doubtful.	
2	.	5	.	.	.	4	2	.	3	.	.	.	Convicted of Crime.	
2	.	1	.	4	.	14	.	.	45	9	53	8	Unknown.	
32	10	17	5	4	1	20	4	.	72	24	55	30	Total.	

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return of Discharges for the Years 1866, 1867, 1868, showing the Number doing well, convicted of Crime, &c. since their Discharge to December 31, 1869—*continued.*

—	SCOTLAND—*continued.*												
	Glasgow, Slatefields, Roman Catholic.	Perth Feehney.	Perth, Ladies.	Perth, Girls.	Greenock.		Paisley.		Falkirk.		Stirling.		Newton Stewart.
	Boys.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Girls.
DISCHARGES FOR YEARS 1866, 1867, AND 1868:													
To employment or service	.	21	14	5	10	7	5	2	.	.	.	.	12
To friends	1	6	3	2	10	4	5	2	.		.	.	.
Emigrated	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
To sea	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Enlisted	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Specially discharged	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Absconded	.	2	1	3	6	2	4	4	1	.	.	.	.
Total	1	29	18	10	30	15	14	8	1	.	.	.	12
Committed to Reformatory Schools	.	3	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Subsequent character and circumstances:													
Since dead	.	3	1	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Doing well	1	21	13	7	20	8	5	3	.	.	.	.	5
Doubtful	.	3	2	2	1	5	2	1	.	.	.	.	.
Convicted of Crime	.	.	2	.	2	1	1	1	.	.	.	.	.
Unknown	.	2	.	1	6	1	6	3	1	.	.	.	7
Total	1	29	18	10	30	15	14	8	1	.	.	.	12

APPENDIX VI.—No. 2.—Abstract.

Discharges for the Years 1866, 1867, and 1868.	England.				Scotland.				Total.	
	Protestant.		Roman Catholic.		Protestant.		Roman Catholic.			
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Mode of Discharge:										
To employment or service	270	68	28	32	154	122	12	16	464	238
To friends - -	169	35	67	32	60	33	38	13	334	113
Emigrated - -	6	1	5	.	1	2	.	.	12	3
To sea - - -	48	.	.	.	4	.	2	.	54	.
Enlisted - -	4	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	6	.
Specially discharged -	30	6	7	4	7	2	2	1	46	13
Absconded - -	38	3	56	21	42	18	2	.	138	42
Total - -	565	113	163	89	270	177	56	30	1054	409
Committed to Reformatory Schools -	58	2	5	.	37	5	.	.	100	7
Subsequent Character and Circumstances:										
Since dead - -	21	5	2	.	7	7	.	1	30	13
Doing well - -	392	67	75	28	130	116	3	20	600	231
Doubtful - -	42	22	5	9	27	24	.	1	74	56
Convicted of Crime -	32	3	9	3	20	6	.	.	61	12
Unknown - -	78	16	72	49	86	24	53	8	289	97
Total - -	565	113	163	89	270	177	56	30	1054	409
Per-centage Doing well	72	62	47	31	49	68	5	69	59	58
„ Convicted -	6	3	6	3	8	3	.	.	6	3
„ Unknown -	14	15	45	55	33	14	95	28	28	24

APPENDIX VII. (*a.*)

RETURN from Governors of Prisons of Males and Females re-convicted during the Year ending December 31, 1869, after Detention in a Reformatory School.

ENGLAND.

Counties.	Prisons.	Males.	Females
BEDFORD	Bedford County	3	—
BUCKS	Aylesbury	1	—
CAMBRIDGE	Cambridge Borough	.	1
	Wisbeach	2	—
CHESHIRE	Chester County	5	—
	Chester City	1	—
	Knutsford	2	—
DERBY	Derby	2	2
DEVON	Devonport	1	—
	Exeter County	2	1
	Plymouth	3	—
DURHAM	Durham County	17	7
ESSEX	Ilford	1	—
	Springfield	3	—
GLOUCESTER	Gloucester County	12	2
HANTS	Southampton Town	1	—
HERTS	Hertford County	3	—
KENT	Canterbury	1	—
LANCASHIRE	Liverpool Borough	50	8
	Kirkdale County	6	1
	Preston County	4	—
	Salford County	19	2
	Manchester City	11	—
LINCOLN	Falkingham County	3	—
	Spilsby County	1	1
	Kirton Lindsey	1	—
MIDDLESEX	Cold Bath Fields	28	—
	Newgate	5	—
	Holloway, City	3	—
	Westminster	.	2
MONMOUTH	Usk County	4	2
NORFOLK	Swaffham County	2	—
NORTHAMPTON	Northampton County	1	—
	Northampton Borough	3	—
NORTHUMBERLAND	Hexham County	2	—
	Morpeth County	1	1
	Newcastle-on-Tyne Borough	5	2
	Berwick-on-Tweed Borough	1	—
NOTTINGHAM	Nottingham County	2	—
	Southwell County	.	1
	Nottingham Borough	3	—
SOMERSET	Taunton County	2	—
	Shepton Mallet County	1	—
	Bristol City (Common Gaol)	2	2
	Bristol (Bridewell)	4	—
STAFFORD	Stafford County	4	—
SUFFOLK	Ipswich County	5	—
SURREY	Wandsworth County	14	—
	Surrey County	5	1
SUSSEX	Lewes County	3	1
	Petworth County	2	—
WARWICK	Warwick County	4	2
	Birmingham Borough	17	1

APPENDIX VII. (*a*).—*continued.*

RETURN from Governors of Prisons of Males and Females re-convicted during the Year ending December 31, 1869, after Detention in a Reformatory School—*continued.*

Counties.	Prisons.	Males.	Females.
ENGLAND—*continued.*			
WILTS	Salisbury County	1	—
WORCESTER	Worcester County	5	—
YORK	Hull	3	1
	Scarborough Borough	3	—
	Wakefield County	36	2
	Leeds Borough	14	1
CARNARVON	Carnarvon County	1	—
FLINT	Flint County	1	—
GLAMORGAN	Cardiff County	1	—
	Swansea County	2	—
	Total	345	44
SCOTLAND.			
ABERDEEN	Aberdeen	9	3
ARGYLE	Campbeltown	1	—
AYR	Ayr	1	—
	Kilmarnock	1	—
BUTE	Rothesay	2	—
CAITHNESS	Wick	—	1
EDINBURGH	Edinburgh	25	8
ELGIN	Elgin	1	—
FIFE	Dunfermline	3	—
FORFAR	Forfar	2	—
	Dundee	12	—
INVERNESS	Inverness	7	—
LANARK	Glasgow	47	17
LINLITHGOW	Linlithgow	—	1
PERTH	Perth County	4	—
	Perth General	14	—
RENFREW	Greenock	4	—
	Paisley	5	1
STIRLING	Stirling	2	—
WIGTOWN	Wigtown	1	—
YORK	Scarborough	1	—
LANCASHIRE	Liverpool Borough	3	3
	Total	146	34

APPENDIX VII. (*b.*)

RETURN showing the Reformatory Schools to which the before-mentioned 345 Males and 44 Females (England), and 145 Males and 34 Females (Scotland), re-convicted in the year 1869, belong respectively, together with the total number of Discharges from the same Schools, up to December 31, 1869, with Per-centage of Re-convictions.

Reformatory School.	Total No. of Discharges from the School, deducting the dead and transferred.	Re-convictions in 1869.	Per-centage.
ENGLAND.			
BOYS—			
Bedford	100	4	4·0
Bradwall	216	3	1·39
Cumberland	107	3	2·80
Devon and Exeter	106	2	1·89
Dorset	96	2	2·08
Sunderland	49	1	2·04
Essex	86	5	5·81
"Cornwall" Ship	472	9	1·91
Glamorganshire	126	3	2·38
Hardwicke	221	11	4·98
Kingswood	309	10	3·24
Hants	160	1	·63
Herts	116	4	3·45
"Akbar" Ship	531	19	3·58
Liverpool Farm	147	7	4·76
"Clarence" Ship (R.Cth.)	166	16	9·64
North Lancashire	141	5	3·55
Manchester and Salford.	120	6	5·
Mount St. Bernard's (Roman Catholic).	705	44	6·24
Home-in-the-East	161	2	1·24
Brook Green (R.Cath.)	383	25	6·49
Monmouth	35	2	5·71
Buxton	134	3	2·24
Northampton	104	3	2·88
North Eastern	433	24	5·54
Suffolk	158	6	3·8
Redhill	855	24	2·81
Wandsworth	249	17	6·83
Saltley	247	6	2·43
Warwickshire	171	4	2·34
Wilts	113	1	·88
Woodbury Hill	119	4	3·36
Stoke Farm	151	4	2·65
Calder Farm	231	20	8·66
Castle Howard	170	3	1·76
Leeds	141	14	10·64
Market Weighton (Roman Catholic).	439	27	6·15
	8,270	345	4·17
GIRLS—			
Devon and Exeter	134	1	·75
Sunderland	97	7	7·22
Arno's Court (R.Cath.)	330	9	2·73
Red Lodge	202	7	3·47
Liverpool	202	5	2·48
Toxteth Park	78	1	1·28
Hampstead	202	6	2·97
Ipswich	64	—	—
Surrey	36	—	—
Warwickshire	84	1	1·19
Birmingham	113	—	—
Limpley Stoke	93	2	2·15
Yorkshire (Rom.Cath.)	70	2	2·86
Doncaster	79	—	—
Wakefield	54	3	5·55
	1,838	44	2·39

Reformatory School.	Total No. of Discharges from the School, deducting the dead and transferred.	Re-convictions in 1869.	Per-centage.
SCOTLAND.			
BOYS—			
Old Mill	183	12	6·56
Wellington Farm	150	11	7·33
Rossie	86	9	10·47
Inverness	86	7	8·14
Glasgow	878	56	6·34
Parkhead (Roman Catholic).	337	46	13·63
Kibble	119	2	1·68
Stanraer	116	2	1·72
Total	1,955	145	7·42
GIRLS—			
Aberdeen	27	1	3·7
Dalry	96	8	8·33
Inverness	8	1	12·5
Glasgow	279	12	4·3
Dalbeth (R. Cath.)	154	10	6·49
Paisley	25	2	8·
Stranraer	55	—	—
Total	644	34	5·28

ABSTRACT.

ENGLAND—			
Boys, Protestant	6,575	233	3·54
Boys, Rom. Cath.	1,695	112	6·61
	8,270	345	4·17
Girls, Protestant	1,438	33	2·29
Girls, Rom. Cath.	400	11	2·75
	1,838	44	2·39
SCOTLAND—			
Boys, Protestant	1,618	99	6·12
Boys, Rom. Cath.	337	46	1·36
	1,955	145	7·42
Girls, Protestant	490	24	4·9
Girls, Rom. Cath.	154	10	6·49
Total	644	34	5·28

NOTE.—The total number of discharges from Reformatory Schools for Great Britain up to December 31, 1869 (after deducting the dead and those transferred from one school to another), was—

England and Wales	Boys	8,360
	Girls	1,851
Scotland	Boys	1,955
	Girls	644
	Total	12,810

APPENDIX VIII. (*a.*)

RETURN showing COUNTIES from which JUVENILE OFFENDERS received in the Certified REFORMATORIES of ENGLAND and WALES from August 1854 to December 1869 have been COMMITTED, and the NUMBER of such OFFENDERS COMMITTED to PRISON in the same COUNTIES for the Fourteen Years ending September 29, 1869.

APPENDIX VIII. (*a.*)

RETURN showing COUNTIES from which JUVENILE OFFENDERS received in the Certi- 1869, have been COMMITTED and the NUMBER of such Offenders COMMITTED to

	Bedford.	Berks.	Bucks.	Cambridge.	Cheshire.	Cornwall.	Cumberland.	Derby.	Devon.	Dorset.	Durham.	Essex.	Gloucester.	Hereford.	Herts.	Huntingdon.	Kent.	Lancashire.	Leicestershire.	Lincoln.	Middlesex.
	Commitments to Reformatories to December 31, 1869.																				
Boys -	109	105	50	61	310	49	55	116	238	105	353	130	478	60	92	8	302	2,846	77	85	1,086
Girls -	10	15	10	8	79	14	5	36	76	23	129	27	111	11	7	6	65	561	19	38	427
	Annual Commitments of Juvenile Offenders to Prison for the Fourteen Years ending September 29, 1869.																				
Boys:																					
1856 -	46	68	46	52	242	31	44	70	202	52	73	175	382	18	94	11	285	1,737	84	63	3,606
1857 -	42	62	38	62	179	40	22	69	188	47	213	163	297	18	58	9	279	1,539	110	89	3,123
1858 -	25	62	40	35	149	29	41	49	153	38	158	128	226	14	65	23	225	1,226	139	77	2,044
1859 -	28	45	42	46	117	16	23	39	159	22	137	86	259	25	49	9	236	1,033	89	77	2,281
1860 -	33	59	23	66	132	44	16	46	146	35	85	126	218	34	52	12	257	890	74	74	1,865
1861 -	47	83	38	54	118	44	12	36	168	38	117	148	261	25	54	9	231	937	84	89	1,762
1862 -	34	76	43	54	99	38	26	49	187	33	129	118	271	17	45	12	273	994	101	95	1,335
1863 -	34	91	29	40	158	35	30	39	181	31	145	134	299	27	65	9	220	1,033	94	80	1,426
1864 -	36	72	27	48	131	35	23	52	188	48	128	140	214	26	37	8	231	884	85	121	1,864
1865 -	44	49	30	27	161	35	12	44	113	48	157	147	289	29	51	12	265	1,041	83	114	2,111
1866 -	31	84	27	37	138	42	22	59	102	32	165	156	265	39	69	14	251	1,058	78	106	2,126
1867 -	36	74	43	38	106	56	23	70	168	38	145	170	235	35	72	14	316	1,106	72	94	2,150
1868 -	25	54	32	33	111	42	24	96	142	41	141	172	295	31	72	10	334	1,226	66	137	1,976
1869 -	29	51	54	48	97	18	28	91	182	27	184	191	224	47	40	25	303	1,425	63	126	2,207
Girls:																					
1856 -	2	18	5	5	47	12	9	10	34	8	20	17	61	5	12	4	53	430	16	25	507
1857 -	3	14	4	8	31	3	11	12	36	7	37	13	48	7	4	5	50	286	16	20	398
1858 -	5	7	2	4	18	12	5	4	35	12	39	15	25	4	6	6	34	202	18	39	368
1859 -	4	12	2	5	20	13	6	23	22	6	30	12	31	3	1	1	40	171	11	25	278
1860 -	3	14	5	5	25	10	4	16	33	10	25	16	41	3	5	2	38	155	6	26	315
1861 -	5	18	6	11	15	8	3	11	52	4	23	19	40	4	4	5	55	188	21	26	287
1862 -	2	11	5	7	24	11	6	9	39	7	31	19	25	7	5	5	33	176	14	31	176
1863 -	3	7	2	8	27	9	12	9	50	5	43	18	27	4	5	4	24	164	7	20	238
1864 -	1	10	6	11	32	12	6	10	30	6	44	15	38	3	6	.	41	174	11	37	256
1865 -	3	5	4	7	19	8	8	12	19	4	26	18	50	9	8	2	43	162	10	20	266
1866 -	1	11	9	8	30	6	1	5	17	3	20	13	39	2	6	2	28	158	10	19	273
1867 -	3	10	3	8	24	7	2	9	25	4	35	23	54	6	14	1	54	159	17	16	231
1868 -	1	6	7	6	26	11	9	10	23	9	48	21	34	4	10	4	26	188	7	31	231
1869 -	3	9	2	5	21	11	7	13	24	5	41	15	23	8	4	2	30	238	19	31	287

Note.—The Youthful Offenders Act requires that every Young Offender sentenced to Detention
Numbers returned above as committed to Prison

APPENDIX VIII. (*a.*)

fied REFORMATORIES of ENGLAND and WALES from August 1854 to December PRISON in the same COUNTIES for the Fourteen Years ending September 29, 1869.

Monmouth.	Norfolk.	Northampton.	Northumberld.	Nottingham.	Oxford.	Rutland.	Salop.	Somerset.	Southampton.	Stafford.	Suffolk.	Surrey.	Sussex.	Warwickshire.	Westmoreland.	Wilts.	Worcester.	Yorkshire.	Glamorgan.	Other Welsh Counties.	TOTALS.	
Commitments to Reformatories to December 31, 1869.																						
54	198	108	379	161	33	.	46	257	204	301	160	823	140	714	17	117	196	1,419	122	91	12,732	Boys.
40	20	17	54	20	6	1	17	84	30	102	19	109	30	139	2	31	50	367	22	46	2,875	Girls.
Annual Commitments of Juvenile Offenders to Prison for the Fourteen Years ending September 29, 1869.																						Boys:
42	187	79	220	119	44	4	67	171	239	209	123	1,317	150	366	12	37	80	796	92	64	11,808	1856.
35	188	63	162	134	43	4	28	142	255	222	104	1,437	146	309	12	56	61	568	132	64	10,822	1857.
42	147	64	188	132	53	2	31	100	189	189	79	968	94	221	9	47	75	510	114	37	8,837	1858.
21	116	67	150	88	23	1	46	132	144	179	78	701	107	199	8	59	74	443	95	33	7,582	1859.
43	140	44	87	69	27	4	36	87	182	235	67	611	100	130	5	44	84	384	60	39	6,765	1860.
27	210	72	107	123	45	8	48	120	201	245	64	716	117	186	5	50	84	480	64	48	7,373	1861.
37	206	63	118	102	67	5	62	123	223	205	112	737	144	165	5	45	65	463	62	42	7,080	1862.
43	201	55	129	110	41	2	40	128	229	170	78	780	108	179	7	54	72	495	48	39	7,208	1863.
26	198	56	119	120	36	2	34	118	242	191	81	845	130	201	21	47	57	499	74	32	7,536	1864.
31	167	53	150	167	53	3	51	127	222	185	95	1,073	123	215	12	40	76	546	52	38	8,350	1865.
33	162	60	110	119	35	2	46	121	221	220	81	902	103	226	14	80	72	495	76	26	8,099	1866.
35	126	65	134	88	55	6	30	90	220	244	91	907	95	212	11	49	78	542	92	36	8,285	1867.
41	185	53	163	108	47	3	64	111	224	241	112	994	129	292	7	80	132	513	98	45	8,702	1868.
38	132	68	96	114	61	.	50	104	267	221	63	972	151	253	1	67	82	549	65	73	8,956	1869.
																						Girls:
34	18	10	79	17	7	.	20	35	42	77	15	161	31	63	8	9	29	111	90	20	2,178	1856.
13	15	9	36	23	7	.	17	36	23	22	7	144	38	45	1	12	22	94	86	16	1,079	1857.
14	11	9	33	17	6	1	12	28	27	26	21	117	23	28	3	7	27	129	77	16	1,492	1858.
10	8	8	46	13	5	.	8	15	31	37	11	143	26	39	5	15	18	90	63	8	1,330	1859.
23	17	15	23	10	5	.	12	12	34	57	13	77	27	32	3	9	16	87	26	9	1,264	1860.
29	29	10	34	6	5	.	10	31	39	65	17	94	23	31	2	12	22	112	32	11	1,428	1861.
32	18	11	16	14	8	3	15	24	40	86	19	97	26	30	1	15	31	84	42	14	1,269	1862.
14	17	6	36	16	10	.	13	21	25	66	11	107	30	40	2	4	21	84	43	10	1,251	1863.
13	20	7	31	11	9	2	11	17	40	59	10	102	28	32	.	12	16	100	31	21	1,321	1864.
13	20	7	26	25	4	.	9	10	44	53	7	108	31	45	.	7	35	94	28	13	1,200	1865.
17	18	10	22	18	11	1	9	28	52	59	7	88	25	59	2	10	16	88	41	6	1,257	1866.
12	15	13	25	17	18	1	15	15	44	80	13	90	28	53	2	21	23	104	28	15	1,346	1867.
23	21	15	29	17	7	.	13	18	34	120	19	87	24	52	1	10	20	109	31	15	1,377	1868.
22	13	4	14	15	12	1	5	20	24	87	11	75	30	50	.	11	18	91	43	14	1,358	1869.

in a Reformatory School should undergo a previous Imprisonment of at least 10 days. The include those also sentenced to Reformatories.

APPENDIX VIII. (*b.*) - - - -

RETURN showing the NUMBER of CHILDREN COMMITTED to REFORMATORY Years 1861 to

COUNTIES.	1861.			1862.			1863.			1864.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Bedford	11	.	11	7	.	7	6	.	6	8	.	8
Berks	9	1	10	11	.	11	7	3	10	4	.	4
Bucks	5	1	6	3	1	4	2	.	2	1	.	1
Cambridge	8	.	8	1	3	4	5	.	5	7	1	8
Cheshire	14	4	18	20	8	28	21	8	29	20	8	28
Cornwall	2	.	2	2	1	3	4	.	4	7	1	8
Cumberland	4	.	4	3	.	3	.	1	1	5	.	5
Derby	9	3	12	10	4	14	7	7	14	10	2	12
Devon	21	10	31	17	5	22	13	6	19	19	5	24
Dorset	5	4	9	7	.	7	6	2	8	9	.	9
Durham	30	10	40	21	11	32	17	15	32	22	11	33
Essex	13	5	18	1	.	1	14	4	18	11	.	11
Gloucester	31	8	39	30	8	38	30	5	35	18	13	31
Hereford	6	.	6	4	1	5	2	.	2	4	.	4
Herts	12	.	12	9	.	9	5	.	5	6	3	9
Hunts	.	.	.	.	2	2	2	1	3	.	1	1
Kent	16	7	23	24	2	26	17	3	20	19	8	27
Lancashire	188	34	222	194	45	239	179	27	206	194	35	229
Leicestershire	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	.	3	2	.	2
Lincoln	3	3	6	5	3	8	6	5	11	6	3	9
Middlesex	172	59	231	93	23	116	43	27	70	64	26	90
Monmouth	7	7	14	2	3	5	5	1	6	1	2	3
Norfolk	10	2	12	11	1	12	14	1	15	11	2	13
Northampton	2	.	2	13	1	14	9	1	10	4	.	4
Northumberland	33	5	38	30	2	32	30	5	35	23	8	31
Notts	9	1	10	19	2	21	13	1	14	17	1	18
Oxford	8	.	8	3	.	3	1	.	1	3	1	4
Rutland	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Salop	7	.	7	5	1	6	.	1	1	5	.	5
Somerset	20	17	37	22	5	27	14	4	18	17	7	24
Southampton	8	5	13	10	2	12	13	1	14	14	.	14
Stafford	26	7	33	13	7	20	13	7	20	20	9	29
Suffolk	11	1	12	19	3	22	8	.	8	12	.	12
Surrey	63	12	75	60	15	75	37	8	45	66	6	72
Sussex	8	4	12	16	2	18	6	3	9	10	.	10
Warwickshire	68	10	78	33	3	36	51	6	57	53	11	64
Westmoreland	1	.	1	1	1	2	.	.	.	1	.	1
Wilts	5	2	7	7	2	9	4	1	5	2	1	3
Worcestershire	18	6	24	12	5	17	5	5	10	11	1	12
Yorkshire	98	31	129	71	23	94	105	24	129	101	21	122
Glamorgan	9	.	9	9	4	13	6	.	6	14	1	15
Other WELSH COUNTIES	7	1	8	6	.	6	2	4	6	9	4	13
Totals	978	261	1,239	825	201	1,026	725	187	912	830	192	1,022

APPENDIX VIII. (*b.*)

Schools in England and Wales from the different Counties, for the 1869 inclusive.

1865.			1866.			1867.			1868.			Counties.
Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
10	1	11	6	.	6	6	1	7	6	.	6	Bedford.
6	1	7	3	1	4	5	.	5	2	1	3	Berks.
2	.	2	6	3	9	12	1	13	4	.	4	Bucks.
4	.	4	3	3	6	10	.	10	2	.	2	Cambridge.
14	1	15	13	11	24	24	9	33	34	4	38	Cheshire.
5	.	5	5	1	6	8	3	11	7	3	10	Cornwall.
1	1	2	5	.	5	5	.	5	6	2	8	Cumberland.
2	1	3	9	.	9	16	4	20	17	.	17	Derby.
20	3	23	12	5	17	19	4	23	14	4	18	Devon.
8	2	10	7	2	9	12	1	13	12	4	16	Dorset.
24	13	37	29	7	36	29	19	48	18	12	30	Durham.
12	4	16	12	2	14	12	2	14	22	5	27	Essex.
29	14	43	32	13	45	35	12	47	42	12	54	Gloucester.
7	3	10	5	1	6	2	1	3	3	1	4	Hereford.
5	.	5	9	.	9	6	.	6	4	.	4	Herts.
.	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	4	.	.	.	Hunts.
24	6	30	16	4	20	21	6	27	44	5	49	Kent.
276	47	323	230	40	270	211	23	234	220	36	256	Lancashire.
5	.	5	5	2	7	9	1	10	4	1	5	Leicestershire.
10	2	12	8	4	12	17	2	19	5	5	10	Lincoln.
100	50	150	160	40	200	204	43	247	108	30	138	Middlesex.
6	2	8	6	1	7	7	2	9	3	5	8	Monmouth.
6	1	7	14	1	15	11	3	14	19	6	25	Norfolk.
3	4	7	3	1	4	4	1	5	10	1	11	Northampton.
24	2	26	22	5	27	16	4	20	21	6	27	Northumberla
6	1	7	17	4	21	15	2	17	18	.	18	Notts.
1	2	3	2	.	2	3	1	4	.	1	1	Oxford.
.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	Rutland.
2	1	3	4	.	4	1	1	2	4	6	10	Salop.
26	7	33	30	7	37	20	5	25	22	4	26	Somerset.
18	1	19	14	6	20	17	4	21	14	4	18	Southampton.
27	13	40	32	9	41	32	8	40	30	14	44	Stafford.
7	.	7	12	.	12	8	6	14	14	1	15	Suffolk.
67	14	81	112	14	126	77	11	88	97	9	106	Surrey.
9	4	13	12	3	15	11	1	12	10	2	12	Sussex.
63	14	77	47	16	63	38	6	44	44	14	58	Warwickshire.
2	.	2	3	.	3	.	.	.	3	.	3	Westmoreland.
7	.	7	13	6	19	10	2	12	23	2	25	Wilts.
8	6	14	14	6	20	20	4	24	13	2	15	Worcestershire.
119	29	148	113	29	142	123	33	156	135	35	170	Yorkshire.
15	1	16	8	2	10	15	6	21	10	2	12	Glamorgan.
4	5	9	11	2	13	10	5	21	8	3	11	Other Welsh Counties.
93	256	1,249	1,064	251	1,315	1,110	238	1,348	1,072	242	1,314	Totals.

APPENDIX VIII. (*b.*)

RETURN showing the Number of Children committed to Reformatory Schools in England and Wales from the different Counties, for the Years 1861 to 1869 inclusive—*continued.*

COUNTIES.	1869.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Bedford	10	3	13
Berks	4	1	5
Bucks	8	1	9
Cambridge	9	.	9
Cheshire	18	8	26
Cornwall	8	2	10
Cumberland	3	.	3
Derby	13	2	15
Devon	28	8	36
Dorset	7	2	9
Durham	18	11	29
Essex	17	3	20
Gloucester	29	4	33
Hereford	16	1	17
Herts	8	.	8
Hunts	2	.	2
Kent	62	14	76
Lancashire	206	35	241
Leicestershire	8	3	11
Lincoln	6	4	10
Middlesex	150	38	188
Monmouth	3	7	10
Norfolk	9	1	10
Northampton	9	1	10
Northumberland	14	6	20
Notts	17	4	21
Oxford	1	1	2
Rutland	.	.	.
Salop	3	1	4
Somerset	23	11	34
Southampton	23	.	23
Stafford	30	16	46
Suffolk	9	2	11
Surrey	93	7	100
Sussex	9	5	14
Warwickshire	49	6	55
Westmoreland	.	.	.
Wilts	6	4	10
Worcestershire	18	3	21
Yorkshire	113	32	145
Glamorganshire	5	3	8
Other WELSH COUNTIES	11	6	17
TOTALS	1,075	256	1,331

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools.

RETURN

OF

Receipts and Expenditure on account of Maintenance, Industrial Training, &c.

For the Year ending December 31, 1869.

Note.—The following Tables have been prepared with the view,—1st, of showing the cost of each Certified Reformatory under the distinct heads of management, maintenance and disposal of inmates, and buildings; and 2dly, of comparing the expenses of the different schools fairly together, and so enabling the various managers to judge what the charges for their schools ought to be.

In reference to the first of these objects,—All charges connected with the superintendence, food, clothing, and lodging of the inmates are classed and summed up separately. The result gives the cost of maintenance and training, and divided by the average number of inmates gives the cost per head for these.

Rent of school premises, cost of disposal of inmates by emigration or employment in England, and building expenses, are taken separately. The rent of the land attached to the school is included in the "Farm account," and makes an item in the industrial expenses.

The profit or loss on account of the industrial departments are given separately. In estimating the profit or loss of the industrial employments carried on in any reformatory, the increase or decrease of the value of the stock has been taken into account.

In reference to the second object,—The schools are arranged according to the number of their inmates, boys' schools and girls' schools being classed respectively together, and the Scotch reformatories being taken separately from the English ones, The annual cost of food and clothing of the inmates is added as an important element of the comparison.

It will be seen that the cost per head for food in the year 1869, averaged—

	£	s.	d.
For boys, England	7	1	10
For boys, Scotland	6	14	1
For girls, England	6	9	1
For girls, Scotland	5	10	2

Also, that the cost per head for clothing averaged—

For boys, England	2	3	11
For boys, Scotland	2	13	6
For girls, England	1	18	5
For girls, Scotland	1	13	4

	£	s.	d.
The total Expenditure for Reformatories for the year was	118,418	19	11

The Receipts were—

* Treasury payments for maintenance	82,357	15	7
† Parents' payments through Inspector	808	9	6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	7,730	5	7
Contributions from Rates	18,041	15	5
Ditto Voluntary Associations and Payments for voluntary inmates	554	10	2
Sundries	2,206	19	8
Profit on Industrial Departments	13,556	5	6
Total	£125,256	1	5

* These items comprise the amounts actually paid within the year, that is, those due for the last quarter of 1868 and the first three quarters of 1869.

† The total sum received from parents and parochial boards during the year amounts to—

	£	s.	d.
For Reformatory Schools	3,240	13	6
For Industrial Schools	3,606	11	0
	£ 6,847	4	6

The sum given above represents one quarter's receipts only for Reformatories. These contributions are now paid over directly to the Treasury.

A separate table [Appendix IX. (*b.*)] is annexed at the end of these returns, showing, in one view, the total cost per head of each reformatory to its supporters under all the ordinary heads of expenditure for the year. In this the total cost for maintenance and management is first given, including rent. The amount expended on the emigration or other mode of disposal of the inmate, follows next, and then the profit realized or the loss sustained from the industrial department. The result divided by the number of inmates gives the net expense of each inmate for the year.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of

Receipts and Expenditure.	England—Boys.				
	Monmouth. Boys, 18. Officers, 3.	Essex. Boys, 29. Officers, 3.	Devon and Exeter. Boys, 31. Officers, 5.	Bedford. Boys, 32. Officers, 5.	Wood-bury Hill. Boys, 39. Officers, 4.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	276 6 7	463 10 0	450 5 6	476 1 6	616 9 11
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	4 5 6	7 17 3	9 14 3	10 1 0	5 6 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	20 1 0	77 16 0	84 15 0	- -	- -
Payments from Rates	9 11 0	- -	199 13 0	177 18 4	38 3 10
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Sundries	- -	33 12 10	- -	8 0 11	- -
Total Receipts	310 4 1	582 16 1	744 7 9	672 1 9	660 0 6
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	98 14 3	147 2 8	158 10 8	254 19 3	200 3 10
Food of Inmates	103 12 0	217 19 11	271 18 5	226 14 6	378 5 7
Clothing „	34 10 10	72 7 5	92 14 11	79 9 3	119 5 8
Washing, Fuel, and Light	14 12 7	56 13 2	56 4 8	60 15 4	43 18 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	10 1 0	6 14 7	43 8 5	40 10 6	3 3 2
Furniture and House Sundries	4 2 5	15 17 6	43 3 8	21 4 8	18 1 8
Printing and Office Expenses	5 14 3	21 7 9	23 6 10	15 2 3	16 2 4
Travelling and Police	8 18 0	18 17 2	10 0 0	5 1 9	13 8 4
Medical Expenses and Funerals	5 0 0	11 10 0	11 19 5	15 12 1	14 10 6
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	3 4 1	22 3 1	6 10 1	- -	4 11 1
Total Ordinary Charges	288 9 5	590 13 8	717 17 1	719 9 7	806 19 2
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	16 0 6	20 7 4	23 3 2	22 9 8	20 13 10
Ditto Food	5 15 1	7 10 4	8 15 5	7 1 8	9 11 5
Ditto Clothing	1 18 5	2 9 10	2 19 10	2 9 8	3 1 2
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	- -	34 8 0	19 10 0	- -	- -
Disposal, Home	3 2 2	13 15 7	26 6 8	6 9 9	15 0 8
„ Emigration	- -	- -	- -	18 18 0	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries.	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Total Extra Charges	3 2 2	48 3 7	45 16 8	25 7 9	15 0 8
Total Expenditure	291 11 7	638 16 10	763 13 9	744 17 4	821 10 10
Industrial Departments.					
Profit	96 1 9	125 5 8	64 19 8	204 8 0	151 8 2
Loss	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE of, for 1869.

ENGLAND—BOYS.					
GLAMORGAN. Boys, 41. Officers, 5.	DORSET. Boys, 42. Officers, 3.	BUXTON. Boys, 42. Officers, 4.	NORTHAMPTON. Boys, 42. Officers, 3.	CUMBERLAND. Boys, 45. Officers, 5.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
628 18 1	627 0 10	622 14 0	636 10 3	670 11 5	Treasury Allowance.
1 12 6	5 8 3	8 17 9	8 5 0	10 12 6	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
169 7 0	52 17 0	75 16 1	47 18 0	90 11 3	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
214 0 0	29 10 0	1 9 0	96 3 4	125 14 4	Payments from Rates.
- -	- -	51 0 0	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
12 5 2	11 9 11	- -	- -	- -	Sundries.
1,026 2 9	726 6 0	759 16 10	788 16 7	897 9 6	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
271 4 10	152 3 4	143 1 6	178 14 4	208 0 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
302 15 3	280 10 4	290 2 4	313 15 3	318 8 2	Food of Inmates.
59 4 6	97 6 10	111 13 4	76 12 6	117 10 2	Clothing ,,
34 3 6	55 0 1	42 6 6	64 15 6	39 4 2	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
10 2 6	13 16 2	53 14 11	30 4 7	7 11 6	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
54 17 10	8 16 11	34 6 8	114 9 8	29 3 10	Furniture and House Sundries.
68 19 2	12 0 5	14 14 10	16 2 6	13 15 4	Printing and Office Expenses.
18 5 2	11 0 10	0 15 0	5 4 3	10 14 7	Travelling and Police.
8 17 4	5 4 9	7 2 1	5 16 0	5 14 1	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
3 1 8	22 17 11	10 3 2	33 8 8	1 12 10	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
826 11 2	658 17 7	703 0 4	830 3 3	746 14 8	Total Ordinary Charges.
20 3 2	15 13 9	16 17 1	19 10 7	16 11 11	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
7 7 8	6 13 7	6 18 2	7 9 5	7 1 6	Ditto Food.
1 8 10	2 6 4	2 13 2	1 16 6	2 12 3	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
30 0 0	- -	13 0 0	- -	55 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
36 2 6	30 1 8	13 15 10	42 13 9	31 9 5	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	55 7 8	- -	- -	,, Emigration.
- -	38 1 9	63 8 1	290 0 0	- -	Building Land, and Sundries.
66 2 6	68 8 5	146 11 7	332 13 9	86 9 5	Total Extra Charges.
892 13 8	727 1 0	863 11 11	1,171 17 0	833 4 1	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
131 8 4	175 2 11	47 11 0	202 3 5	- -	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	82 1 1	Loss.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.				
	Herts. Boys, 49. Officers, 4.	Hardwicke. Boys, 50. Officers, 5.	Wilts. Boys, 52. Officers, 6.	Home in the East. Boys, 58. Officers, 6.	Hants. Boys, 60. Officers, 7.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance - -	763 12 5	739 7 3	816 13 9	900 10 4	911 13 1
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	14 2 0	10 2 9	6 6 0	11 19 0	14 17 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c. -	40 1 4	- -	12 2 0	98 6 6	389 6 10
Payments from Rates - -	102 18 6	289 3 9	336 4 1	3 18 0	473 1 6
Payments from Voluntary Associations - -	6 12 0	- -	- -	- -	- -
Sundries - - - - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	19 10 0
Total Receipts -	936 7 0	1,038 13 9	1,171 5 10	1,014 13 10	1,808 8 11
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations -	302 15 10	245 8 3	275 9 4	334 5 4	326 18 7
Food of Inmates - -	383 0 4	356 8 6	421 0 5	431 2 11	420 9 7
Clothing „ - - -	105 5 4	134 8 4	76 11 4	76 9 7	171 13 11
Washing, Fuel, and Light -	57 15 0	90 8 2	55 15 3	74 1 3	90 6 2
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes -	4 19 0	- -	70 12 7	39 10 7	84 16 9
Furniture and House Sundries	50 8 7	95 15 1	51 7 2	26 8 2	71 11 8
Printing and Office Expenses	13 3 6	39 10 7	34 8 4	18 7 4	45 9 5
Travelling and Police - -	4 0 1	38 19 5	15 5 7	2 9 7	9 16 9
Medical Expenses and Funerals	12 3 9	10 11 4	18 10 8	17 14 4	5 9 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c. - -	2 2 0	4 9 0	17 11 8	1 2 4	62 7 10
Total Ordinary Charges -	935 13 5	1,015 18 8	1,036 7 4	1,021 11 5	1,239 0 5
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management -	19 1 11	20 6 4	19 18 7	17 11 11	21 9 8
Ditto Food - - -	7 16 4	7 2 7	8 1 11	7 8 8	7 0 2
Ditto Clothing - -	2 2 11	2 13 9	1 9 5	1 6 4	2 17 3
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises -	92 4 10	70 10 6	- -	42 14 6	32 0 0
Disposal, Home - - -	14 7 4	33 7 9	18 14 10	25 19 11	56 7 0
„ Emigration - -	47 13 6	11 2 10	21 18 10	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	108 0 0	- -	210 17 9
Total Extra Charges -	154 5 8	115 1 1	148 13 8	68 14 5	299 4 9
Total Expenditure -	1,089 19 1	1,130 19 9	1,185 1 0	1,090 5 10	1,538 5 2
Industrial Departments.					
Profit - - - -	160 14 4	154 17 2	185 6 0	87 17 7	- -
Loss - -		- -	- -	- -	31 12 11

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—Boys.					
Suffolk. Boys, 61. Officers, 5.	Bradwall. Boys, 64. Officers, 6.	Castle Howard. Boys, 64. Officers, 8.	Manchester and Salford. Boys, 67. Officers, 6.	Warwickshire. Boys, 65. Officers, 10.	Receipts and Expenditure.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
					Receipts.
947 10 7	986 13 11	959 10 4	978 0 2	929 15 10	Treasury Allowance.
22 12 10	22 6 5	34 8 9	25 18 0	18 3 0	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
- -	- -	172 14 6	308 9 1	297 6 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
41 2 6	277 14 6	366 17 5	273 17 2	- -	Payments from Rates.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations
- -	20 15 6	- -	- -	70 9 11	Sundries.
1,011 5 11	1,307 10 4	1,533 11 0	1,586 4 5	1,315 15 3	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
240 15 0	383 2 6	357 0 11	273 17 0	362 2 2	Officers' Pay and Rations.
372 8 6	460 11 11	485 2 8	384 9 11	410 4 2	Food of Inmates.
78 2 5	94 3 10	125 16 7	113 13 3	126 6 7	Clothing „
52 17 7	52 5 1	83 11 5	90 12 5	115 16 8	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
28 1 11	28 19 2	1 4 0	79 14 0	74 3 9	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
34 19 4	17 11 11	74 13 3	54 0 9	51 13 10	Furniture and House Sundries.
26 6 8	6 13 10	76 9 5	50 2 1	94 17 3	Printing and Office Expenses.
4 11 0	2 0 3	43 16 6	13 0 5	2 8 7	Travelling and Police.
7 0 10	19 0 4	16 5 0	7 0 3	26 2 3	Medical Expenses and Funerals
8 14 8	41 5 2	- -	18 10 9	29 12 10	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
853 12 11	1,095 12 0	1,203 19 9	1,090 0 10	1,293 8 1	Total Ordinary Charges.
13 10 10	17 2 5	19 14 11	16 5 5	19 17 11	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
6 2 0	7 0 10	7 11 7	5 14 9	6 6 3	Ditto Food.
1 5 7	1 9 5	1 19 4	1 15 5	1 18 10	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
18 0 0	- -	- -	- -	- -	Rent of School Premises.
112 14 2	10 12 1	144 17 6	68 2 10	79 1 0	Disposal, Home.
- -	40 13 1	- -	- -	162 19 8	„ Emigration.
- -	- -	165 11 9	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries
130 14 2	51 5 2	310 9 3	68 2 10	242 0 8	Total Extra Charges.
984 7 1	1,146 17 2	1,574 9 0	1,158 3 8	1,535 8 9	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
- -	178 2 10	248 2 0	110 9 10	158 0 1	Profit.
21 14 11	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.											
	Stoke Farm. Boys, 73. Officers, 9.			Saltley. Boys, 80. Officers, 10.			Leeds. Boys, 82. Officers, 7.			Calder Farm. Boys, 83. Officers, 8.			North Lancashire. Boys, 102. Officers, 10.		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance	1,079	18	10	1,154	8	5	1,261	18	11	1,239	3	7	1,500	0	3
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	4	5	0	17	4	3	12	4	0	25	19	3	28	6	7
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	200	0	0	114	18	0	194	16	6	100	0	0	-	-	-
Payments from Rates	-	-	-	230	9	0	327	12	8	318	11	3	348	12	3
Payments from Voluntary Associations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sundries	-	-	-	100	19	5	1	3	6	-	-	-	3	6	1
Total Receipts	1,284	3	10	1,637	19	1	1,797	15	7	1,683	14	1	1,880	5	2
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations	346	5	6	435	16	2	270	8	8	419	17	7	375	8	7
Food of Inmates	523	15	8	444	15	8	528	13	9	623	2	3	589	15	10
Clothing „	183	18	6	146	14	2	238	11	5	166	0	3	190	11	3
Washing, Fuel, and Light	77	8	9	69	8	3	76	14	10	105	3	3	108	15	10
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	54	7	10	129	3	4	98	5	3	44	7	11	13	2	7
Furniture and House Sundries	53	7	9	98	13	0	90	10	1	74	5	1	23	12	11
Printing and Office Expenses	30	3	1	43	13	5	40	10	10	25	5	5	48	7	7
Travelling and Police	19	4	5	7	4	2	31	3	3	9	9	8	16	4	4
Medical Expenses and Funerals	0	13	2	19	11	2	13	4	1	12	15	3	7	7	1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	28	0	7	52	19	3	29	12	11	36	18	11	40	1	11
Total Ordinary Charges	1,327	5	3	1,447	13	7	1,417	15	1	1,522	5	7	1,422	7	11
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	18	3	8	18	19	2	17	5	10	18	6	10	13	18	11
Ditto Food	7	4	10	5	11	3	6	8	11	7	11	4	5	15	8
Ditto Clothing	2	11	9	1	16	8	2	18	2	2	0	0	1	17	4
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises	40	0	0	-		-	-		-	185	0	0	62	14	7
Disposal, Home	-		-	-		-	22	0	6	3	18	6	53	16	1
„ Emigration	6	8	2	39	0	1	-		-	13	15	5	8	5	0
Building, Land, and Sundries	-		-	223	0	0	-		-	8	17	4	77	17	10
Total Extra Charges	46	8	2	262	0	1	22	0	6	211	11	3	202	13	6
Total Expenditure	1,373	13	5	1,709	13	8	1,439	15	7	1,733	16	10	1,625	1	5
Industrial Departments.															
Profit	-		-	52	19	1	-		-	101	15	1	129	17	7
Loss	38	18	1	-		-	53	5	0	-	-	-	-		-

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.)

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued*.

ENGLAND—Boys.												
Liverpool Farm.			North Eastern.			Kingswood.			Brook Green. Rom. Cath.			Wandsworth.			Receipts and Expenditure.
Boys, 128. Officers, 10.			Boys, 140. Officers, 15.			Boys, 143. Officers, 13.			Boys, 144. Officers, 10.			Boys, 168 " 88 256 Officers, 16.			
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
															Receipts.
1,954	10	0	2,118	4	6	2,125	11	1	2,231	2	4	2,598	16	0	Treasury Allowance.
20	8	6	28	19	9	19	0	3	5	11	0	27	17	0	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
256	15	8	323	2	0	68	13	5	162	8	0	200	0	0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
281	4	5	-		-	714	3	7	405	10	2	820	5	5	Payments from Rates.
-		-	-		-	-		-	58	0	0	-		-	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
-		-	42	6	10	5	0	11	-		-	-		-	Sundries.
2,512	18	7	2,582	13	1	2,932	9	3	2,862	11	6	3,646	18	5	Total Receipts.
															Expenditure.
															Ordinary Charges.
336	15	3	545	4	4	486	12	7	381	0	0	580	10	0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
767	2	8	1,151	17	7	956	13	4	1,239	18	8	1,941	16	3	Food of Inmates.
283	5	9	200	17	5	236	6	5	316	18	0	526	14	0	Clothing "
100	14	9	97	13	9	71	14	2	114	11	11	227	13	11	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
92	18	2	92	7	3	126	17	6	58	13	2	256	1	0	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
107	13	0	105	7	0	216	3	9	139	1	3	343	1	0	Furniture and House Sundries.
120	5	4	113	2	6	72	16	8	35	14	1	63	4	11	Printing and Office Expenses.
42	5	8	33	19	9	9	14	8	12	15	5	67	18	0	Travelling and Police.
37	10	6	29	3	5	41	6	2	23	10	9	113	18	0	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
24	14	3	52	0	2	31	0	1	55	15	2	88	3	8	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,981	10	4	2,426	13	2	2,240	5	4	2,407	18	5	4,209	0	9	Total Ordinary Charges.
15	0	7	17	6	8	15	14	7	16	14	5	16	8	10	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
5	19	10	8	4	7	6	13	10	8	12	2	7	11	8	Ditto Food.
2	4	3	1	8	8	1	13	1	2	8	2	2	1	2	Ditto Clothing.
															Extra Charges.
176	5	3	-		-	-		-	136	1	3	150	0	0	Rent of School Premises.
200	1	0	107	12	2	45	0	0	52	10	0	70	4	0	Disposal, Home.
18	9	0	-		-	198	10	4	15	0	0	65	9	6	" Emigration.
116	15	6	13	17	10	231	3	2	860	0	0	830	0	0	Building, Land, and Sundries.
511	10	9	121	10	0	474	13	6	1,063	11	3	1,115	13	6	Total Extra Charges.
2,493	1	1	2,548	3	2	2,723	18	10	3,471	9	8	5,324	14	3*	Total Expenditure.
															Industrial Departments.
218	8	10	468	17	6	709	17	4	713	17	7	813	17	11	Profit.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss.

* The expenditure includes that of the Surrey Industrial School.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Boys.				
	"Akbar." Boys, 170. Officers, 11.	"Clarence." Rom. Cath. Boys, 204. Officers, 11.	"Cornwall." Boys, 254. Officers, 12.	Market Weighton. Rom. Cath. Boys, 220. Officers, 20.	Mt. Saint Bernard's. Rom. Cath. Boys, 273. Officers, 24.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	2,625 15 4	3,374 0 10	3,913 2 8	3,206 18 5	4,036 10 8
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	35 8 0	14 5 9	57 7 0	14 7 9	10 18 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	241 15 4	212 13 0	154 17 0	119 16 9	329 15 3
Payments from Rates	448 4 9	600 17 0	1,204 10 11	1,027 16 8	1,385 14 1
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- -	- -	- -	10 18 1	92 5 5
Sundries	136 10 6	114 7 0	157 7 0	19 3 0	27 9 2
Total Receipts	3,487 13 11	4,316 3 7	5,547 4 7	4,489 0 8	5,912 13 1
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	1,198 11 9	1,213 8 4	1,804 14 9	705 7 6	662 9 11
Food of Inmates	926 0 8	1,132 2 1	1,668 13 6	1,531 13 5	2,305 5 10
Clothing „	420 10 11	513 9 3	590 11 9	701 15 11	731 9 10
Washing, Fuel, and Light	89 3 11	95 6 1	227 19 4	202 16 6	310 2 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	322 17 2	609 7 9	85 15 9	139 9 11	239 11 2
Furniture and House Sundries	22 5 11	- -	241 18 5	81 16 9	77 5 10
Printing and Office Expenses	112 4 5	38 7 4	98 5 9	107 6 5	144 8 1
Travelling and Police	13 11 11	9 17 5	129 2 8	43 7 7	126 4 10
Medical Expenses and Funerals	72 6 1	106 4 5	128 15 11	61 14 0	88 16 1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	31 14 2	174 5 4	79 14 2	47 19 4	125 2 2
Total Ordinary Charges	3,209 6 11	3,892 8 0	4,555 12 0	3,622 18 4	4,810 15 9
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	18 17 7	19 1 7	17 18 8	16 9 4	17 12 5
Ditto Food	5 8 11	5 10 11	6 11 5	6 19 3	8 8 11
Ditto Clothing	2 9 6	2 10 4	2 6 6	3 3 9	2 13 7
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	- -	- -	- -	129 11 2	164 12 3
Disposal, Home	136 18 8	201 15 2	354 14 7	206 11 7	198 8 7
„ Emigration	- -	- -	- -	55 15 3	77 12 10
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	926 19 10	292 8 0	34 3 2
Total Extra Charges	136 18 8	201 15 2	1,281 14 5	684 6 0	469 16 10
Total Expenditure	3,346 5 7	4,094 3 2	5,837 6 5	4,307 4 4	5,280 12 7
Industrial Departments.					
Profit	259 0 5	30 10 6	166 19 10	385 9 9	573 6 0
Loss	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.)

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued*.

ENGLAND—Girls.					
Red Hill. Boys, 292. Officers, 34.	Warwickshire. Girls, 23 Officers, 4	Ipswich. Girls, 28. Officers, 2.	Surrey. Girls, 30. Officers, 3.	Birmingham. Girls, 47. Officers, 4.	Receipts and Expenditure.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
4,495 18 4	357 7 6	428 7 6	439 6 10	689 8 1	Treasury Allowance.
59 11 6	5 10 0	4 13 6	5 9 6	12 16 0	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
422 16 10	744 7 6	172 6 6*	28 5 0	60 13 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
1,304 2 4	35 16 8	- -	180 15 10	119 12 2	Payments from Rates.
189 14 8	- -	- -	7 16 0	9 0 0	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
99 12 2	233 0 11	- -	- -	- -	Sundries.
6,571 15 10	1,376 2 7	605 7 4	661 13 2	891 9 9	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
1,979 12 1	192 8 1	125 0 0	168 9 4	233 15 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
2,412 5 2	125 17 3	251 16 8	203 18 10	269 11 10	Food of Inmates.
634 17 0	70 3 6	62 1 10	52 10 10	53 16 7	Clothing ,,
403 13 8	39 16 10	45 8 10	40 9 0	25 1 11	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
338 3 8	8 18 9	58 8 11	17 15 9	69 10 7	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
215 6 4	20 3 6	22 9 1	40 0 9	22 4 11	Furniture and House Sundries.
360 9 0	38 17 3	21 1 6	10 2 10	10 4 10	Printing and Office Expenses.
100 1 2	12 4 9	- -	3 1 4	6 10 5	Travelling and Police.
73 11 6	5 9 9	8 8 0	5 14 4	4 17 1	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
74 13 5	14 12 10	16 0 2	28 15 2	62 0 7	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
6,592 13 0	537 12 6	600 15 0	579 18 2	748 13 9	Total Ordinary Charges.
22 11 7	23 7 6	21 9 1	19 6 7	15 18 7	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
8 5 3	5 9 0	8 12 9	6 15 11	5 10 11	Ditto Food.
2 3 6	3 1 0	2 4 4	1 15 0	1 2 11	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
- -	3 11 11	- -	43 17 0	99 18 4	Rent of School Premises.
72 16 8	25 2 2	71 7 6	20 8 5	15 14 11	Disposal, Home.
497 16 9	- -	10 12 0	- -	- -	,, Emigration.
1,022 13 1	1,195 11 0	- -	- -	- -	Building, Land, and Sundries.
1,593 6 6	1,224 5 1	81 19 6	64 5 5	115 13 3	Total Extra Charges.
8,185 19 0	1,761 17 7	682 14 6	644 3 7	864 7 0	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
921 8 4*	30 4 4	206 14 11	119 7 10	168 0 0	Profit.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

* Realized profit, not including stock.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. *(a.)* - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—Girls.											
	Doncaster. Girls, 47. Officers, 4.			Toxteth Park. Girls, 51. Officers, 4.			Sunderland. Girls, 52. Officers, 3.			Devon and Exeter. Girls, 55. Officers, 5.			Limpley Stoke. Girls, 67. Officers, 6.		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance	729	8	3	748	5	6	768	4	7	870	4	2	978	10	3
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	19	11	3	15	6	9	6	8	0	12	0	0	10	17	6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	250	4	0	64	11	6	111	7	6	37	3	0	58	16	6
Payments from Rates	182	1	10	176	9	0	25	6	2	341	10	1	491	4	3
Payments from Voluntary Associations	-		-	-		-	14	8	0	-		-	-		-
Sundries	12	13	6	11	8	10	-		-	-		-	3	18	0
Total Receipts	1,193	18	10	1,016	1	7	925	14	3	1,260	17	3	1,543	6	6
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations	244	6	1	148	11	11	152	18	0	309	8	5	272	11	5
Food of Inmates	273	9	3	287	9	11	268	14	3	341	10	0	517	11	2
Clothing „	127	19	10	56	15	4	90	8	11	107	19	1	104	7	10
Washing, Fuel, and Light	54	19	11	28	16	9	89	6	1	134	0	2	153	5	3
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	40	3	7	42	0	8	15	9	4	86	19	10	72	18	9
Furniture and House Sundries	157	9	9	72	4	0	15	2	3	49	9	5	73	17	8
Printing and Office Expenses	70	14	7	8	6	7	28	1	7	74	0	8	46	3	11
Travelling and Police	19	11	3	4	6	2	5	1	9	1	0	0	22	7	6
Medical Expenses and Funerals	11	2	1	9	18	5	7	12	1	5	12	6	13	14	1
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	40	11	5	4	4	9	6	13	0	8	14	10	24	16	10
Total Ordinary Charges	1,049	7	9	662	14	6	679	7	3	1,118	14	11	1,361	14	5
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	22	6	7	12	19	10	13	1	4	20	6	10	20	6	6
Ditto Food	4	16	4	5	12	9	5	3	4	6	4	2	7	14	6
Ditto Clothing	2	14	6	1	2	3	1	14	10	1	19	3	2	3	3
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises	-		-	-		-	52	11	10	-		-	50	0	0
Disposal, Home	68	3	11	13	0	8	-		-	71	16	0	110	6	6
„ Emigration	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Building, Land, and Sundries	400	4	1	653	11	4	-		-	169	13	0	107	0	11
Total Extra Charges	468	8	0	666	12	0	52	11	10	241	9	0	267	7	5
Total Expenditure	1,517	15	9	1,329	6	6	731	19	1	1,360	3	11	1,629	1	10
Industrial Departments.															
Profit	179	7	0	148	0	5	52	1	6	224	0	0	296	1	7
Loss	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—GIRLS.															
RED LODGE.			LIVERPOOL.			YORKSHIRE Rom. Cath.			ARNO'S COURT. Rom. Cath.			HAMPSTEAD.			RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
Girls, 68. Officers, 8.			Girls, 75. Officers, 5.			Girls, 85. Officers, 11.			Girls, 93. Officers, 15.			Girls, 102. Officers, 6.			
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	RECEIPTS.
1,038	10	2	1,118	14	6	1,205	14	1	1,384	6	4	1,444	19	3	Treasury. Allowance.
12	14	6	8	1	0	15	0	5	5	17	0	28	15	9	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
-		-	241	15	4	100	4	9½	-		-	23	1	0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
233	1	0	106	4	1	18	0	0	49	5	10	606	5	10	Payments from Rates.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
173	8	7	15	0	4	-		-	-		-	18	16	3	Sundries.
1,457	14	3	1,489	15	3	1,347	18	6	1,439	9	2	2,121	18	1	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
															EXPENDITURE.
															Ordinary Charges.
422	12	8	214	12	0	241	14	10	459	5	6	469	11	9	Officers' Pay and Rations.
423	5	10	499	2	8	636	10	3	660	8	8	707	8	5	Food of Inmates.
102	19	1	216	10	7	108	15	10	102	8	3	228	15	2	Clothing „
88	0	7	155	4	6	175	15	11	76	11	0	190	15	0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
139	14	10	70	2	0	78	8	1	61	5	6	281	17	4	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
32	0	8	14	8	1	107	6	8	35	19	10	84	18	6	Furniture and House Sundries.
12	0	1	86	8	4	56	7	1	8	18	2	91	12	9	Printing and Office Expenses.
10	15	6	15	6	9	2	13	6	22	18	11	11	15	3	Travelling and Police.
21	14	6	53	16	3	34	0	7	43	9	8	17	10	8	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
26	2	2	29	10	9	99	15	10	78	8	3	116	14	6	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,320	5	11	1,355	1	11	1,541	8	7	1,544	18	9	2,200	19	4	Total Ordinary Charges.
19	11	0	18	1	4	18	2	8	16	12	2	21	11	7	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
6	4	6	6	18	1	7	9	9	7	2	0	6	18	9	Ditto Food.
1	10	3	2	17	9	1	5	7	1	2	0	2	4	10	Ditto Clothing.
															Extra Charges.
73	0	0	-		-	93	4	3	-		-	-		-	Rent of School Premises.
52	13	3	89	14	0	89	3	5	52	11	5	-		-	Disposal, Home.
-		-	-		-	53	12	5	12	8	0	-		-	„ Emigration.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Building, Land, and Sundries.
125	13	3	89	14	0	236	0	1	64	19	5	-		-	Total Extra Charges.
1,454	19	2	1,444	15	11	1,777	8	8	1,609	18	2	2,200	10	4	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
															Industrial Departments.
85	2	8	331	12	10	385	4	1	177	17	6	522	7	1	Profit.
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*) - - -

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—Boys.											
	Rossie. Boys, 57. Officers, 8.			Kibble. Boys, 70. Officers, 8.			Inverness. Boys, 76. Officers, 7.			Wellington Farm. Boys, 113. Officers, 11.			Old Mill. Boys, 118. Officers, 9.		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance - -	855	2	10	1,086	9	0	1,021	8	2	1,744	3	4	1,867	5	8
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	-		-	1	11	0	-		-	1	19	0	-		-
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c. -	-		-	-		-	56	8	7	189	10	6	461	0	0
Payments from Rates -	100	0	0	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-
Payments from Voluntary Associations - -	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	17	0	0
Sundries - - - - -	-		-	294	14	7	-		-	-		-	58	10	0
Total Receipts - -	955	2	10	1,382	14	7	1,077	16	9	1,936	1	10	2,403	15	8
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations -	178	0	0	200	2	3	173	18	0	433	9	1	321	10	2
Food of Inmates - -	344	2	0	486	13	11	611	2	3	722	19	8	761	16	6
Clothing „ - -	150	1	6	150	3	9	154	11	10	361	0	11	203	9	4
Washing, Fuel, and Light -	65	14	0	68	6	0	74	2	11	74	13	4	87	0	8
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes -	61	1	0	59	2	1	68	18	3	37	7	1	45	8	9
Furniture and House Sundries	65	15	0	59	5	10	33	8	9	128	6	3	73	13	5
Printing and Office Expenses	14	7	0	68	5	0	26	14	3	68	4	3	154	3	3
Travelling and Police -	10	17	0	2	1	8	11	0	0	30	16	6	6	11	1
Medical Expenses and Funerals	11	12	0	14	11	11	18	3	2	18	16	5	15	11	11
Sundries, Rewards, &c. -	22	3	8	26	3	4	21	18	10	7	10	9	19	6	10
Total Ordinary Charges -	923	13	2	1,134	15	9	1,213	18	3	1,883	4	3	1,688	11	11
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management -	16	4	1	16	4	3	15	19	5	16	13	4	14	6	2
Ditto Food - -	6	1	0	6	19	1	8	0	10	6	7	11	6	9	1
Ditto Clothing - -	2	12	8	2	2	11	2	0	8	3	3	11	1	14	6
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises -	69	0	0	-		-	-		-	102	18	4	178	3	3
Disposal, Home - -	6	0	0	42	7	3	-		-	37	9	1	25	13	6
„ Emigration - -	-		-	-		-	-		-	116	9	3	-		-
Building, Land, and Sundries	96	5	1	-		-	226	2	4	44	4	6	842	1	6
Total Extra Charges -	171	5	1	42	7	3	226	2	4	301	1	2	1,045	18	3
Total Expenditure -	1,094	18	3	1,177	3	0	1,440	0	7	2,184	5	5	2,734	10	2
Industrial Departments.															
Profit - - - - -	67	8	4	-		-	115	13	2	215	11	8	473	6	8
Loss - - - - - -	-		-	101	7	9	-		-	-		-	-		-

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a*.)

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued*.

SCOTLAND—Boys.				Girls.		
Stranraer.	Glasgow.	Parkhead. Rom. Cath.	Aberdeen.	Dalry.	Receipts and Expenditure.
Boys, 88 } 125 Girls, 37 } Officers, 8.	Boys, 128. Officers, 25.	Boys, 210. Officers, 21.	Girls, 38. Officers, 2.	Girls, 59. Officers, 4.	
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
					Receipts.
1,894 13 8	1,474 18 9	3,186 7 4	544 14 7	817 17 6	Treasury Allowance.
0 13 0	1 19 6	2 15 6	- -	0 12 0	Parents' Payments (one quarter)
27 0 0	- -	- -	16 0 0	29 6 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- -	2,251 5 1	144 9 4	18 0 0	27 4 0	Payments from Rates.
4 13 0	9 2 0	- -	- -	6 10 0	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- -	- -	493 6 9	2 4 1	4 8 0	Sundries.
1,926 19 8	3,737 5 4	3,828 18 11	580 18 8	885 18 0	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
298 16 9	988 5 2	1,000 16 11	110 0 0	184 5 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
814 9 5	927 19 11	1,253 4 7	175 1 11	412 12 9	Food of Inmates.
310 14 0	601 3 2	523 0 9	44 5 8	122 16 5	Clothing ,,
146 14 11	261 18 9	189 0 10	81 10 11	44 0 0	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
5 19 0	222 10 6	107 12 11	9 7 9	109 1 9	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
300 4 5	65 19 10	206 19 5	20 5 4	86 11 5	Furniture and House Sundries.
27 14 7	98 3 3	52 18 9	29 17 6	6 2 9	Printing and Office Expenses.
4 18 0	115 15 1	104 17 2	3 14 7	12 5 5	Travelling and Police.
20 19 7	58 11 5	12 13 10	23 0 5	14 5 0	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
- -	94 1 5	46 18 1	11 6 5	38 10 1	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,930 10 8	3,534 8 6	3,497 3 3	508 19 6	1,030 10 7	Total Ordinary Charges.
15 8 10	27 12 3	16 13 1	13 7 11	17 9 4	Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management.
6 10 4	7 4 11	5 19 4	4 12 2	6 19 11	Ditto Food.
2 9 10	4 13 11	2 9 8	1 3 4	2 1 7	Ditto Clothing.
					Extra Charges.
54 4 7	- -	280 0 0	56 7 6	- -	Rent of School Premises.
45 0 0	118 18 6	218 18 2	1 8 2	41 7 11	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	,, Emigration.
- -	- -	300 16 9	35 0 0	80 3 4	Building, Land, and Sundries.
99 4 7	118 18 6	799 14 11	92 15 8	121 11 3	Total Extra Charges.
2,029 15 8	3,653 7 0	4,296 18 2	601 15 2	1,152 1 10	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
430 18 9	- -	464 19 9	93 0 2	177 0 4	Profit.
- -	212 12 3	- -	- -	- -	Loss.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*a.*)

Reformatory Schools, Return of Receipts and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—Girls.		
	Glasgow.	Dalbeth. Rom. Cath.	Paisley.
	Girls, 90. Officers, 5.	Girls, 99. Officers, 12.	Girls, 6.
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	598 6 0	1,467 11 4	80 14 6
Parents' Payments (one quarter)	0 18 6	0 8 6	- -
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	- -	- -	- -
Payments from Rates	380 9 6	- -	- -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	26 1 0	51 10 0	- -
Sundries	- -	- -	- -
Total Receipts	1,005 14 6	1,519 9 10	89 14 6
Expenditure.			
Ordinary Charges.			
Officers' Pay and Rations	167 3 0	410 6 0	
Food of Inmates	376 10 7	618 7 8	
Clothing „	170 1 9	151 12 1	
Washing, Fuel and Light	126 0 10	44 2 4	
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	71 8 5	84 5 5	
Furniture and House Sundries	102 2 10	14 3 7	
Printing and Office Expenses	59 5 2	4 19 8	
Travelling and Police	- -	13 6 6	
Medical Expenses and Funerals	41 9 3	46 16 8	
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	- -	11 6 6	
Total Ordinary Charges	1,113 16 10	1,399 5 11	
Cost per Head for Maintenance and Management	12 7 6	14 2 8	
Ditto Food	4 3 8	6 4 11	
Ditto Clothing	1 17 10	1 10 8	
Extra Charges.			
Rent of School Premises	21 12 0	221 16 0	
Disposal, Home	- -	70 10 8	
„ Emigration	8 2 8	- -	
Building and Land	- -	- -	
Total Extra Charges	29 14 8	292 6 8	
Total Expenditure	1,143 11 6	1,691 12 7	
Industrial Departments.			
Profit (including stock in hand)	93 13 4	341 8 1	
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	

This School is also certified under the Original Industrial Schools Act, 17 & 18 Vict. c. 74, and the Expenditure on the Reformatory Department cannot be separately given.

Reformatory Schools.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

SUMMARY

OF THE

ACCOUNTS for EXPENDITURE in REFORMATORY SCHOOLS for MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT, and DISPOSAL, including Profit or Loss from Industrial Departments, with the Gross Cost per Head,

For the Year 1869.

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.—SUMMARY of the ACCOUNTS for Maintenance, Management, and Disposal, including Profit or Loss from Industrial Departments, for the Year 1869.

Name of Reformatory.	Average No. of Inmates.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Rent.	Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head, including Disposal.
ENGLAND.—BOYS.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Monmouth	18	288 9 5	3 2 2	96 1 9	- - -	10 17 2
Essex	20	825 1 3	13 15 7	125 5 8	- - -	17 14 2
Devon and Exeter	31	737 7 1	26 6 8	64 19 8	- - -	22 10 9
Bedford	32	719 9 7	25 7 9	204 8 0	- - -	15 0 4
Woodbury Hill	39	806 19 2	15 0 8	151 8 2	- - -	17 3 11
Glamorgan	41	856 11 2	36 2 6	131 8 4	- - -	18 11 4
Dorset	42	658 17 7	30 1 8	175 2 11	- - -	12 4 8
Buxton	42	721 0 4	69 3 6	47 11 0	- - -	17 13 8
Northampton	42	839 3 3	42 13 9	202 3 5	- - -	14 15 1
Cumberland	45	801 14 8	31 9 5	- - -	32 1 1	19 4 7
Herts	49	1,927 18 3	62 0 10	160 14 4	- - -	18 19 3
Hardwicke	50	1,086 9 2	44 10 7	154 17 2	- - -	19 16 6
Wilts	52	1,036 7 4	40 13 8	185 6 0	- - -	17 3 0
Home in the East	58	1,064 5 11	25 19 11	87 17 7	- - -	17 5 8
Hants	60	1,321 0 5	56 7 0	- - -	31 12 11	23 9 8
Suffolk	61	871 12 11	112 14 2	- - -	21 14 11	16 0 10
Bradwall	64	1,005 12 0	51 5 2	178 2 10	- - -	15 2 8
Castle Howard	64	1,203 19 9	144 17 6	248 2 0	- - -	18 2 9
Warwickshire	65	1,203 8 1	242 0 8	138 0 1	- - -	21 3 10
Manchester and Salford	67	1,090 0 10	68 2 10	110 9 10	- - -	15 12 9
Stoke Farm	73	1,307 5 3	6 8 2	- - -	38 18 1	19 7 0
Saltley	80	1,447 13 7	39 0 1	52 18 1	- - -	17 18 5
Leeds	82	1,417 15 1	22 0 6	- - -	53 5 0	18 4 2
Calder Farm	83	1,707 5 7	17 13 11	101 15 1	- - -	19 11 2
North Lancashire	102	1,485 2 6	62 1 1	129 17 7	- - -	13 17 10
Liverpool Farm	128	2,157 15 7	218 10 0	218 8 10	- - -	16 17 2
North Eastern	140	2,426 13 2	107 12 2	468 17 6	- - -	14 15 1
Kingswood	143	2,249 5 4	243 10 4	709 17 4	- - -	12 9 4
Brook Green, Rom. Cath.	144	2,543 19 8	67 10 0	713 17 7	- - -	13 3 6
Wandsworth and Surrey Industrial	256	4,359 0 9	135 13 6	813 17 11	- - -	14 7 7
"Akbar" Ship	170	3,206 6 11	136 18 8	259 0 5	- - -	18 3 2
"Clarence" Ship, R. Cath.	204	3,892 8 0	201 13 2	39 10 6	- - -	19 17 6

APPENDIX IX. No. 1. (*b.*)

Summary of the Accounts for 1869.—*cont.*

Name of School.	Average No. of Inmates.	Total Cost of Maintenance and Rent.	Expenses of Disposal.	Deduct Industrial Profit.	Add Industrial Loss.	Net Cost per Head, including Disposal.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ENGLAND.—BOYS—*cont.*						
"Cornwall" Ship	254	4,555 12 0	354 14 7	166 19 10	- - -	18 13 6
Market Weighton R. Cath.	220	3,752 9 6	262 6 10	385 9 9	- - -	16 9 11
Mount St. Bernard's, R.Cth.	273	4,975 8 0	271 1 5	573 6 0	- - -	17 2 4
Red Hill	292	6,592 13 0	570 13 5	921 8 4	- - -	21 7 6
ENGLAND.—GIRLS.						
Warwickshire	23	541 4 5	25 2 2	30 4 4	- - -	23 6 2
Ipswich	28	600 15 0	81 19 6	206 14 11	- - -	17 0 0
Surrey	30	623 15 2	20 8 5	119 7 10	- - -	17 9 6
Birmingham	47	848 12 1	15 14 11	168 0 0	- - -	14 16 4
Doncaster	47	1,049 7 9	68 3 11	179 7 0	- - -	19 19 3
Toxteth Park	51	662 14 6	13 0 8	148 0 5	- - -	10 6 11
Sunderland	52	731 19 1	- - -	52 1 6	- - -	13 1 6
Devon and Exeter	53	1,118 14 11	71 16 0	224 0 0	- - -	17 11 6
Limpley Stoke	67	1,411 14 5	110 6 6	296 1 7	- - -	18 5 11
Red Lodge	68	1,402 5 11	52 13 3	85 2 8	- - -	20 2 11
Liverpool	75	1,355 1 11	89 14 0	331 12 10	- - -	14 16 10
Yorkshire, Rom. Catholic	85	1,634 12 10	142 15 10	385 4 1	- - -	16 7 7
Arno's Court, Rom. Cath.	93	1,544 13 9	64 19 5	177 17 6	- - -	15 7 11
Hampstead	102	2,200 19 4	- - -	522 7 1	- - -	16 9 2
SCOTLAND.—BOYS.						
Rossie	57	992 13 2	6 0 0	67 8 4	- - -	16 6 9
Kibble	70	1,134 15 9	42 7 3	- - -	101 7 9	18 5 4
Inverness	76	1,213 18 3	- - -	115 13 2	- - -	14 9 0
Wellington Farm	113	1,986 2 7	153 18 4	215 11 8	- - -	17 0 7
Old Mill	118	1,866 15 2	25 13 6	473 6 8	- - -	12 0 6
Stranraer { Boys, 88 / Girls, 37 }	125	1,984 15 3	45 0 0	430 18 9	- - -	12 15 10
Glasgow	128	3,534 8 6	118 18 6	- - -	212 12 3	30 4 1
Parkhead	210	3,777 3 3	218 18 2	464 19 9	- - -	16 16 4
SCOTLAND.—GIRLS.						
Aberdeen	38	565 7 0	1 8 2	93 0 2	- - -	12 9 4
Dalry	53	1,030 10 7	41 7 11	177 0 4	- - -	15 3 4
Glasgow	90	1,135 8 10	8 2 8	93 13 4	- - -	11 13 4
Dalbeth	99	1,621 1 11	70 10 8	341 8 1	- - -	13 12 9

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, RETURN of RECEIPTS

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.	ENGLAND. CHESTER.	BIRKENHEAD.	STOCKPORT.	MACCLESFIELD.	DEVON AND EXETER.
Average Number attending School	133	85	70	94	48
Do. entirely fed and clothed	101	85	70	73	48
Do. partially fed and clothed	45	—	—	28	—
Number of Officers	8	6	5	6	4
RECEIPTS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	1,181 0 6	762 9 7	560 11 6	785 8 6	580 4 6
Parents' Payments	18 16 0	4 8 0	2 3 0	15 6 3	27 8 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	72 5 11	412 13 7	326 5 0	213 6 2	174 5 6
Payments from Rates	50 1 3	- -	- -	- -	285 8 0
Payments from Voluntary Associations	10 17 6	24 19 0	5 9 6	10 15 0	- -
Sundries	0 4 0	1 17 2	1 6 6	23 3 7	2 3 1
TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,333 5 2	1,206 7 4	895 15 6	1,047 19 6	1,069 9 10
EXPENDITURE.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	274 18 1	240 19 9	240 4 11	208 6 2	214 9 9
Food of Inmates	536 8 11	564 16 10	273 19 8	410 19 1	397 9 9
Clothing ,,	118 19 0	183 1 4	62 15 2	146 6 10	107 19 0
Washing, Fuel, and Light	80 12 4	70 8 9	64 13 3	67 15 9	127 15 5
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	91 7 7	80 8 4	75 6 11	30 12 8	53 9 2
Furniture and House Sundries	156 5 7	40 1 4	120 6 7	75 6 7	47 12 4
Printing and Office Expenses	34 9 1	26 17 1	11 19 8	14 19 11	23 16 8
Travelling and Police	6 17 1	9 16 6	0 17 0	5 12 3	- -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	6 17 8	4 2 4	- -	2 11 0	20 12 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	10 1 10	1 1 0	13 14 0	3 18 5	36 7 3
Total Ordinary Charges	1,316 17 2	1,221 13 3	872 17 2	966 8 8	1,035 11 4
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	15 0 0	- -	20 0 10	- -	91 19 0
Disposal, Home	- -	3 16 11	- -	9 1 7	46 11 0
,, Emigration	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Total Extra Charges	15 0 0	8 16 11	20 0 10	9 1 7	138 10 0
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	1,331 17 2	1,225 10 2	892 18 0	975 10 3	1,174 1 4
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	35 17 5	140 8 5	35 9 10	25 0 1	30 4 0
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and EXPENDITURE of, for 1869.

ENGLAND.					RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
SUNDERLAND, Boys.	SUNDERLAND, Girls.	"WELLESLEY" SHIP.	GATESHEAD.	ILFORD, Roman Catholic.	
117	35	146	64	241	Average Number attending School.
92	35	146	54	241	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
25	—	—	10	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
5	2	9	6	17	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
1,203 10 10	354 5 7	1,816 11 1	99 19 0	2,874 16 6	Treasury Allowance.
7 2 0	2 8 0	- -	- -	8 15 0	Parents' Payments.
186 5 0	360 0 0	402 16 0	1,107 12 8	685 7 2	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- -	- -	- -	- -	2,139 1 7	Payments from Rates.
6 10 0	17 2 0	10 16 11	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- -	- -	77 15 0	- -	- -	Sundries.
1,403 7 10	733 15 7	2,307 19 0	1,207 11 8	5,708 0 3	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
					EXPENDITURE.
					Ordinary Charges.
276 7 3	105 0 0	894 18 2	276 6 1	615 7 1	Officers' Pay and Rations.
644 15 6	217 2 10	617 17 6	191 9 6	1,264 4 3	Food of Inmates.
250 14 5	81 0 0	187 12 3	87 2 11	762 2 7	Clothing „
63 17 0	78 10 6	93 9 1	46 7 2	105 16 10	Washing, Fuel and Light.
51 16 2	17 2 10	322 11 10	25 16 0	53 18 11	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
42 1 2	80 1 6	114 7 4	51 7 1	353 15 11	Furniture and House Sundries.
23 19 3	1 14 9	123 9 5	23 14 11	26 0 8	Printing and Office Expenses.
8 3 6	0 16 0	56 5 6	- -	42 2 8	Travelling and Police.
10 15 3	3 4 6	64 8 0	- -	75 4 8	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
23 11 4	5 18 4	19 8 6	6 19 2	83 6 3	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,396 0 10	590 12 0	2,494 2 7	709 2 10	3,381 19 10	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
23 3 11	54 15 0	- -	- -	100 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
- -	- -	- -	- -	45 7 3	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	- -	- -	2 10 0	„ Emigration.
37 0 0	1,047 7 6	- -	- -	1,426 18 6	Building, Land, and Sundries.
60 3 11	1,102 2 6	- -	- -	1,574 15 9	Total Extra Charges.
1,456 4 9	1,692 14 6	2,494 2 7	709 2 10	4,956 15 7	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
					Industrial Departments.
60 14 7	56 8 8	- -	20 7 8	325 6 10	Profit (including stock in hand).
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.*									
	Halstead.		Cardiff.		Park Row.		Clifton.		Bristol, Girls.	
Average Number attending School	—		76		67		108		35	
Do. entirely fed and clothed	—		36		67		108		35	
Do. partially fed and clothed	—		—		—		—		—	
Number of Officers	—		4		8		8		4	
Receipts.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Treasury Allowance	6	4 3	397	10 2	872	2 11	1,352	1 1	405	17 2
Parents' Payments	-	-	5	16 3	8	5 0	13	8 3	8	2 6
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	-	-	75	0 0	80	17 8	243	9 6	133	2 6
Payments from Rates	-	-	45	12 1	140	17 10	267	16 7	70	12 11
Payments from Voluntary Associations	-	-	-	- -	-	-	13	4 0	-	-
Sundries	-	-	-	-	4	5 1	3	14 6	1	7 4
Total Receipts	6	4 3	523	18 6	1,115	8 6	1,893	13 11	614	2 5
Expenditure.										
Ordinary Charges.										
Officers Pay and Rations	-	-	208	6 6	260	2 8	302	3 8	91	16 2
Food of Inmates	-	-	190	6 0	452	15 3	753	15 4	236	4 5
Clothing	-	-	56	6 9	106	11 0	365	6 6	74	17 9
Washing, Fuel, and Light	-	-	46	18 3	53	14 2	144	5 4	33	11 6
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	-	-	99	16 1	148	12 0	123	7 7	17	12 11
Furniture and House Sundries	-	-	15	15 10	22	15 2	109	2 1	50	3 10
Printing and Office Expenses	-	-	10	4 11	27	7 5	29	17 11	6	17 4
Travelling and Police	-	-	0	4 0	-	-	1	10 0	-	-
Medical Expenses and Funerals	-	-	5	1 3	16	8 0	14	1 10	9	11 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	-	-	4	2 6	42	12 6	37	10 6	7	15 10
Total Ordinary Charges	-	-	637	2 1	1,130	18 2	1,881	0 9	528	10 9
Extra Charges.										
Rent of School Premises	-	-	-	-	76	0 0	40	0 0	28	7 11
Disposal, Home	-	-	-	-	49	10 0	8	0 6	4	9 2
„ Emigration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Building, Land, and Sundries	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	12 6	139	16 2
Total Extra Charges	-	-	-	-	125	10 0	84	13 0	172	13 3
Total Expenditure	-	-	637	2 1	1,256	8 2	1,965	13 9	701	4 0
Industrial Departments.										
Profit (including stock in hand)	-	-	122	0 1	139	5 2	186	15 7	-	-
Loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	13 7

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*													Receipts and Expenditure.
Purbrook.			Church Farm.			Bolton.			Man-chester.			Liverpool.		
8			51			69			209			325		Average Number attending School.
8			51			69			209			325		Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—			—			—			—			—		Do. partially fed and clothed.
4			6			5			15			16		Number of Officers.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Receipts.
18	8	9	228	12	10	706	17	8	2,078	13	9	2,770	8	6	Treasury Allowance.
-	-		4	0	9	12	8	0	17	1	0	20	13	0	Parents' Payments.
165	13	0	833	1	7	152	16	8	654	4	3	1,255	15	8	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
6	8	0	40	9	1	7	3	0	-		-	335	4	4	Payments from Rates.
-	-		-		-	28	1	0	-		-	-		-	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
-	-		-		-	-		-	149	17	5	27	6	11	Sundries.
190	9	9	1,106	4	3	907	6	4	3,499	16	5	4,409	8	5	Total Receipts.
															Expenditure.
															Ordinary Charges.
85	9	0	225	17	6	242	2	8	700	13	2	901	2	8	Officers' Pay and Rations.
39	14	9	344	15	9	242	7	5	1,060	18	4	1,236	10	10	Food of Inmates.
30	15	1	140	17	1	80	7	1	364	0	3	308	9	9	Clothing „
14	7	4	54	16	6	31	10	0	173	4	0	135	2	1	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
8	9	0	-		-	20	15	11	192	2	3	157	16	5	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
58	12	4	54	16	4	102	8	1	230	11	7	98	5	9	Furniture and House Sundries.
8	16	3	59	9	9	21	0	0	48	10	1	50	16	1	Printing and Office Expenses.
2	18	6	8	3	9	7	2	4	15	12	0	-		-	Travelling and Police.
1	10	0	21	13	7	5	3	4	60	2	3	-		-	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
0	9	7	41	4	6	11	10	6	59	10	0	62	8	2	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
260	1	10	951	14	9	764	8	1	2,905	3	11	2,950	11	9	Total Ordinary Charges.
															Extra Charges.
-	-		90	0	0	9	18	0	-		-	-		-	Rent of School Premises.
-	-		33	16	9	-		-	-		-	-		-	Disposal, Home.
-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	„ Emigration.
15	15	0	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Building, Land, and Sundries.
15	15	0	123	16	9	9	18	0	-		-	-		-	Total Extra Charges.
275	16	10	1,075	11	6	774	6	1	2,905	3	11	2,950	11	9	Total Expenditure.
															Industrial Departments.
6	11	11	28	0	3	54	18	8	74	3	2	97	16	3	Profit (including stock in hand).
-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.*				
	Kirkdale.	St. George's Boys (Ro. Cath.).	St. George's Girls (Ro. Cath.).	Boys' Refuge, St. Anne St., (Ro. Cath.).	Beacon Lane (Ro. Cath.).
Average Number attending School	510	237	115	136	161
Do. entirely fed and clothed	150	237	115	126	161
Do. partially fed and clothed	300	—	—	10	—
Number of Officers	6	9	8	9	9
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	873 10 0	3,252 12 2	1,375 17 0	1,071 16 4	1,311 2 0
Parents' Payments	- - -	9 3 0	0 13 6	0 9 0	- -
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	3,178 10 6	100 9 2	130 11 0	488 2 10	212 3 4
Payments from Rates	118 12 10	590 2 11	- -	213 8 5	180 6 4
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- - -	6 0 0	60 10 0	6 0 0	388 19 6
Sundries	273 5 9	32 12 8	1 11 6	1 12 11	- -
Total Receipts	4,443 19 1	3,990 19 11	1,569 3 0	1,781 9 6	2,092 11 2
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	596 3 3	445 5 6	200 19 0	317 11 11	282 0 0
Food of Inmates	1,977 3 9	1,412 5 9	509 3 7	441 8 9	598 5 11
Clothing „	121 8 6	505 13 0	234 2 2	233 18 2	295 17 10
Washing, Fuel, and Light	45 4 9	139 1 5	58 13 0	53 4 2	88 16 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	160 9 6	305 3 6	155 11 11	52 6 1	103 9 3
Furniture and House Sundries	- -	109 18 6	45 8 4	155 17 6	193 5 6
Printing and Office Expenses	128 7 2	243 7 6	20 19 0	132 8 7	38 17 4
Travelling and Police	- -	25 9 1	2 6 0	11 4 6	- -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	11 5 7	14 6 10	13 1 7	4 15 8	13 1 11
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	151 11 8	21 1 11	35 6 1	60 14 7	- -
Total Ordinary Charges	3,101 14 2	3,221 13 0	1,275 10 8	1,463 9 11	1,613 13 9
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	- -	446 12 7	200 0 0	166 9 10	147 12 6
Disposal, Home	- -	- -	3 4 7	- -	5 0 0
„ Emigration	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- -	- -	- -	- -	326 4 11
Total Extra Charges	- -	446 12 7	203 4 7	166 9 10	478 17 5
Total Expenditure	3,101 14 2	3,668 5 7	1,478 15 3	1,629 19 9	2,092 11 2
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	- -	- -	83 8 7	233 11 4	- -
Loss Ditto	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*													RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
ST. ANNE'S (Ro. Cath.).			ST. ELIZABETH'S (Ro. Cath.).			FALKNER STREET (Ro. Cath.).			MIDDLESEX.			BOYS HOME.			
133			50			82			758			63			Average Number attending School.
133			50			82			758			63			Do. entirely fed and clothed.
															Do. partially fed and clothed.
10			6			7			68			11			Number of Officers.
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	RECEIPTS.
1,571	18	0	510	19	9	560	17	0	5,111	3	11	328	0	0	Treasury Allowance.
2	14	6	1	5	6	-		-	66	13	6	1	17	0	Parents' Payments.
25	7	4	68	2	0	919	0	10	-		-	1,361	0	0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
-		-	-		-	-		-	15,196	11	1	16	2	0	Payments from Rates.
-		-	145	12	0	-		-	-		-	-		-	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
-		-	32	0	0	42	15	0	*237	1	5	-		-	Sundries.
1,599	19	10	757	19	3	1,523	1	10	20,611	9	11	1,706	19	0	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
															EXPENDITURE.
															Ordinary Charges.
222	10	8	177	16	10	142	0	0	4,340	4	9	231	9	0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
630	11	5	236	12	4	394	2	7	6,203	4	3	363	12	5	Food of Inmates.
295	3	10	46	4	8	163	2	6	2,035	10	9	188	13	10	Clothing „
54	11	5	64	18	8	48	2	3	1,374	9	7	65	12	9	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
103	17	2	27	13	5	118	19	7	1,542	14	6	87	1	1	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
177	16	2	56	16	3	49	18	8	628	16	11	107	15	8	Furniture and House Sundries
16	12	8	23	4	3	23	3	11	798	8	10	317	9	8	Printing and Office Expenses.
8	7	10	8	14	11	-		-	149	18	8	6	3	5	Travelling and Police.
10	1	2	2	14	6	22	16	10	238	3	9	29	3	9	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
9	13	10	-		-	2	0	0	772	7	8	101	4	2	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,529	6	2	693	15	10	964	6	4	18,088	19	8	1,548	5	9	Total Ordinary Charges.
															Extra Charges.
106	0	0	-		-	-		-	-		-	47	1	10	Rent of School Premises.
0	12	0	-		-	-		-	913	0	4	21	4	9	Disposal, Home.
-		-	-		-	-		-	213	14	4	-		-	„ Emigration.
-		-	-		-	380	19	0	1,398	7	1	350	0	0	Building, Land, and Sundries.
106	12	0	-		-	380	19	0	2,525	7	9	418	6	7	Total Extra Charges.
1,635	18	2	693	15	10	1,345	5	4	20,614	7	5	1,966	12	4	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
															Industrial Departments.
-		-	-		-	45	11	9	641	15	11	433	15	11	Profit (including stock in hand).
-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	Loss Ditto.

* Boys' Parents Local Act.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.*											
	East London.			Boys Refuge.			Cripples Home.			Sloane Street.			School of Discipline.		
Average Number attending Schools	104			120			100			50			41		
Do. entirely fed and clothed	54			120			100			50			41		
Do. partially fed and clothed	50			—			—			—			—		
Number of Officers	9			5			6			3			3		
Receipts.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Treasury Allowance	524	5	2	377	18	8	93	14	3	224	6	0	264	12	6
Parents' Payments	4	0	6	6	3	0	0	11	0	0	18	0	6	0	0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	595	8	6	1,160	12	3	977	7	9	153	18	0	240	6	1
Payments from Rates	-	-		-	-		48	0	0	-	-		6	5	0
Payments from Voluntary Associations	44	10	0	300	15	4	600	0	0	459	19	8	192	1	0
Sundries	422	7	9	130	0	0	-	-		72	13	8	51	0	0
Total Receipts	1,590	11	11	1,975	9	3	1,719	13	0	911	15	4	760	4	7
Expenditure.															
Ordinary Charges.															
Officers' Pay and Rations	330	4	3	336	15	6	435	0	0	148	9	10	123	16	0
Food of Inmates	412	8	5	929	1	11	465	0	0	403	12	9	358	13	3
Clothing „	260	11	7	234	1	1	100	0	0	67	18	5	83	18	6
Washing, Fuel, and Light	123	17	9	222	12	5	143	14	3	28	4	0	44	12	8
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	16	10	10	63	8	4	122	0	11	54	16	4	61	8	11
Furniture and House Sundries	76	5	10	64	17	10	130	19	8	32	13	6	22	16	0
Printing and Office Expenses	151	12	2	67	15	8	89	9	1	7	12	6	6	4	1
Travelling and Police	8	8	1	-	-		-	-		-	-		1	17	10
Medical Expenses and Funerals	8	0	6	25	0	0	103	5	6	-	-		5	19	5
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	83	8	3	111	15	6	85	0	0	7	9	10	12	10	6
Total Ordinary Charges	1,471	2	8	2,055	8	3	1,674	9	5	750	17	2	721	17	2
Extra Charges.															
Rent of School Premises	65	0	0	-	-		163	15	8	150	0	0	48	17	0
Disposal, Home	-	-		68	18	11	4	6	5	10	0	0	11	12	3
„ Emigration	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Building, Land, and Sundries	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Total Extra Charges	65	0	0	68	18	11	168	2	1	160	0	0	60	9	3
Total Expenditure	1,536	2	8	2,124	7	2	1,842	11	6	910	17	2	782	6	5
Industrial Departments.															
Profit (including stock in hand)	7	11	3	372	15	1	-	-		3	9	0	17	15	4
Loss Ditto	-	-		-	-		62	12	4	-	-		-	-	

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*					Receipts and Expenditure.
Franklin's Row.	St. Margaret's Home (Ro. Cath.)	Girls' Home.	Newcastle.	Somerset.	
56	67	25	269	80	Average Number attending Schools.
48	67	25	130	80	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
8	—	—	139	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
3	4	3	13	5	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
524 13 7	678 4 10	168 16 3	1,364 0 0	971 16 0	Treasury Allowance.
2 11 0	2 14 8	0 13 6	0 9 0	2 3 6	Parents' Payments.
123 8 6	162 0 0	462 4 2	570 10 0	9 2 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- -	- -	- -	- -	78 1 7	Payments from Rates.
67 10 0	13 0 0	- -	- -	- -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
35 6 4	- -	2 18 9	59 16 6	- -	Sundries.
753 4 5	855 19 6	634 12 8	1,994 15 6	1,061 3 1	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
102 15 0	170 15 0	172 9 1	583 15 6	221 3 10	Officers' Pay and Rations.
357 12 7	305 0 10	183 14 10	777 2 9	483 3 3	Food of Inmates.
120 17 0	137 7 5	50 15 5	296 16 0	185 8 6	Clothing „
30 13 0	35 7 7	34 7 7	162 13 7	55 0 2	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
26 6 4	28 4 7	24 10 4	143 0 10	7 10 10	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
33 0 6	46 16 5	44 15 7	- -	44 4 3	Furniture and House Sundries.
1 15 9	4 18 8	40 0 11	50 9 6	5 13 7	Printing and Office Expenses.
- -	9 15 9	6 18 1	13 8 6	10 17 11	Travelling and Police.
4 6 3	19 19 4	7 4 6	21 12 9	0 16 6	Medical Expenses and Funerals
2 10 2	5 16 7	15 0 3	49 8 7	7 14 6	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
679 16 7	764 2 2	570 16 7	2,098 8 9	1,021 13 4	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
10 0 0	100 0 0	92 0 2	- -	50 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
- -	15 10 0	- -	- -	10 4 9	Disposal, Home.
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	„ Emigration.
- -	- -	15 5 4	- -	46 6 1	Building, Land, and Sundries.
10 0 0	115 10 0	107 5 6	- -	112 10 10	Total Extra Charges.
689 16 7	879 12 2	687 2 1	2,098 8 0	1,134 4 2	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
11 3 5	6 12 0	43 13 6	65 18 3	313 2 5	Profit (including stock in hand).
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.*											
	Cannington. (Ro. Cath.)		Surrby.		Penn Street.		Shustoke.		Gem Street.	
Average Number attending Schools	20		88		43		43		80	
Do. entirely fed and clothed	29		88		43		43		80	
Do. partially fed and clothed	—		—		—		—		—	
Number of Officers	3		6		6		7		7	
Receipts.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Treasury Allowance	131	7 6	865	5 6	566	16 5	555	4 11	739	7 6
Parents' Payments	-	-	8	10 0	4	5 6	2	8 6	2	8 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	334	8 0	-	-	95	11 1	476	8 2	157	3 6
Payments from Rates	-	-	-	-	12	9 0	-	-	32	0 0
Payments from Voluntary Associations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131	5 0
Sundries	-	-	-	-	93	14 0	-	-	71	18 7
Total Receipts	465	15 6	873	15 6	772	7 0	1,034	1 7	1,134	2 7
Expenditure.										
Ordinary Charges.										
Officers' Pay and Rations	125	5 10			217	18 4	216	5 5	260	7 6
Food of Inmates	82	1 4			385	9 4	262	15 11	520	16 9
Clothing „	59	1 7			18	10 5	102	17 10	329	5 10
Washing, Fuel and Light	17	7 3			20	3 3	101	11 10	73	6 10
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	11	13 8			32	9 5	126	14 8	83	13 11
Furniture and House Sundries	92	2 4			19	11 4	39	8 11	48	5 11
Printing and Office Expenses	19	16 8			6	5 4	4	12 6	73	3 10
Travelling and Police	24	0 11			2	14 6	19	14 2	1	14 0
Medical Expenses and Funerals	0	15 4			-	-	9	19 5	11	6 0
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	22	8 10			33	15 1	17	3 6	74	12 4
Total Ordinary Charges	454	8 9			736	17 0	991	4 2	1,476	12 11
Extra Charges.										
Rent of School Premises	1	0 0			46	5 3	44	14 8	-	-
Disposal, Home	1	0 0			-	-	12	10 2	-	-
„ Emigration	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
Building, Land, and Sundries	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Extra Charges	2	0 0			46	5 3	57	4 10	-	-
Total Expenditure	456	8 9			783	2 3	1,048	9 0	1,476	12 11
Industrial Departments.										
Profit (including stock in hand)	9	18 10			16	6 11	-	-	47	4 0
Loss Ditto	-	-			-	-	10	0 3	-	-

Note.—The expenditure of this School is included in that of the Wandsworth Reformatory.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

ENGLAND—*continued.*				
WINSON GREEN.	VALE STREET.	COVENTRY.	BRADFORD.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
—	—	37	39	Average Number attending Schools.
—	—	37	39	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—	—	—	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
—	—	4	3	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	RECEIPTS.
123 6 3	102 19 6	150 15 4	505 18 6	Treasury Allowance.
1 6 0	- - -	1 16 0	3 18 0	Parents' Payments.
- - -	37 8 1	123 0 0	133 10 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Payments from Rents.
- - -	- - -	95 8 6	- - -	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
- - -	- - -	16 2 6	11 3 5	Sundries.
124 12 3	140 7 7	367 2 4	654 9 11	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
	31 1 4	77 12 5	117 2 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
	67 7 10	365 11 5	301 1 0	Food of Inmates.
	9 0 1	91 17 6	43 14 4	Clothing „
	8 0 0	45 10 2	14 1 1	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
	17 5 7	52 0 9	11 10 0	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
	6 19 5	21 10 6	60 11 9	Furniture and House Sundries.
	- - -	10 15 0	2 9 11	Printing and Office Expenses.
	- - -	1 12 0	- - -	Travelling and Police.
	0 2 4	2 3 2	- - -	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
	0 5 0	3 10 0	6 2 11	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
	140 7 7	672 11 11	556 13 0	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	Rent of School Premises.
	- - -	- - -	1 0 0	Disposal, Home.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	„ Emigration.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	Building Land, and Sundries.
	- - -	- - -	1 0 0	Total Extra Charges.
	140 7 7	672 11 11	557 13 0	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
				Industrial Departments.
	- - -	282 11 1	22 5 10	Profit (including stock in hand).
	- - -	- - -	- - -	Loss Ditto.

The certificate of this School has been resigned.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	ENGLAND—*continued.* Hull.	"Southampton."	Leeds.	York.
Average Number attending School	551	66	242	173
Do. entirely fed and clothed	57	66	133	117
Do. partially fed and clothed	144	—	112	56
Number of Officers	7	7	9	9
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	736 0 3	610 1 2	1,368 18 2	1,398 1 5
Parents' Payments	22 10 6	0 7 6	14 3 9	26 3 0
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	587 4 3	367 18 4	356 15 0	132 19 6
Payments from Rates	2 2 6	260 15 2	- - -	- - -
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- - -	- - -	14 1 0	- - -
Sundries	15 2 6	8 7 5	11 18 7	15 3 6
Total Receipts	1,363 0 0	1,747 9 7	1,765 16 6	1,572 7 5
Expenditure.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay and Rations	471 16 10	616 16 5	461 1 2	399 16 1
Food of Inmates	473 18 8	464 6 11	857 10 4	683 19 5
Clothing „	159 6 0	271 10 11	312 10 6	169 2 8
Washing, Fuel, and Light	63 3 6	61 11 3	124 14 0	115 6 6
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	57 2 9	47 0 3	80 17 2	30 14 2
Furniture and House Sundries	16 11 4	205 7 9	167 11 7	36 12 1
Printing and Office Expenses	29 15 2	75 0 10	46 14 0	13 12 9
Travelling and Police	1 10 0	8 10 11	19 0 5	5 13 4
Medical Expenses and Funerals	34 8 9	9 8 8	10 15 8	8 17 9
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	63 3 0	76 14 4	8 5 0	69 8 10
Total Ordinary Charges	1,372 16 0	1,836 8 8	2,088 19 10	1,533 3 7
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises	56 14 8	- - -	26 16 0	12 0 0
Disposal, Home	2 8 0	6 0 0	- - -	22 4 8
„ Emigration	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries	- - -	154 8 2	- - -	149 8 4
Total Extra Charges	59 2 8	160 8 2	26 16 0	183 13 0
Total Expenditure	1,431 18 8	1,996 16 5	2,115 15 10	1,716 16 7
Industrial Departments.				
Profit (including stock in hand)	97 2 0	- - -	424 19 2	269 1 1
Loss Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND.				
ABERDEEN.	AYR.	KILMARNOCK.	BUTE.	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.
273	102	80	100	Average Number attending School.
273	96	80	64	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—	11	—	4	Do. partially fed and clothed.
10	6	6	4	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
				RECEIPTS.
2,425 12 3	966 3 8	933 19 9	648 10 4	Treasury Allowance.
1 19 0	8 2 6	6 10 0	37 12 6	Parents' Payments.
352 12 10	113 9 0	123 1 6	114 8 6	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
2 10 0	50 0 0	- - -	10 12 6	Payments from Rates.
8 8 0	39 16 7	- - -	10 16 10	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
63 19 5	35 7 7	14 16 10	1 18 0	Sundries.
2,855 1 6	1,212 19 4	1,078 8 1	823 18 8	TOTAL RECEIPTS.
				EXPENDITURE.
				Ordinary Charges.
471 19 8	303 16 7	261 4 0	137 5 11	Officers' Pay and Rations.
665 16 11	300 1 7	338 14 9	300 4 8	Food of Inmates.
441 6 3	87 17 8	83 12 5	108 2 2	Clothing „
69 14 6	33 10 10	24 16 3	30 2 8	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
167 8 11	1 7 0	12 0 1	54 9 9	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
30 0 0	26 0 2	12 0 0	89 7 4	Furniture and House Sundries.
69 17 11	6 4 4	26 7 0	25 12 7	Printing and Office Expenses.
- - -	- - -	- - -	11 9 2	Travelling and Police.
31 15 0	- - -	- - -	3 11 6	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
47 0 3	39 17 8	39 12 11	4 3 4	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,904 19 5	803 15 10	798 8 2	764 9 1	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
318 17 3	28 5 0	- - -	16 4 8	Rent of School Premises.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Disposal, Home.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	„ Emigration.
100 0 0	- - -	- - -	1,329 0 0	Building, Land, and Sundries.
418 17 3	28 5 0	- - -	1,345 5 5	Total Extra Charges.
2,443 16 8	832 0 10	798 8 2	2,109 14 6	TOTAL EXPENDITURE.
				Industrial Departments.
119 9 7	72 14 0	53 16 6	71 11 7	Profit (including stock in hand).
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—*continued.*			
	"Cumberland" Ship.	Dumfries.	Edinburgh (Original).	Edinburgh (United).
Average Number attending School	—	106	247	146
Do. entirely fed and clothed	—	55	247	101
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	51	—	44
Number of Officers	—	6	18	10
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	128 13 6	600 1 4	994 9 6	1,135 1 2
Parents' Payments	- - -	- - -	24 7 6	- - -
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	- - -	101 4 11	3,143 7 0	829 9 2
Payments from Rates	- - -	30 0 0	197 5 0	126 6 6
Payments from Voluntary Associations	- - -	- - -	248 15 11	- - -
Sundries	- - -	39 0 2	238 1 1	91 13 6
Total Receipts	128 13 6	779 6 5	4,846 6 6	2,182 10 4
Expenditure.				
Ordinary Charges.				
Officers' Pay and Rations		199 16 0	693 6 8	478 17 8
Food of Inmates		369 18 11	1,226 3 3	617 0 9
Clothing „		117 12 7	467 15 8	161 4 5
Washing, Fuel, and Light		58 10 4	159 17 5	62 6 4
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes		78 1 6	140 2 3	178 2 7
Furniture and House Sundries		23 0 0	22 9 3	- - -
Printing and Office Expenses		17 5 2	230 12 5	93 12 0
Travelling and Police		5 4 4	5 5 5	6 10 9
Medical Expenses and Funerals		6 12 3	39 13 9	19 13 9
Sundries, Rewards, &c.		19 9 1	26 3 3	9 1 3
Total Ordinary Charges		895 10 2	3,011 9 4	1,626 3 6
Extra Charges.				
Rent of School Premises		18 0 0	146 12 6	90 0 0
Disposal, Home		- - -	- - -	- - -
„ Emigration		- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries		- - -	1,523 15 8	95 3 11
Total Extra Charges		18 0 0	1,670 8 2	185 3 11
Total Expenditure		913 10 2	4,681 17 6	1,811 7 5
Industrial Departments.				
Profit (including stock in hand)		15 13 3	99 8 9	10 14 4
Loss Ditto.		- - -	- - -	- - -

This School having only been certified on 25th June 1869 an accurate account of the Receipts and Expenditure cannot be given this year.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—*continued.*				Receipts and Expenditure.
Leith.	Arbroath.	Dundee.	Glasgow.	
78	64	113	589	Average Number attending School.
78	21	113	589	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—	43	—	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
5	2	5	24	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Receipts.
373 10 11	252 10 2	735 7 3	6,607 3 6	Treasury Allowance.
1 12 6	- - -	19 13 1	156 13 2	Parents' Payments.
1,800 0 8	94 13 6	1,297 7 5	1,861 12 0	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
- - -	- - -	11 12 8	- - -	Payments from Rates.
39 15 9	- - -	56 5 6	232 2 3	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
15 17 0	104 15 2	166 7 1	606 12 6	Sundries.
2,290 16 10	451 18 10	2,272 13 0	9,464 3 5	Total Receipts.
				Expenditure.
				Ordinary Charges.
251 7 0	81 5 0	315 1 2	1,260 10 1	Officers' Pay and Rations.
336 6 9	170 8 5	441 14 1	3,183 9 2	Food of Inmates.
160 10 11	30 1 8	110 11 0	1,283 3 10	Clothing „
64 10 5	25 3 7	59 6 2	573 0 1	Washing, Fuel, and Light.
91 2 7	11 14 6	60 4 4	330 18 6	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
43 9 8	12 1 11	37 5 6	696 0 11	Furniture and House Sundries.
27 7 5	16 6 1	90 4 10	121 17 3	Printing and Office Expenses.
- - -	0 8 6	- - -	48 13 4	Travelling and Police.
12 6 4	- - -	15 13 0	118 14 0	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
18 7 11	6 5 11	15 3 5	141 8 11	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,005 18 0	371 15 7	1,145 3 6	7,757 16 1	Total Ordinary Charges.
				Extra Charges.
58 0 0	6 13 4	- - -	550 0 0	Rent of School Premises.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Disposal, Home.
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	„ Emigration.
2,786 10 2	30 2 9	81 16 10	5,578 0 6	Building, Land, and Sundries.
2,844 10 2	36 16 1	81 16 10	6,128 0 0	Total Extra Charges.
3,850 8 2	408 11 8	1,227 0 4	13,885 16 1	Total Expenditure.
				Industrial Departments.
87 10 10	- - -	47 0 8	312 15 7	Profit (including stock in hand).
- - -	3 11 5	- - -	- - -	Loss.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

Industrial Schools, Return of Receipts

Receipts and Expenditure.	SCOTLAND—*continued.* Glasgow (Rom. Cath. Orphanage)	Glasgow Slate-fields (Rm.Cath.)	Perth Fechney.	Perth Ladies.	Perth Girls.
Average Number attending School	295	114	85	56	62
Do. entirely fed and clothed	295	114	85	56	62
Do. partially fed and clothed	—	—	—	—	—
Number of Officers	24	7	7	3	4
Receipts.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Treasury Allowance	3,292 10 8	1,271 12 5	935 8 6	437 9 10	571 18 1
Parents' Payments	95 19 0	36 5 3	5 10 10	1 6 0	1 3 9
Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.	7 6 1	- - -	164 12 0	166 8 5	123 9 0
Payments from Rates	369 3 0	- - -	- - -	22 0 11	23 11 0
Payments from Voluntary Associations	67 17 0	- - -	6 3 0	- - -	- - -
Sundries	13 0 8	19 0 6	62 17 11	45 0 11	26 7 11
Total Receipts	3,845 17 2	1,326 18 2	1,174 12 3	672 15 1	746 9 9
Expenditure.					
Ordinary Charges.					
Officers' Pay and Rations	470 0 2	299 0 0	103 15 7	158 18 4	142 0 0
Food of Inmates	1,402 1 3	579 7 9	369 5 6	257 19 3	292 7 0
Clothing „	738 10 0	244 3 3	160 2 9	76 9 9	83 10 10
Washing, Fuel, and Light	154 3 9	56 7 3	36 11 8	28 1 9	31 0 0
Repairs, Rates, and Taxes	185 12 1	43 2 9	2 3 6	21 8 11	- - -
Furniture and House Sundries	208 12 10	56 0 9	73 9 7	14 17 10	26 1 9
Printing and Office Expenses	128 1 5	25 10 3	22 12 0	14 4 9	9 1 5
Travelling and Police	25 14 1	17 10 1	10 10 0	9 17 6	- - -
Medical Expenses and Funerals	46 11 4	7 10 9	1 18 0	6 15 6	- - -
Sundries, Rewards, &c.	128 14 10	11 7 3	57 19 8	6 12 4	13 0 1
Total Ordinary Charges	3,488 10 9	1,340 0 1	928 8 3	595 5 11	597 7 1
Extra Charges.					
Rent of School Premises	272 12 8	46 6 0	36 2 4	- - -	6 0 0
Disposal, Home	- - -	10 1 9	25 17 0	30 0 0	- - -
„ Emigration	- - -	7 10 0	- - -	- - -	- - -
Building, Land, and Sundries	435 12 1	- - -	235 9 3	51 15 0	- - -
Total Extra Charges	708 4 9	63 17 9	297 8 7	81 15 0	6 0 0
Total Expenditure	4,196 15 6	1,403 17 10	1,225 16 10	677 0 11	603 7 1
Industrial Departments.					
Profit (including stock in hand)	110 18 6	95 5 0	48 9 0	47 6 6	11 1 11
Loss Ditto	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2.

and Expenditure of, for 1869—*continued.*

SCOTLAND—*continued.*

Greenock.	Paisley.	Falkirk.	Stirling.	Newton Stewart.	Receipts and Expenditure.
152	91	55	44	50	Average Number attending School.
152	91	55	44	50	Do. entirely fed and clothed.
—	—	—	—	—	Do. partially fed and clothed.
8	6	3	3	4	Number of Officers.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
					Receipts.
1,204 4 2	826 15 3	439 6 11	124 14 5	552 3 4	Treasury Allowance.
9 11 9	7 0 6	—	—	—	Parents' Payments.
387 11 0	706 17 4	185 0 9	218 12 10	113 19 10	Subscriptions, Legacies, &c.
9 3 11	- -	4 0 9	3 18 0	44 0 0	Payments from Rates.
- -	- -	- -	5 0 0	—	Payments from Voluntary Associations.
2 6 4	47 12 10	17 5 0	25 0 0	48 8 8	Sundries.
1,612 17 2	1,588 14 11	645 13 5	377 5 3	758 11 10	Total Receipts.
					Expenditure.
					Ordinary Charges.
357 13 10	281 2 10	123 0 0	112 10 0	189 7 0	Officers' Pay and Rations.
472 4 11	419 5 2	187 10 1	118 15 4	304 19 1	Food of Inmates.
201 17 7	153 13 6	55 12 6	23 16 7	79 6 6	Clothing „
67 1 4	43 10 3	28 6 1	29 5 9	56 15 5	Washing, Fuel and Light.
52 10 11	60 13 7	14 2 10	15 6 0	9 7 10	Repairs, Rates, and Taxes.
61 16 7	- -	90 10 5	18 12 9	22 15 10	Furniture and House Sundries.
21 0 0	45 13 8	4 1 4	8 0 0	13 14 6	Printing and Office Expenses.
3 11 8	—	—	—	—	Travelling and Police.
13 6 0	8 10 9	0 11 4	0 10 9	5 10 10	Medical Expenses and Funerals.
10 3 8	- -	1 11 9	- -	39 3 5	Sundries, Rewards, &c.
1,261 6 6	1,012 9 9	505 6 4	321 17 2	721 0 8	Total Ordinary Charges.
					Extra Charges.
22 11 0	15 8 8	- -	- -	78 14 0	Rent of School Premises.
—	—	—	—	—	Disposal, Home.
—	—	—	—	—	„ Emigration.
- -	387 1 5	80 0 0	85 6 3	—	Building, Land, and Sundries.
22 11 0	402 10 1	80 0 0	85 6 3	78 14 0	Total Extra Charges.
1,283 17 6	1,414 19 10	585 6 4	407 3 5	794 14 8	Total Expenditure.
					Industrial Departments.
95 9 2	45 17 2	7 8 7	20 9 6	43 3 4	Profit (including stock in hand.
—	—	—	—	—	Loss Ditto.

APPENDIX IX.—No. 2. (B.)

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—Return showing the Cost per Head for Maintenance, Food, and Clothing, where the Inmates are entirely lodged and boarded.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.	Average Number of Inmates.	Cost per Head of Maintenance and Management.	Cost per Head of Food.	Cost per Head of Clothing.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
ENGLAND.				
Boys.				
Cannington Roman Catholic	29	15 13 5	2 16 7	2 1 1
Penn Street	43	17 2 9	8 19 3	0 8 7
Shustoke	43	23 1 0	6 2 3	4 0 9
Devon and Exeter	48	22 5 7	8 5 7	2 5 0
Church Farm	51	18 13 3	6 15 3	2 15 1
Boys Home	63	24 11 6	5 15 5	2 19 11
Park Row	67	16 17 7	6 15 2	1 11 10
Somerset	80	12 15 5	6 0 9	2 6 4
Clifton	108	17 8 4	6 19 7	3 7 8
Boys Refuge	120	17 2 7	7 14 10	1 19 0
"Wellesley" Ship	146	17 1 8	4 4 8	1 5 9
Beacon Lane	161	10 0 5	3 14 4	1 16 9
St. George's Roman Catholic	237	13 11 10	5 19 2	2 2 8
Ilford, Roman Catholic	241	14 0 8	5 4 11	3 3 3
Middlesex	768	23 17 3	8 3 10	2 13 8
Girls.				
Girls' Home	25	23 3 10	9 7 0	2 0 7
Sunderland	35	16 17 6	6 4 1	2 6 3
Bristol	35	15 2 0	6 15 0	2 2 9
Coventry	37	18 3 7	9 17 7	2 9 8
School of Discipline	41	17 12 2	8 14 11	2 0 11
St. Elizabeth's Roman Catholic	50	13 17 6	5 14 8	0 18 1
Sloane Street	50	15 0 4	8 1 5	1 7 2
St. Margaret's Home Rom. Cath.	67	11 8 1	4 11 1	2 1 0
Fulkner Street Roman Catholic	82	11 15 2	4 16 2	1 19 9
Cripples' Home	100	16 14 11	4 13 0	1 0 0
St. George's Roman Catholic	115	11 1 10	4 8 7	2 0 9
St. Anne's Roman Catholic	133	12 10 0	4 14 10	2 4 5
Mixed Schools.—Boys and Girls.				
Bradford	39	14 5 6	7 14 5	1 2 5
Bolton	69	11 1 7	3 10 3	1 3 4
Stockport	70	12 9 5	3 18 3	0 17 11
Gem Street	80	18 0 2	6 16 2	4 2 4
Birkenhead	85	14 7 5	6 12 11	2 3 1
Manchester	209	13 18 0	5 5 4	1 14 10
Liverpool	325	9 1 7	3 16 1	0 19 0
SCOTLAND.				
Boys.				
Perth Feehney	85	10 18 5	4 6 11	1 17 8
Glasgow Slatefields, Rom. Cath.	114	11 15 1	5 1 8	2 2 10
Girls.				
Newton Stewart	50	14 8 5	6 2 0	1 11 8
Perth Ladies	56	10 12 7	4 12 1	1 7 4
Perth Girls	62	9 12 8	4 14 4	1 6 11
Mixed Schools.—Boys and Girls.				
Leith	78	12 17 11	4 6 2	2 1 3
Kilmarnock	80	9 19 7	4 4 8	1 0 11
Glasgow Slatefields	114	11 15 1	5 1 8	2 2 10
Glasgow Rom. Cath. Orphanage	295	11 16 7	4 15 1	2 10 1
Glasgow Industrial	580	13 3 5	5 8 1	2 3 7
Edinburgh Original	247	12 3 10	4 19 3	1 17 8

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents.

A List of the Places from which Payments have been received on account of Youthful Offenders under Detention in Reformatory and Industrial Schools, during the Year ending December 31, 1869, and the Amount collected at each such Place.

(*a*) On account of Young Offenders under Detention in Reformatory Schools.

		£	s.	d.
Bedford	Bedford	5	2	0
	Dunstable	0	13	0
	Leighton Buzzard	0	10	0
	Sharnbrook	0	7	6
	Woburn	1	9	6
	Biggleswade	1	13	9
Berks	Abingdon	5	2	6
	Clewer	2	11	0
	Faringdon	1	2	0
	Newbury	0	9	9
	Reading	10	1	6
	Windsor	0	18	6
	Wokingham	2	12	0
Buckingham	Aylesbury	5	6	6
	Newport Pagnel	0	9	0
	Slough	14	6	4
	Stony Stratford	0	19	6
	Linslade	2	14	0
Cambridge	Cambridge	21	12	6
	Linton	2	8	9
Cheshire	Altrincham	4	10	0
	Birkenhead	15	3	0
	Chester	5	7	6
	Congleton	0	12	0
	Hyde	7	9	6
	Macclesfield	6	18	6
	Middlewich	3	18	6
	Nantwich	4	8	6
	Runcorn	20	2	0
	Stockport	7	12	6
	Lymm	6	8	3
Cornwall	Bodmin	3	5	3
	Helston	2	11	0
	Liskeard	1	19	0
	St. Germans	2	12	0
	St. Stephens	1	9	0
	Camborne	0	9	0
Cumberland	Carlisle	2	10	6
	Cockermouth	0	13	0
	Whitehaven	7	14	0
	Workington	2	13	0
Derby	Bakewell	3	0	0
	Derby	14	0	0
	Eckington	2	5	0
	Glossop	4	1	0
	Litchurch	3	15	0
	Heanor	1	15	6
	Wirksworth	5	4	0
	Stapenhill	2	9	6
Devon	Barnstaple	5	4	0
	Bow	3	14	0
	Devonport	7	15	0
	Exeter	10	16	3
	Honiton	2	12	0
	Paignton	0	17	0
	Plymouth	4	3	0
	Southmolton	1	0	0
	Stonehouse	4	0	0
	Tavistock	0	5	0
	Teignmouth	0	2	0
Dorset	Blandford	3	3	6
	Dorchester	13	12	0
	Poole	2	12	0
	Sturminster	1	8	6
	Weymouth	2	13	0
	Wimborne	3	3	6
Durham	Bishop Auckland	1	9	0
	Castle Eden	1	1	6
	Berry Edge	2	15	0
	Darlington	4	16	0
	Durham	2	18	6
	Gateshead	16	12	9
	Hartlepool	10	10	6
	Houghton-le-Spring	7	4	0
	Jarrow	2	19	6
	South Shields	28	16	0
	Stockton-on-Tees	7	6	0
	Sunderland	62	17	0
	West Hartlepool	8	1	9
Essex	Colchester	10	9	3
	Harlow	2	12	0
	Newport	1	11	0
	Romford	2	1	0
	Witham	2	12	0
Gloucester	Bristol	43	9	6
	Cheltenham	17	7	6
	Cirencester	6	7	0
	Coleford	14	8	6
	Dursley	8	12	0
	Gloucester	7	19	6
	Northleach	1	4	0
	Stapl. Hill	9	6	6
	Stroud	6	13	6
Hants	Andover	1	19	0
	Bitterne	2	17	0
	Farcham	1	6	0
	Gosport	8	8	0
	Newport, I. W.	3	2	6
	Odiham	1	6	0
	Petersfield	2	5	0
	Portsmouth	14	7	9
	Romsey	0	19	0
	Southampton	3	3	0
	Winchester	7	1	6
Herefford	Harewood End	1	2	0
	Hereford	6	14	0
	Ledbury	0	15	0
	Ross	3	5	0
Hertford	Berhampstead	2	17	6
	Hemel Hempstead	0	9	0
	Ware	3	18	0
	Watford	5	4	0
Huntingdon	Huntingdon	6	8	6

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents (Reformatories)—*continued.*

		£	s.	d.
KENT	Ashford	6	3	6
	Canterbury	0	13	6
	Chatham	4	7	0
	Dover	0	1	0
	Folkestone	1	2	0
	Gravesend	1	15	0
	Maidstone	10	15	0
	Malling	6	16	0
	Ramsgate	1	13	0
	Sandwich	4	13	6
	Sittingbourne	2	18	0
	Tunbridge	7	2	6
	Tunbridge Wells	7	6	0
LANCASHIRE	Ashton-under-Lyne	0	13	0
	Blackburn	25	6	0
	Bolton	25	8	6
	Bolton, Little	3	18	0
	Burnley	12	0	6
	Bury	13	5	0
	Leigh	5	17	0
	Liverpool	246	13	6
	Manchester	127	9	6
	Oldham	40	10	6
	Old Swan	5	13	9
	Pemberton	2	12	0
	Preston	7	5	0
	Rochdale	5	1	0
	Salford	59	18	9
	Skerton	3	12	6
	Stalybridge	2	2	6
	St. Helens	1	8	6
	Ulverstone	6	16	0
	Warrington	4	17	6
	Wigan	3	2	6
LEICESTER	Leicester	7	6	0
	Loughborough	0	13	0
LINCOLN	Brigg	3	18	0
	Epworth	1	12	0
	Grantham	0	13	6
	Grimsby	5	16	6
	Horncastle	0	14	6
	Lincoln	2	18	0
	Market Rasen	2	2	6
	Sleaford	3	3	0
	Spalding	3	12	0
	Stamford	0	8	0
	Skirbeck	6	10	0
MIDDLESEX	London	653	13	11
MONMOUTH	Abergavenny	0	19	6
	Monmouth	0	12	0
	Newport	15	19	0
	Pontypool	3	19	0
NORFOLK	Dereham East	1	12	0
	Docking	2	15	0
	Loddon	4	7	0
	Lynn	8	15	0
	North Walsham	1	7	9
	Norwich	5	16	0
	Pulham	2	12	0
	Swaffham	1	18	0
	Walsingham	1	7	6
	Wymondham	5	4	0
	Yarmouth	6	16	0
NORTHAMPTON	Kettering	3	5	0
	Northampton	12	12	6
	Peterborough	15	8	0
	Towcester	0	6	6
	Wellingborough	8	11	6
NORTHUMBERLAND	Bulman's Village	4	17	6
	Newcastle	5	15	6
	Tynemouth	7	2	0
NOTTS	Mansfield	0	13	6
	Newark	2	8	0
	Nottingham	12	6	6
	Retford	4	4	6
	Worksop	1	8	6
OXFORD	Henley-on-Thames	3	0	0
	Oxford	1	11	0
	Witney	1	2	6
SHROPSHIRE	Bridegnorth	3	11	6
	Shrewsbury	8	18	0
	Wellington	4	13	6
	Whitchurch	1	12	6
SOMERSET	Axbridge	5	17	0
	Bath	2	17	0
	Bridgewater	2	2	0
	Dunster	0	19	6
	Frome	1	19	0
	Glastonbury	1	10	6
	Ilminster	1	19	0
	Long Ashton	7	18	0
	Petherton	0	18	9
	Taunton	3	12	0
	Williton	0	5	6
	Wincanton	2	7	6
	Yeovil	5	8	6
STAFFORD	Bilston	10	3	0
	Brierley Hill	6	10	6
	Burton-on-Trent	6	7	0
	Burslem	3	11	6
	Hanley	0	12	6
	Leek	2	3	6
	Longton	16	1	0
	Newcastle-under-Lyne.	12	0	
	Stafford	6	18	0
	Stone	2	9	0
	Walsall	2	8	0
	Wednesbury	3	6	0
	Wolverhampton	34	11	3
SUFFOLK	Beccles	17	12	0
	Bury St. Edmunds	11	17	0
	Clare	5	4	0
	Ixworth	4	0	9
	Ipswich	12	17	6
	Lowestoft	3	18	0
SURREY	Farnham	3	9	0
	Godstone	2	12	0
	Guildford	5	18	0
	Redhill	1	8	6
SUSSEX	Battle	1	18	0
	Brighton	15	11	6
	Chichester	2	12	0
	Cuckfield	2	4	3
	Eastbourne	3	3	0
	Hastings	3	15	0
	Lewes	4	18	0
	Petworth	1	16	0
	Steyning	0	3	0
	Worthing	4	6	0

APPENDIX X.

Payments from Parents (Reformatories)—*continued.*

		£	s.	d.
WARWICK	Alcester	2	11	6
	Aston	14	12	0
	Atherstone	2	8	0
	Birmingham	42	14	6
	Coventry	5	15	0
	Foleshill	3	18	0
	Henley-in-Arden	5	7	6
	Kineton	3	12	0
	Leamington	4	7	0
	Rugby	5	4	0
	Warwick	4	1	6
WESTMORELAND	Kendal	0	13	0
WILTS	Devizes	2	12	0
	Hindon	2	13	6
	Marlborough	1	7	0
	Malmesbury	0	5	3
	Salisbury	7	6	0
	Stourbridge	10	3	6
	Swindon	1	2	9
WORCESTER	Dudley	12	7	3
	Halesowen	2	6	6
	Kidderminster	0	6	0
	Upton	2	15	6
	Worcester	5	17	0
YORKSHIRE	Barnsley	1	3	6
	Beverley	6	9	6
	Bradford	56	15	3
	Dewsbury	9	9	6
	Doncaster	12	12	6
	Driffield	5	4	0
	Ensingwold	1	19	0
	Halifax	16	17	3
	Huddersfield	12	18	0
	Hull	124	13	0
	Keighley	5	15	0
	Knaresborough	8	2	6
	Leeds	51	3	9
	Middlesborough	15	10	6
	Pontefract	7	15	0
	Richmond	5	4	0
	Rotherham	11	18	0
	Scarborough	24	14	0
	Selby	4	11	0
	Sheffield	131	15	0
	Skipton	0	13	0
	Tadcaster	8	6	6
	Wakefield	2	9	6
	Whitby	5	5	0
	York	3	3	6
	Total £	3,171	11	9

WALES.		£	s.	d.
BRECON	Brecon	0	13	0
CARMARTHEN	Llandyssil	3	18	0
	Llanelly	1	15	0
DENBIGH	Denbigh	1	10	0
FLINT	Holywell	1	9	6
GLAMORGAN	Merthyr Tydvil	3	7	0
	Neath	0	17	0
	Swansea	6	4	0
PEMBROKE	Haverfordwest	1	19	0
	Pembroke	2	12	0
RADNOR	Presteign	1	1	0
	Total £	25	14	6

SCOTLAND.		£	s.	d.
EDINBURGH	Edinburgh	13	12	0
LANARK	Glasgow	27	7	3
PERTH	Perth	2	8	0
	Total £	43	7	3

	£	s.	d.
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES	3,197	6	3
„ SCOTLAND	43	7	3
GRAND TOTAL	3,240	13	6

APPENDIX X.

PAYMENTS FROM PARENTS.

(*b.*) On account of Children under Detention in Certified Industrial Schools.

		£	s.	d.
CHESTER	Altrincham	11	6	10
	Birkenhead	20	3	6
	Chester	15	1	0
	Hyde	8	18	0
	Lymm	0	4	6
	Macclesfield	52	16	0
	Middlewich	15	6	6
	Nantwich	2	8	0
	Runcorn	1	6	0
	Stockport	5	17	0
	Tarporley	0	11	6
DERBY	Eckington	0	0	0
DEVON	Devonport	3	18	0
	Exeter	45	7	0
	Honiton	2	14	2
	Paignton	22	12	3
	Plymouth	6	18	0
DORSET	Beaminster	6	14	0
DURHAM	Darlington	0	11	0
	Gateshead	3	9	3
	Jarrow	1	1	0
	Stockton	1	19	0
	Sunderland	48	17	3
	West Hartlepool	1	11	6
ESSEX	Chelmsford	1	7	0
	Colchester	7	14	0
GLOUCESTER	Bristol	93	10	0
	Cheltenham	9	13	6
	Cirencester	1	2	0
	Clifton	6	16	6
	Staple Hill	9	8	6
	Stroud	3	14	0
HEREFORD	Hereford	1	16	0
HERTFORD	Watford	0	13	0
HUNTINGDON	Huntingdon	1	12	0
KENT	Dover	1	2	6
	Tunbridge	1	13	0
	Tunbridge Wells	1	2	6
LANCASHIRE	Bolton	41	14	0
	Bolton, Little	1	3	0
	Lancaster	4	7	0
	Leigh	1	6	0
	Liverpool	139	10	0
	Manchester	99	4	5
	Oldham	3	12	6
	Old Swan	0	5	0
	Old Trafford	5	5	0
	Prescot	2	8	6
	Rochdale	14	5	0
	Salford	9	12	6
	Skerton	2	12	6
	St. Helen's	0	18	0
	Warrington	1	1	0
LINCOLN	Barton	0	5	0
	Boston	1	12	6
	Skirbeck	3	18	0
MIDDLESEX	London	526	9	11
MONMOUTH	Monmouth	4	12	6
NORFOLK	Terrington	1	19	6
NORTHAMPTON	Wellingborough	2	10	0
NORTHUMBERLD.	Newcastle-on-Tyne	27	10	5
NOTTINGHAM	Nottingham	12	16	0
SHROPSHIRE	Whitchurch	9	12	0
SOMERSET	Bath	4	3	0
	Glastonbury	2	16	6
	Long Ashton	0	7	0
	Temple Cloud	0	0	9
STAFFORD	Burslem	8	2	0
	Longton	2	7	0
	Stoke-on-Trent	2	11	0
	Tattenhall	1	10	0
	Walsall	1	0	0
SUFFOLK	Bury St. Edmund's	1	19	0
SURREY	Farnham	4	2	0
SUSSEX	Brighton	0	10	0
WARWICK	Birmingham	38	15	0
	Kenilworth	6	12	0
	Nuneaton	3	19	6
	Warwick	2	16	0
WORCESTER	Dudley	0	13	6
YORKSHIRE	Beverley	3	18	0
	Bradford	16	4	0
	Guisborough	10	8	0
	Hull	95	4	6
	Leeds	64	4	9
	Leven	1	6	0
	Middlesborough	56	19	0
	Ormsby	10	4	6
	Otley	4	10	0
	Pontefract	2	2	0
	Rotherham	6	5	0
	Scarborough	1	0	0
	Sheffield	2	17	0
	Wakefield	1	7	0
	York	4	14	6
	Total - £	1,708	15	3

WALES

		£	s.	d.
DENBIGH	Denbigh	1	19	0
	Wrexham	0	5	0
GLAMORGAN	Bridgend	6	10	0
	Cardiff	3	10	0
	Merthyr Tydvil	2	2	0
	Total - £	14	6	0

SCOTLAND.

		£	s.	d.
EDINBURGH	Dalkeith	0	7	6
	Edinburgh	74	2	6
FORFAR	Arbroath	0	18	0
	Dundee	83	5	9
LANARK	Glasgow	1,683	15	7
PERTH	Perth	39	11	8
RENFREW	Greenock	0	15	9
	Paisley	0	13	0
	Total - £	1,883	9	9

	£	s.	d.
TOTAL ENGLAND AND WALES	1,723	1	3
" SCOTLAND	1,883	9	9
GRAND TOTAL	3,606	11	0

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